Intro to Java Week 6 Coding Assignment

Points possible: 70

Category	Criteria	% of Grade
Functionality	Does the code work?	25
Organization	Is the code clean and organized? Proper use of white space, syntax, and consistency are utilized. Names and comments are concise and clear.	25
Creativity	Student solved the problems presented in the assignment using creativity and out of the box thinking.	25
Completeness	All requirements of the assignment are complete.	25

Instructions: In Eclipse, or an IDE of your choice, write the code that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Ensure that the code compiles and runs as directed. Take screenshots of the code and of the running program (make sure to get screenshots of all required functionality) and paste them in this document where instructed below. Create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignments and push this document, with your Java project code, to the repository. Add the URL for this week's repository to this document where instructed and submit this document to your instructor when complete.

Coding Steps:

For the final project you will be creating an automated version of the classic card game WAR.

- 1. Create the following classes.
 - a. Card
 - i. Fields
 - 1. **value** (contains a value from 2-14 representing cards 2-Ace)
 - 2. **name** (e.g. Ace of Diamonds, or Two of Hearts)
 - ii. Methods
 - 1. Getters and Setters
 - 2. **describe** (prints out information about a card)
 - b. Deck
 - i. Fields
 - 1. **cards** (List of Card)
 - ii. Methods
 - 1. **shuffle** (randomizes the order of the cards)
 - 2. **draw** (removes and returns the top card of the Cards field)

- 3. In the constructor, when a new Deck is instantiated, the Cards field should be populated with the standard 52 cards.
- c. Player
 - i. Fields
 - 1. **hand** (List of Card)
 - **2. score** (set to 0 in the constructor)
 - 3. name
 - ii. Methods
 - 1. **describe** (prints out information about the player and calls the describe method for each card in the Hand List)
 - 2. **flip** (removes and returns the top card of the Hand)
 - 3. **draw** (takes a Deck as an argument and calls the draw method on the deck, adding the returned Card to the hand field)
 - 4. **incrementScore** (adds 1 to the Player's score field)
- 2. Create a class called App with a main method.
- 3. Instantiate a Deck and two Players, call the shuffle method on the deck.
- 4. Using a traditional for loop, iterate 52 times calling the Draw method on the other player each iteration using the Deck you instantiated.
- 5. Using a traditional for loop, iterate 26 times and call the flip method for each player.
 - a. Compare the value of each card returned by the two player's flip methods. Call the incrementScore method on the player whose card has the higher value.
- 6. After the loop, compare the final score from each player.
- 7. Print the final score of each player and either "Player 1", "Player 2", or "Draw" depending on which score is higher or if they are both the same.

Screenshots of Code:

