


Web API Design with Spring Boot Week 2 Coding Assignment

Points possible: 70

Category	Criteria	% of Grade
Functionality	Does the code work?	25
Organization	Is the code clean and organized? Proper use of white space, syntax, and consistency are utilized. Names and comments are concise and clear.	25
Creativity	Student solved the problems presented in the assignment using creativity and out of the box thinking.	25
Completeness	All requirements of the assignment are complete.	25

Instructions: In Eclipse, or an IDE of your choice, write the code that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Ensure that the code compiles and runs as directed. Take screenshots of the code and of the running program (make sure to get screenshots of all required functionality) and paste them in this document where instructed below. Create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignments and push this document, with your Java project code, to the repository. Add the URL for this week's repository to this document where instructed and submit this document to your instructor when complete.


Here's a friendly tip: as you watch the videos, code along with the videos. This will help you with the homework. When a screenshot is required, look for the icon:  You will keep adding to this project throughout this part of the course. When it comes time for the final project, use this project as a starter.

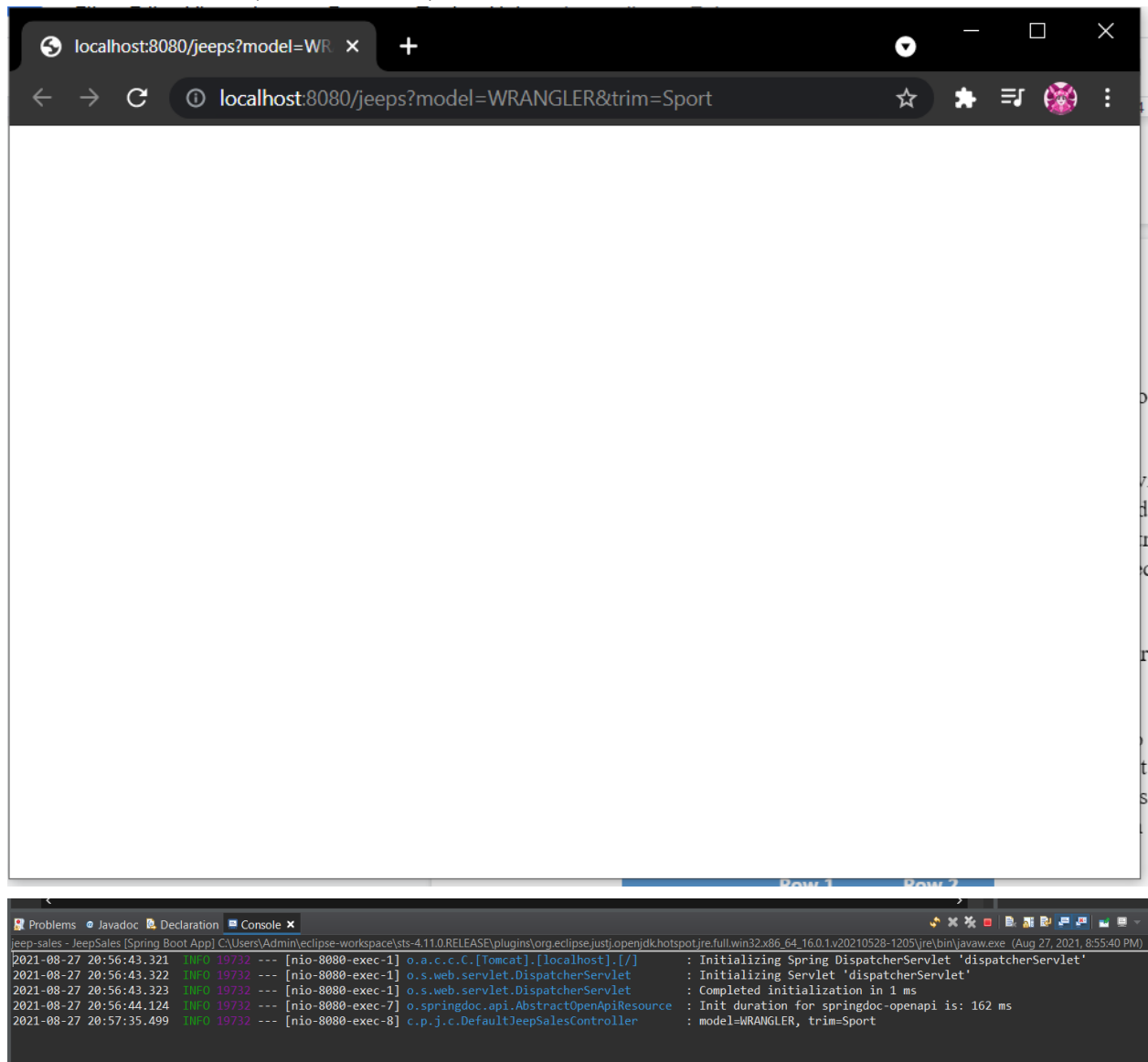
Project Resources:


