

# Chapter 9.7

## SYMMOL

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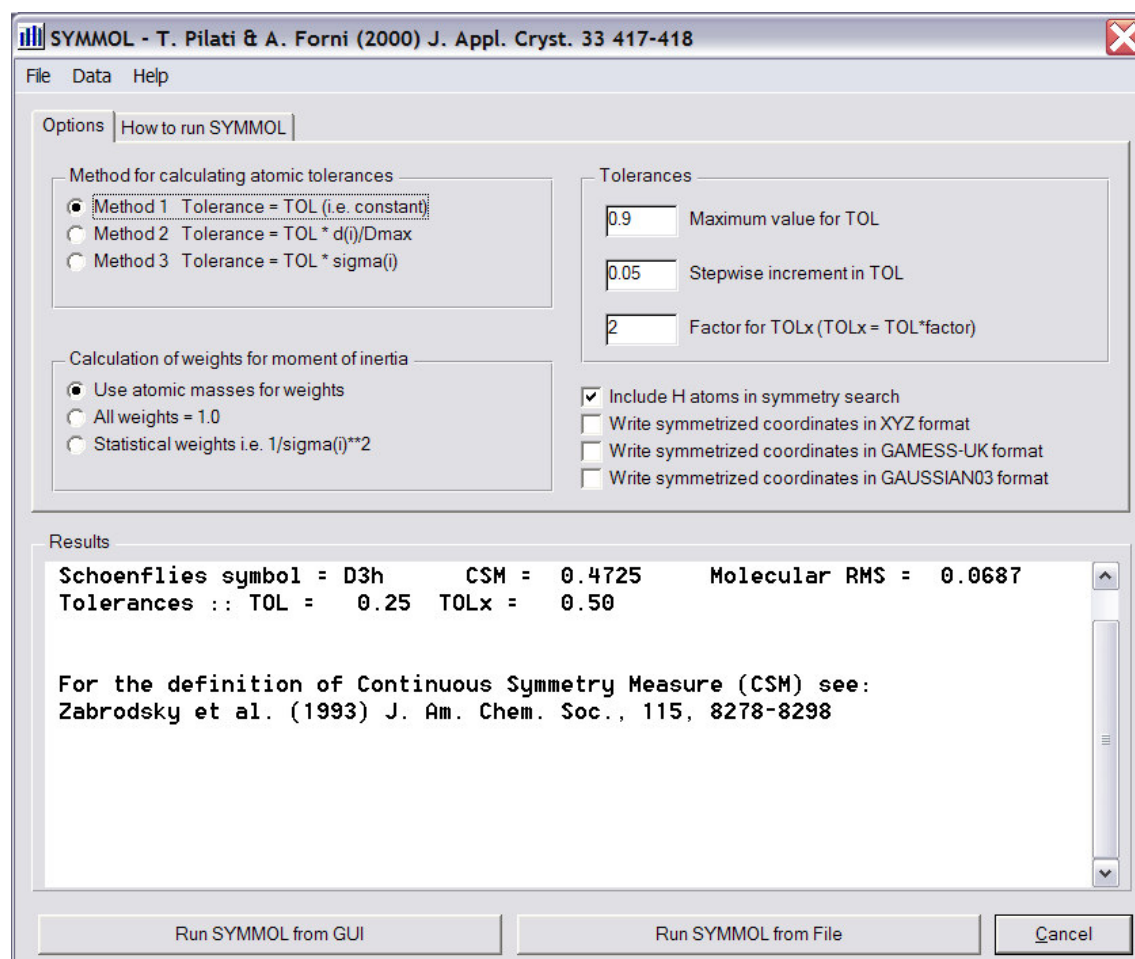
The program SYMMOL symmetrizes a group of atoms whose coordinates and errors are obtained from the *SHELXL.LST* file (or from a CIF). It prints out information about the given set of atoms and information concerning its symmetry: the symmetrized orthogonal coordinates together with the point group, the labels and the equivalent positions. Some quantities showing the goodness-of-fit are also printed: the rms on the coordinates, the molecular rms, the maximum deviation of the coordinates of the atom from the symmetrized ones and the continuous symmetry measure (CSM) for the whole point group and for the single elements of the point group. The CSM concept has been developed by Zabrodsky and Avnir and their coworkers (see *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, (1993), 115, 8278-8298). It provides a very useful quantitative measure of the true symmetry of a molecule as derived from the crystallographic coordinates.

For hexagonal point groups or for point groups other than the 32 crystallographic point groups, the program also prints out the symmetry group matrices in the orthogonal frame, the symmetry operations in hexagonal coordinates and the atom coordinates in the hexagonal system.

