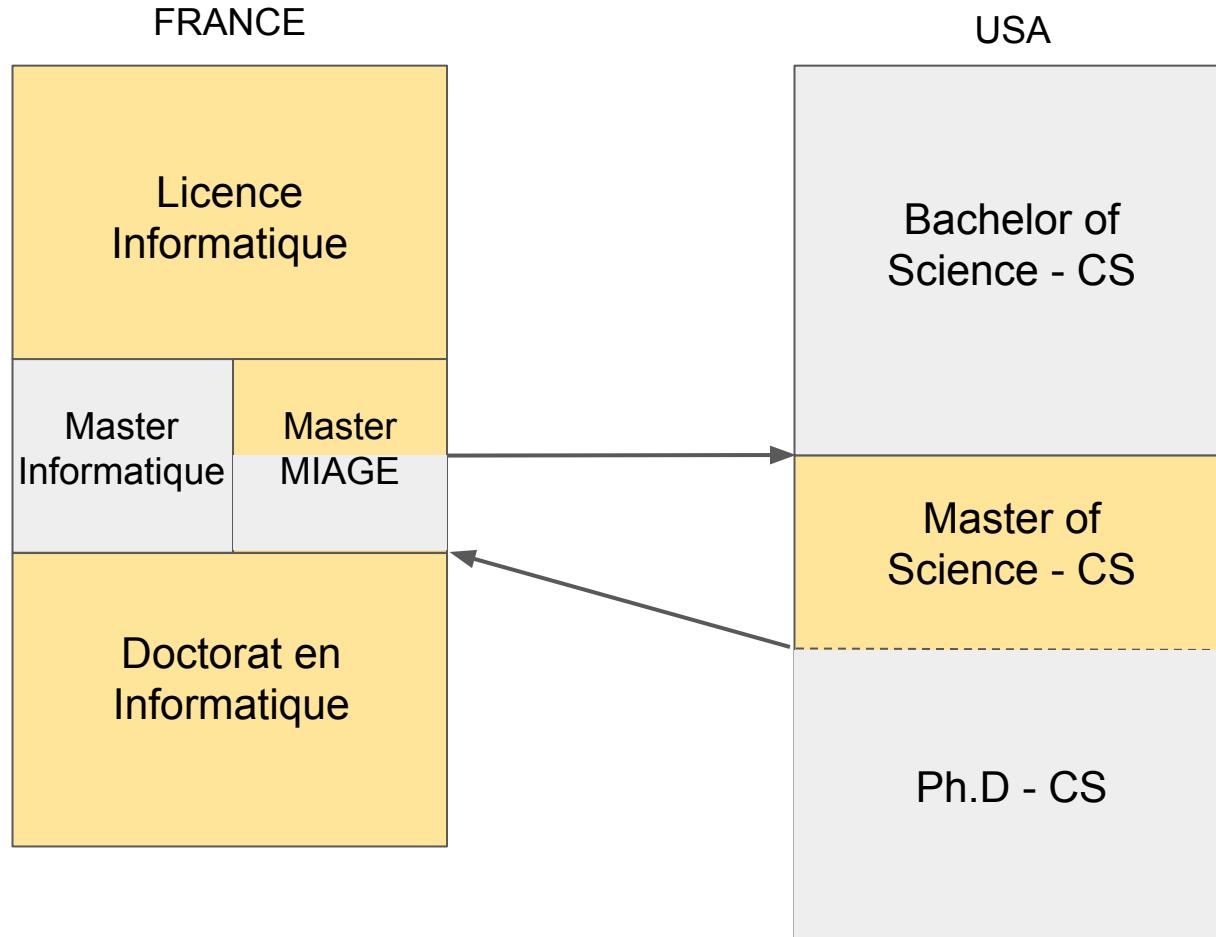


Contribution to the Analysis of the Design-Space of a Distributed Transformation Engine

Jolan PHILIPPE
Seminaire LMV - LIFO



Education





lowcomote



Lowcomote is a H2020-ITN project aiming at training 15 PhD students, and build a low-code development platforms based on

- Model-Driven Engineering
- Cloud Computing
- Machine Learning



Marie Skłodowska-
-Curie Actions



Thesis supervision



Gerson SUNYE

Ph.D director

- Model Driven Engineering
- Software Testing
- Distributed Systems



Massimo TISI

Ph.D supervisor

- Model Transformation
- Deductive Verification in Model-Driven Engineering
- Domain-Specific Language



Hélène COULLON

Ph.D supervisor

- Deployment of distributed systems and applications
- Reconfiguration of distributed systems and applications
- Autonomic computing and (self-)adaptation

Research area

Master's degree

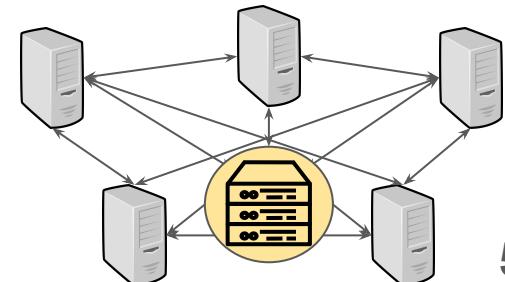
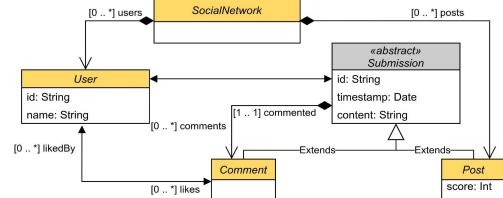
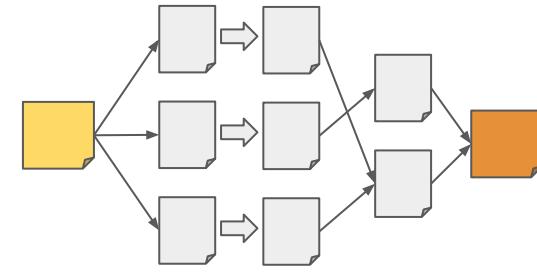
- Parallel programming and skeletons
- Correctness of programs
- Distributed computing (MPI)

Ph.D

- Model-Driven Engineering and Model Transformation
- Distributed computing
- Feature analysis

Postdoc

- Distributed architecture
- (Re)configuration of systems
- Constraint programming



Outline



THÈSE DE DOCTORAT DE

L'ÉCOLE NATIONALE SUPÉRIEURE
MINES-TÉLÉCOM ATLANTIQUE BRETAGNE
PAYS-DE-LA-LOIRE - IMT ATLANTIQUE

ÉCOLE DOCTORALE N°601
*Mathématiques et Sciences et Technologies
de l'Information et de la Communication*
Spécialité : Informatique

Par
Jolan PHILIPPE

Contribution to the Analysis of the Design-Space of a Distributed Transformation Engine

Thèse présentée et soutenue à Nantes, le tbd

Unité de recherche : Laboratoire des Sciences du Numérique de Nantes
Thèse N° : tbd

Rapporteurs avant soutenance :

Jesus SANCHEZ CUADRADO Associate professor, Universidad de Murcia, Spain
Matthias TICHY Professor, Brandenburg University of Technology, Germany

Composition du Jury :

Président :	Thomas LEDOUX	Professor, IMT Atlantique, France
Examinateurs :	Leen LAMBERS	Professor, University of Ulm, Germany
	Antonio VALLECILLO	Professor, University of Málaga, Spain
Dir. de thèse :	Gerson SUNYE	Associate professor, University of Nantes (France)
Co-dir. de thèse :	Massimo TISI	Associate Professor, Institut Mines-Télécom Atlantique (France)
	Hélène COULLON	Associate Professor, Institut Mines-Télécom Atlantique (France)

