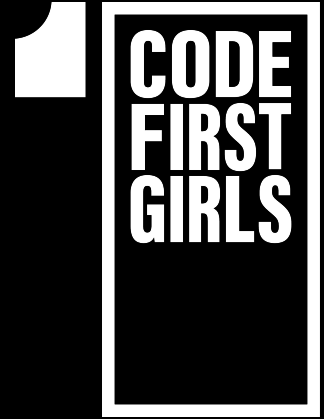


WELCOME TO CFG

YOUR INTRODUCTION TO WEB DEVELOPMENT



TECH SHOULDN'T JUST BE A BOYS CLUB.

OUR DECREE

We start from scratch

We **practice** a lot

We work **together**

We **have fun**

There are no silly questions

Our goal is to **learn**

We gain **a new skill**

We meet new **friends**

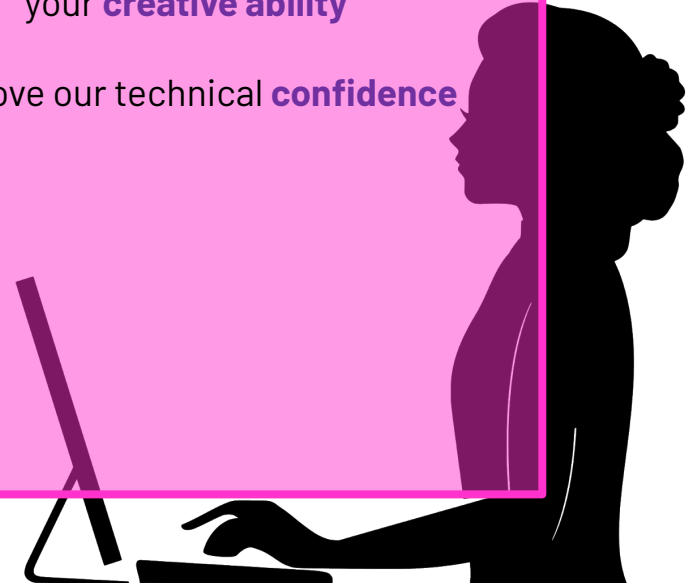
OUR ULTIMATE GOAL

Build a quality static **website**

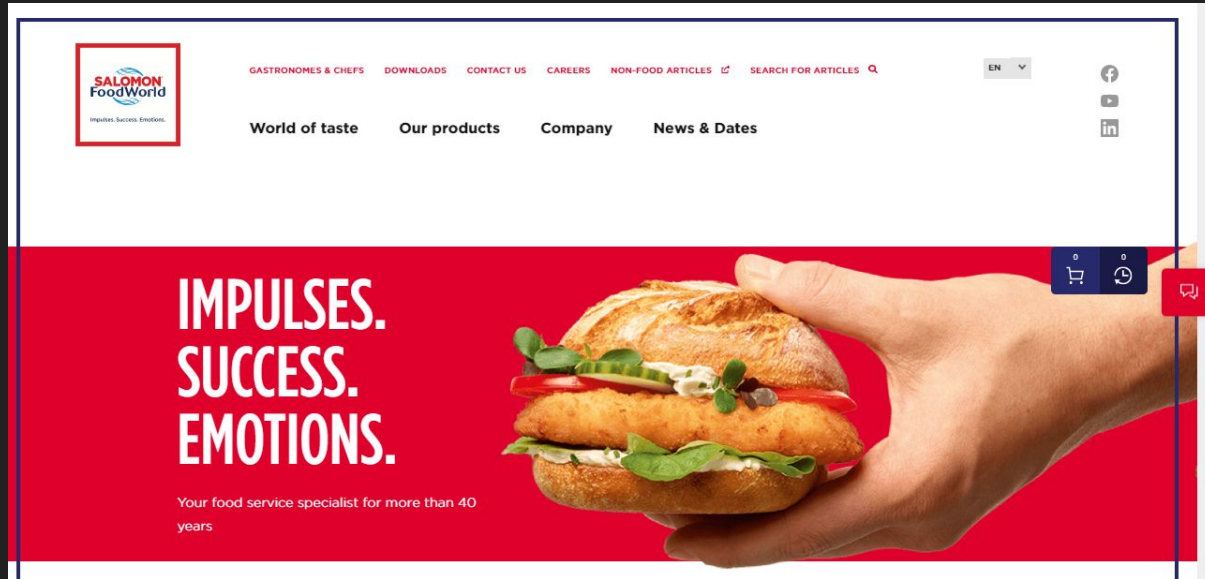
Gain a basic **professional skill**

Marry up **technical** expertise with
your **creative ability**

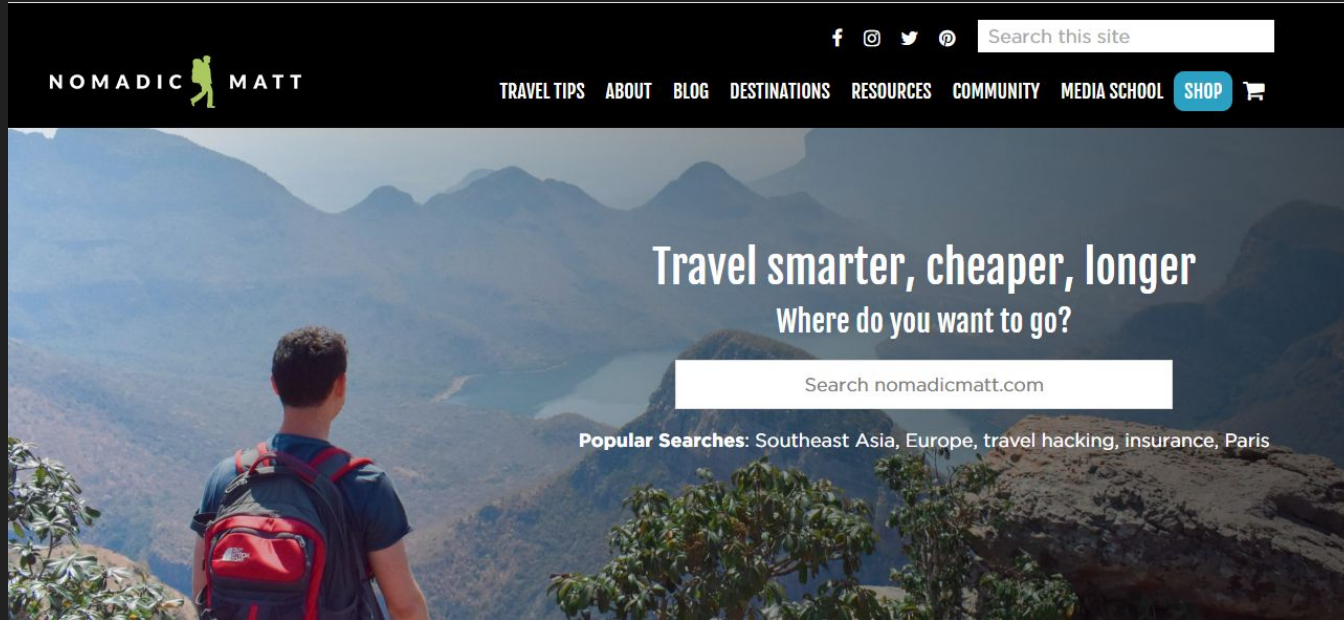