//NOTE: I asked how to have the Icons within my project during class and thus used the ones given by the teacher, I also posted the link that was needed to properly print onto the console. Since I asked and there is not much that I could do to alter the code as I needed the code to keep the Icons, I did however add another case on the Card class to make all the cards uniform.

```
☑ Suit.java 

☑ Player.java
                       🛽 Card.java 🗓 Deck.java
                                                  App.java
 1 package gamePackage;
 3 public enum Suit {
       //"[" to make more card like 
DIAMOND("["+"\u2666 "), CLUB("["+"\u2663 "), SPADE("["+"\u2660 "), HEART("["+"\u2665 ");
 4
 5
 6 //https://eclipsesource.com/blogs/2013/02/21/pro-tip-unicode-characters-in-the-eclipse-console/
 7 //how I got the icons to print out on console by using the link above to help
        private String label;
8
9⊜
        Suit(String label) {
10
            this.label = label;
11
12
13⊝
        public String getLabel() {
14
            return (label);
15
        }
16 }
17
```

```
Suit.java
           Player.java
                       🗾 Card.java 🖾 🔟 Deck.java
                                                  App.java
 1 package gamePackage;
 2 //Card
 3 //Fields
 4 //value (contains a value from 2-14 representing cards 2-Ace)
 5 //done through the map in deck
 6 //name (e.g. Ace of Diamonds, or Two of Hearts)
 7
 8
 9 public class Card {
10
        public final static int JACK = 11;
11
        public final static int QUEEN = 12;
12
        public final static int KING = 13;
        public final static int ACE = 14;
13
14
15
        private Suit suit;
16
        private int value;
17
18
        //Getters and Setters
19⊜
        public Suit getSuit() {
20
            return suit;
21
        }
22
23⊝
        public void setSuit(Suit suit) {
24
            this.suit = suit;
25
        }
26
27⊝
        public int getValue() {
28
            return value;
29
        }
30
31⊜
        public void setValue(int value) {
32
            this.value = value;
33
        }
34
35
        //Method
        //describe (prints out information about a card)
36
37⊝
        public String describe() {
38
            StringBuilder output = new StringBuilder();
```

```
☑ Card.java 
☒ ☑ Deck.java

Suit.java
           Player.java
                                                   App.java
29
       }
30
31⊜
       public void setValue(int value) {
32
            this.value = value;
33
       }
34
35
       //Method
36
       //describe (prints out information about a card)
37⊝
       public String describe() {
38
            StringBuilder output = new StringBuilder();
39
            output.append(getSuit().getLabel().toString());
40
41
            switch (value) {
42
            case JACK:
43
                output.append("J" + " ]");
44
                break;
45
            case QUEEN:
                output.append("Q" + " ]");
46
47
                break;
48
            case KING:
                output.append("K" + " ]");
49
50
                break;
51
            case ACE:
52
                output.append("A" + " ]");
53
                break;
54
            case 10:
55
                //To make it more card like
56
                output.append("10" + "]");
57
                break;
58
            default:
59
                output.append(value + " ]");
60
            }
61
62
            return (output.toString());
63
       }
64 }
65
66
```

```
☑ Suit.java
☑ Player.java
☑ Card.java
☑ Deck.java
☑ App.java
   1 package gamePackage;
   3⊕ import java.util.ArrayList;
9 public class Deck {
 10
 11 // Deck
 12 // Fields
 13 // cards (List of Card)
              private List<Card> cards = new ArrayList<Card>();
 15
 16 // In the constructor, when a new Deck is instantiated, the Cards field should be populated with the standard 52 cards.
 17⊜
                                   c() {
    Map<Integer, String> cardValueMap = new HashMap<Integer, String>();
        cardValueMap.put(2, "2");
        cardValueMap.put(3, "3");
        cardValueMap.put(4, "4");
        cardValueMap.put(5, "5");
        cardValueMap.put(6, "6");
        cardValueMap.put(7, "7");
        cardValueMap.put(7, "7");
        cardValueMap.put(9, "8");
        cardValueMap.put(9, "9");
        cardValueMap.put(10, "10");
        cardValueMap.put(11, "3");
        cardValueMap.put(12, "0");
        cardValueMap.put(13, "K");
        cardValueMap.put(14, "A");
        lke each suit
              public Deck() {
 18
 19
 20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
 29
30
  31
  32
                      //to make each suit
  33
                      for (int i = 2; i \leftarrow 14; i++) {
  34
                               Card card = new Card();
  35
                              card.setSuit(Suit.HEART);
 36
37
                              card.setValue(i);
                              cards.add(card);
 38
 39
                      for (int i = 2; i <= 14; i++) {
                              Card card = new Card();
card.setSuit(Suit.SPADE);
 40
 41
                              card.setValue(i);
```

```
☑ Card.java
☑ Deck.java
☑ App.java
Suit.java
           Player.java
                            cardValueMap.put(13, K),
31
            //to make each suit
32
33
            for (int i = 2; i \le 14; i++) {
34
                 Card card = new Card();
35
                 card.setSuit(Suit.HEART);
36
                 card.setValue(i);
37
                 cards.add(card);
38
            }
39
            for (int i = 2; i \le 14; i++) {
40
                 Card card = new Card();
41
                 card.setSuit(Suit.SPADE);
42
                 card.setValue(i);
43
                 cards.add(card);
44
45
            for (int i = 2; i \le 14; i++) {
46
                 Card card = new Card();
47
                 card.setSuit(Suit.DIAMOND);
48
                 card.setValue(i);
49
                 cards.add(card);
50
51
            for (int i = 2; i <= 14; i++) {
52
                 Card card = new Card();
53
                 card.setSuit(Suit.CLUB);
54
                 card.setValue(i);