1 CONTEXT & MOTIVATION

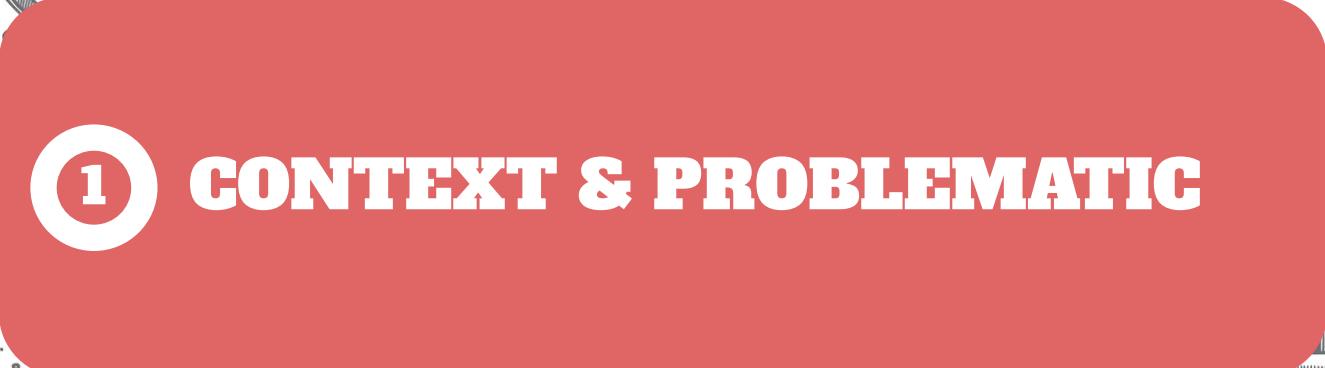
2 CONTRIBUTIONS

2.1 SPARKTE: A DISTRIBUTED TRANSFORMATION ENGINE

2.2 DISTRIBUTED QUERY EVALUATION STRATEGIES

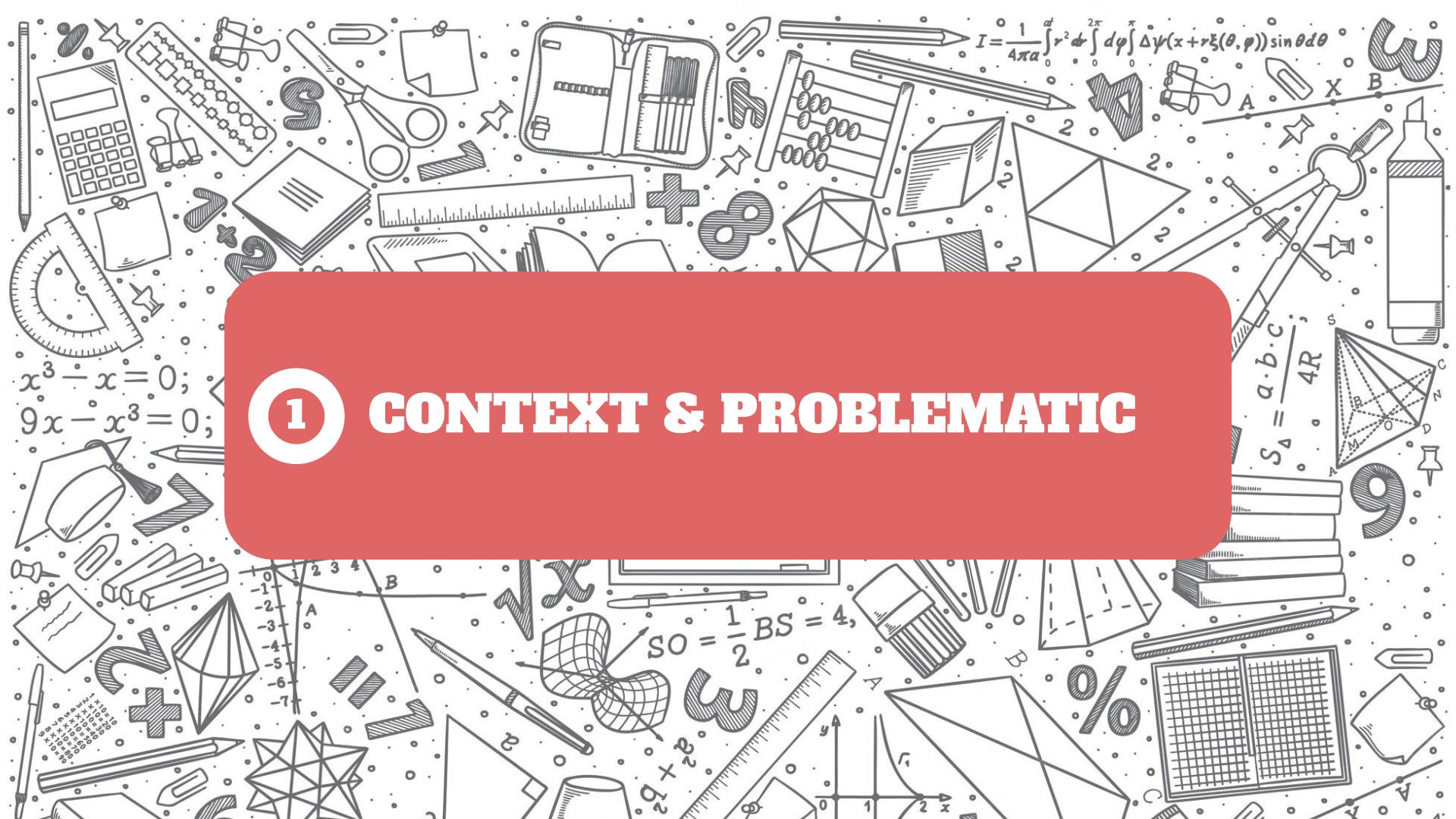
2.3 FEATURE ANALYSIS

3 CONCLUSION



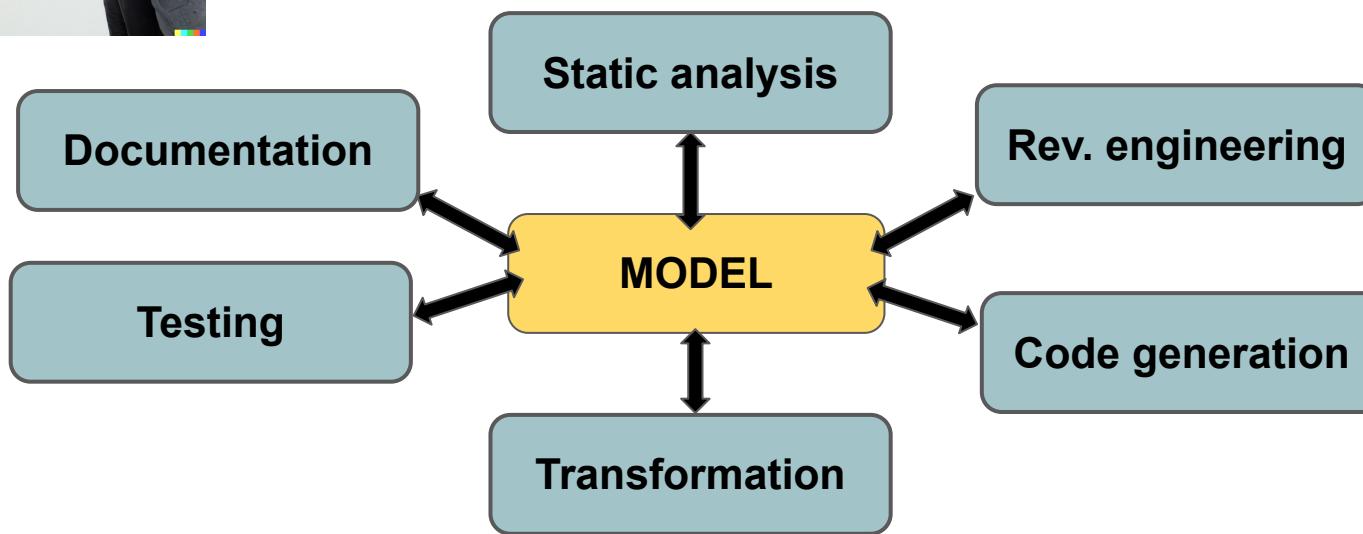
1

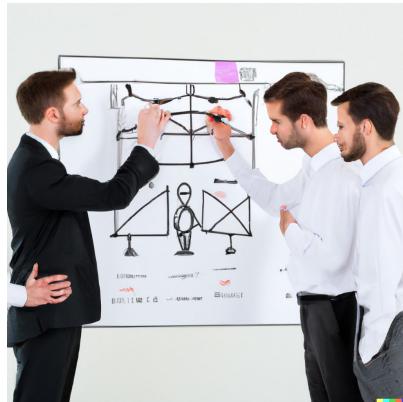
CONTEXT & PROBLEMATIC



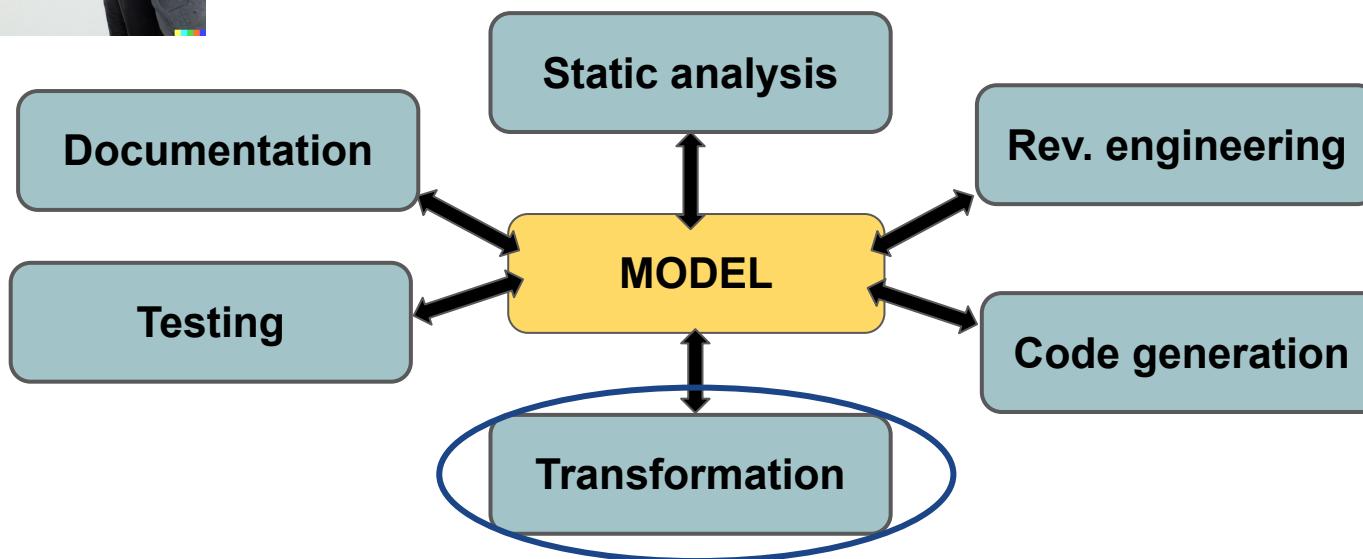


- **Software engineering** approach
- Models as the **central artifact** to represent systems



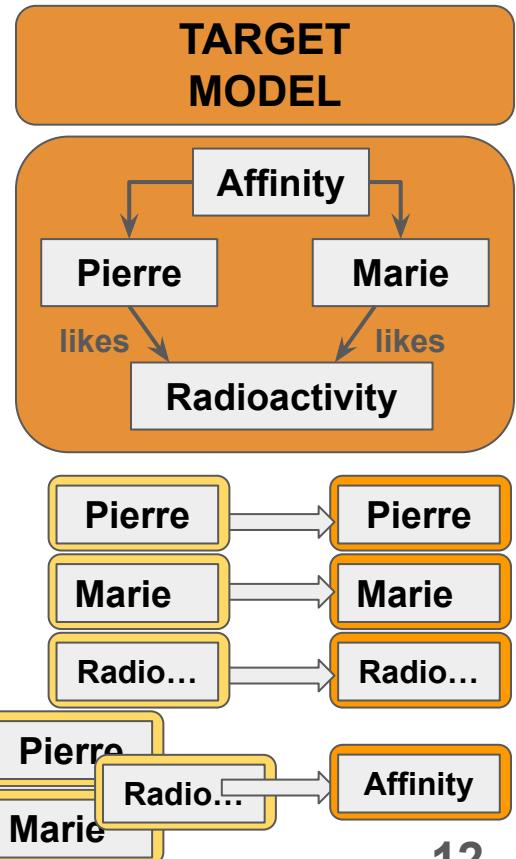
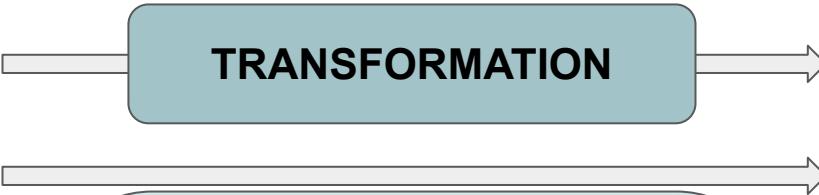
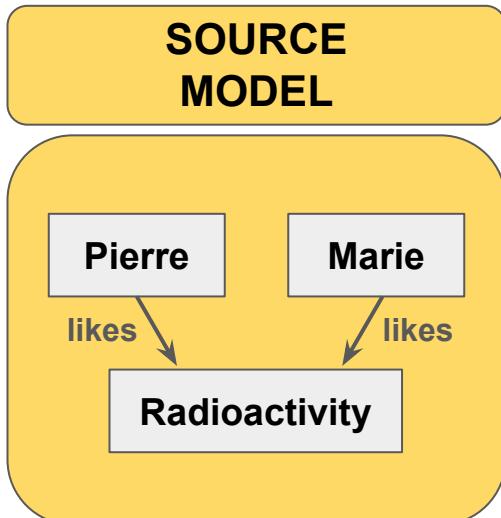


- Software engineering approach
- Models as the central artifact to represent systems









rule copy (e: Element)

output:

new Element (content \leftarrow e.content)

rule affinity (e₁: Element,
e₂: Element)

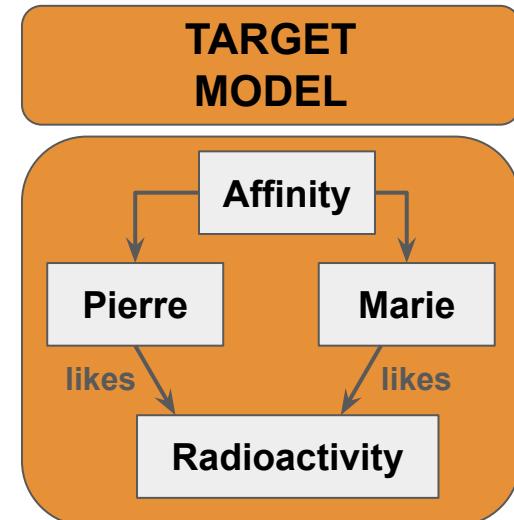
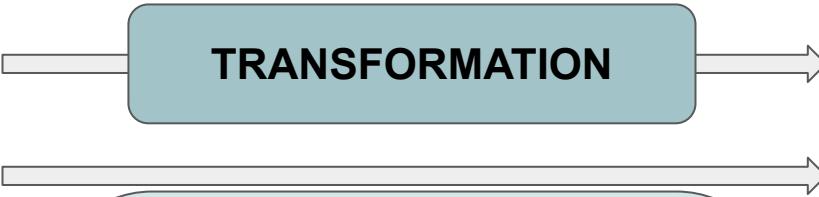
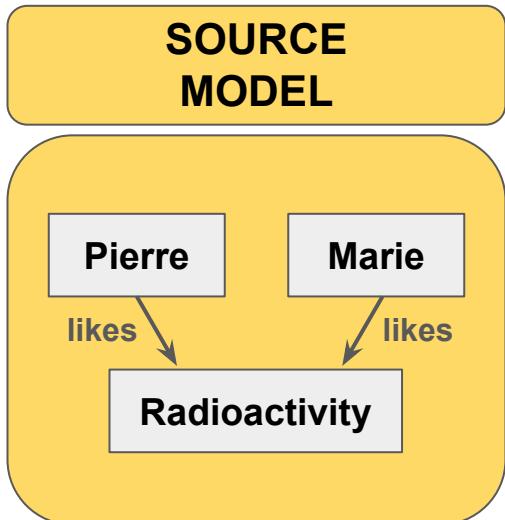
matching:

(e₁.likes) \cap (e₂.likes) $\neq \emptyset$

output:

new Affinity (from \leftarrow e₁, to \leftarrow e₂)

Many transformation languages: ATL, ETL, QVT, Henshin, Viatra,



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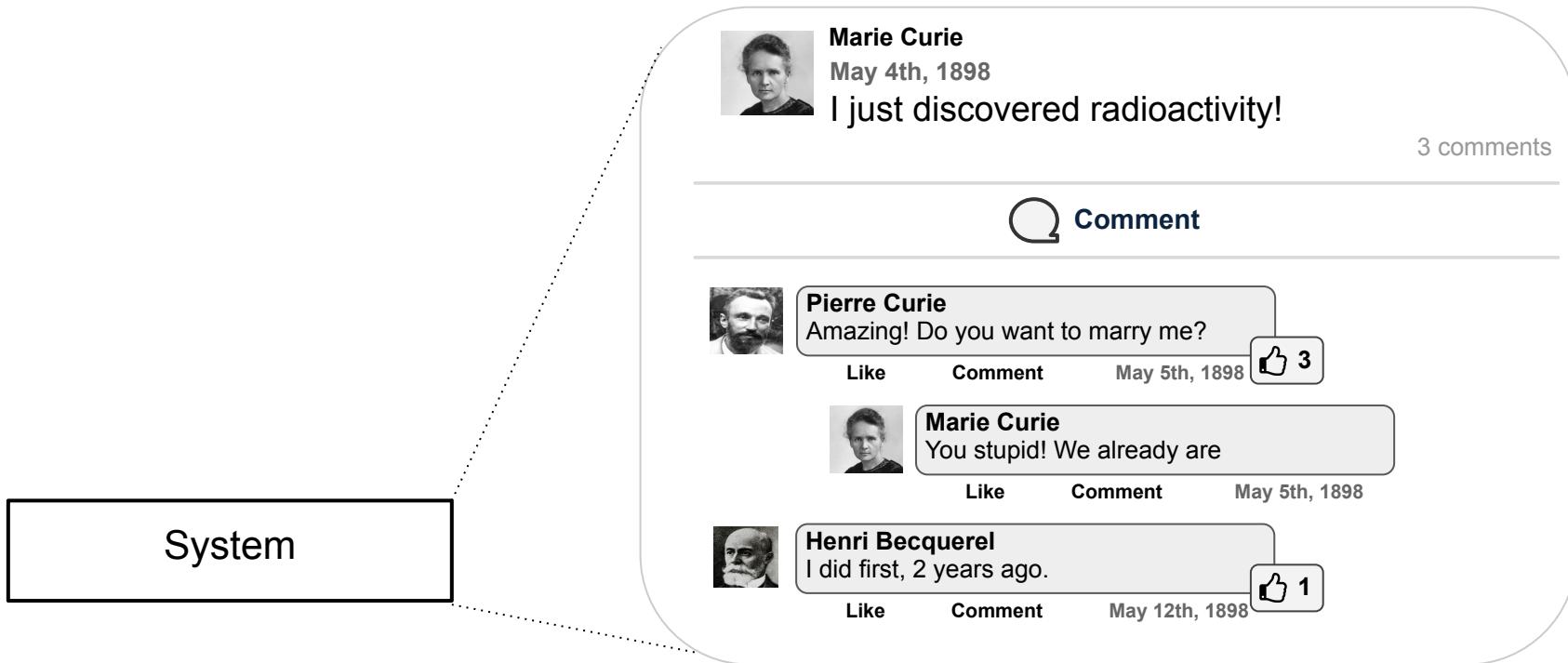
The expression e_i.likes can be expressed as a query

Many transformation languages: ATL, ETL, QVT, Henshin, Viatra, ...

Use case: A platform for analysing a social network

1

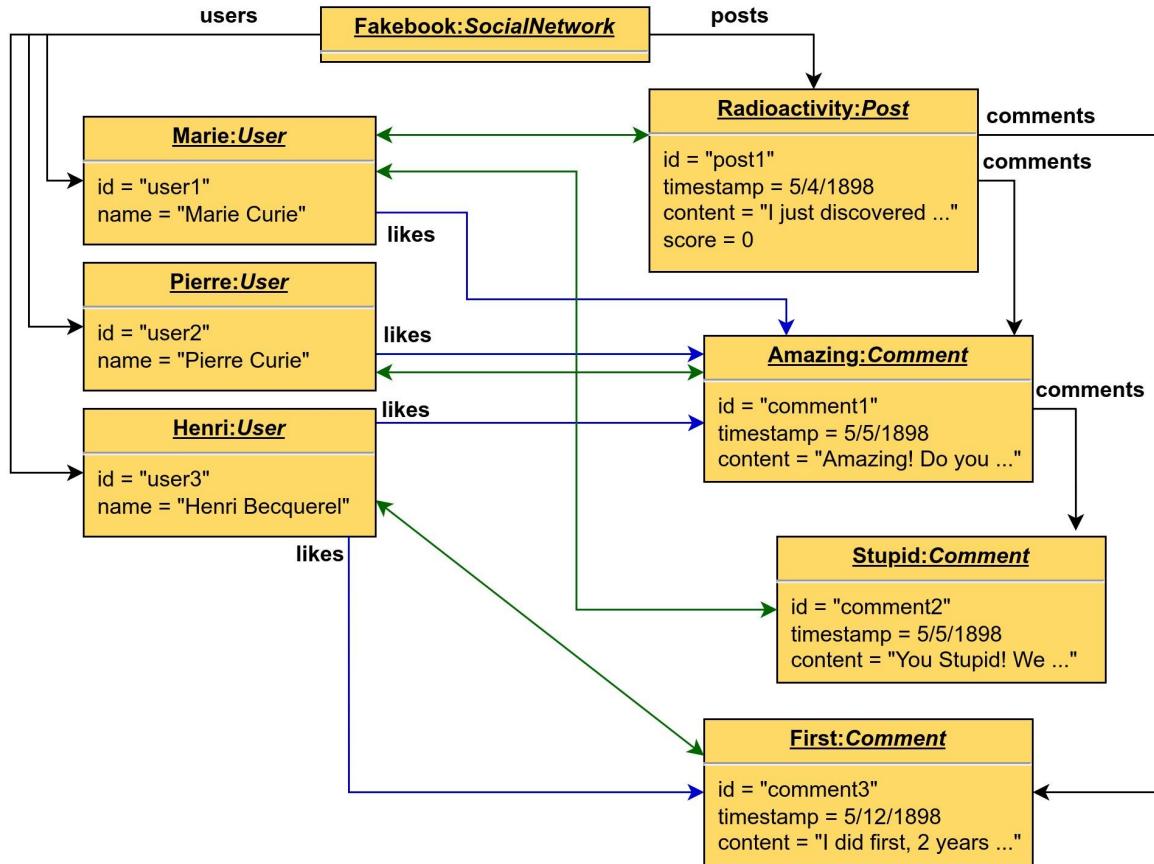
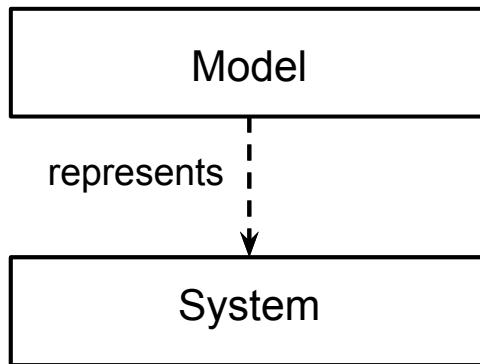
CONTEXT & MOTIVATION



