## EE231002 Introduction to Programming

Lab06. Latin Squares

Due: Nov. 14, 2020

A size N Latin Square is an  $N \times N$  matrix with each row and colume filled with integers 1 to N without repeat. For example, two size 3 Latin Squares are shown below.

	1	2	3
	2	3	1
Ì	3	1	2

1	2	3
3	1	2
2	3	1

In this lab, you will write a  ${\tt C}$  program to find all size N latin squares given N using exhaustive search. In your program N should be defined as a macro as the following.

## #define N 5

In this way, you can develop your program using a small N such as N=3. Once your are satisfied with your coding, you can enlarge N to test the efficiency of your program. However, when the program is being submitted N should be set to 5.

To facilitate coding for this lab, two global variables can be defined as

```
int A[N][N];  // array to test Latin Squares
int Nsol = 0;  // number of Latin Squares found
```

Example program output assuming N=3 is shown below.

```
$ a.out
Solution 1:
    1 2 3
    2 3 1
    3 1 2
Solution 2:
    ...
    ...
Solution 12:
    3 2 1
    2 1 3
    1 3 2
Total number solutions found: 12
```

## Notes.

- 1. Create a directory lab06 and use it as the working directory.
- 2. Name your program source file as lab06.c.
- 3. The first few lines of your program should be comments as the following.

```
// EE231002 Lab06 Latin Squares
// ID, Name
// Date:
```

4. After finish editing your source file, you can execute the following command to compile it,

```
$ gcc lab06.c
```

If no compilation errors, the executable file, a.out, should be generated, and you can execute it by typing

- \$ ./a.out
- 5. After you finish verifying your program, you can submit your source code by
  - $\sim ee2310/bin/submit lab06 lab06.c$

If you see a "submitted successfully" message, then you are done. In case you want to check which file and at what time you submitted your labs, you can type in the following command:

\$ ∼ee2310/bin/subrec lab06

It will show the last few submission records.