The symmetrization is performed within a tolerance TOL (called "DCM" in SYMMOL output file) based on a value given in input. The user may choose between different possible criteria of tolerance: the tolerance may be a constant, that is, the TOL input value, or a variable. In the latter case, the tolerance for each atom is TOL weighted by either the distance of the atom from the centre of mass or the mean standard uncertainty (s.u.) of the atom. Computation of the inertia moments may be performed using atomic masses as weights or assigning unitary weights to the atoms or weighting the atoms by the reciprocal of their mean square s.u.

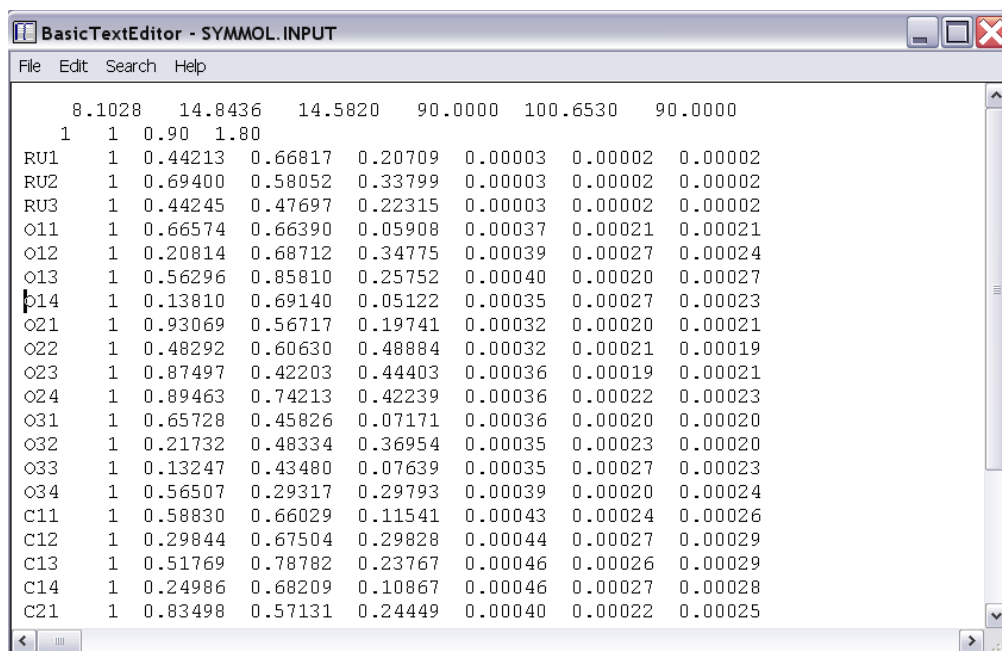
Atoms with IMOL less than 0 are not used to find the symmetry group, but, after symmetrization of atoms with IMOL = 1, the atoms with IMOL = -1 are examined to see if it is possible to symmetrize them in the same group, but according to the larger tolerance parameter TOLx (called "DCME" in SYMMOL output file). The use of IMOL less than 0 can be very useful when there is a pseudo degeneracy of the principal inertia axes

The GUI shown over the page opens when selecting this program. The first (automatic) run-through will search for higher and higher symmetry, starting with default settings of the tolerance parameters TOL & TOLx, up to a maximum of TOL (default 0.9). The start value of TOL is fixed at 0.05. It is possible to make adjustments to the default values of the parameters INDWGH, INDTOL, TOL, TOLx (meanings explained below). It is very important that the appropriate tolerances are set. The default values will generally result in found symmetry when TOL is high, but it will be necessary to modify these to stop the calculations at intermediate symmetries.



It may also be necessary to modify the IMOL(i) parameters for various atoms by editing the input file, using the Edit box shown below. The IMOL(i) parameter for each atom is the number immediately following the atom name. Setting a value of IMOL(i) for a particular atom to -1 removes this atom from the initial search.

**USEFUL NOTE :** Placing a hash (#) as the first symbol in a line comments out that line, and that atom is effectively deleted from all calculations.



### 9.7.1 Input information

The version of SYMMOL in WinGX writes the input file automatically, and it is only possible to edit the atom cards directly (using the above Edit Box) after the first default run. The other parameters are set using the GUI, and their detailed meaning is given below.