Use case: A platform for analysing a social network

1

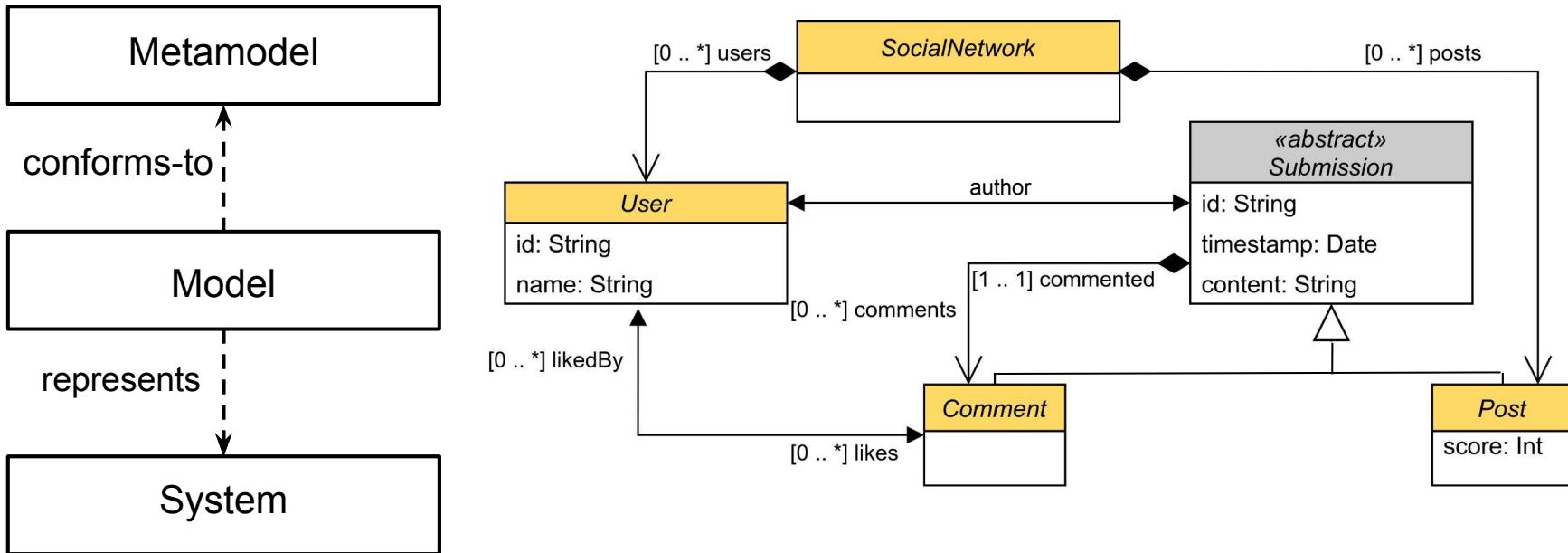
CONTEXT & MOTIVATION



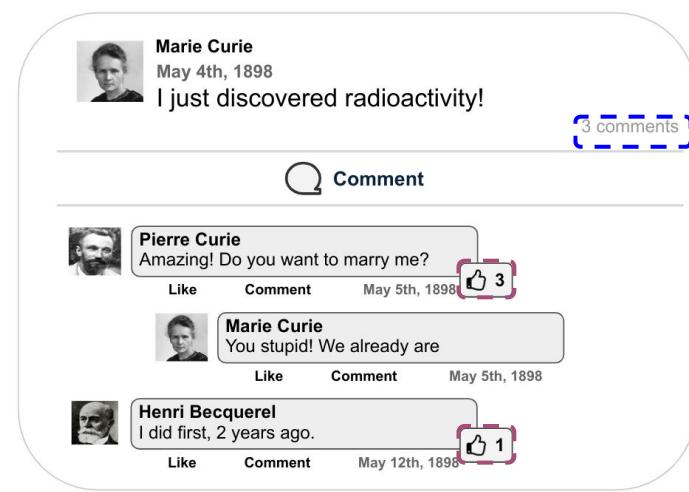
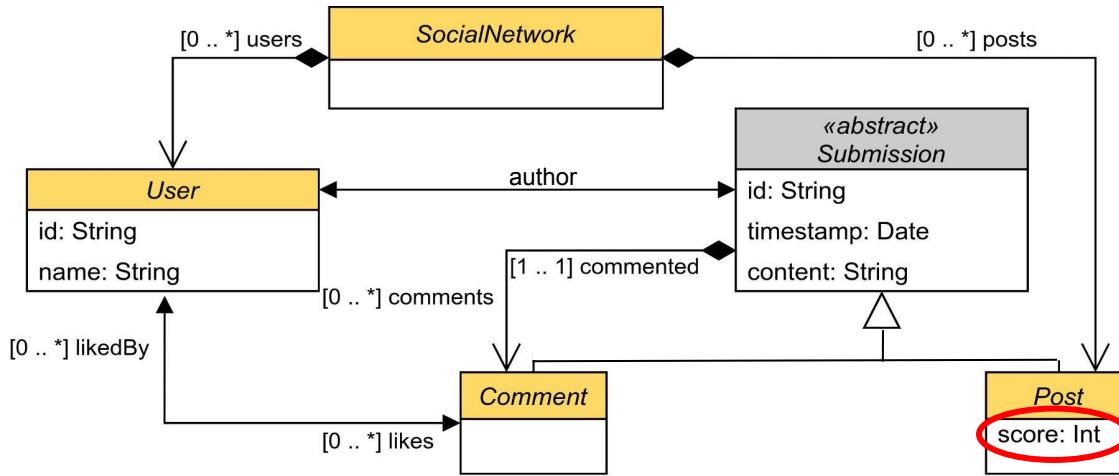
Use case: A platform for analysing a social network

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CONTEXT & MOTIVATION



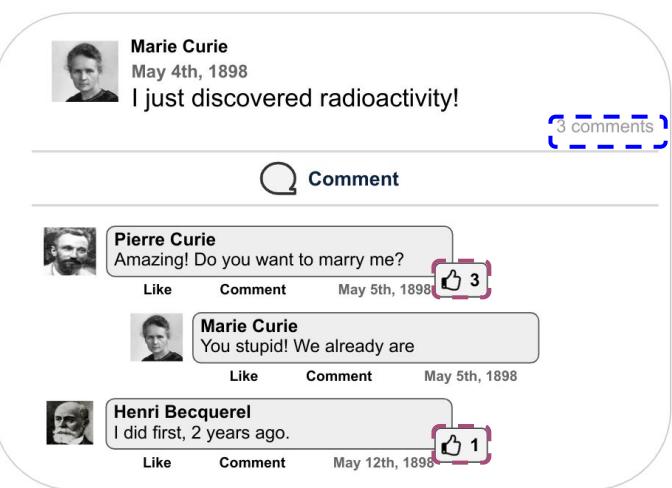
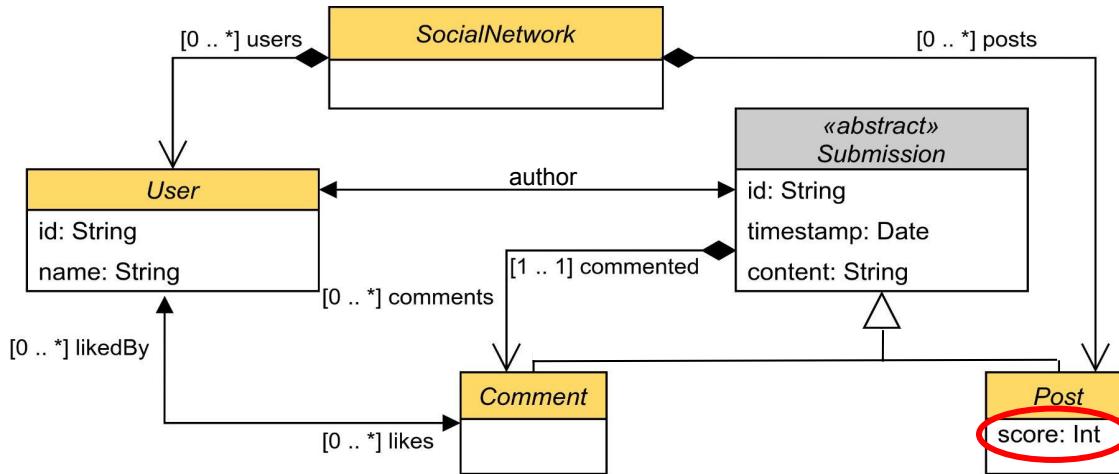
Example 1: Give an activity score for posts in a social network



Example: $\text{score}(p: \text{Post}) = \# \text{ comments} \times 10 + \# \text{ likes}$

$$\text{score}(\text{Radioactivity}) = 3 \times 10 + 4 = 34$$

Example 1: Give an activity score for posts in a social network



Example: $\text{score}(p: \text{Post}) = \# \text{ comments} \times 10 + \# \text{ likes}$

rule Post2ScoredPost (p:Post)

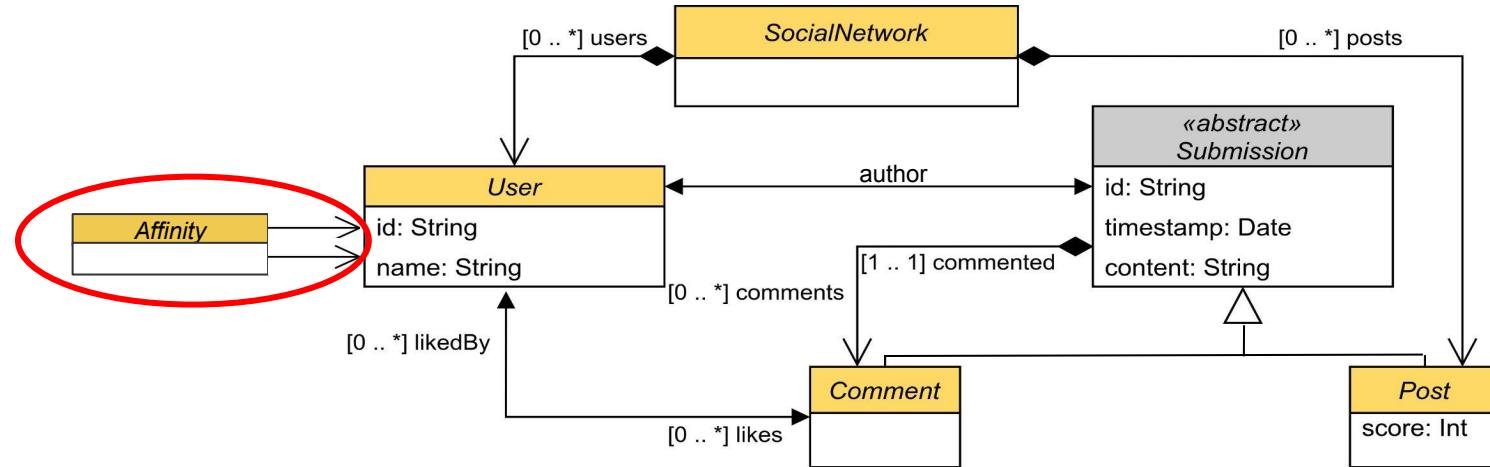
output:

```

new Post (id ← p.id,
          timestamp ← p.timestamp
          content ← p.content,
          score ← score(p))
  
```

score as a **query**

Example 2: Look for user affinities in a social network



Example: Comment at least 3 same posts

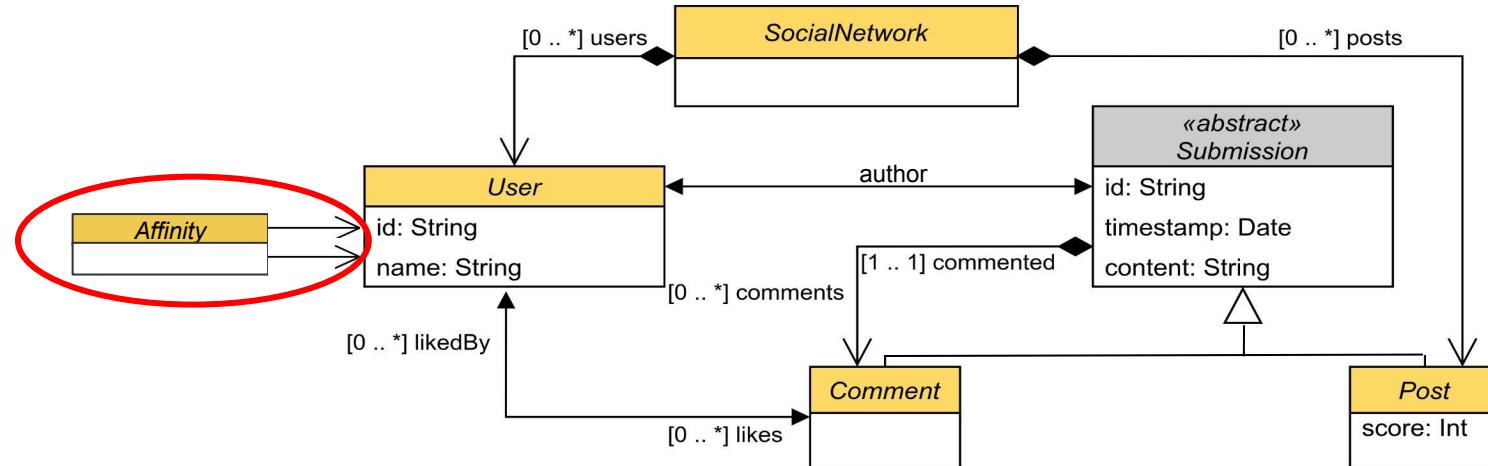


Pierre Curie



Marie Curie

Example 2: Look for user affinities in a social network



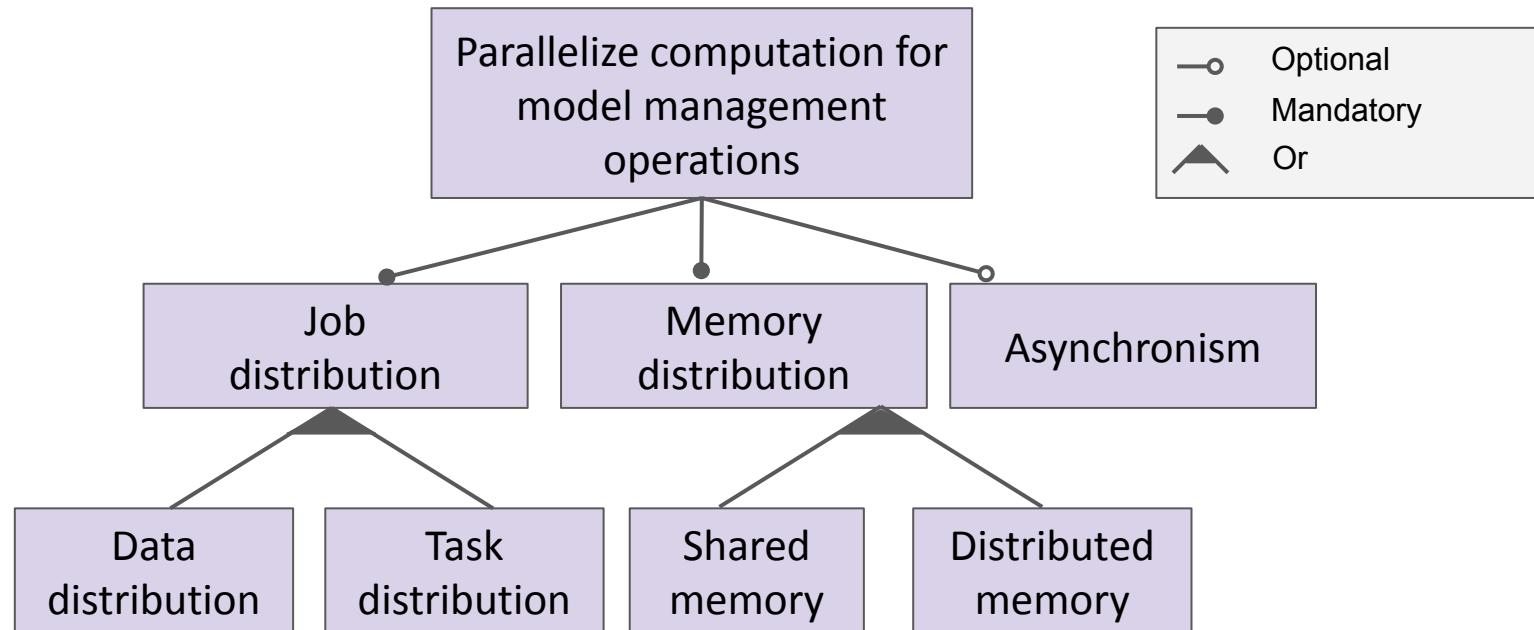
Example: Comment at least 3 same posts

rule FindAffinity ($u_1:User$, $u_2:User$)
matching:
 $\text{commentedPosts}(u_1) \cap \text{commentedPosts}(u_2) \geq 3$
output:
 $\text{new Affinity}(user_1 \leftarrow u_1, user_2 \leftarrow u_2)$