<https://github.com/promineotech/Spring-Boot-Course-Student-Resources>

Coding Steps:

- 1) In the project you started last week, use Lombok to add an info-level logging statement in the controller implementation method that logs the parameters that were input to the method. Remember to add the `@Slf4j` annotation to the class.
- 2) Start the application (not an integration test). Use a browser to navigate to the application passing the parameters required for your selected operation. (A browser, used in this manner, sends an HTTP GET request to the server.) Produce a screenshot showing the browser navigation bar and the log statement that is in the IDE console showing that the controller

method was reached (as in the video). 



- 3) With the application still running, use the browser to navigate to the OpenAPI documentation. Use the OpenAPI documentation to send a GET request to the server with a valid model and trim level. (You can get the model and trim from the provided `data.sql` file.) Produce a screenshot showing the `curl` command, the request URL, and the response headers. 

Swagger UI

localhost/swagger-ui/index.html?configUrl=/v3/api-docs/swagger-config#/default-jeep-sales-controller/fetchJeeps

GET /jeeps Returns a list of Jeeps

Returns a list of Jeeps given an optional model and/or trim

Parameters Cancel

Name	Description
model string (query)	The model name (i.e., 'WRANGLER')
trim string (query)	The trim level (i.e., 'Sport')

Responses

Curl

```
curl -X 'GET' \
'http://localhost:8080/jeeps?model=CHEROKEE&trim=Sport' \
-H 'accept: application/json'
```

Request URL

Swagger UI

localhost:8080/swagger-ui/index.html?configUrl=/v3/api-docs/swagger-config#/default-jeep-sales-controller/fetchJeeps

Request URL

http://localhost:8080/jeeps?model=CHEROKEE&trim=Sport

Server response

Code **Details**

200

Response headers

```
connection: keep-alive
content-length: 0
date: Sat, 28 Aug 2021 01:02:00 GMT
keep-alive: timeout=60
```

Responses

Code	Description	Links
200	A list of Jeeps is returned	No links

Media type

application/json

Controls Accept header.