Improve our technical **confidence**



EXAMPLES OF BASIC WEBSITES



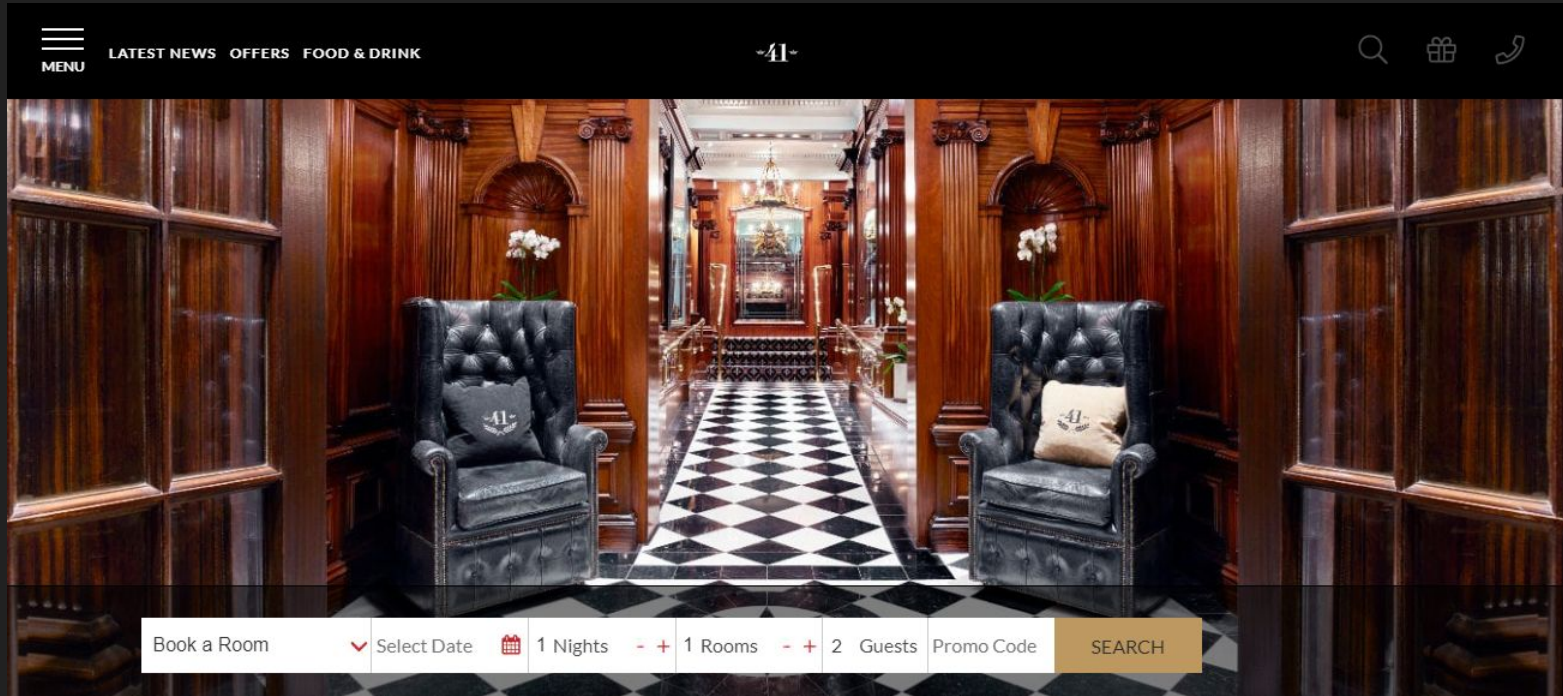
EXAMPLES OF BASIC WEBSITES



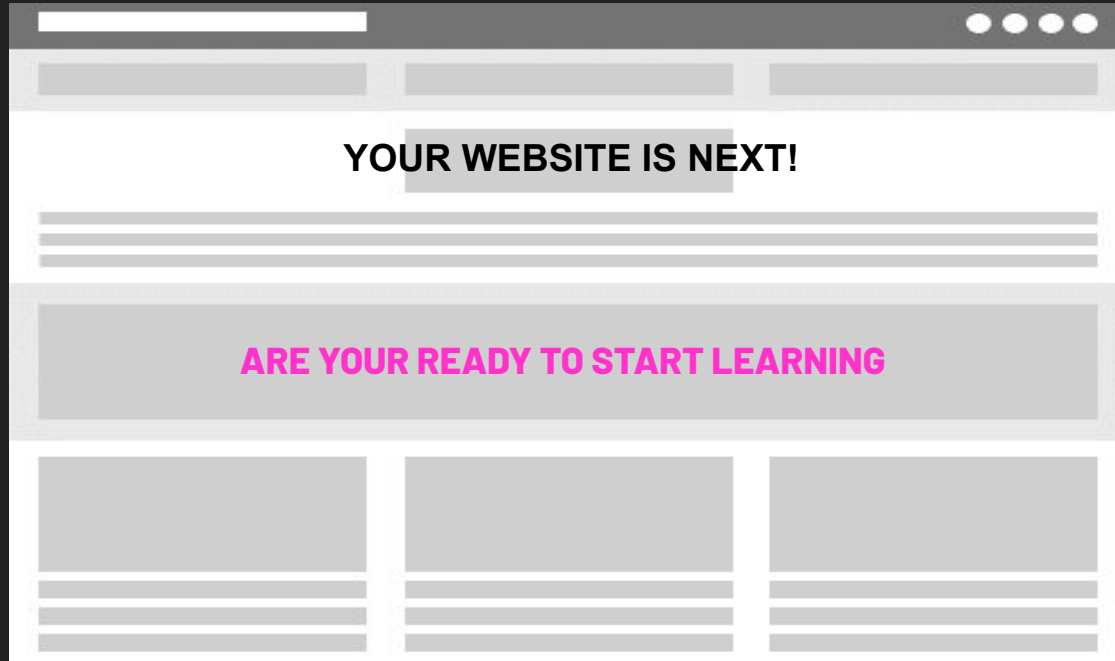
EXAMPLES OF BASIC WEBSITES



EXAMPLES OF BASIC WEBSITES



EXAMPLES OF BASIC WEBSITES



COURSE JOURNEY

MODULE 1: HTML

HTML



MODULE 01

CSS

MODULE 02

Recap
Project
design

MODULE 03

Bootstrap

MODULE 04

JavaScript

MODULE 05

UI/UX
Accessibility

MODULE 06

Github
Pages
Project
work

MODULE 07

Project
presentations

MODULE 08

INTRODUCTIONS



GROUP EXERCISE



01 HTML BASICS

What is HTML and what it is used for?