- Computational complexity
 - Size of the model
 - Storage and memory constraints
 - Scalability with increasing resources
 - Implicit optimization
- Two main approaches
 - Avoid computation
 - Parallelize computation

[1] Dimitrios S. Kolovos, Louis M. Rose, Nicholas Drivalos Matragkas, Richard F. Paige, Esther Guerra, Jesús Sánchez Cuadrado, Juan de Lara, István Ráth, Dániel Varró, Massimo Tisi, Jordi Cabot. **A research roadmap towards achieving scalability in model driven engineering.** *BigMDE@STAF 2013*

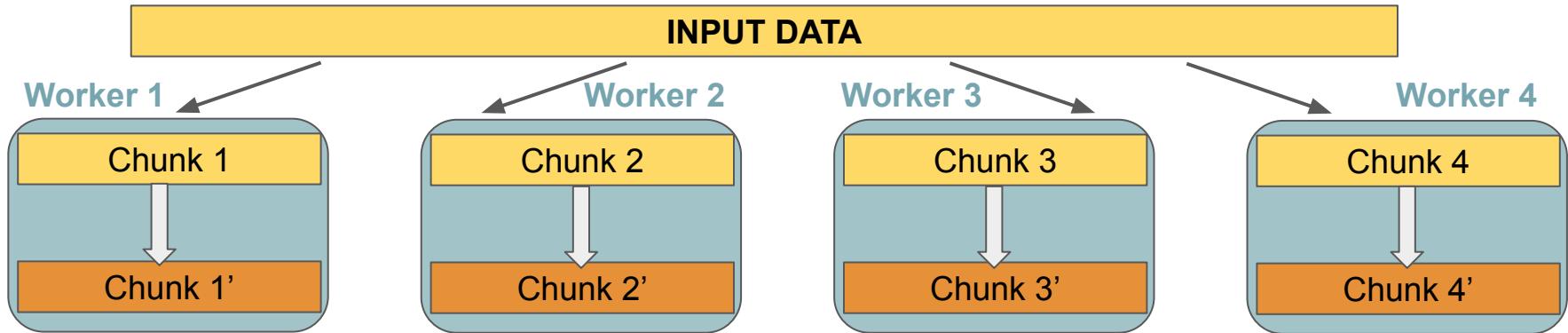


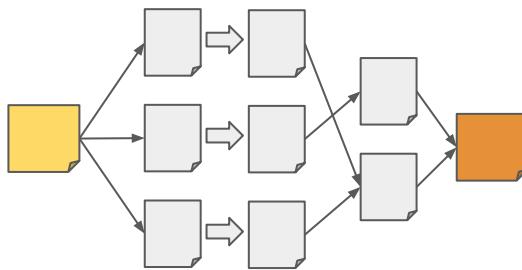
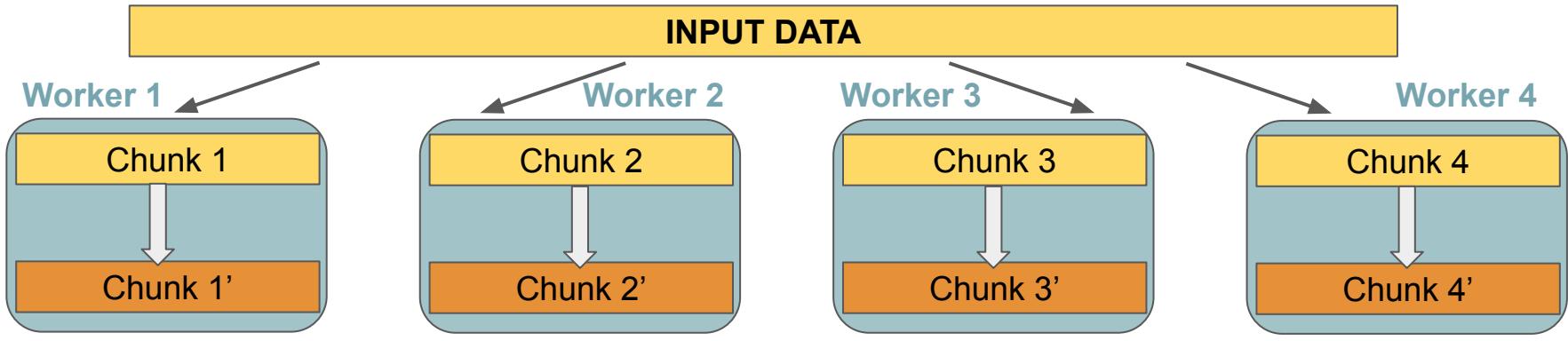
Parallelization in model transformation

	<i>Model query</i>	<i>Model transfo.</i>	<i>Pattern match.</i>	<i>Optimization</i>	<i>Shared mem.</i>	<i>Distrib. mem.</i>	<i>Task-parallel</i>	<i>Data-parallel</i>	<i>Asynchronism</i>
Amine Benelallam et al. « Efficient model partitioning for distributed model ... » SLE 2016		X		X		X		X	
Amine Benelallam et al. « ATL-MR: model transformation on MapReduce » SPLASH 2015		X			X			X	
Loli Burgueño et al. « A Linda-Based platform for the parallel execution ... » IST 2016		X			X			X	X
Loli Burgueño et al. « Towards distributed model transformations with LinTra » JISBD 2016		X		X		X		X	X
Loli Burgueño et al. « Parallel in-place model transformations with LinTra » CEUR-WS 2015		X			X		X		X
Jesús S. Cuadrado et al. « Efficient execution of ATL model transformations ... » TSE 2020		X			X			X	
Gábor Imre et al. « Parallel graph transformations on multicore systems » MSEPT 2012		X			X		X		
Christian Krause et al. « Implementing graph transformations in the BSP model » FASE 2014			X			X		X	
Sina Madani et al. « Distributed model validation with Epsilon » SSM 2021	X				X	X		X	
Sina Madani et al. « Towards optimisation of model queries: a parallel ... » ECMFA 2019	X			X	X		X		
Gergely Mezei et al. « Towards truly parallel model transformations: a ... » EURCON 2019			X			X	X		
Massimo Tisi et al. « Parallel execution of ATL transformation rules » MODELS 2013		X			X		X		
Le-Duc Tung et al. « Towards systematic parallelization of graph transfo. ... » IJPP 2017		X				X		X	
Tamás Vajk et al. « Runtime model validation with parallel object ... » MoDeVVA 2011	X				X		X		

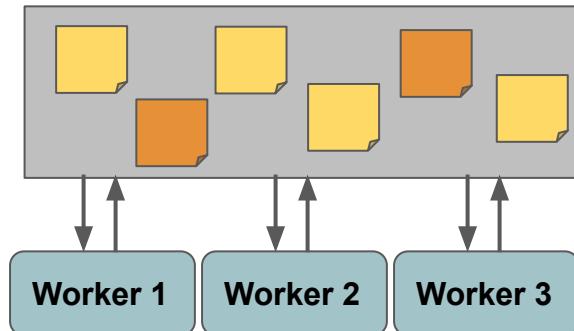
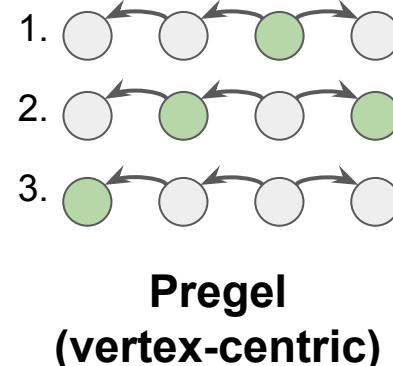
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MapReduce



Blackboard

- Large number of distributed engines
 - Designed with **≠ purposes**
 - Following **≠ design choices**
 - Implemented on **≠ languages** for **≠ infrastructures**

⇒ What are the optimal design choices for a given case?



Related work

- Automatic adapted strategy
 - Pattern matching (**Bergman et al.**)
- Classification of features of MDE solution
 - For languages (**Tamura et al., M Rose et al.**)
 - Transformation approaches (**Czarnecki et al., Kahani et al.**)
 - Performance oriented (**Groner et al.**)
 - Specific topic: bi-directionality (**Hidaka et al.**)

Optimization in model transformation

	<i>Model query</i>	<i>Model transfo.</i>	<i>Pattern match.</i>	<i>Optimization</i>	<i>Shared mem.</i>	<i>Distrib. mem.</i>	<i>Task-parallel</i>	<i>Data-parallel</i>	<i>Asynchronism</i>
Amine Benelallam et al. « Efficient model partitioning for distributed model ... » SLE 2016		X		X		X		X	
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Tamás Vajk et al. « Runtime model validation with parallel object ... » MoDeVVA 2011	X				X		X		

Problem: A configuration issue

- What solution to use?
- How to optimally configure a solution?

Problem 1:
Many solutions for
executing
rules distributively

Problem 2:
Many solutions for
executing
queries distributively

Problem 3:
Lack of unified proposition
for comparing design
choices

- **Goal:** Getting an insight of how design choices impact scalability of a distributed transformation

Problem 1:
**Many solutions for executing
rules distributively**

Evaluation of distributed design choices for **rule execution**

- Building a new distributed transformation engine:
SparkTE

Contribution of the thesis

Problem 1:
Many solutions for executing
rules distributively

Evaluation of distributed design choices for **rule execution**

- Building a new distributed transformation engine:
SparkTE

Problem 2:
Many solutions for executing
queries distributively

Evaluation of distributed design choices for **query execution**

- Analysing different distributed execution strategies
for a query

Contribution of the thesis

Problem 1:
Many solutions for executing rules distributively

Evaluation of distributed design choices for **rule execution**

- Building a new distributed transformation engine: SparkTE

Problem 2:
Many solutions for executing queries distributively

Evaluation of distributed design choices for **query execution**

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Problem 3:
Lack of unified proposition for comparing design choices

Make possible configurable distributed transformation

- Modeling the design space
- Making the configurable engine: Configurable SparkTE

2.1

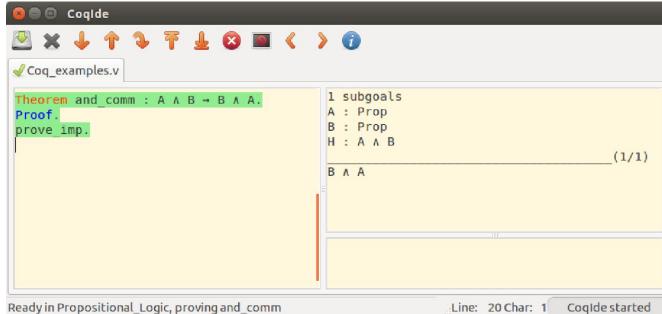
1st Contribution SPARKTE, A DISTRIBUTED MODEL TRANSFORMATION ENGINE

Many solutions for executing
rules distributively

- Evaluation of distributed design choices for **rule execution**
 - An engine with design choices for rule execution: SparkTE
 - Prove design choices have no impact on the result
 - Evaluate the scalability of a such engine



Coq



- Designed for specifying semantics
- A proof assistant based on **Hoare logic**
- Extraction mechanism (to ML lang)

- **DSL** for rule-based model transformation
- Made for **reasoning on transformations**
- Can **reason on the semantic** of the transformation

atlanmod/**coqtl**

CoqTL allows users to write model transformations and prove engine/transformation correctness in Coq



4
Contributors

12
Issues

10
Stars

14
Forks

Model formal definition

(* Model definition *)

Inductive Model (ModelElement: Type) (ModelLink: Type): Type :=

BuildModel: list ModelElement →
list ModelLink →
Model ModelElement ModelLink.

Model formal definition

(* Model definition *)

Inductive Model (ModelElement: Type) (ModelLink: Type): Type :=

BuildModel: list ModelElement →
list ModelLink →
Model ModelElement ModelLink.

(* SocialNetwork model definition *)

Inductive User := BuildUser: (* id *) string → (* name *) string → User

...

Inductive SocialNetworkElement: Set := (* sum type for elements *)

| SocialNetworkUser: User → SocialNetworkElement
| ...

Inductive SocialNetworkLink: Set := ... (* sum type for links *)

Model formal definition

(* Model definition *)

Inductive Model (ModelElement: Type) (ModelLink: Type): Type :=

BuildModel: list ModelElement →

list ModelLink →

Model ModelElement ModelLink.

(* SocialNetwork model definition *)

Inductive User := BuildUser: (* id *) string → (* name *) string → User

...

Inductive SocialNetworkElement: Set := (* sum type for elements *)

| SocialNetworkUser: User → SocialNetworkElement

| ...

Inductive SocialNetworkLink: Set := ... (* sum type for links *)

Definition SocialNetworkModel := Model SocialNetworkElement
SocialNetworkLink.

$\langle transformation \rangle ::= \langle header \rangle ':=' '[' \langle rule-list \rangle ']'$

$\langle header \rangle ::= 'transformation' 'from' \langle id \rangle 'to' \langle id \rangle 'with' \langle id \rangle 'as' \langle id \rangle$

$\langle rule-list \rangle ::= \langle rule \rangle ';' \langle rule-list \rangle \mid \langle rule \rangle$

$\langle rule \rangle ::= 'rule' \langle id \rangle 'from' \langle input-pattern \rangle 'for' \langle iteration \rangle 'to' \langle output-pattern \rangle$
 $\quad \mid 'rule' \langle id \rangle 'from' \langle input-pattern \rangle 'to' \langle output-pattern \rangle$

$\langle input-pattern \rangle ::= \langle elem-decl-list \rangle 'when' \langle gallina-expr \rangle \mid \langle elem-decl-list \rangle$

$\langle elem-decl-list \rangle ::= \langle elem-decl \rangle ',' \langle elem-decl-list \rangle \mid \langle elem-decl \rangle$

$\langle elem-decl \rangle ::= \langle id \rangle 'class' \langle id \rangle$

$\langle \text{iteration} \rangle ::= \langle \text{id} \rangle \text{ 'in'} \langle \text{gallina-expr} \rangle$

$\langle \text{output-pattern} \rangle ::= [\langle \text{output-list} \rangle]$

$\langle \text{output-list} \rangle ::= \langle \text{output-elem} \rangle ; \langle \text{output-list} \rangle | \langle \text{output-elem} \rangle$

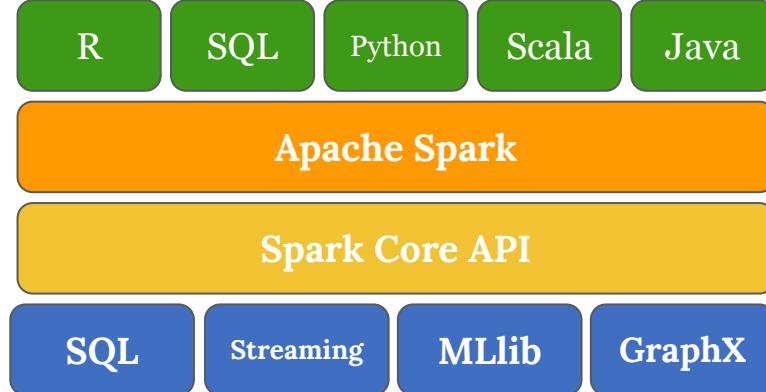
$\langle \text{output-elem} \rangle ::= \langle \text{string} \rangle : \langle \text{elem-def} \rangle \text{ 'with'} [\langle \text{link-def-list} \rangle]$

$\langle \text{elem-def} \rangle ::= \langle \text{elem-decl} \rangle := \langle \text{gallina-expr} \rangle$