Example Value | Schema

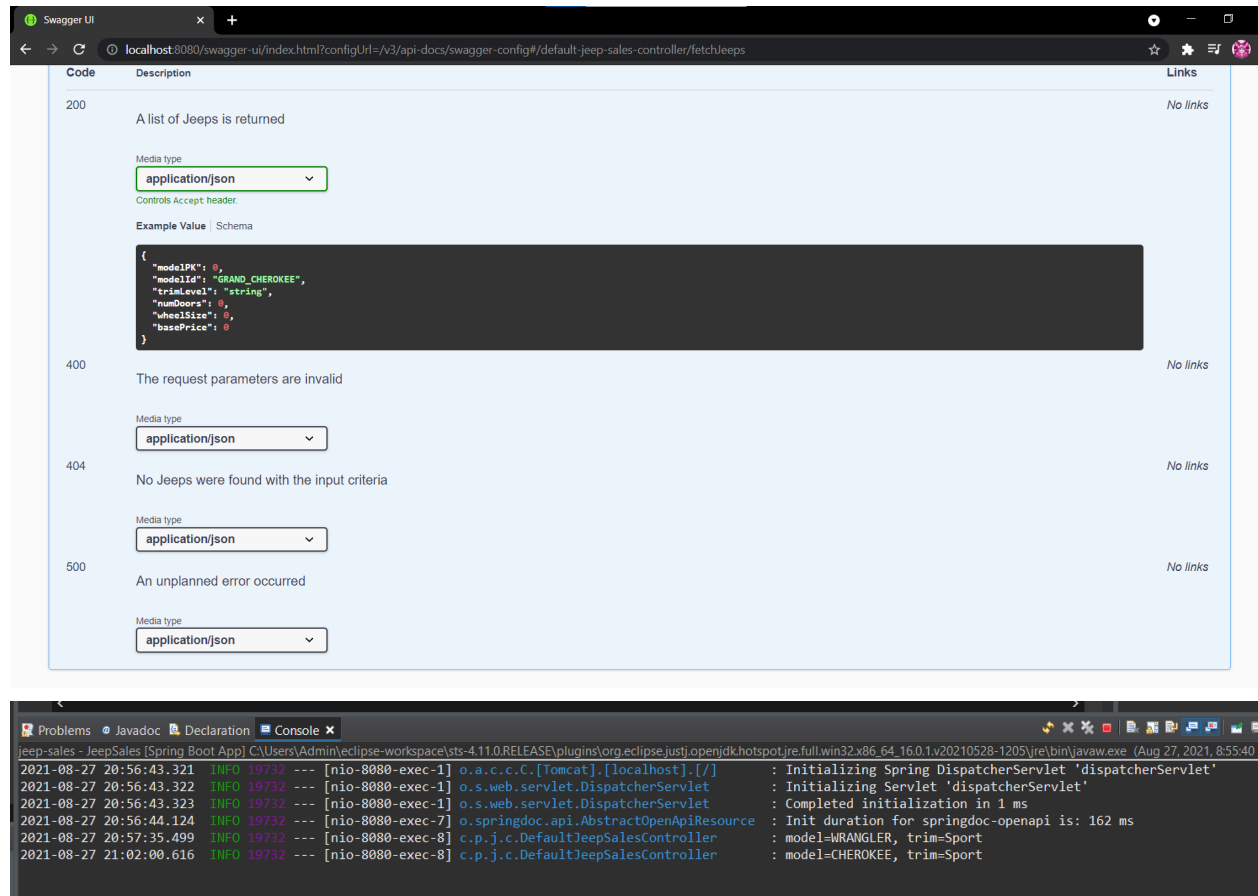
```
{
  "modelPK": 0,
  "modelId": "GRAND_CHEROKEE",
  "trimLevel": "string",
  "numDoors": 0,
  "wheelSize": 0,
  "basePrice": 0
}
```