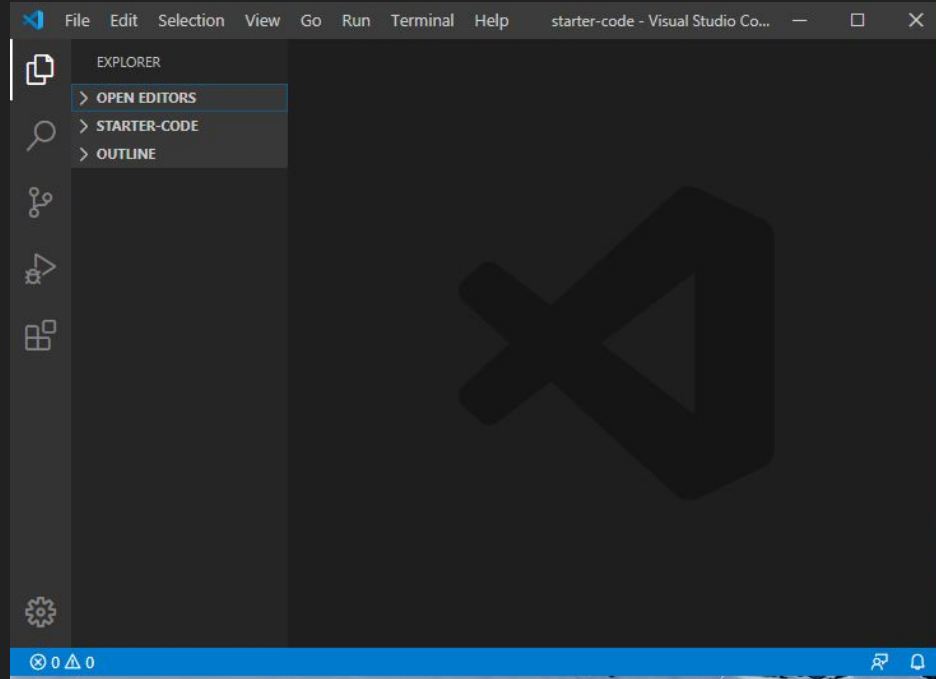
Learn basic HTML syntax

Learn how to structure and build a HTML page

Complete interesting practical exercises

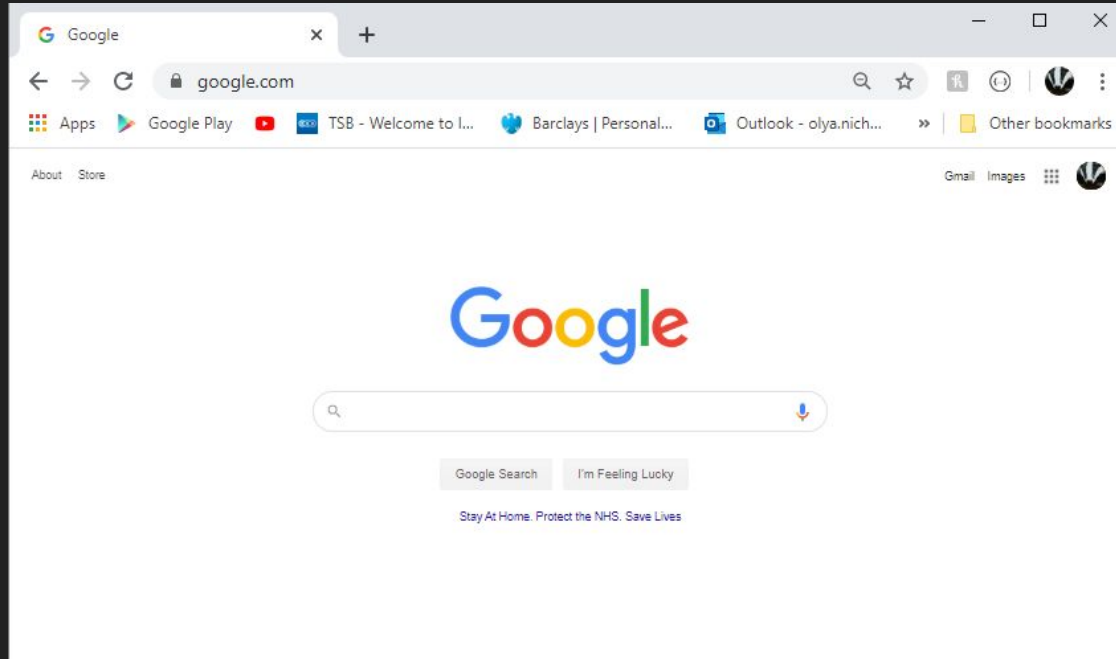
GETTING STARTED - TOOLS

VISUAL STUDIO



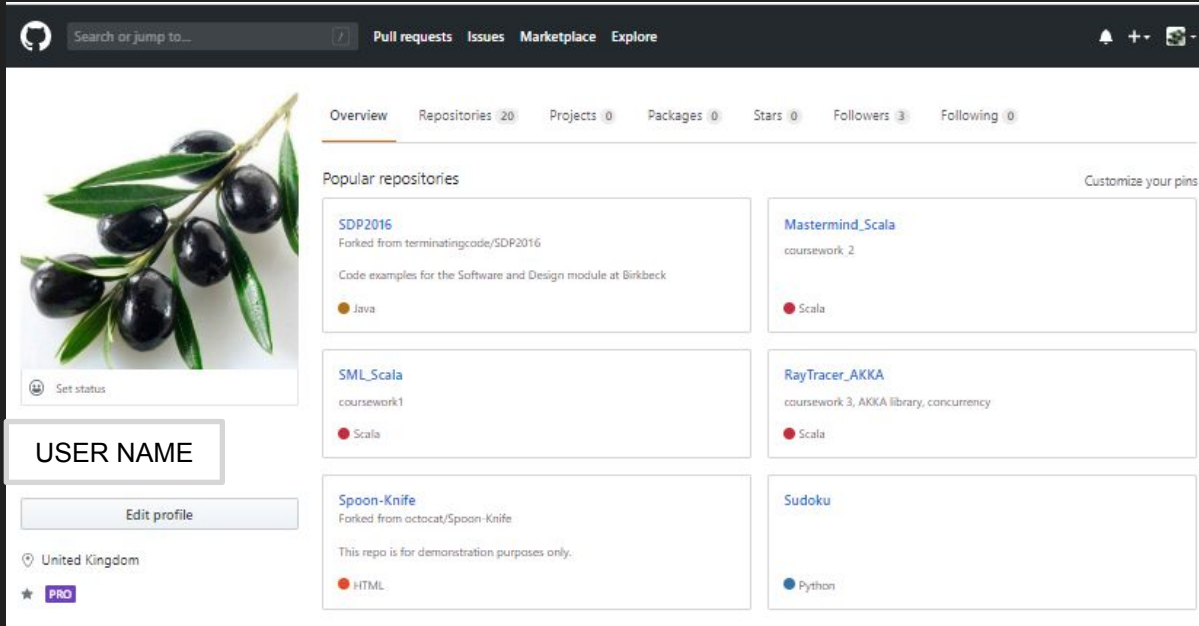
GETTING STARTED – TOOLS

CHROME BROWSER



GETTING STARTED – TOOLS

GITHUB ACCOUNT



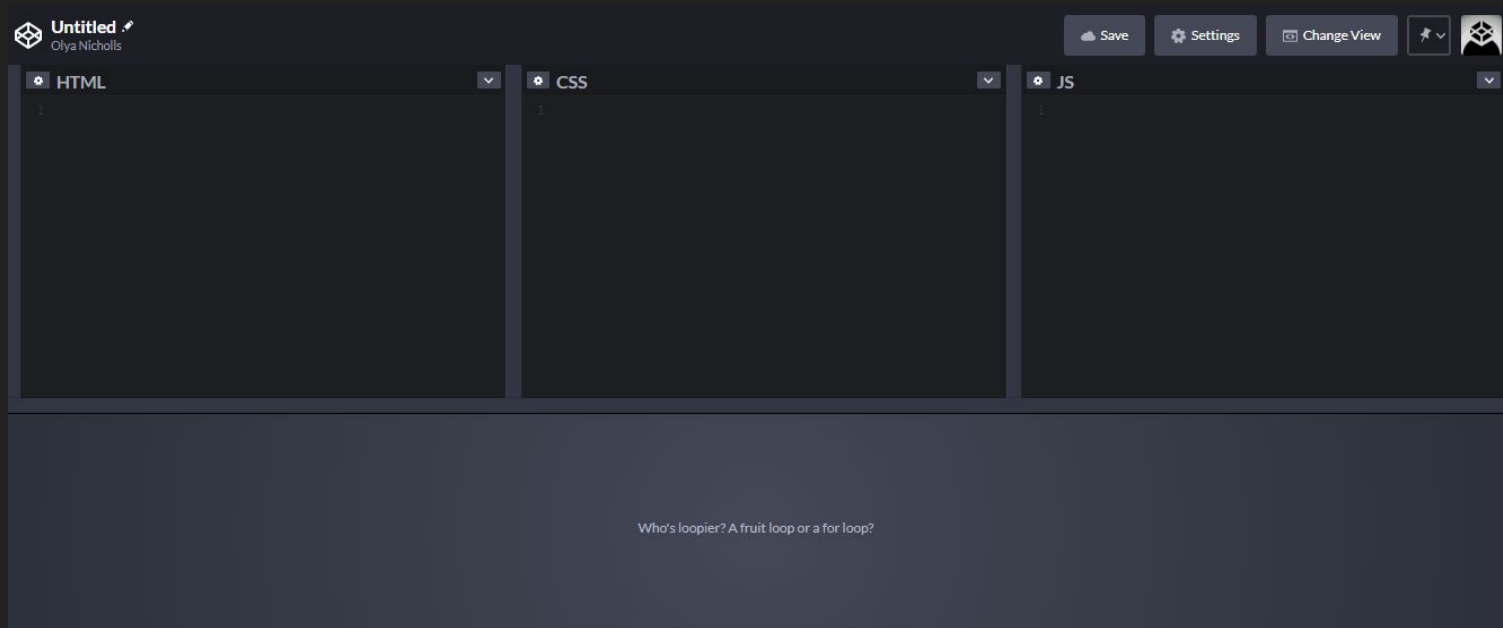
The screenshot shows a GitHub user profile for 'USER NAME'. The profile picture is a branch of olives. The user's location is 'United Kingdom' and they have a 'PRO' badge. The 'Popular repositories' section lists six repositories:

- SDP2016**: Forked from terminatingcode/SDP2016. Code examples for the Software and Design module at Birkbeck. Language: Java.
- Mastermind_Scala**: coursework. Language: Scala.
- SML_Scala**: coursework1. Language: Scala.
- RayTracer_AKKA**: coursework 3, AKKA library, concurrency. Language: Scala.
- Spoon-Knife**: Forked from octocat/Spoon-Knife. This repo is for demonstration purposes only. Language: HTML.
- Sudoku**: Language: Python.