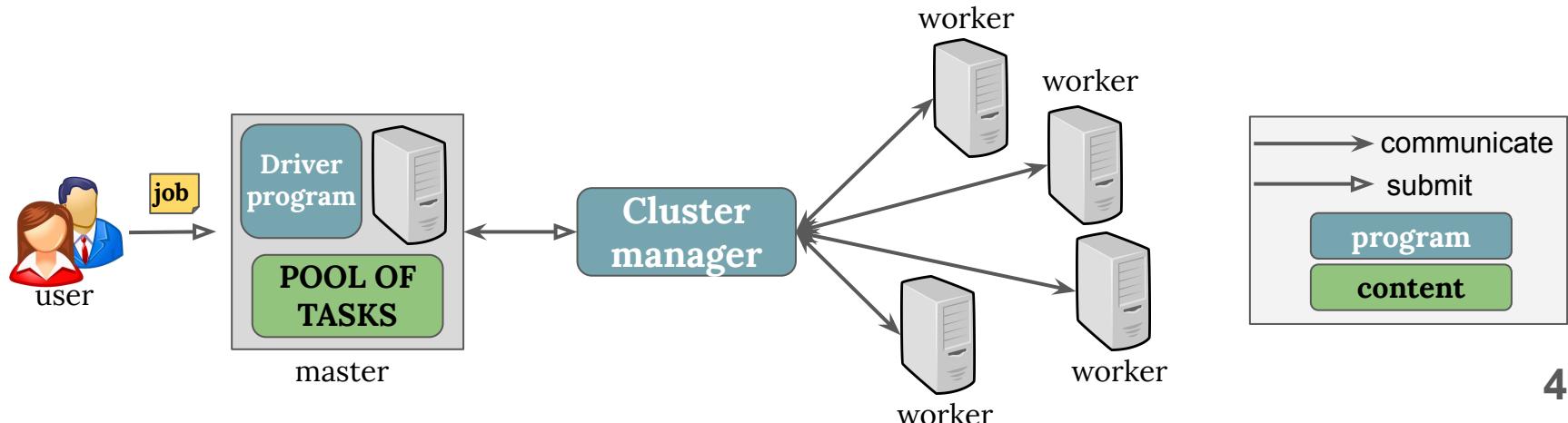
$\langle \text{link-def-list} \rangle ::= \langle \text{link-def} \rangle ; \langle \text{link-def-list} \rangle | \langle \text{link-def} \rangle$

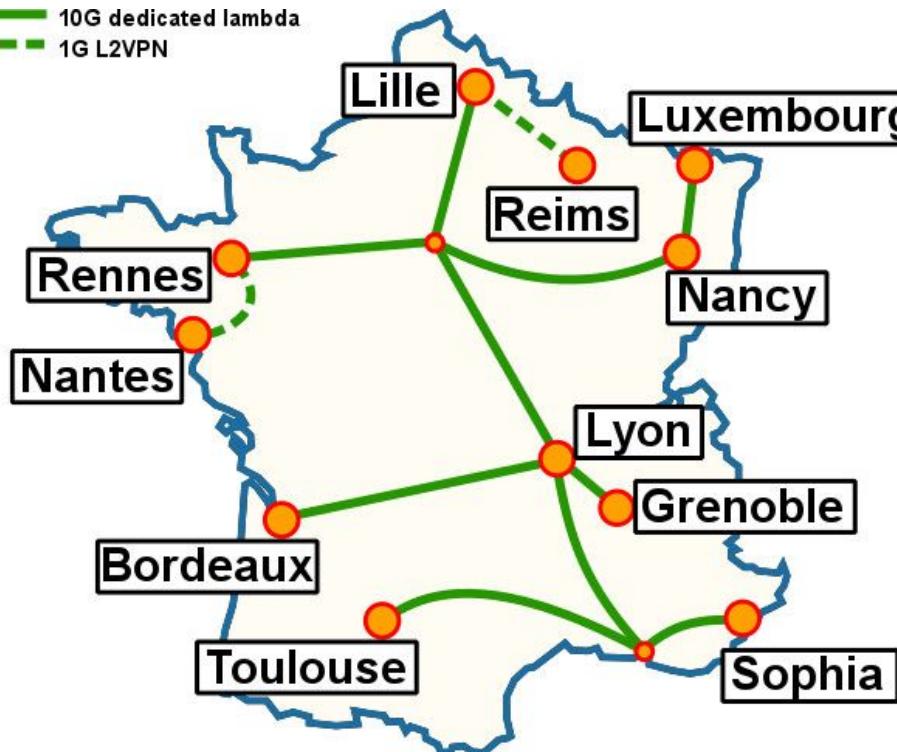
$\langle \text{link-def} \rangle ::= \langle \text{link-decl} \rangle := \langle \text{gallina-expr} \rangle$

$\langle \text{link-decl} \rangle ::= \text{ref } \langle \text{id} \rangle$



- Popular distributed computing for **large-scale data** processing
- Support for **many paradigms**
 - MapReduce, vertex-based (Pregel), ...
- **Open-source**

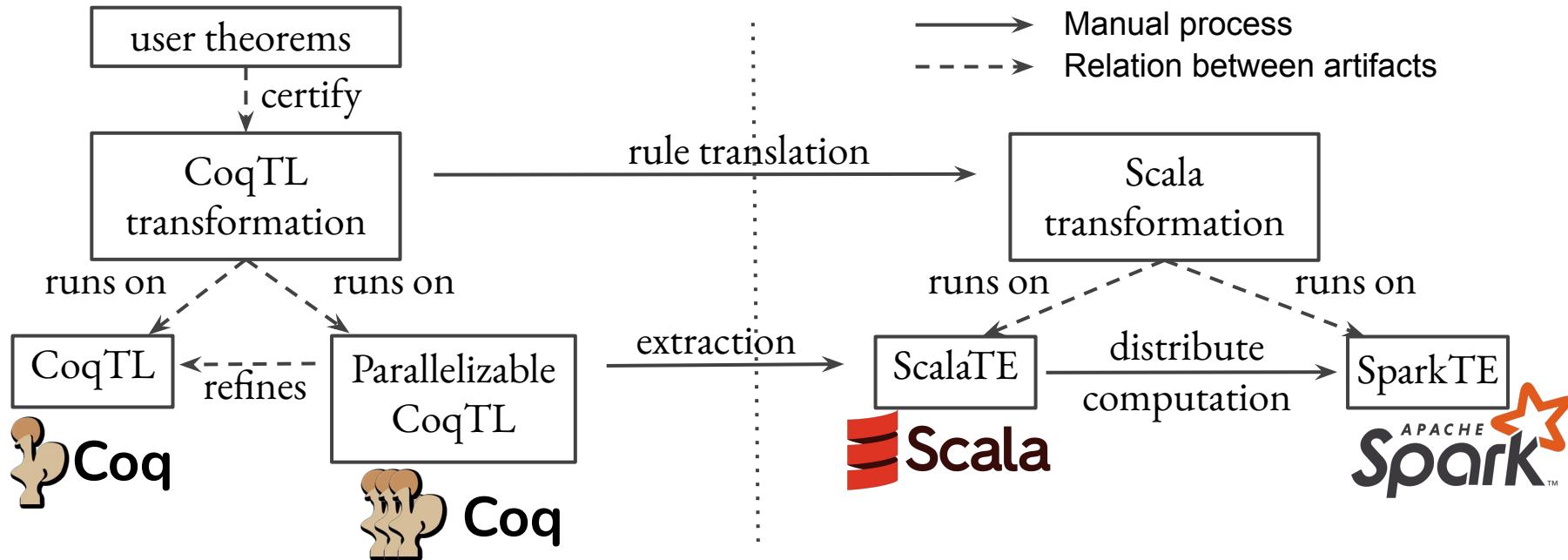




- French cluster for experimentation
- Library for benchmarking
- Support for distributed computing
- More than 15,000 cores; 800 nodes



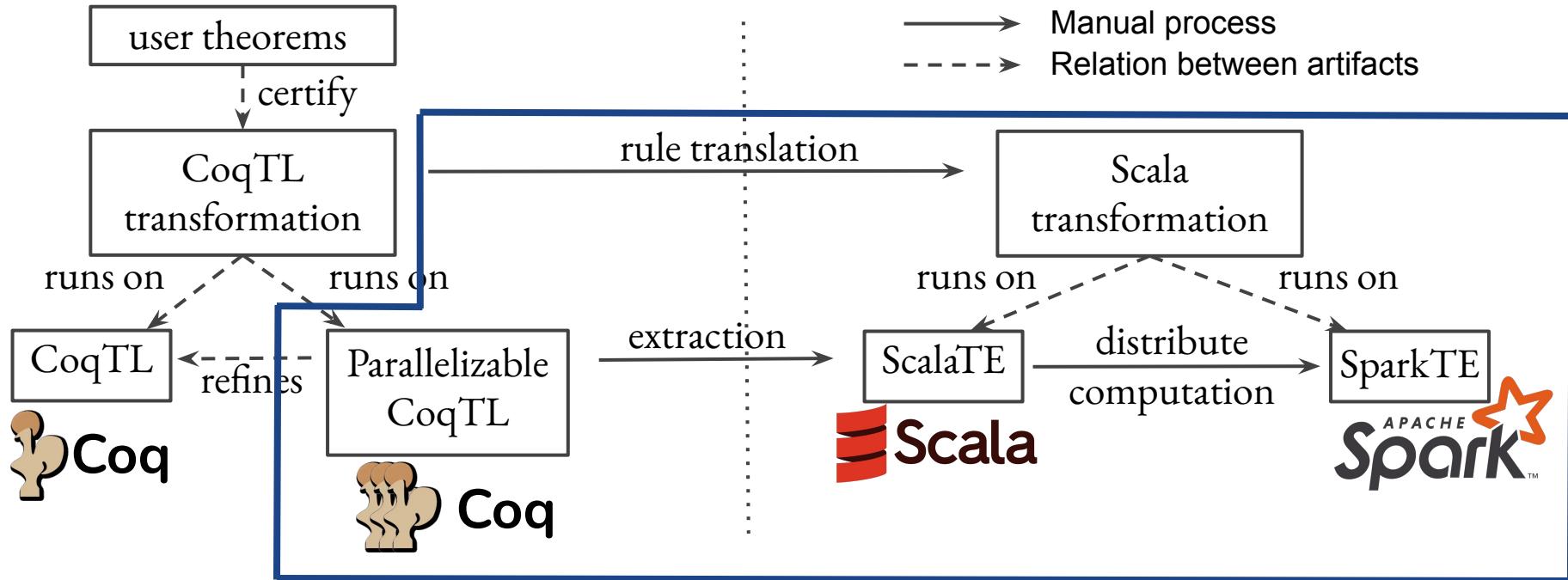
Engine based on a formal semantic: from CoqTL to SparkTE



Engine based on a formal semantic: from CoqTL to SparkTE

2.1

SPARKTE: DIST ENGINE



Contribution

Contribution: Parallelizable CoqTL as a CoqTL refinement

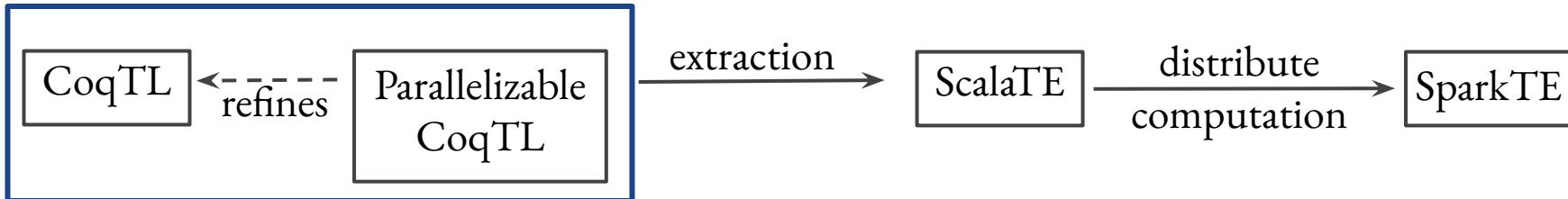
2.1

SPARKTE: DIST. ENGINE

- **Increase parallelization**

1. Two distinct phases: **Instantiate & apply**
 - Define map-reduce phases
2. Iterate on rules instead of src patterns
 - Avoid unnecessary computations
3. Iterate on trace links instead of src patterns
 - Reuse of intermediate results

- **Formal proof** of equivalence with CoqTL



Theorem equivalence:

\forall (**SME**: Type) (**SML**: Type) (**TME**: Type) (**TML**: Type)
(**tr**: Transformation) (**sourceModel**: Model SME SML)
(**targetModel**: Model TME TML) (**new_targetModel**: Model TME TML) :

Proof of equivalence

Theorem equivalence:

\forall (SME: Type) (SML: Type) (TME: Type) (TML: Type)
(tr : Transformation) (sourceModel : Model SME SML)
(targetModel : Model TME TML) (new_targetModel : Model TME TML) :
(* if the two executions, with same input, produce 2 target models *)
execute $\text{tr } \text{sourceModel} = \text{targetModel} \rightarrow$
 $\text{new_execute } \text{tr } \text{sourceModel} = \text{new_targetModel}$

Proof of equivalence

Theorem equivalence:

- ∀ (SME: Type) (SML: Type) (TME: Type) (TML: Type)
(tr: Transformation) (sourceModel: Model SME SML)
(targetModel: Model TME TML) (new_targetModel: Model TME TML) :
(* if the two executions, with same input, produce 2 target models *)
execute tr sourceModel = targetModel →
new_execute tr sourceModel = new_targetModel
- (* then the second output is included in the first *)
 $(\forall e \in \text{allModelElements } \text{targetModel} \rightarrow e \in \text{allModelElements } \text{new_targetModel})$
 $\wedge (\forall l \in \text{allModelLinks } \text{targetModel} \rightarrow l \in \text{allModelLinks } \text{new_targetModel})$

Theorem equivalence:

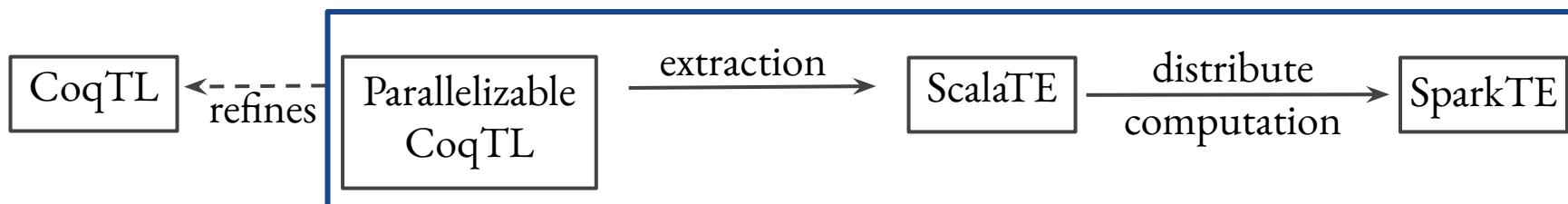
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 $\wedge (\forall l \in \text{allModelLinks}$ targetModel → $l \in \text{allModelLinks}$ new_targetModel)

	Spec. size (LoC)	Cert. size (LoC)	Proof effort (man-days)
1.	69	484	10
2.	42	487	7
3.	69	520	4



1. **Produce executable and maintainable code**
 - Object-oriented approach
 - Pure Scala functions (correctness)

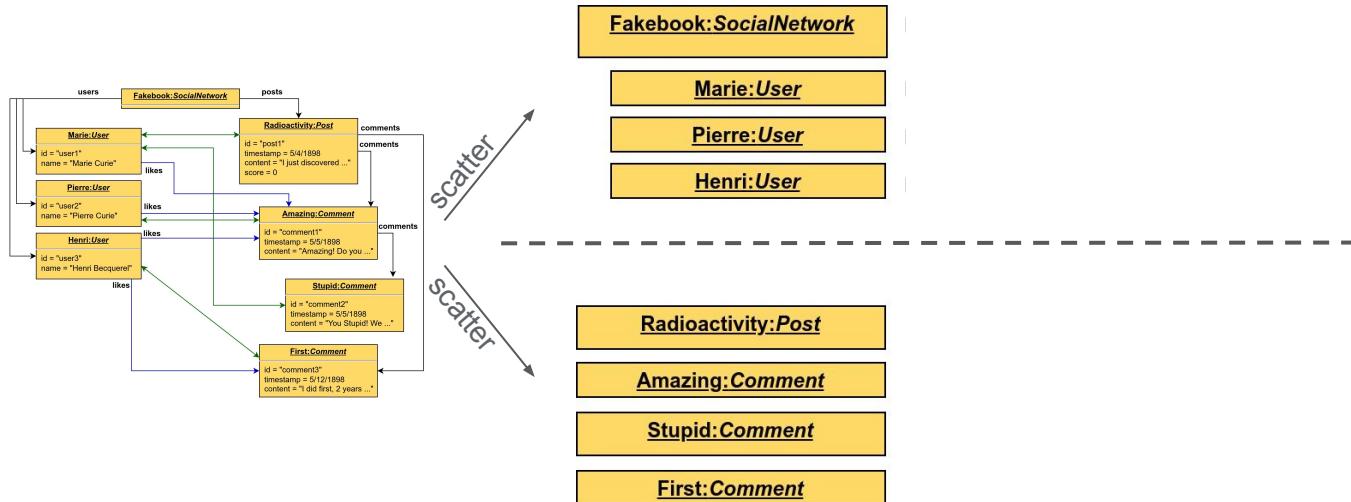
2. **Distribute the computation**
 - Distribute data-structures
 - Explicit communication operations
 - Take advantage of scatter/gather operations
 - Broadcast global knowledge



