

## Worksheet - 18

### 77. Combinations

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
```

```
import java.util.List;
```

```
// Creating a class for the solution
```

```
class Solution {
```

```
// Creating a combine method with List return type to pass values
```

```
public List<List<Integer>> combine(int n, int k) {
```

```
List<List<Integer>> subsets = new ArrayList();
```

```
generateSubsets(1,n,new ArrayList(),subsets,k);
```

```
return subsets;
```

```
}
```

```
// First to get the subset values
```

```
//Created a method generateSubsets which contains the required input values
```

```
void generateSubsets(int start, int n,List<Integer> current,List<List<Integer>> subsets,int k){
```

```
// Filtering only value of required size
```

```
if(current.size()==k){
```

```
//Adding the values to the subset list
```

```
subsets.add(new ArrayList(current));
```

```
}
```

```
for(int i=start;i<=n;i++){
```

```
// Adding values to the current list
```

```
current.add(i);
```

```
// Traversing back and updating the changes in the following parameters
```

```
generateSubsets(i+1,n,current,subsets,k);
```

**//Removing the value inside current list since it acts as temporary storage of values**

```
current.remove(current.size()-1);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
public class Main {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

**//Declaring the values for n and k**

```
int n=5;
```

```
int k=2;
```

**// Creating the object for class solution**

```
Solution obj = new Solution ();
```

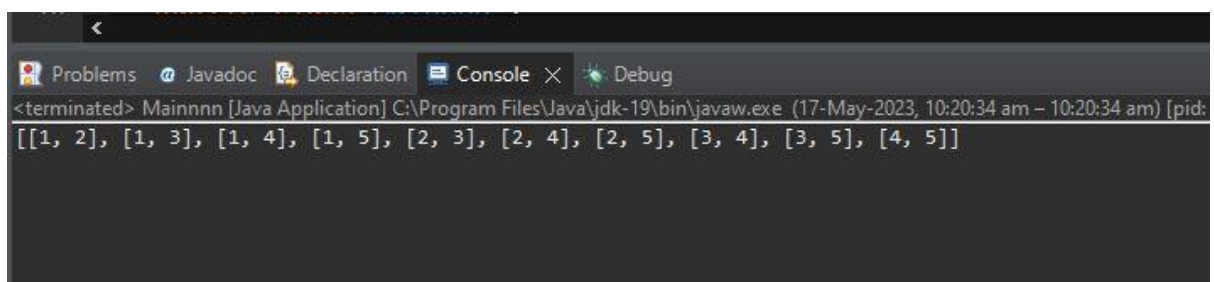
**// Passing the values inside the method call parameter and Printing**

```
System.out.println(obj.combine(n,k));
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

**Output:**



```
<terminated> Mainnnn [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\javaw.exe (17-May-2023, 10:20:34 am - 10:20:34 am) [pid:
[[1, 2], [1, 3], [1, 4], [1, 5], [2, 3], [2, 4], [2, 5], [3, 4], [3, 5], [4, 5]]
```

## 22. Generate Parentheses

```
import java.util.ArrayList;

import java.util.List;

// Creating a class for the solution
class Solution {

// Creating a method generateParenthesis with list return type and receiving the value of n
public List<String> generateParenthesis(int n) {

//Creating a new list to store the values
List<String> result = new ArrayList<>();

//Calling generateParentheses method to get the values
generateParentheses(result, "", 0, 0, n);

return result;

}

//Created a private method generateParentheses which has the required parameters
private void generateParentheses(List<String> result, String current, int open, int close, int n) {

//If length of current list is equals to 2*n then return it
if (current.length() == 2 * n) {

//Add the current value to result set
result.add(current);

return;

}

//if open is less than n
if (open < n) {

//calling the generateParentheses with the left bracket
generateParentheses(result, current + '(', open + 1, close, n);

}

//if close is less than n
```

```

if (close < open) {
    //calling the generateParentheses with the right bracket
    generateParentheses(result, current + ')', open, close + 1, n);
}
}
}

```

```

public class Main {

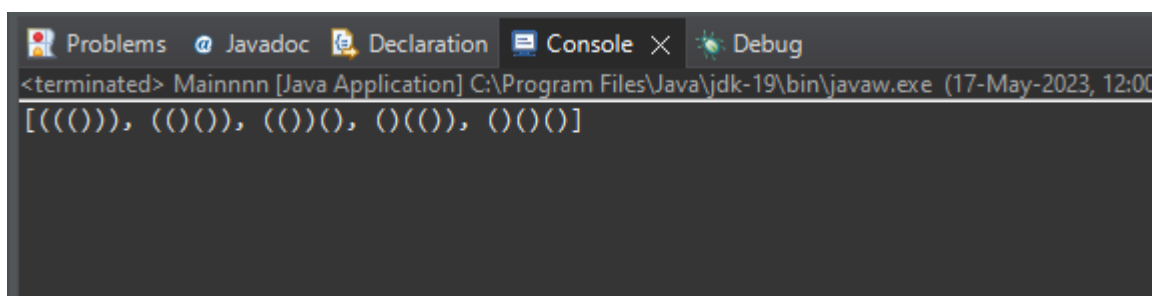
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        //Declaring the values for n
        int n=3;

        // Creating the object for class solution
        Solution obj = new Solution ();

        // Passing the values inside the method call parameter
        System.out.println(obj.generateParenthesis(n));
    }
}

```

**Output:**



The screenshot shows an IDE window with tabs for Problems, Javadoc, Declaration, Console, and Debug. The Console tab is active, displaying the output of the Java application. The output is: `<terminated> Mainnnn [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\javaw.exe (17-May-2023, 12:00 [((())), (()()), (())(), ()(()), ()()())]`. The output is displayed in a monospaced font on a dark background.