400

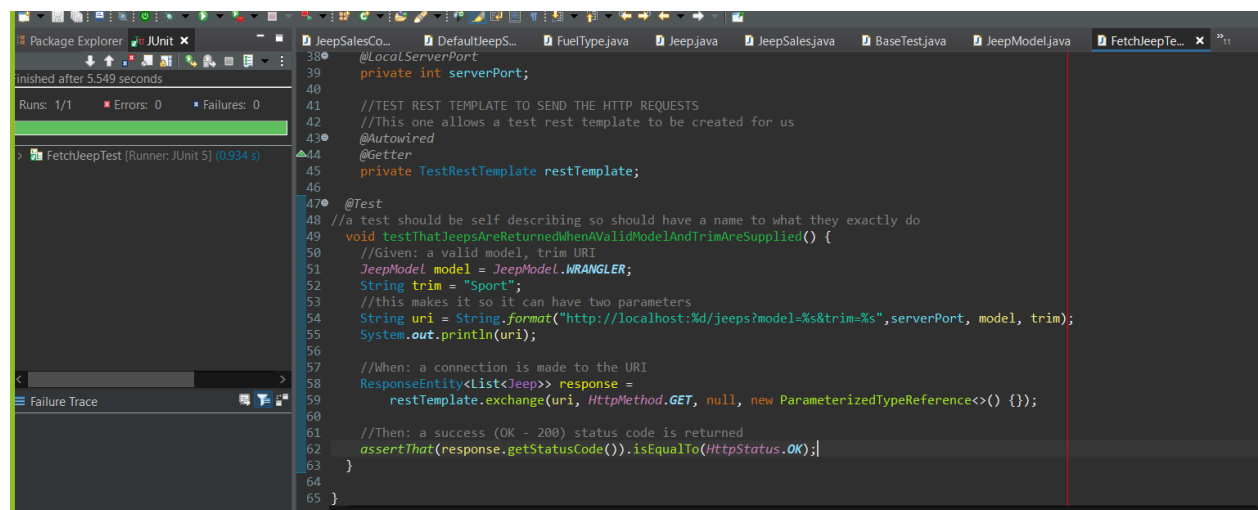
The request parameters are invalid

Media type

No links



- 4) Run the integration test and show that the test status is green. Produce a screenshot of the test class and the status bar.



- 5) Add a method to the test to return a list of expected Jeep (model) objects based on the model and trim level you selected. You can get the expected list of Jeeps from the file `src/test/resources/flyway/migrations/V1.1__Jeep_Data.sql`. So, for example, using the model Wrangler and trim level "Sport", the query should return two rows:

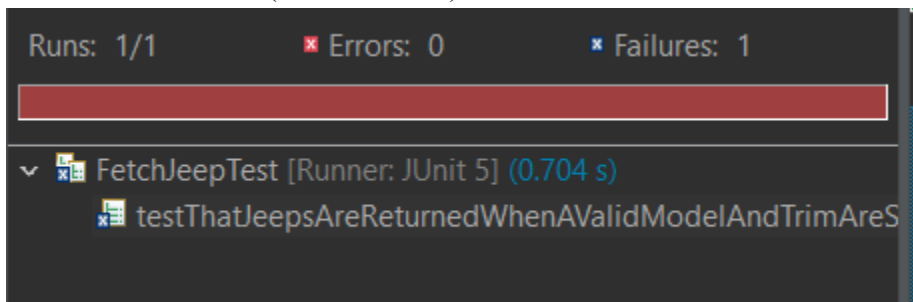
	Row 1	Row 2
Model ID	WRANGLER	WRANGLER
Trim Level	Sport	Sport
Num Doors	2	4
Wheel Size	17	17
Base Price	\$28,475.00	\$31,975.00


The method should be named `buildExpected()`, and it should return a `List` of `Jeep`. The video put this method into a support superclass but you can include it in the main test class if you want.

- 6) Write an AssertJ assertion in the test to assert that the actual list of jeeps returned by the server is the same as the expected list. Run the test. Produce a screenshot showing...
 - a) The test with the assertion.

```
// And: the actual list is returned is the same as the expected list
List<Jeep> expected = buildExpected();
assertThat(response.getBody()).isEqualTo(expected);
}
```

- b)
 - c) The JUnit status bar (should be red).



- d) The method returning the expected list of Jeeps. 

```
JeepSales.java  FetchJeepTest.java  DefaultJeepSalesController.java  FetchJeepTestSupport.java  Jeep


1 package com.promineotech.controller.support;
2
3 import java.math.BigDecimal;
4 import java.util.LinkedList;
5 import java.util.List;
6 import com.promineotech.jeep.entity.Jeep;
7 import com.promineotech.jeep.entity.JeepModel;
8
9 public class FetchJeepTestSupport extends BaseTest {
10 protected List<Jeep> buildExpected() {
11     List<Jeep> list = new LinkedList<>();
12
13     // @formatter:off
14     list.add(Jeep.builder()
15         .modelId(JeepModel.WRANGLER)
16         .trimLevel("Sport")
17         .numDoors(2)
18         .wheelSize(17)
19         .basePrice(new BigDecimal("28475.00"))
20         .build());
21
22
23     list.add(Jeep.builder()
24         .modelId(JeepModel.WRANGLER)
25         .trimLevel("Sport")
26         .numDoors(4)
27         .wheelSize(17)
28         .basePrice(new BigDecimal("31975.00"))
29         .build());
30     // @formatter:on
31     return list;
32 }
33
34
35

2021-08-30 15:14:39.791 DEBUG 10636 --- [main] c.p.jeep.controller.FetchJeepTest : Running with Spring Boot v2.5.4, Spring v5.3.9
2021-08-30 15:14:39.792 INFO 10636 --- [main] c.p.jeep.controller.FetchJeepTest : The following profiles are active: test
2021-08-30 15:14:42.678 INFO 10636 --- [main] c.p.jeep.controller.FetchJeepTest : Started FetchJeepTest in 3.316 seconds (JVM running for 4.511)
http://localhost:55688/jeeps?model=WRANGLER&trim=Sport
2021-08-30 15:14:43.352 DEBUG 10636 --- [o-auto-1-exec-1] c.p.j.c.DefaultJeepSalesController : model=WRANGLER, trim=Sport
[Jeep(modelPK=null, modelId=WRANGLER, trimLevel=Sport, numDoors=2, wheelSize=17, basePrice=28475.00), Jeep(modelPK=null, modelId=WRANGLER, trimLevel=Sport, numDoors=4, wheelSize=17, basePrice=31975.00)]

model=WRANGLER, trim=Sport
, Jeep(modelPK=null, modelId=WRANGLER, trimLevel=Sport, numDoors=4, wheelSize=17, basePrice=31975.00)]
```