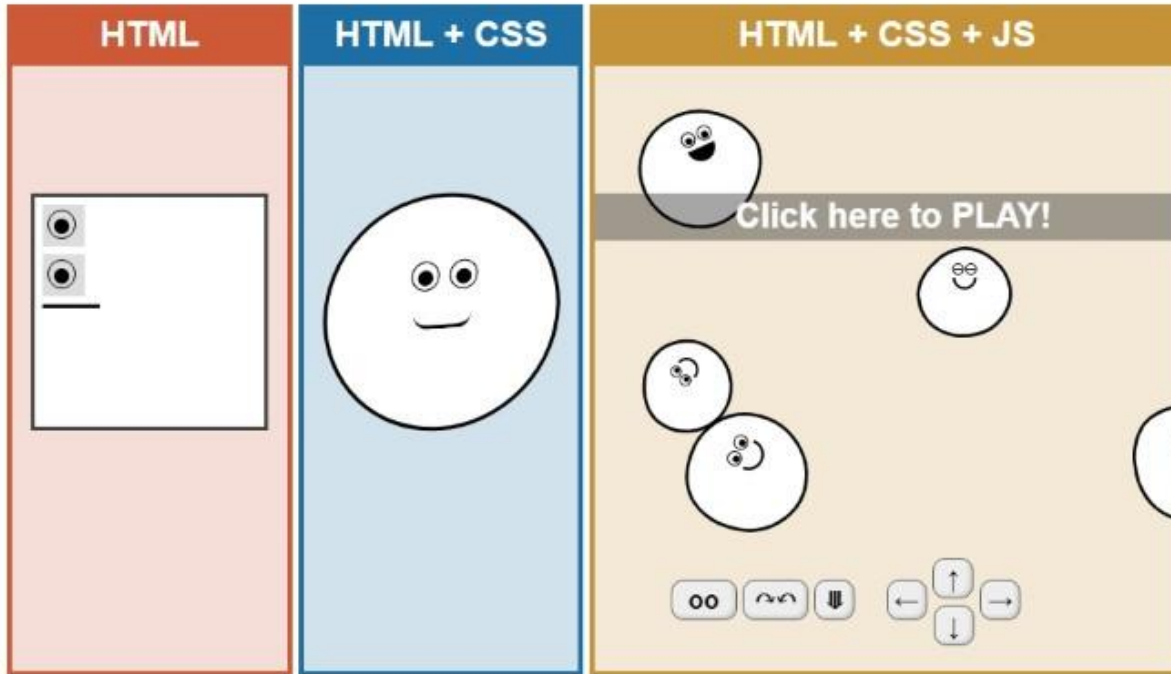
The interface includes a search bar at the top, navigation links for Pull requests, Issues, Marketplace, and Explore, and a sidebar with options to set status and edit the profile.

GETTING STARTED – TOOLS

CODEPEN



HOW A WEBSITE IS MADE



HACK THE BBC

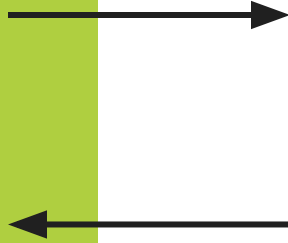


GROUP EXERCISE



WHAT IS HTML?

HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) is the standard markup language, whose primary function is to provide **structure** to websites.