The input file format for SYMMOL is as follows;

(1) CELL PARAMETERS (free format)

if orthogonal coordinates are given, cell must be: 1 1 1 90 90 90

(2) INDWGH,INDTOL,TOL,TOLx (free format)

INDWGH=0,1 moments of inertia are calculated with weights = atomic masses

INDWGH=2 moments of inertia are calculated with weights = 1.0

INDWGH=3 moments of inertia are calculated with weights =  $(1/s(i))^{**2}$   
where  $s(i)$  = is the mean s.u. for the atom  $i$  as calculated from atomic standard uncertainties (see below)

INDTOL=0,1 an element of symmetry of the molecular group is accepted only if for any atom  $i$  exist an atom  $j$  for which  
 $ABS[XO(i)-Mk*XO(j)]$  less than TOL  
where  $XO$  are the inertial coordinates,  $Mk$  is the symmetry matrix and TOL is a constant tolerance

INDTOL=2 as indtol=1 but the tolerance is now  $TOL*d(i)/dm$   
where  $d(i)$  is the distance of the atom  $i$  from the mass centre and  $dm$  is the mean of the  $d(i)$  of all the considered atom

INDTOL=3 as indtol=1 but the tolerance is now  $TOL*s(i)$

```
(3) Atom cards
NAME(i) MOL(i) X(i) SX(i) for I=1 to NA=total number of atoms.
      format(a6,i2,6f9.5)

NAME(i) = Label for the atom i. The first (1 or 2) non-blank letters must
      be the symbol of the atomic species.
      - the symbol may be in upper lower case or mixed

MOL(i) = group (molecule) of atom i

The program attempts to symmetrize all the groups. With MOL(i) less than 0,
this atom belongs to the group ABS(MOL(i)) but it weight is 0.0 and the
tolerance for this atoms is TOLx

MOL(i) = 0 This atom is completely ignored

X(i) = atom coordinates referred to the cell

SX(i) = atom standard uncertainties referred to the cell
```

### 9.7.2 The output files

A **summary output** appears in the **main SYMMOL GUI Window** shown above, indicating **whether any symmetry** has been **found** within the given tolerances. A text file SYMMOL.LST is also written which provides more details. Files containing the symmetrised orthogonal coordinates in **XYZ format** (SYMMOL.XYZ), GAMESS-UK format (GAMESS-UK.ORTH) and GAUSSIAN03 format (GAUSSIAN.ORTH) to **10 decimal places** (*i.e.* suitable for **accurate quantum calculations**) may be **optionally written** as well. **Only** the files for the **last calculation** are written, so if you wish to stop at an earlier symmetry, reduce the maximum allowed value of TOL.

A sample output is shown below, for  $\text{Ru}_3(\text{CO})_{12}$  which has *idealised*  $D_{3h}$  symmetry. Using TOL=0.22 the point group  $C_3$  is found (with CSM =0.411 and Mol RMS = 0.064). Raising TOL to 0.25 gives the point group  $C_{3h}$  (with CSM = 0.583 and Mol RMS = 0.0764). Finally using TOL = 0.040 gives the point group  $D_{3h}$  (with CSM = 0.644 and Mol RMS = 0.080). This example illustrates the use of **gently increasing values** of the **tolerance factor** TOL to **ascertain the true symmetry**. In this case, the next highest symmetry above  $C_1$  (according to the atomic coordinates) is  $C_3$ , though the generally accepted  $D_{3h}$  molecular symmetry has figures of merit which are only marginally higher.

The following (full) output file SYMMOL.LST results from the last example. The ORTEP view of  $\text{Ru}_3(\text{CO})_{12}$  indicating the labelling scheme is also shown. Note that for  $D_{3h}$  symmetry, the program has chosen Ru(1) and the carbonyls CO(11) and CO(12) as comprising the asymmetric unit.

## SYMMOL

A Program for the Symmetrisation of Groups of Atoms  
 By Tullio Pilati and Alessandra Forni  
 Version June 2nd 1998

=====

INDWGH=1 ==> weights as atomic mass  
 INDTOL=1 ==> constant tolerance  
 CONSTANTS OF TOLERANCE= 0.400 0.400

Cell :

a	b	c	alpha	beta	gamma	volume
8.10280	14.84360	14.58200	90.000	100.653	90.000	1723.61814

ATOM GROUP INPUT COORDINATES AND THEIR S.U.