55
                 cards.add(card);
56
            }
57
        }
58
59
        // Methods
60
        // shuffle (randomizes the order of the cards)
61⊜
            public void shuffle() {
62
                //to shuffle cards
63
                Collections.shuffle(cards);
64
            }
65
66
67
        // draw (removes and returns the top card of the Cards field)
คร⊜
        nublic Card draw() {
Uυ
66
67
         // draw (removes and returns the top card of the Cards field)
68⊜
         public Card draw() {
69
             return cards.remove(0); //then removes top card
70
         }
71
72
73 }
74
```

```
☑ Suit.java
☑ Player.java
☑ Card.java
☑ *Deck.java
☑ App.java
  package gamePackage;
  3⊕ import java.util.ArrayList; ...
 5 //import java.util.Map;
  7 public class Player {
 8 // Player
 9 // Fields
 10 // hand (List of Card)
 11 // score (set to 0 in the constructor)
 12 // name
 13
        private List<Card> hand = new ArrayList<Card>();
 14
        private int score = 0;
 15
        private String name;
 16
 17
        public Player() {} //to have multiple constructors
 18
 19⊝
        public Player(String name, List<Card> hand, int score) {
 20
            this.name = name;
 21
             this.hand = hand;
 22
             this.score = 0;
 23
        }
 24
 25 // Methods
 26 // describe (prints out information about the player
 27 // and calls the describe method for each card in the Hand List)
        public void describe(Card card) {
    System.out.print(this.name + " plays: " + card.describe());
 28⊜
 29
 30
 31
 32
 33 // flip (removes and returns the top card of the Hand)
 34⊝
        public Card flip() {
 35
            return hand.remove(0);
 36
 37
 38
39 // draw (takes a Deck as an argument and calls the draw method on the deck, adding the returned Card to the hand field)
☑ Suit.java
☑ Player.java
☑ Card.java
☑ *Deck.java
☑ App.java
 36
        }
 38
 39 // draw (takes a Deck as an argument and calls the draw method on the deck, adding the returned Card to the hand field)
 40⊝
        public void draw(Deck deck) {
 41
            hand.add(deck.draw());
 42 }
 43
 44
        //incrementScore (adds 1 to the Player's score field)
 45⊝
        public int incrementScore() {
 46
            return this.score +=1;
 47
48
 49
        //GETTERS AND SETTERS
 50⊝
        public List<Card> getHand() {
 51
            return hand;
 52
 53⊝
        public void setHand(List<Card> hand) {
 54
            this.hand = hand;
 55
 56⊜
        public int getScore() {
 57
            return score;
 58
 59⊝
        public void setScore(int score) {
 60
            this.score = score:
 61
62<sup>©</sup>
63
64
65<sup>©</sup>
66
67
68
69
70
        public String getName() {
            return name;
        public void setName(String name) {
            this.name = name;
```

```
☑ Suit.java ☑ Player.java ☑ Card.java ☑ *Deck.java ☑ App.java 🏻
   1 package gamePackage;
    3 public class App {
              public static void main(String[] args) {
                     Instantiate a Deck and two Players, call the shuffle method on the deck.

Deck deck = new Deck();
                   deck.shuffle();
Player player1 = new Player();
player1.setName("Player1");
Player player2 = new Player();
player2.setName("Player2");
 13
14 // Using a traditional for loop, iterate 52 times calling the Draw method on the other player each iteration using the Deck you instantiated.
                     for (int i = 0; i < 52; i++) {
   if (i % 2 == 0) {
                                player1.draw(deck);
}
 19
20
21
22
23
24 //
25
26
27
                            else {
                           player2.draw(deck);
                    }
                   Using a traditional for loop, iterate 26 times and call the flip method for each player. int round = 1; for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) { //this is all to make it pretty
                           //this is all to make it pretty
System.out.println("========");
System.out.println("-========");
System.out.println("\t[Round: " + round + " ]");
System.out.println("\t[Round: " + round + " ]");
Card card1 = player1.flip();
player1.describe(card1);
System.out.print(" vs. " );
System.out.print(" vt.");
Card card2 = player2.flip();
player2.describe(card2);
System.out.print(n);
  28
29
30
31
32
                           System.out.println();
if (card1.getValue() > card2.getValue()) {
  ☑ Suit.java ☑ Player.java ☑ Card.java ☑ *Deck.java ☑ App.java ※
                             System.out.println();
if (card1.getValue() > card2.getValue()) {
    player1.incrementScore();
    System.out.println(player1.getName() + " has gained a point, total points " + player1.getScore());
                            player2.incrementScore();
                                     player2.incrementscore();
System.out.println(player2.getName() + " has gained a point, total points " + player2.getScore());
System.out.println("-----");
                             } else {
                                   System.out.println("The two players have tied! No points awarded!");
                              round += 1;
                      After the loop, compare the final score from each player.

Print the final score of each player and either "Player 1", "Player 2", or "Draw" depending on which score is higher or if they are both the same.

System.out.println(" [[RESULTSIII]]");

System.out.println(" ");

if(player1.getScore()) = player2.getScore()) {

System.out.println(player1.getHame() + " with a score of: " + player1.getScore() + " has won, compared \nto " + player2.getName()

+ " score: " + player2.getScore());
                       t score. + player2.getScore());
} else if(player1.getScore() < player2.getScore()) {
   System.out.printIn(player2.getName() + " with a score of: " + player2.getScore() + " has won, compared \nto " + player1.getName() + " score: " + player1.getScore());</pre>
                              System.out.println(player1.getName() + " and " + player2.getName() + " have tied with scores " + player1.getScore());
                       System.out.println("~~~
   72
73 }
74
```