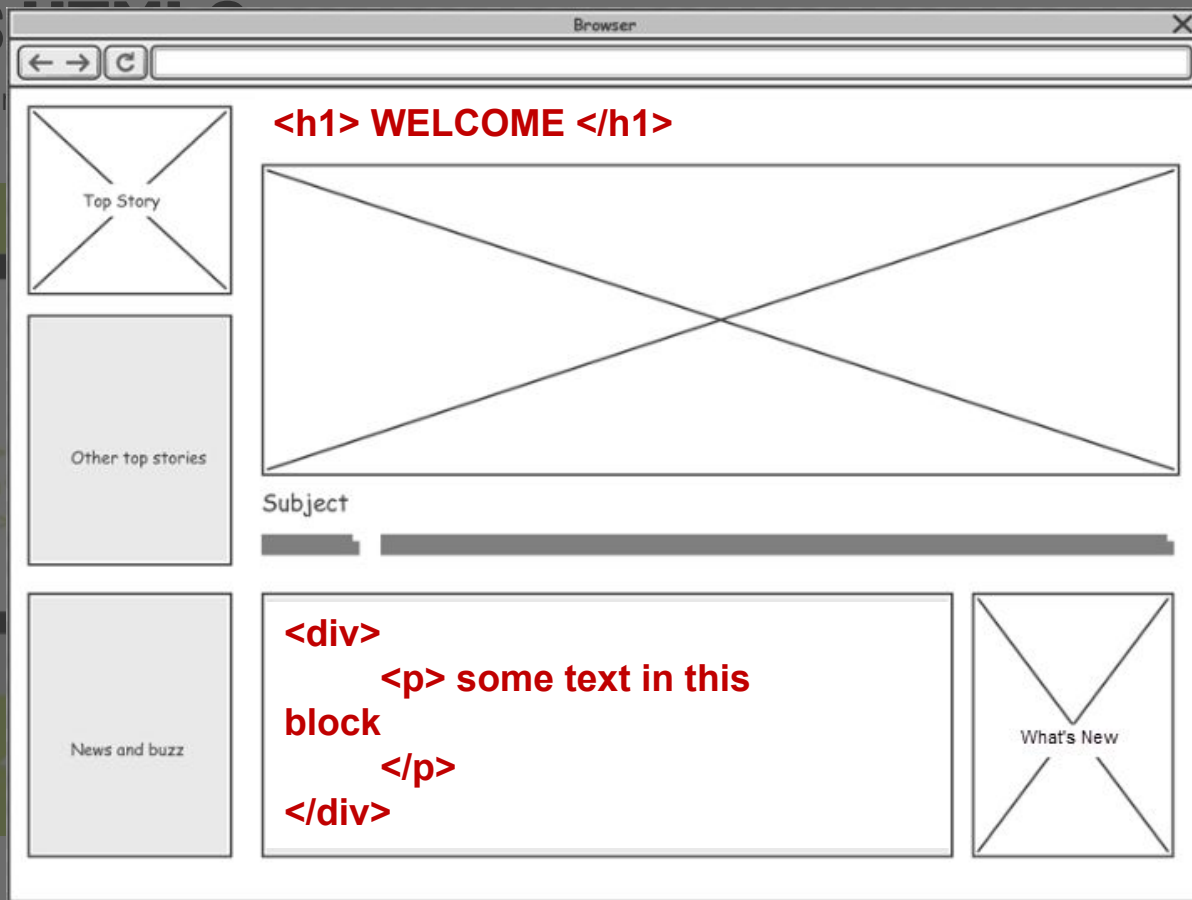
WHAT IS

HTML (Hypertext Ma

MODULE 1: HTML

structure to websites.

```
<html>
<head>
</head>
<body>
  <div>
    <h1>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```



ELEMENTS

The building blocks of HTML

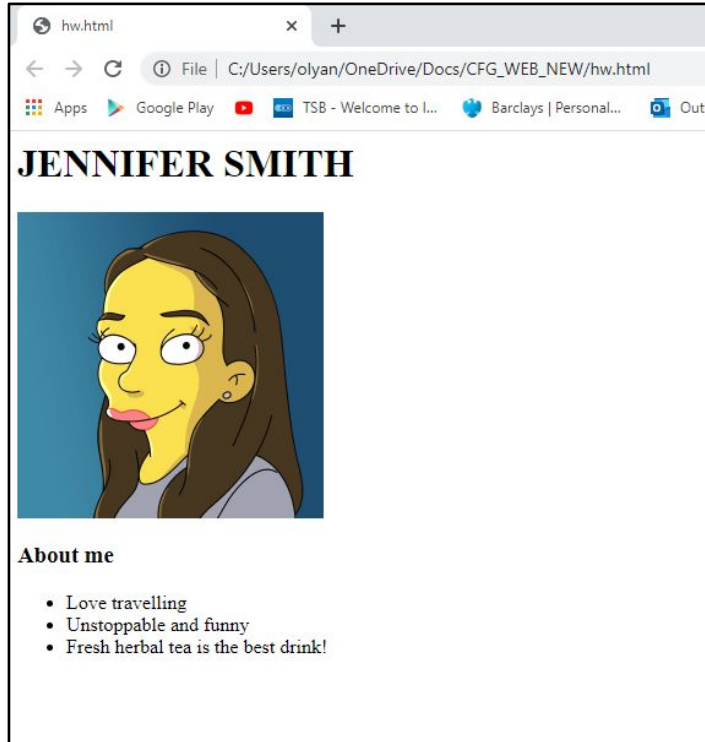


<h1> HTML TAGS </h1>

OPEN YOUR CODEPEN APP



HOMEWORK - PART 1



Now that we know how to use basic HTML tags, create a simple INTO page about yourself following the format on the this picture

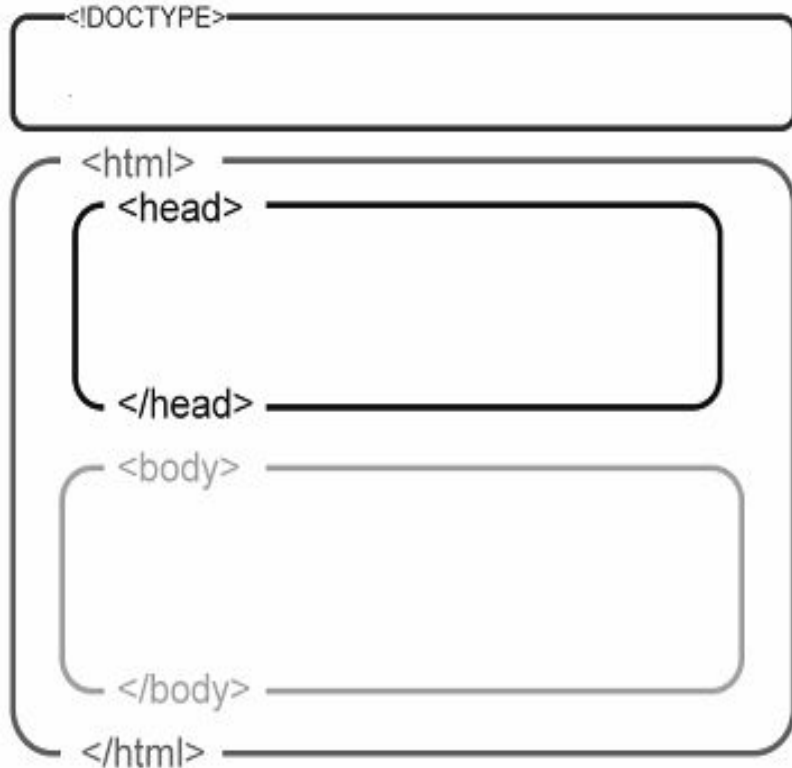


Everyone posts their INTOs on **Slack**, so we get to know each other a bit better!



STRUCTURE OF AN HTML PAGE

A HTML page outline is structured in a particular way



`<!DOCTYPE html>`

Tells the browser what type of code (HTML) to expect and which version (5) we want to use

`<html>`

All HTML we wish for the browser to pick up must be within the `<html>` tags

`<head>`

The “thinking” part of our HTML where we bring in fonts, styles, javascript etc

`<body>`

Where we have our actual content

LET'S CREATE OUR FIRST WEB PAGE!

USE VISUAL STUDIO APP



NOW LET'S PRACTICE TOGETHER

MODULE 1: HTML

10 MINS

Exercise 1.1

* Replace the text in the header and footer tag with your own content

Exercise 1.2

* Try including a paragraph and a h1 tag within an <article> tag.

Exercise 1.3

* Create three articles with different text. Try placing one article inside an <aside> tag and two outside it. Enclose all the content except the header and footer in the <main> tag

7 MINS

Exercise 1.4

* Create your own list, add a heading to the list and some text that describes what the list is about. If you finish quickly, try combining an unordered and ordered list.