Instantiate phase: Create output elements

2.1

SPARKTE: DIST. ENGINE



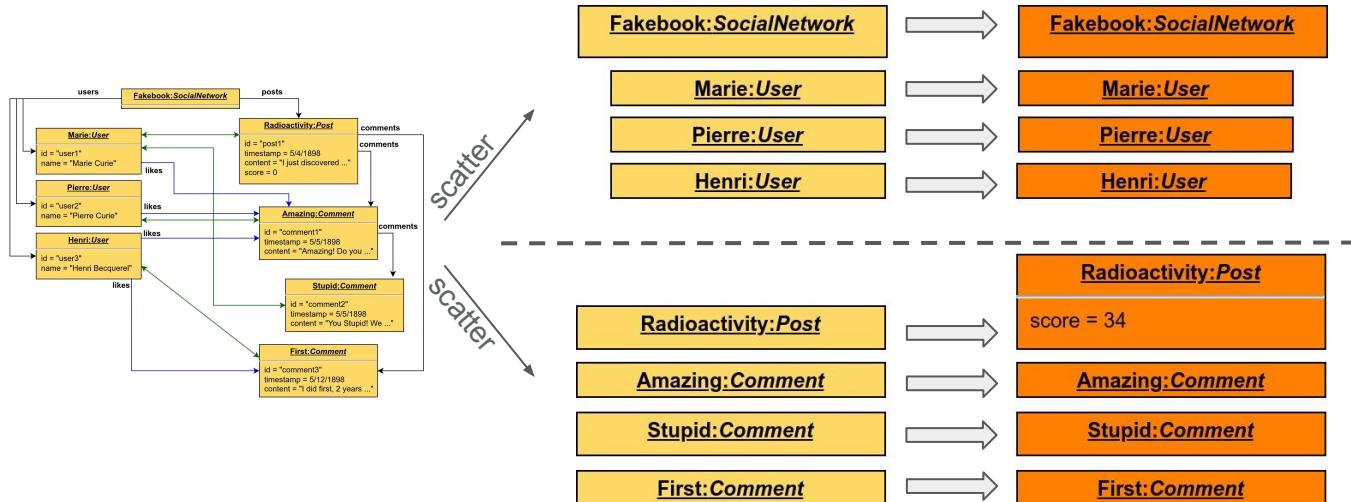
Data-distributed strategy: (*Map-Reduce* phase)

- Input **elements** are **distributed**
- Input **model** is **broadcasted**

As output:

- Instantiated **output model elements**
- **Trace-links** (mapping input-output)

Instantiate phase: Create output elements



Data-distributed strategy: (*Map-Reduce* phase)

- Input **elements** are **distributed**
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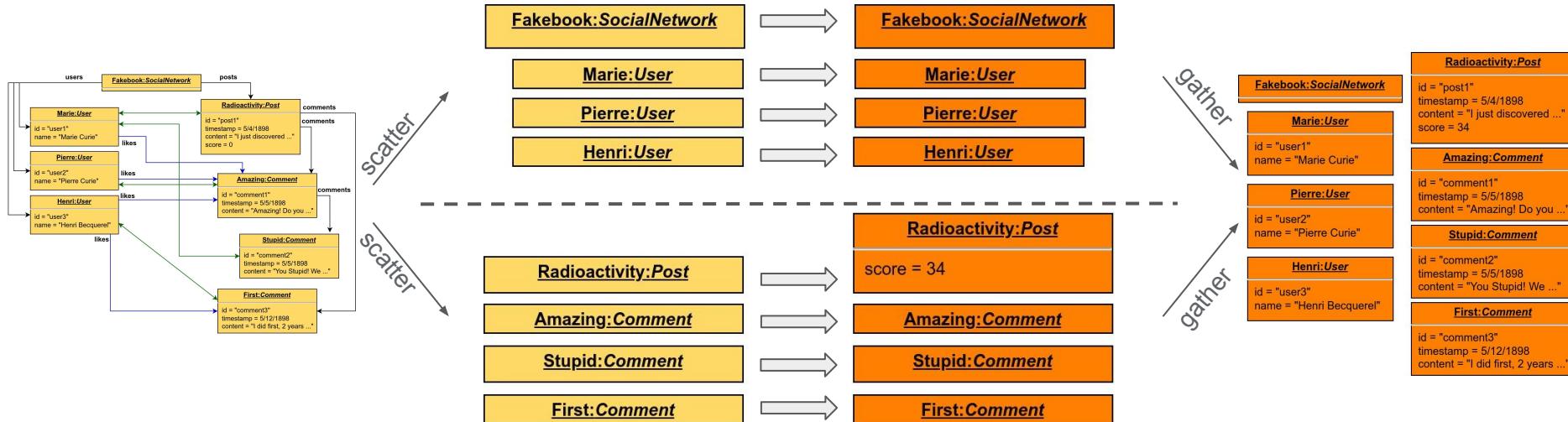
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Instantiate phase: Create output elements

2.1

SPARKTE: DIST ENGINE



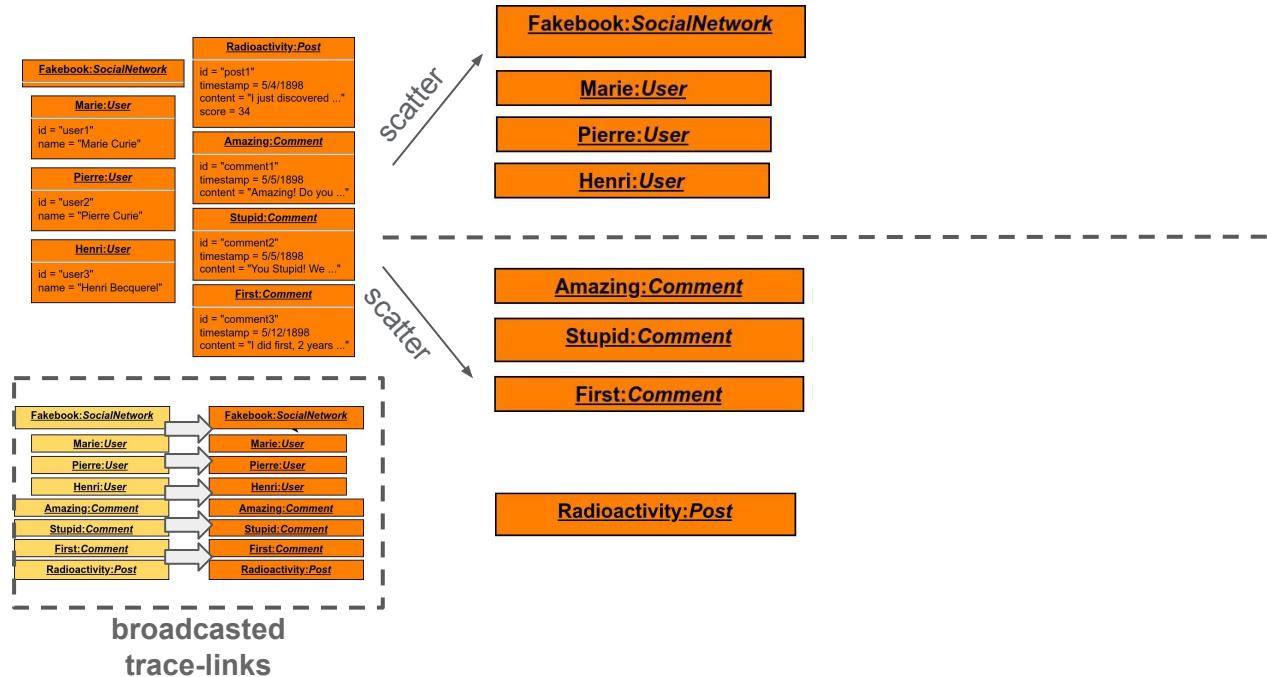
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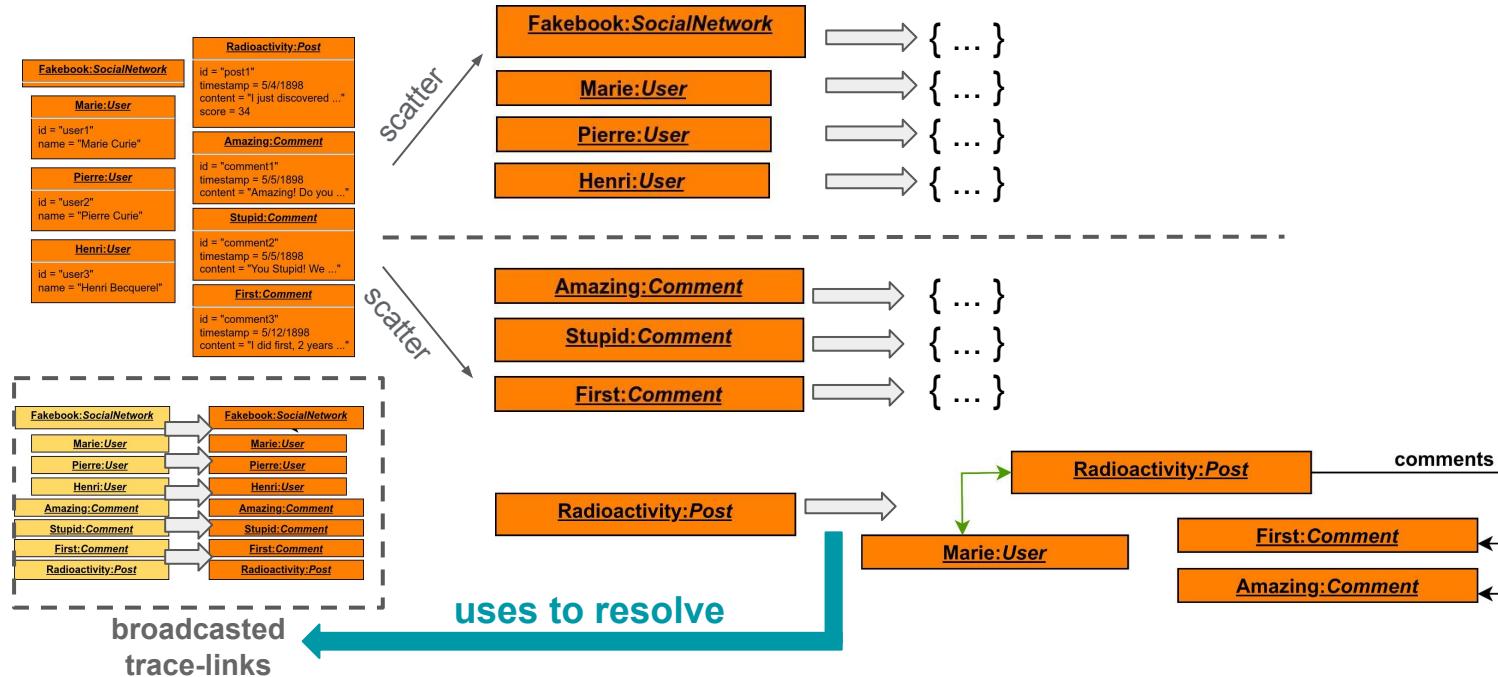
Apply phase: Create output links



Data-distributed strategy: (Map-Reduce phase)

- Output **elements** are **distributed**
- Trace-links are **broadcasted**

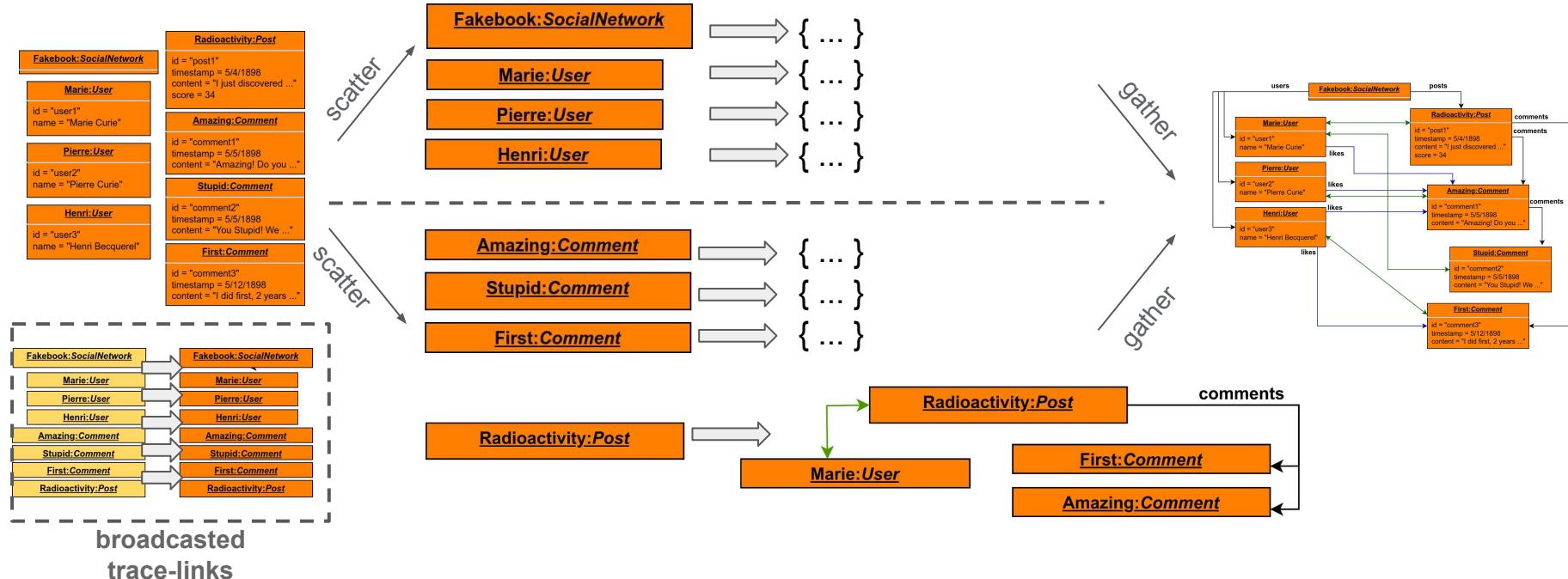
Apply phase: Create output links



Data-distributed strategy: (Map-Reduce phase)

- Output **elements** are **distributed**
- Trace-links are **broadcasted**

Apply phase: Create output links



Data-distributed strategy: (Map-Reduce phase)

- Output **elements** are **distributed**
- Trace-links are **broadcasted**

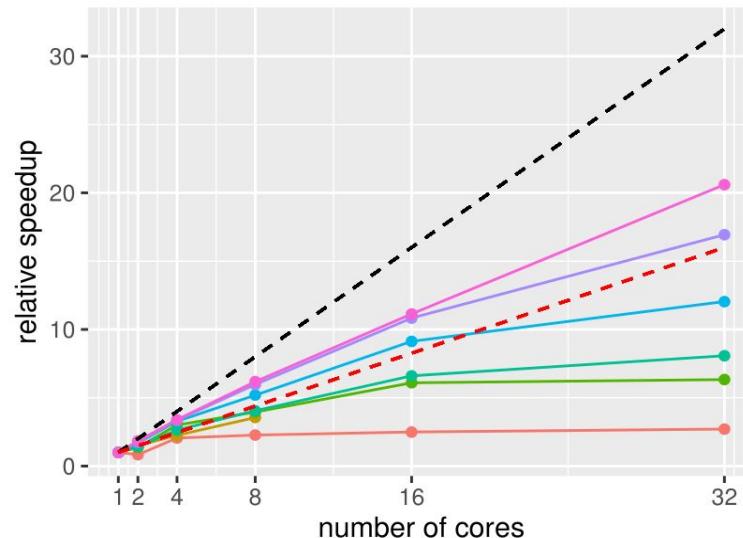
Use cases

- Social network metamodels
 - Identity
 - Find affinity
- Class and relational metamodels
 - Class2Relational
 - Relational2Class
- IMDb metamodel
 - Identity
 - Find couples
- DBLP metamodels
 - Find ICMT authors
 - Find ICMT active authors
 - Find active authors, former ICMT
 - Find journals for IST active authors

