

AM-Align Supplemental Material

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$$\mathbf{R}_{m,\text{true}}^a = \begin{pmatrix} 0.8698 & 0.2063 & 0.4483 \\ -0.2507 & 0.9672 & 0.04127 \\ -0.4251 & -0.1483 & 0.8929 \end{pmatrix}$$

with $\cos \theta_{\text{true}} = 0.861311153421915$, which denotes a position in the Northern hemisphere. The normalized accelerometer and magnetometer measurement pairs are simulated using model

$$\mathbf{a}^b = \mathbf{R}\mathbf{a}^r, \quad \mathbf{m}^b = \mathbf{R}\mathbf{m}^r \quad (1)$$

with the noise level of $\gamma = 10^{-3}$ for accelerometer with a unit of m/sec^2 and for magnetometer with a unit of Gauss, as follows

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a}_1^b &= (-0.32646898, 0.93167874, 0.15935094)^\top \\ \mathbf{a}_2^b &= (0.94024823, -0.24908176, 0.23214553)^\top \\ \mathbf{a}_3^b &= (-0.078698444, -0.040278934, -0.99608442)^\top \\ \mathbf{a}_4^b &= (-0.30214477, -0.55269862, -0.77668061)^\top \\ \mathbf{m}_1^b &= (-0.26457266, 0.88781747, -0.37653877)^\top \\ \mathbf{m}_2^b &= (0.56789277, 0.39065359, 0.72449125)^\top \\ \mathbf{m}_3^b &= (0.15855473, -0.39080406, -0.90671527)^\top \\ \mathbf{m}_4^b &= (0.12203279, 0.018472239, -0.99235416)^\top \end{aligned}$$

with which we construct the optimization kernel and is later solved using AM-Align.

The proposed algorithm returns 6 pairs of distinct real solutions:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{R}_{m,1}^a &= \begin{pmatrix} -0.4789 & 0.1937 & 0.8562 \\ 0.8354 & 0.4001 & 0.3768 \\ -0.2696 & 0.8958 & -0.3534 \end{pmatrix}, \cos \theta_1 = 0.1598 \\ \mathbf{R}_{m,2}^a &= \begin{pmatrix} 0.8685 & 0.2078 & 0.4499 \\ -0.2523 & 0.9668 & 0.0405 \\ -0.4266 & -0.1486 & 0.8921 \end{pmatrix}, \cos \theta_2 = 0.8612 \\ \mathbf{R}_{m,3}^a &= \begin{pmatrix} -0.9555 & -0.0186 & 0.2944 \\ -0.2707 & -0.3416 & -0.9000 \\ 0.1173 & -0.9397 & 0.3214 \end{pmatrix}, \cos \theta_3 = -0.0982 \\ \mathbf{R}_{m,4}^a &= \begin{pmatrix} -0.0534 & 0.4665 & -0.8829 \\ 0.9372 & -0.2818 & -0.2056 \\ -0.3447 & -0.8384 & -0.4222 \end{pmatrix}, \cos \theta_4 = -0.7191 \\ \mathbf{R}_{m,5}^a &= \begin{pmatrix} 0.5082 & -0.5002 & -0.7011 \\ -0.4606 & -0.8457 & 0.2694 \\ -0.7277 & 0.1860 & -0.6602 \end{pmatrix}, \cos \theta_5 = -0.4812 \\ \mathbf{R}_{m,6}^a &= \begin{pmatrix} -0.8918 & -0.3134 & 0.3264 \\ -0.1718 & -0.4328 & -0.8850 \\ 0.4186 & -0.8453 & 0.3321 \end{pmatrix}, \cos \theta_6 = -0.1084 \end{aligned}$$