5 MINS

Exercise 1.5

* Add some images to your webpage. Remember to use a relative path for the link

PRACTICING TOGETHER

7 MINS

Exercise 1.6

* Create a new index.html file & copy paste the incorrect code (in Session1_Exercise guide)

Go through the code and try to fix the HTML


After fixing it, the webpage should look something like this →

HTML Exercise

Fix the elements so everything is working

Make sure to pay close attention to the following

- Indentation
- Closing tags
- Correctly Nested
- File paths



Name	Age	Nationality
Jane	21	British
Pierre	25	French
Maria	24	Spanish

[Open me in a new tab](#)

HOMEWORK



+ Intro Task “About Myself ”

Create a simple INTRO page about yourself and post it on Slack

+ Homework Task

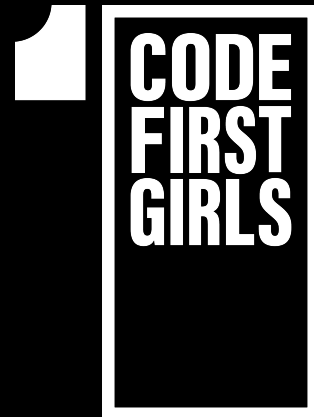
Build an HTML site with specific elements

+ Extended Homework Task

Build a 2-page HTML with specific elements

Refer to Session 1_Homework Guide for images

THANK YOU
HAVE A GREAT
WEEK!



REFERENCE MATERIALS



HEADERS AND CONTENT

Headers

`<!-- headers 1- 6 -->`

`<h1>Header 1</h1>`

`<h2>Header 2</h2>`

`<h3>Header 3</h3>`

`<h4>Header 4</h4>`

`<h5>Header 5</h5>`

`<h6>Header 6</h6>`

Header 1

Header 2

Header 3

Header 4

Header 5

Header 6

Paragraphs and span

`<!-- paragraph and span -->`

`<p>`

Lorem ipsum, dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Nam corporis inventore aperiam voluptates numquam
debitis esse optio eos, sit exercitationem quos quasi eaque `blanditiis fuga incidunt` in commodi sunt
saepe!

`</p>`

LISTS

Unordered List