- 7) Add a service layer in your application as shown in the videos:
- a) Add a package named `com.promineotech.jeep.service`.
 - b) In the new package, create an interface named `JeepSalesService`.
 - c) In the same package (service), create a class named `DefaultJeepSalesService` that implements the `JeepSalesService` interface. Add the class-level annotation, `@Service`.

- d) Inject the service interface into DefaultJeepSalesController using the @Autowired annotation. The instance variable should be private, and the variable should be named jeepSalesService.
- e) Define the fetchJeeps method in the interface. Implement the method in the service class. Call the method from the controller (make sure the controller returns the list of Jeeps returned by the service method). The method signature looks like this:

```
List<Jeep> fetchJeeps(JeepModel model, String trim);
```
- f) Add a Lombok info-level log statement in the service implementation showing that the service was called. Print the parameters passed to the method. Let the method return null for now.
- g) Run the test again. Produce a screenshot showing the service class implementation, the log line in the console, and the red status bar. 

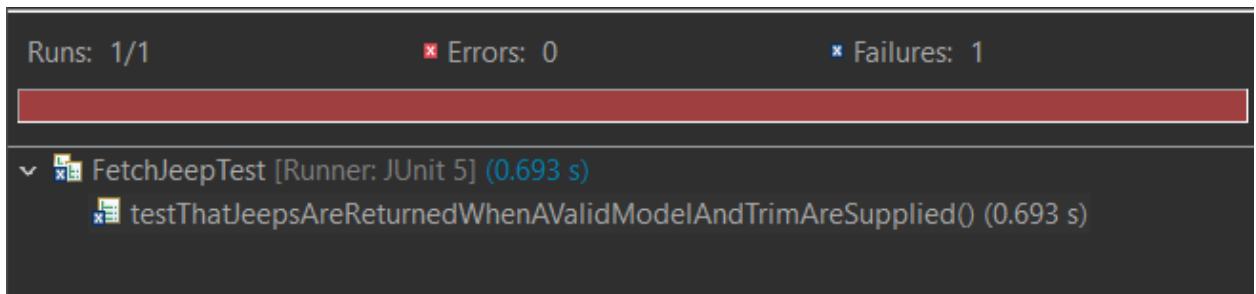
```
FetchJeepTest.java  DefaultJeepSalesController.java  JeepSalesService.java x  DefaultJeepSalesService.java
1 package com.promineotech.jeep.service;
2
3 import java.util.List;
4 import com.promineotech.jeep.entity.Jeep;
5
6 public interface JeepSalesService {
7
8     List<Jeep> fetchJeeps(String model, String trim);
9
10 }
11
```

```
FetchJeepTest.java  DefaultJeepSalesController.java  JeepSalesService.java  DefaultJeepSalesService.java x
1 package com.promineotech.jeep.service;
2
3 import java.util.List;
4 import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
5 import com.promineotech.jeep.entity.Jeep;
6 import lombok.extern.slf4j.Slf4j;
7
8 @Service
9 @Slf4j
10 public class DefaultJeepSalesService implements JeepSalesService {
11
12     @Override
13     public List<Jeep> fetchJeeps(String model, String trim) {
14         log.info("The fetchJeeps method was called with model={} and trim={}",
15             model, trim);
16
17         return null;
18     }
19
20 }
21
```

```

http://localhost:57103/jeeps?model=WRANGLER&trim=Sport
2021-08-30 15:43:59.021 DEBUG 17720 --- [o-auto-1-exec-1] c.p.j.c.DefaultJeepSalesController : model=WRANGLER, trim=Sport
2021-08-30 15:43:59.023 INFO 17720 --- [o-auto-1-exec-1] c.p.j.service.DefaultJeepSalesService : The fetchJeeps method was called with model=WRANGLER and trim=Sport
[Jeep(modelPK=null, modelId=WRANGLER, trimLevel=Sport, numDoors=2, wheelSize=17, basePrice=28475.00), Jeep(modelPK=null, modelId=WRANGLER, trimLevel=Sport, numDoors=4, wheelSize=17, basePri