Screenshots of Running Application:

```
[ Round: 1 ]
Player1 plays: [♦ 7 ] vs.
       Player2 plays: [♠ 7 ]
The two players have tied! No points awarded!
[ Round: 2 ]
Player1 plays: [♥ 2 ] vs.
       Player2 plays: [♦ 2 ]
The two players have tied! No points awarded!
_____
      [ Round: 3 ]
Player1 plays: [♦ 4 ] vs.
       Player2 plays: [♦ J ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 1
      [ Round: 4 ]
Player1 plays: [♥ A ] vs.
       Player2 plays: [♥ 7 ]
Player1 has gained a point, total points 1
      [ Round: 5 ]
Player1 plays: [♥ 5 ] vs.
       Player2 plays: [♠ 3 ]
Player1 has gained a point, total points 2
  _____
      [ Round: 6 ]
Player1 plays: [♠ 9 ] vs.
```

```
@ Javadoc
          Declaration
                        Console
                                   ■ Console ≅
<terminated > App (1) [Java Application] C:\Users\Jolen\.p2\pool\
    _____
       [ Round: 6 ]
Player1 plays: [♠ 9 ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♦ Q ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 2
       [ Round: 7 ]
Player1 plays: [♦ 10] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♦ A ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 3
       [ Round: 8 ]
Player1 plays: [♦ 3 ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [ 5 ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 4
         -----
       [ Round: 9 ]
Player1 plays: [♠ K ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♠ 5 ]
Player1 has gained a point, total points 3
       [ Round: 10 ]
Player1 plays: [♦ 6 ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♦ K ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 5
```

```
@ Javadoc
       Declaration
                Console
                         ■ Console X
<terminated > App (1) [Java Application] C:\Users\Jolen\.p2\poo
_____
     [ Round: 11 ]
Player1 plays: [♠ 2 ] vs.
      Player2 plays: [ * 8 ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 6
_____
_____
     [ Round: 12 ]
Player1 plays: [♣ 2 ] vs.
      Player2 plays: [♦ 8 ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 7
_____
     [ Round: 13 ]
Player1 plays: [♥ 6 ] vs.
      Player2 plays: [♠ 10]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 8
-----
_____
     [ Round: 14 ]
Player1 plays: [♥ 3 ] vs.
      Player2 plays: [♥ 10]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 9
______
     [ Round: 15 ]
Player1 plays: [♠ 8 ] vs.
      Player2 plays: [ 7 ]
Player1 has gained a point, total points 4
_____
 ______
     [ Round: 16 ]
```

```
Declaration
                         Console
                                    Console
@ Javadoc
<terminated > App (1) [Java Application] C:\Users\Jolen\.p2\pc
        [ Round: 16 ]
Player1 plays: [♣ 4 ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♣ J ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 10
        [ Round: 17 ]
Player1 plays: [♠ J ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♠ 4 ]
Player1 has gained a point, total points 5
_____
        [ Round: 18 ]
Player1 plays: [♥ Q ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♦ 5 ]
Player1 has gained a point, total points 6
        [ Round: 19 ]
Player1 plays: [♣ 3 ] vs.
         Player2 plays: [♥ K ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 11
        [ Round: 20 ]
Player1 plays: [♣ K ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♠ A ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 12
        [ Round: 21 ]
Player1 plays: [♦ 9 ] vs.
```

```
reminiated rypy (1) para ryphication; elfoses potentipe (pr
       [ Round: 21 ]
Player1 plays: [♦ 9 ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♥ 8 ]
Player1 has gained a point, total points 7
       [ Round: 22 ]
Player1 plays: [♣ 6 ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [  Q ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 13
       [ Round: 23 ]
Player1 plays: [♠ 6 ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♥ 9 ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 14
______
       [ Round: 24 ]
Player1 plays: [♥ J ] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♣ A ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 15
 ______
       [ Round: 25 ]
Player1 plays: [♣ 10] vs.
        Player2 plays: [♥ 4 ]
Player1 has gained a point, total points 8
```

```
[ Round: 26 ]
Player1 plays: [♠ Q ] vs.
      Player2 plays: [♣ 9 ]
Player1 has gained a point, total points 9
      {[RESULTS!!!]}
การเกาะเราะ
Player2 with a score of: 15 has won, compared
to Player1 score: 9
(player2 win)
______
     [ Round: 26 ]
Player1 plays: [♦ 2 ] vs.
      Player2 plays: [♦ K ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 11
_____
      {[RESULTS!!!]}
Player1 with a score of: 14 has won, compared
to Player2 score: 11
(player1 win)
_____
     [ Round: 26 ]
Player1 plays: [♣ 5 ] vs.
      Player2 plays: [♣ A ]
Player2 has gained a point, total points 11
      {[RESULTS!!!]}
Player1 and Player2 have tied with scores 11
                                (tie)
```

URL to GitHub Repository:

https://github.com/JoleneMel/WarGameBackEndJavaFinal