EE231002 Introduction to Programming

Lab12. Polynomials

Due: Dec. 26, 2020

The linked list is an ideal structure to store polynomials. An *n*-th degree polynomial has the following form.

$$P_n(x) = a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0$$
(12.1)

And it can be stored using the following structure for the nodes of a linked list.

Using the structure defined above to represent polynomials, please write the following functions.

```
POLY *oneTerm(int degree, double coef);
```

This function creates a 1-term polynomial of the form $coef \times x^{degree}$ and returns the new polynomial.

```
POLY *add(POLY *p1, POLY *p2);
```

This function adds two polynomials p1 and p2 to form a new polynomial and return the new polynomial.

```
POLY *sub(POLY *p1, POLY *p2);
```

This function subtract polynomial p2 from p1 to form a new polynomial and return the new polynomial.

```
POLY *mply(POLY *p1, POLY *p2);
```

This function multiplies two polynomials p1 and p2 to form a new polynomial and return the new polynomial.

```
void print(POLY *p1);
```

This function prints out the polynomial p1 in human readable form. See the example output given below for more details.

```
void release(POLY *p1);
```

This function releases all nodes of the polynomial p1 and returns them to the heap space.

To facilitate polynomial manipulations, all polynomials in this lab should be arranged in degreedescending order. Thus, the first node of a degree n polynomial starts with $a_n x^n$ and the first node has degree = n and $coef = a_n$. And to take advantage of the linked list's dynamic property, no term of zero coefficient should be stored. Of course, your functions should not have $memory\ leak$ problem. Using the functions given above, your main function implements the following pseudo code.

```
Let X be a one-term polynomial and X = x,
and One be a one-term polynomial with One=1.
Polynomial A = X + One,
Polynomial A_2 = A \times A,
Polynomial A_3 = A_2 \times A,
Polynomial A_4 = A_3 \times A,
Polynomial A_5 = A_4 \times A,
printf("A = ");
print(A),
printf("A2 = ");
print(A_2),
Polynomial B = X - One,
Polynomial B_2 = B \times B,
Polynomial B_3 = B_2 \times B,
Polynomial B_4 = B_3 \times B,
Polynomial B_5 = B_4 \times B,
Polynomial C = A + B,
Polynomial C_2 = A_2 \times B_2,
Polynomial C_3 = A_3 \times B_3,
Polynomial C_4 = A_4 \times B_4,
Polynomial C_5 = A_5 \times B_5,
printf("C = ");
print(C),
printf("C2 = ");
print(C_2),
printf("C3 = ");
print(C_3),
printf("C4 = ");
print(C_4),
printf("C5 = ");
print(C_5).
```

And the first 4 lines of output look like:

```
A = x + 1
A2 = x^2 + 2 x + 1
C = 2 x
C2 = x^4 - 2 x^2 + 1
```

Note that if a coefficient is one, the it would not be printed unless it is a constant term. The degree of 1 is also not printed. Please make sure your program output follows the example exactly.

Notes.

1. Create a directory lab12 and use it as the working directory.

- 2. Name your program source file as lab12.c.
- 3. The first few lines of your program should be comments as the following.

```
// EE231002 Lab12. Polynomials
// ID, Name
// Date:
```

4. After you finish verifying your program, you can submit your source code by

```
\sim ee2310/bin/submit lab12 lab12.c
```

If you see a "submitted successfully" message, then you are done. In case you want to check which file and at what time you submitted your labs, you can type in the following command:

 $\sim ee2310/bin/subrec lab12$

It will show the last few submission records.

5. You should try to write the program as efficient as possible. The format of your program should be compact and easy to understand. These are part of the grading criteria.