```



- 8) Add the database dependencies described in the video to the POM file (MySQL driver and Spring Boot Starter JDBC). To find them, navigate to <https://mvnrepository.com/>. Search for `mysql-connector-j` and `spring-boot-starter-jdbc`. In the POM file you don't need version numbers for either dependency because the version is included in the Spring Boot Starter Parent.
- 9) Create `application.yaml` in `src/main/resources`. Add the `spring.datasource.url`, `spring.datasource.username`, and `spring.datasource.password` properties to `application.yaml`. The url should be the same as shown in the video (`jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jeep`). The password and username should match your setup. If you created the database under your root user, the username is "root", and the password is the root user password. If you created a "jeep" user or other user, use the correct username and password.

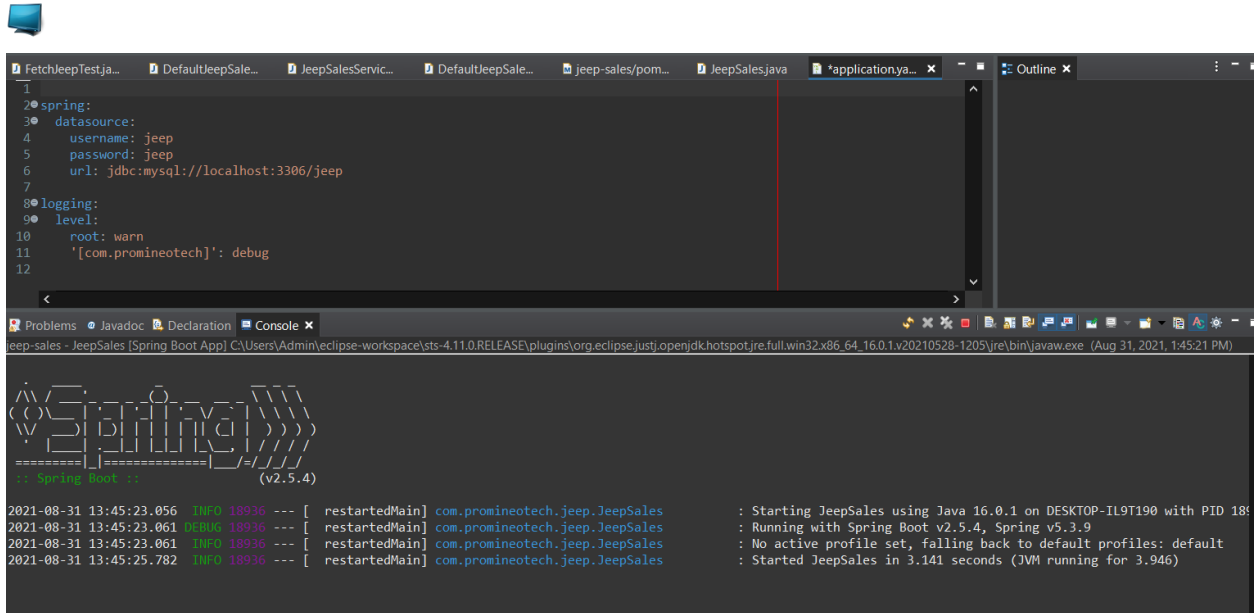
Be careful with the indentation! YAML allows hierarchical configuration but it reads the hierarchy based on the indentation level. The keyword "spring" MUST start in the first column. It should look similar to this when done:

```

spring:
  datasource:
    username: username
    password: password
    url: jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jeep

```

- 10) Start the application (the real application, not the test). Produce a screenshot that shows `application.yaml` and the console showing that the application has started with no errors.