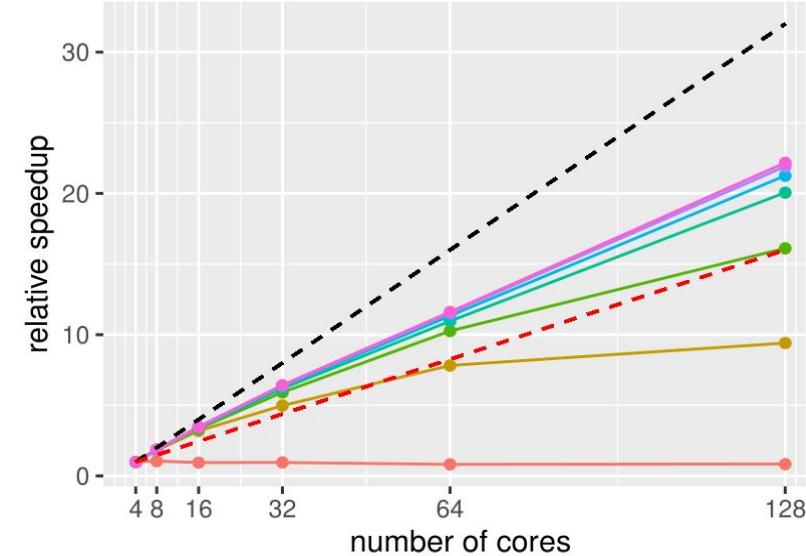


Vertical scalability of model transformation on Spark

- Simulate a uniform amount of computation on nodes
 - fixed time for each task



Model of 150 elements and 290 links, on 4 machines



Model of 600 elements and 1060 links, 8 machines



2.2

2nd Contribution DISTRIBUTED QUERY EVALUATION STRATEGIES

Many solutions for executing queries distributively

- Evaluation of distributed design choices for **query execution**
 - Take a query whose evaluation is dependant from input model
 - Implement with several design choices
 - Evaluate them and try to correlate with input

Several design choices for running a query

2.2

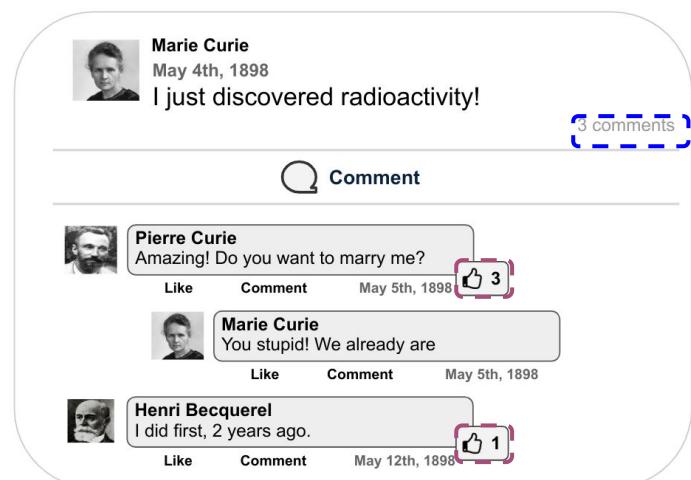
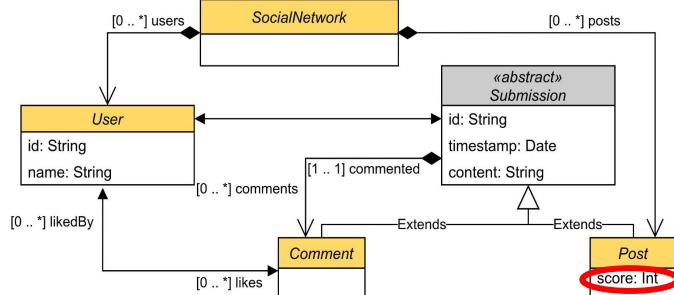
QUERY EVAL. STRATEGIES

- Query:
What is the score for a post in a social network?
- A score function
 $\text{score}(p: \text{Post}) := \# \text{ comments} \times 10 + \# \text{ likes}$

```
score(p: Post) := comments(p).size() * 10
                  + likes(p).size()
```

```
comments(s: Submission) := [s.comments].
    union(c: s.comments.flatMap(
        λc.comments(c))
```

```
likes(p: Post) := comments(p).map(λc.likes)
```



```
score(p: Post) :=  
  comments(p).size() * 10  
  + likes(p).size()  
  
comments(s: Submission) :=  
  [s.comments].union(  
    c: s.comments.flatMap(  
      λc.comments(c)))  
  
likes(p: Post) :=  
  comments(p).map(λc.likes)
```

- Design-choices for running the query:

1. **Scala-OCL**

- No distribution (sequential)

2. **Spark-OCL** (Spark core API)

- Delegate distribution to Spark

3. **MapReduce** (Spark core API)

- More control of parallelism

4. **Pregel** from (GraphX)

- Iterative process

5. Hybrid approaches

- **Spark-OCL + Pregel**

- **MapReduce + Pregel**

Experiments

- Proposed models from TTC
- Calculate score value
- Cannot really extract relevant metrics about topology

	Dataset				Speed-up (compared to Sequential Scala-OCL)						
	#	# users	# posts	# comments	# likes	Scala-OCL	Spark-OCL	Pregel	MapReduce	Spark-OCL + Pregel	MapReduce + Pregel
1	889	1064	118	24	1x	0.39x	0.36x	0.46x	0.44x	0.46x	0.46x
2	1845	2315	190	66	1x	0.51x	0.68x	0.85x	0.66x	0.66x	0.71x
3	2270	5056	204	129	1x	0.27x	0.35x	2.34x	0.15x	0.15x	2.96x
4	5518	9220	394	572	1x	4.25x	5.21x	4.17x	4.68x	4.68x	4.03x
5	10929	18872	595	1598	1x	4.68x	2.83x	2.39x	1.97x	1.97x	3.91x
6	18083	39212	781	4770	1x	4.07x	4.12x	4.58x	5.17x	5.17x	3.27x

Correlation matrix: *input model* vs. *speed-ups*

Size	Spark- OCL	Pregel	MapReduce	Spark-OCL + Pregel	MapReduce + Pregel
# users	0.78	0.67	0.74	0.76	0.39
# posts	0.71	0.62	0.75	0.75	0.32
# comments	0.86	0.74	0.78	0.79	0.51
# likes	0.62	0.57	0.7	0.73	0.19

Correlation matrix: *input model* vs. speed-ups

Size	Spark- OCL	Pregel	MapReduce	Spark-OCL + Pregel	MapReduce + Pregel
# users	0.78	0.67	0.74	0.76	0.39
# posts	0.71	0.62	0.75	0.75	0.32
# comments	0.86	0.74	0.78	0.79	0.51
# likes	0.62	0.57	0.7	0.73	0.19

Correlation matrix: *ratio in input model* vs speed-ups

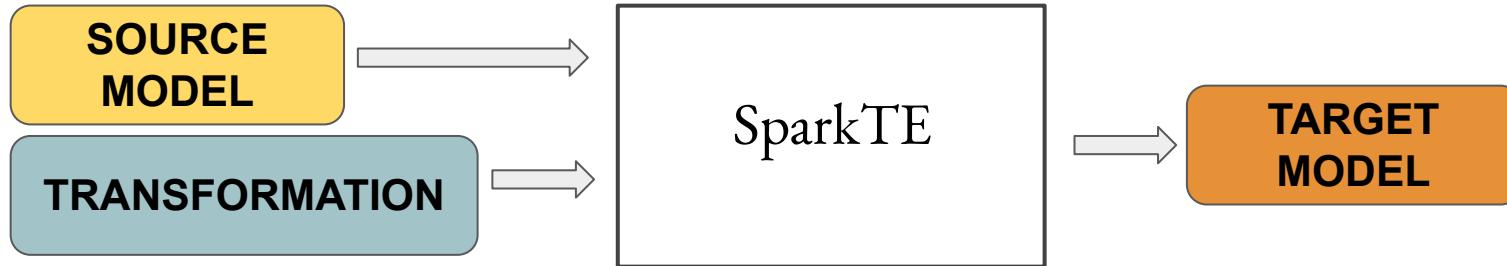
	Spark-OCL	Pregel	MapReduce	Spark-OCL + Pregel	MapReduce + Pregel
ratio: #users / #likes	-0.85	-0.79	-0.89	-0.75	-0.82
ratio: #posts / #likes	-0.96	-0.88	-0.82	-0.85	-0.66
ratio: #comments / #likes	-0.8	-0.74	-0.86	-0.69	-0.83

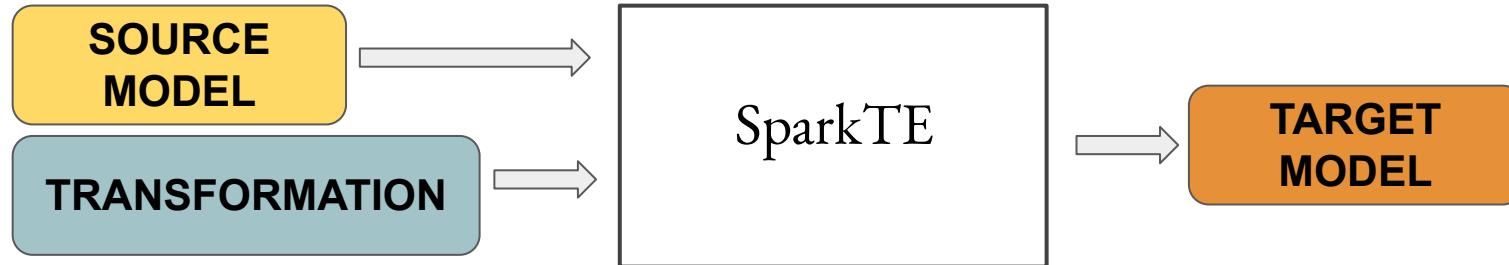
2.3

3rd Contribution FEATURE ANALYSIS

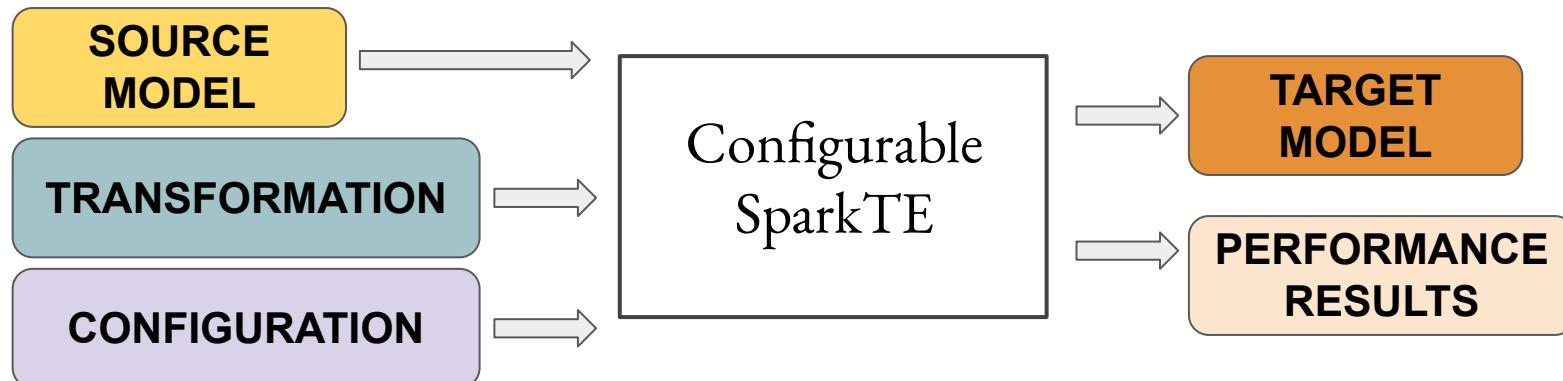
Lack of unified proposition for comparing design choices

- Make possible configurable distributed transformation
 - Formalized past contributions and additional design choices
 - Design a configurable engine
 - Evaluate them and analyse impact





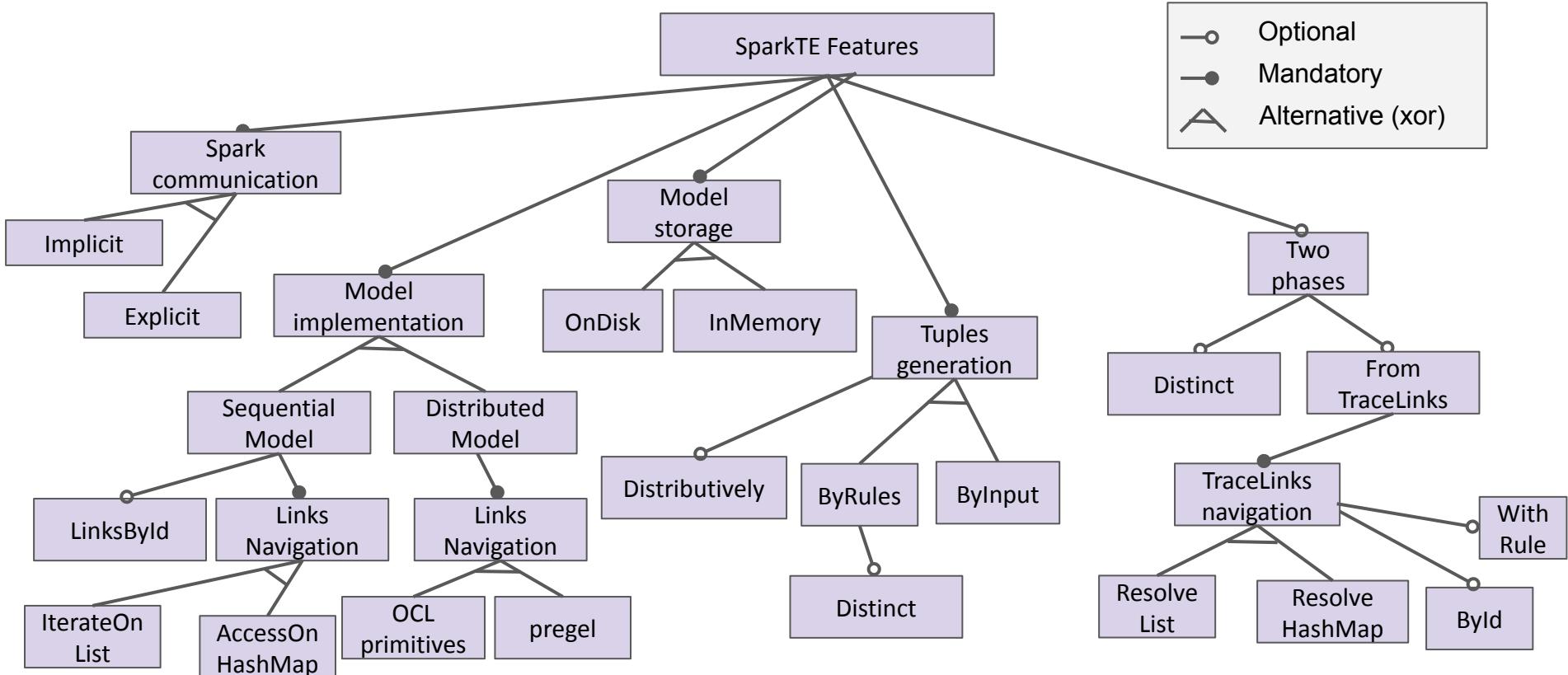
- Take **as input** a configuration conforms to the feature model
- Produce **as output** performance results (computation time)



