Residual and Darathon な式:

$$MD = \frac{1}{P} \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{ic}{(i+r)^k} + \frac{nF}{(i+r)^n} \right)$$

the Macaulay duration, in periods, is equal to

$$MD = -\frac{1}{1+r} \cdot \frac{\partial P}{\partial r}$$

$$P = \frac{C}{1+r} \cdot \frac{C}{(i+r)^2} \cdot \cdots \cdot \frac{C+F}{(i+r)^n}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial r} = \frac{-C}{(i+r)^2} \cdot \frac{-2C}{(i+r)^3} \cdot \cdots \cdot \frac{-n(c+F)}{(i+r)^{n+1}}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial r} = -\frac{1}{1+r} \left(\frac{c}{i+r} + \frac{2c}{(i+r)^2} + \cdots + \frac{n(c+F)}{(i+r)^n} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial r} = -\frac{1}{1+r} \left(\frac{C}{(i+r)^2} + \cdots + \frac{n(c+F)}{(i+r)^n} \right) \cdot \frac{P}{P}$$

$$MD = \frac{1}{1+r} \cdot \frac{2c}{(i+r)^2} + \cdots + \frac{n(c+F)}{(i+r)^n} = \frac{N}{2} \cdot \frac{ic}{(i+r)^n} \cdot \frac{P}{P}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial r} \times \frac{1}{P} = -\frac{1}{1+r} MD \Rightarrow \frac{\partial P}{\partial r} = -MD$$

Q2:

給定票面價值 100,輸入期數(n)、票面利率(c)、折現率(r),計算債券的 Macaulay Duration 並 print 出結果

```
4  //計算債券價格,用for迴圈折現
5  double calculate_bond_price(int n, double c, double r) {
6   double bond_price = 0.0;
7   for (int t = 1; t <= n; ++t) {
8    bond_price += (100 * c) / pow(1 + r, t);
9   }
10   bond_price += 100 / pow(1 + r, n);
11   return bond_price;
12 }</pre>
```

這個 function 主要是用來先把 p 算出來,如此一來之後再用於計算 Marcaulay duration 才能使用,其中債券價格用 for loop 對殖利率折現

```
//計算marcaulay duration用r折現每一期的利息並加權
double calculate_macaulay_duration(int n, double c, double r) {
    double macaulay_duration = 0.0;
    double bond_price = calculate_bond_price(n, c, r);

    for (int t = 1; t <= n; ++t) {
        macaulay_duration += (t * (100 * c)) / pow(1 + r, t);
    }

    macaulay_duration += n * 100 / pow(1 + r, n);
    macaulay_duration /= bond_price;

    return macaulay_duration;
}
```

這個 function 計算 marcaulay duration 真正的期術,其中我們要先建構出公式的和半段,也就是本金和每期利息的加權折現,算出來之後再除上剛剛上面function 算出來的債券現值,就能夠得輸期數。