The screenshot shows an IDE with two tabs: `*application.yml` and `Console`. The `application.yml` file contains the following configuration:

```
1
2 spring:
3   datasource:
4     username: jeep
5     password: jeep
6     url: jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jeep
7
8 logging:
9   level:
10    root: warn
11    '[com.promineotech]': debug
12
```

The `Console` tab shows the following log output:

```
=====
Spring Boot (v2.5.4)
=====
2021-08-31 13:45:23.056 INFO 18936 --- [ restartedMain] com.promineotech.jee... : Starting JeepSales using Java 16.0.1 on DESKTOP-IL9T190 with PID 18936
2021-08-31 13:45:23.061 DEBUG 18936 --- [ restartedMain] com.promineotech.jee... : Running with Spring Boot v2.5.4, Spring v5.3.9
2021-08-31 13:45:23.061 INFO 18936 --- [ restartedMain] com.promineotech.jee... : No active profile set, falling back to default profiles: default
2021-08-31 13:45:25.782 INFO 18936 --- [ restartedMain] com.promineotech.jee... : Started JeepSales in 3.141 seconds (JVM running for 3.946)
```

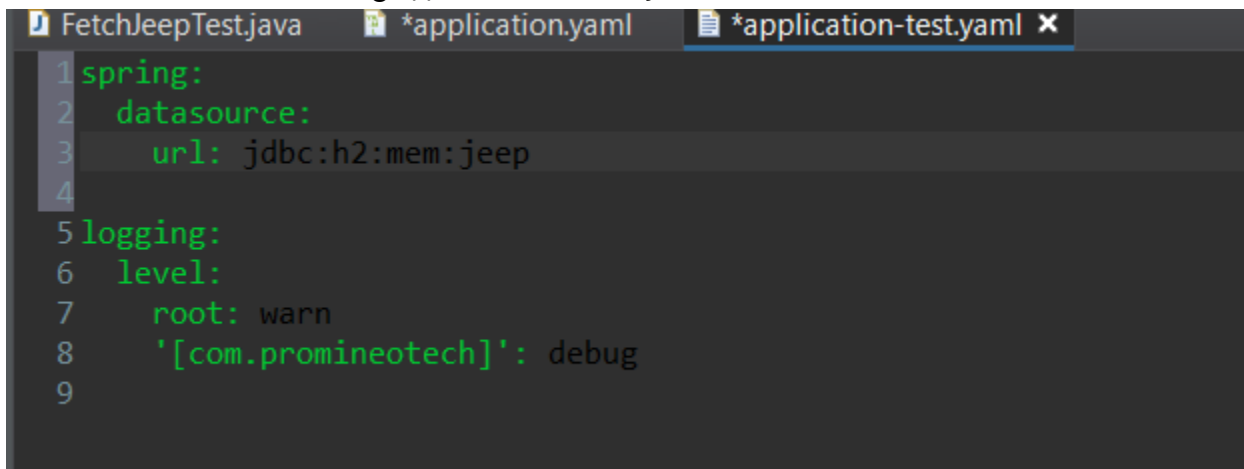
11) Add the H2 database as dependency. Search for the dependency in the Maven repository like you did above. Search for "h2" and pick the latest version. Again, you don't need the version number, but the scope should be set to "test".

12) Create `application-test.yml` in `src/test/resources`. Add the setting `spring.datasource.url` that points to the H2 database. It should look like this:

```
spring:
  datasource:
    url: jdbc:h2:mem:jeep
```

You do not need to set the username and password because the in-memory H2 database does not require them.

Produce a screenshot showing `application-test.yml`.