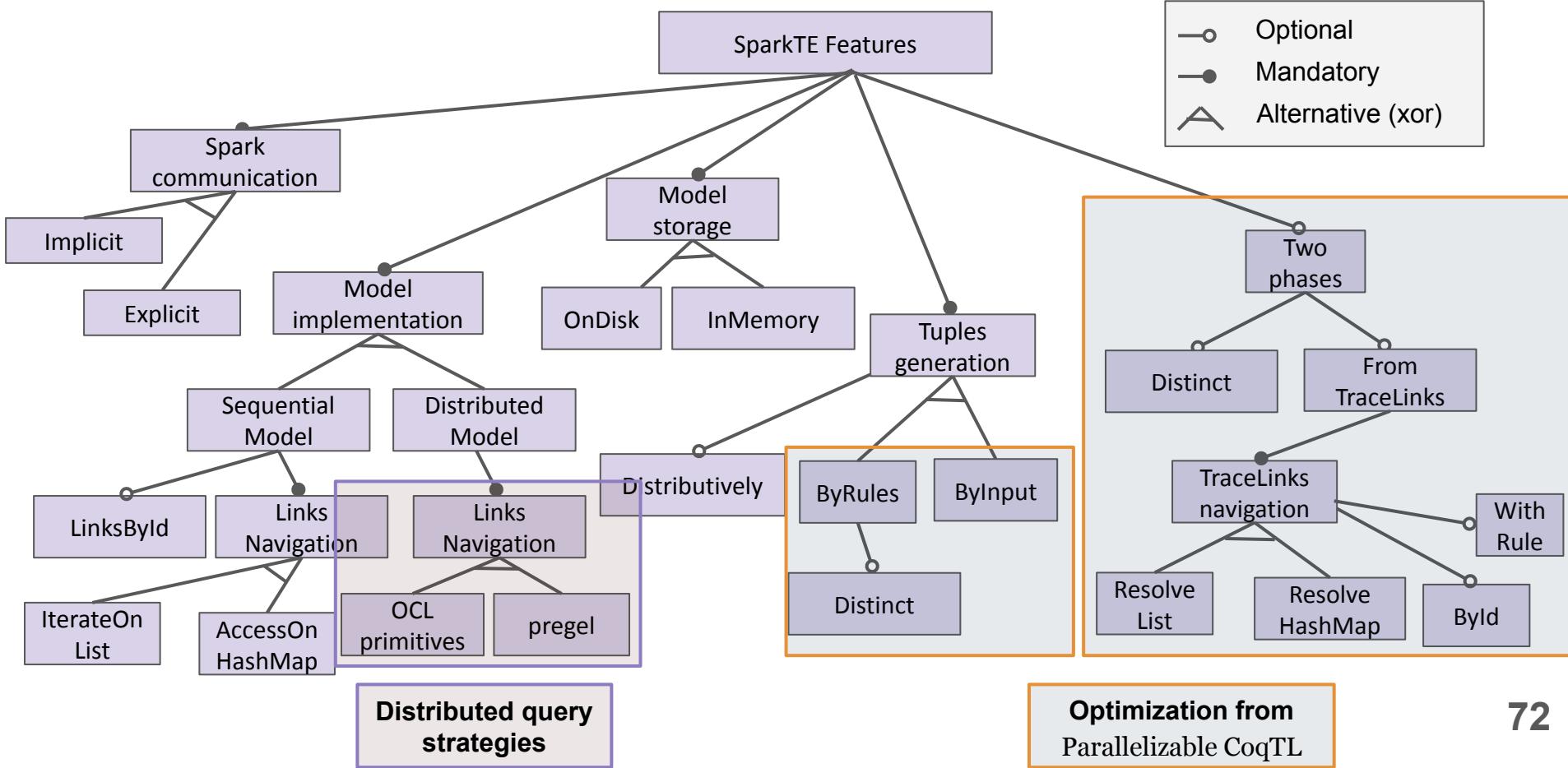
SparkTE feature diagram

2.3

FEATURE ANALYSIS



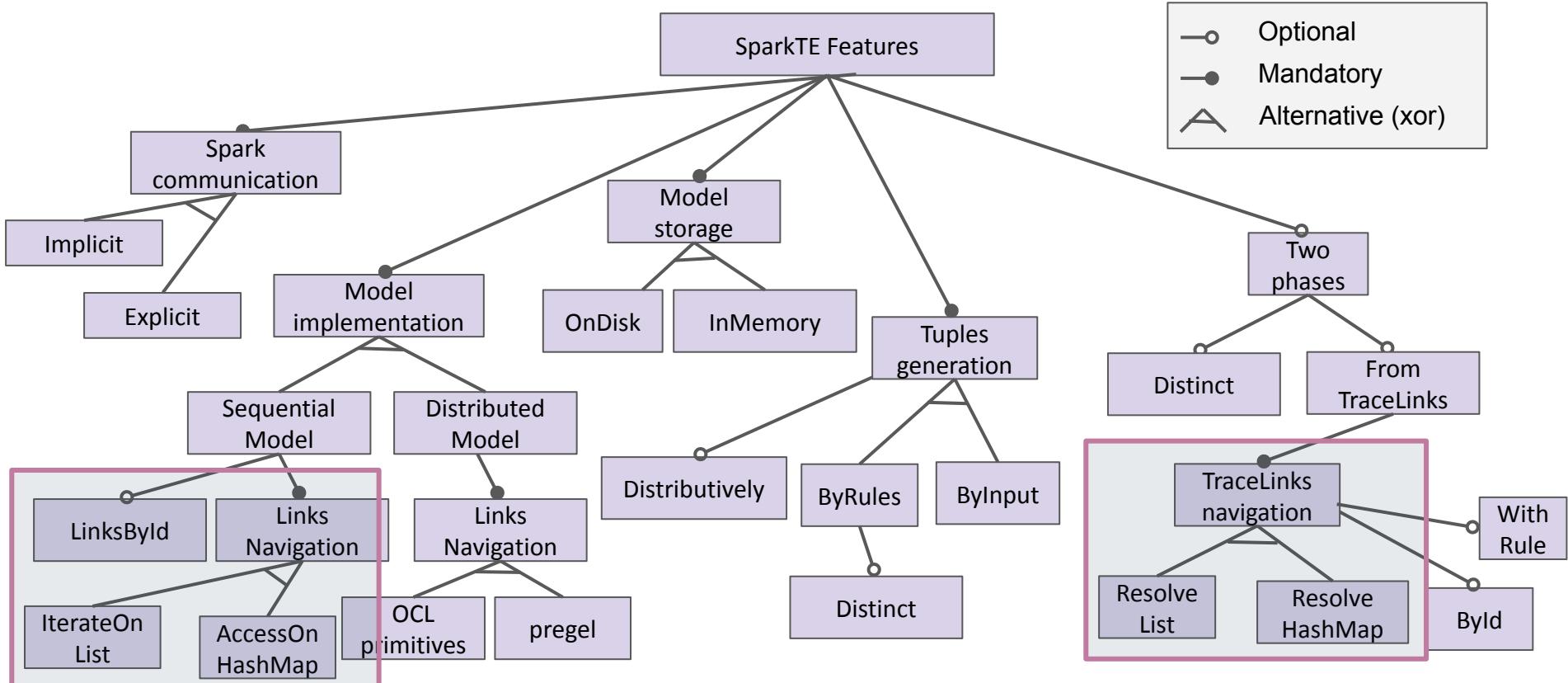
SparkTE feature diagram



SparkTE feature diagram

2.3

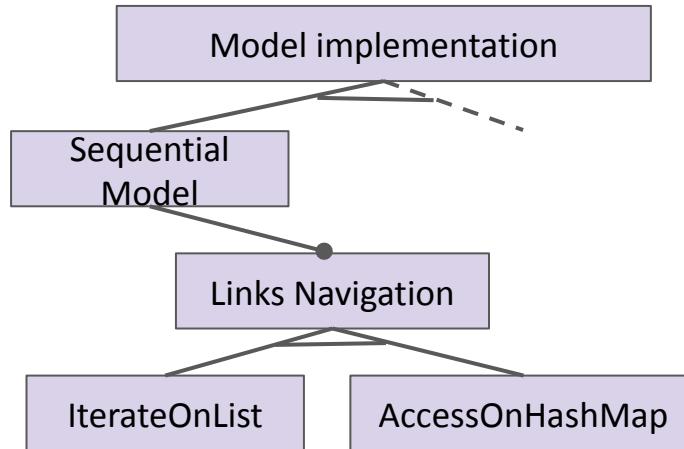
FEATURE ANALYSIS



Feature 1: Link navigation strategy in sequential model

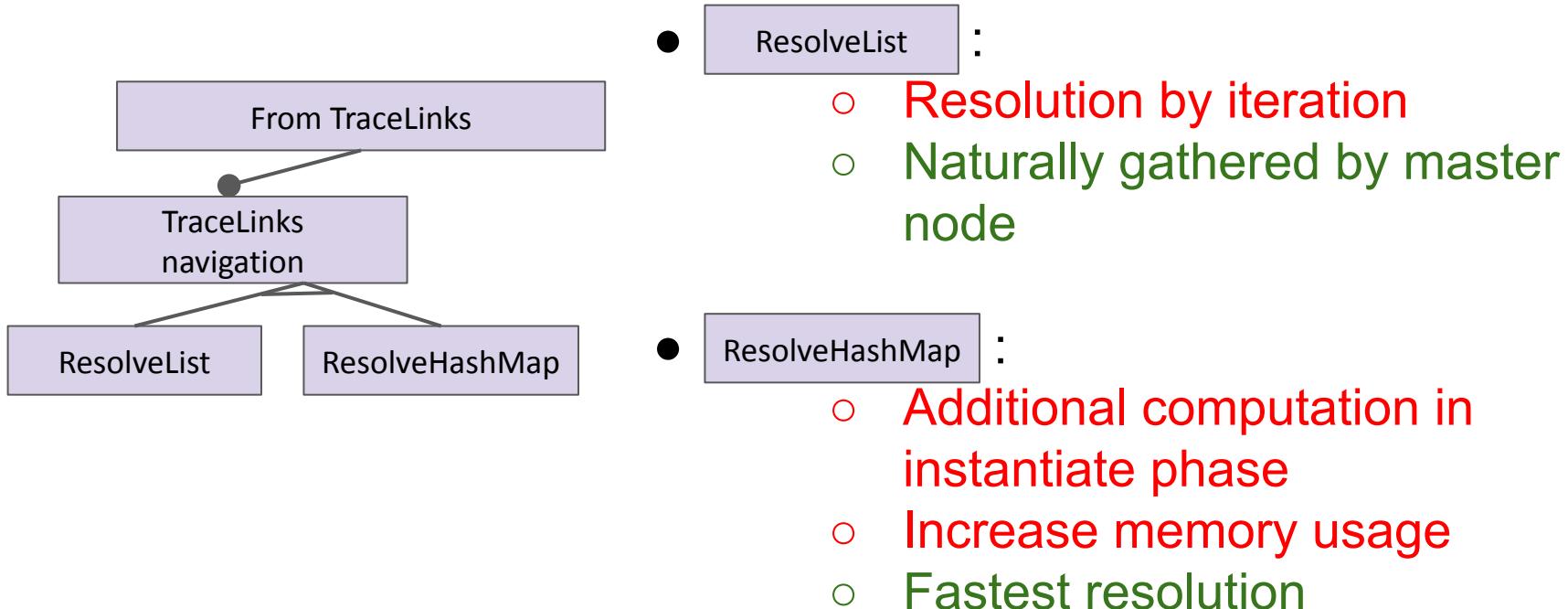
2.3

FEATURE ANALYSIS



- **IterateOnList :**
 - **Navigation by iteration**
 - **Simple to set-up**
- **AccessOnHashMap :**
 - **Additional computation in model loading**
 - **Increase memory usage**
 - **Direct access on links from elements**

Feature 2: Trace-Links structure and resolution in apply phase



Using configurable engine to find features synergy

Execution of **Identity** transformation on a model of 100k elements and 250k links (4 cores)

Configuration 1: Links navigation	Configuration 2: TraceLinks navigation	Computation time (sec)	Instantiate phase (sec)	Apply phase (sec)
IterateOnList	ResolveList	1636 sec	3 sec	1633 sec
IterateOnList	ResolveHashMap	1584 sec	3 sec	1581 sec
AccessOnHashMap	ResolveList	233 sec	6 sec	227 sec
AccessOnHashMap	ResolveHashMap	12 sec	6 sec	6 sec

- **TraceLinks navigation's impact**
 - on the **whole** computation is **negligible**
 - is **important** when **Links navigation** is processed by AccessOnHashMap

- **Links navigation's impact**
 - decreases the **whole** computation time
 - increases the computation time of the instantiate phase

Design-space exploration for the Find affinity case

2.3

FEATURE ANALYSIS

Feature label	Parallelizable CoqTL design choices (C1)	Optimal design choices (C2)
Model implementation	Sequential Model	Sequential Model
○ <code>linksById</code>	false	false
● Link Navigation	<code>IterateOnList</code>	<code>ResolveHashMap</code>
Model storage	InMemory	InMemory
Spark communication	Implicit	Explicit
Tuples generation	ByRules	ByInput
○ Distributively	false	false
○ Distinct	false	true
TraceLinks Navigation	<code>ResolveList</code>	<code>ResolveList</code>
○ <code>byId</code>	false	false
○ withRule	false	true
○ Distinct	false	true

Design-space exploration for the Find affinity case

Feature label	Parallelizable CoqTL design choices (C1)	Optimal design choices (C2)
Model implementation	Sequential Model	Sequential Model
○ linksByld	false	false
● Link Navigation	IterateOnList	ResolveHashMap
Model storage	InMemory	InMemory
Spark communication	Implicit	Explicit
Tuples generation	ByRules	ByInput
○ Distributively	false	false
○ Distinct	false	true
TraceLinks Navigation	ResolveList	ResolveList
○ byld	false	false
○ withRule	false	true
○ Distinct	false	true

#elements	#links	C1 computation time	C2 computation time
1000	3000	9.799 sec	4.978 sec
2500	7300	81.047 sec	7.803 sec
5000	15000	882.708 sec	19.127 sec
7500	22000	> 2h	36.928 sec
10000	45000	Timeout error	65.198 sec

- The feature model is useful for comparing implementations
- Gives useful insights about the engine
- Highlighted correlation between features

CONCLUSION

Contribution of the thesis

Problem 1:

Many solutions for executing rules distributively

Problem 2:

Many solutions for executing queries distributively

Problem 3:

Need an unified proposition for comparing design choices

Built a **distributed solution** from a **specification**

- Re-designed specification to make it distributable
- Made a proof of equivalence for optimizations
- Shown our solution is scalable

Evaluated distributed execution **strategies for a query**

- Implemented three design-choices
- Proposed hybrid solution
- Performance variation depending on the strategy

Formalized **features** in our distributed solution

- Shown the synergies between them
- Shown the impact on performance

- Jolan Philippe, Hélène Coulon, Massimo Tisi, Gerson Sunyé. **Towards Transparent Combination of Model Management Execution Strategies for Low-Code Development Platforms.** *23rd ACM/IEEE International Conference on Model Driven Engineering Languages and Systems (MODELS): Companion Proceedings*, Oct 2020, Montreal (Virtually), Canada. 10.1145/3417990.3420206. Hal-02952952
- Jolan Philippe, Massimo Tisi, Hélène Coulon, Gerson Sunyé. **Executing Certified Model Transformations on Apache Spark.** *14th ACM SIGPLAN International Conference on Software Language Engineering (SLE)*, Oct 2021, Chicago IL, United States. 10.1145/3486608.3486901. Hal-03343942
- Several public Lowcomote deliverables
 - **Concepts for Multi-paradigm distributed transformation**
 - **Scalable low-code artefact persistence and query**
 - **Multi-paradigm distributed transformation engine**

Future work

- **Automated design-space exploration for a given scenario**
 - A model of the input (e.g., topological metrics)
 - A model of the platform (**Spark and ≠**)
 - Constraints and requirements
- **Other parameters to optimize (\neq CPU time)**
 - Network bandwidth
 - Memory consumption
 - Energy consumption/production
- + **Other execution strategies (\neq data-dist)**
 - Take advantage of Spark for task-distribution
 - Combine incrementality and laziness to distribution



Contribution to the Analysis of the Design-Space of a Distributed Transformation Engine

Jolan PHILIPPE
Seminaire LMV - LIFO



THANK
YOU

QUESTIONS ?