```
<ul>  
  <li>List Item 1</li>  
  <li>List Item 2</li>  
  <li>List Item 3</li>  
</ul>
```

- List Item 1
- List Item 2
- List Item 3

Ordered List

```
<ol>  
  <li>List Item 1</li>  
  <li>List Item 2</li>  
  <li>List Item 3</li>  
</ol>
```

1. List Item 1
2. List Item 2
3. List Item 3

It is important to note that **** stands for list item and has to be within a **** or **** but **** cannot exist by itself.

LINKS

URL

```
<!-- links (target="_blank" opens a new tab) -->
```

```
<!-- URL path -->
```

```
<a href="http://www.google.com" target="_blank">Go to google</a>
```

Absolute

```
<!-- absolute path -->
```

```
<a href="/Users/username/Desktop/Code First Girls/Week 1 - HTML/starter-code/pages/page2.html">
```

```
  Go to page 2
```

Relative

```
</a>
```

```
<!-- relative path -->
```

```
<a href="./pages/page2.html">Go to page 2</a>
```

[Go to google](#) [Go to page 2](#) [Go to page 2](#)

Absolute - typical address format (eg. 123 Main St, London, England, E17 8DN)

Relative - directions you would give someone from A to B (go out of this road, turn left, go down 2 streets etc)

URL - a web address, must start in http

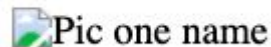
IMAGES

attribute

↓

↑ ↑

name value



Src is the source of the image - where is it located in the project folder/on the web?

Alt displays text when the image cannot be loaded. It's also used to make web pages more accessible (for those who use screen readers to know what the image is supposed to be)

TABLES

Tables are not often used in designing web pages and can be very confusing, so many developers avoid it.

<table> is the tag that allows you create a table.

<thead> is the header row at the top. This makes it bold

<tbody> is for the rest of the columns and rows

<tr> represents a table row

<td> stands for table data and once you have created rows, you can include columns within each row using this tag

```
<table>
  <thead>
    <tr>
      <th>Col 1</th>
      <th>Col 2</th>
      <th>Col 3</th>
    </tr>
  </thead>
  <tbody>
    <tr>
      <td>Col 1</td>
      <td>Col 2</td>
      <td>Col 3</td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td>Col 1</td>
      <td>Col 2</td>
      <td>Col 3</td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td>Col 1</td>
      <td>Col 2</td>
      <td>Col 3</td>
    </tr>
  </tbody>
</table>
```

Col 1	Col 2	Col 3
Col 1	Col 2	Col 3
Col 1	Col 2	Col 3
Col 1	Col 2	Col 3