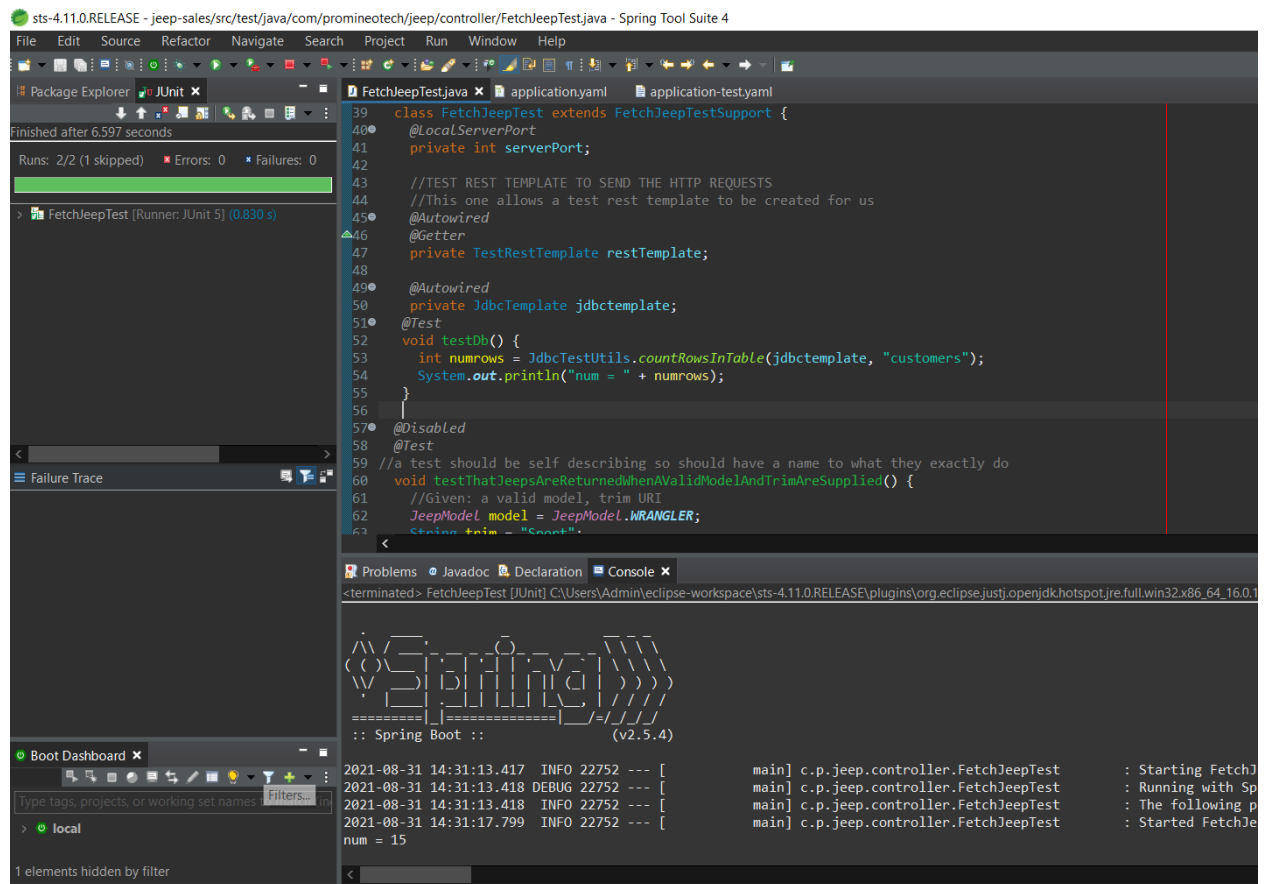


The screenshot shows an IDE with a tab for `*application-test.yml`. The file contains the following configuration:

```
1 spring:
2   datasource:
3     url: jdbc:h2:mem:jeep
4
5 logging:
6   level:
7     root: warn
8     '[com.promineotech]': debug
9
```

Screenshots of Code:

Screenshots of Running Application:



URL to GitHub Repository:

<https://github.com/JoleneMel/Jeep-SalesW2>