RU1	1	0.80601	0.08051	0.66201	0.00003	0.00001	0.00001
RU2	1	1.05754	-0.02304	0.77685	0.00003	0.00001	0.00001
RU3	1	1.05785	0.16818	0.79292	0.00003	0.00001	0.00002
O11	1	1.01745	0.10614	0.51109	0.00028	0.00017	0.00015
O12	1	0.60546	0.24239	0.57749	0.00032	0.00018	0.00019
O13	1	0.62488	-0.07798	0.55576	0.00032	0.00016	0.00017
O14	1	0.56936	0.06726	0.80265	0.00028	0.00016	0.00017
O21	1	1.28282	-0.01625	0.63061	0.00030	0.00019	0.00016
O22	1	1.36789	-0.06543	0.92307	0.00032	0.00023	0.00019
O23	1	0.93448	-0.20709	0.70197	0.00035	0.00017	0.00019
O24	1	0.84244	-0.04144	0.92798	0.00031	0.00017	0.00016
O31	1	1.29286	0.18695	0.65258	0.00034	0.00022	0.00020
O32	1	0.93701	0.35842	0.74233	0.00035	0.00017	0.00021
O33	1	1.36166	0.19141	0.94878	0.00032	0.00022	0.00018
O34	1	0.83416	0.16365	0.94081	0.00032	0.00018	0.00017
C11	1	0.94932	0.09538	0.57081	0.00035	0.00019	0.00020
C12	1	0.67872	0.18216	0.60935	0.00035	0.00021	0.00020
C13	1	0.69196	-0.01904	0.59469	0.00035	0.00021	0.00019
C14	1	0.66575	0.07134	0.75562	0.00035	0.00018	0.00020
C21	1	1.19553	-0.01347	0.68269	0.00037	0.00021	0.00020
C22	1	1.25316	-0.04921	0.86981	0.00040	0.00024	0.00022
C23	1	0.98068	-0.13847	0.73020	0.00039	0.00021	0.00022
C24	1	0.91721	-0.02969	0.87051	0.00037	0.00019	0.00021
C31	1	1.20150	0.17508	0.70177	0.00040	0.00022	0.00023
C32	1	0.98189	0.28785	0.76200	0.00040	0.00022	0.00023
C33	1	1.25010	0.18207	0.89144	0.00040	0.00023	0.00023
C34	1	0.91222	0.16032	0.88458	0.00038	0.00020	0.00021

Principal moments of inertia and degree of degeneracy  
 3773.9                      3058.5                      3046.3                      1

Orthogonalisation matrix  
 -4.948535      7.975992      -6.688866  
 2.764240      12.489454      5.086634  
 5.790194      0.854138      -11.917212

Atom	orthogonal coordinates			Distance Tolerance	
RU1	1.41408	-0.81317	0.00768	1.63123	0.40000
RU2	-1.42469	-0.82701	0.00707	1.64734	0.40000
RU3	-0.00854	1.64382	-0.01932	1.64396	0.40000
O11	1.58167	-0.67627	3.05239	3.50373	0.40000
O12	4.26300	0.22434	-0.00803	4.26891	0.40000
O13	1.75698	-3.83376	0.08973	4.21815	0.40000
O14	1.53875	-0.91743	-3.04993	3.53715	0.40000
O21	-1.50716	-0.86335	3.06005	3.51864	0.40000

O22	-4.27662	0.24521	0.02531	4.28372	0.40000
O23	-1.78284	-3.84675	0.02968	4.23992	0.40000
O24	-1.51791	-0.88266	-3.05517	3.52380	0.40000
O31	-0.08308	1.81401	3.02993	3.53242	0.40000
O32	2.44518	3.42845	0.04638	4.21133	0.40000
O33	-2.36920	3.56656	-0.09778	4.28288	0.40000
O34	0.07305	1.72117	-3.08083	3.52978	0.40000
C11	1.43353	-0.69521	1.93702	2.50806	0.40000
C12	3.20697	-0.16334	-0.01497	3.21116	0.40000
C13	1.63474	-2.71419	0.06454	3.16913	0.40000
C14	1.40888	-0.83925	-1.92786	2.53099	0.40000
C21	-1.40138	-0.80501	1.93635	2.52218	0.40000
C22	-3.22325	-0.14027	0.00957	3.22632	0.40000
C23	-1.65298	-2.71842	0.01938	3.18159	0.40000
C24	-1.40978	-0.82156	-1.92732	2.52527	0.40000
C31	-0.05468	1.66344	1.90459	2.52932	0.40000
C32	1.52865	2.77118	0.01155	3.16487	0.40000
C33	-1.50810	2.84986	-0.06837	3.22502	0.40000
C34	0.03632	1.60934	-1.96159	2.53754	0.40000

	Symmetrised orthogonal coordinates				Atomic r.m.s.				
RU1	1	1.42101	-0.82042	0.00000	0.00663	0.00600	0.01268	*	
RU2	1	-1.42101	-0.82042	0.00000	0.00663	0.00600	0.01268		
RU3	1	0.00000	1.64084	0.00000	0.00565	0.00692	0.01268		
O11	1	1.52012	-0.87764	3.05603	0.05792	0.08504	0.01508	*	
O12	1	4.23880	0.31943	0.00000	0.03487	0.07476	0.05965	*	
O13	1	1.84276	-3.83062	0.00000	0.08146	0.01302	0.05965		
O14	1	1.52012	-0.87764	-3.05603	0.05792	0.08504	0.01508		
O21	1	-1.52012	-0.87764	3.05603	0.05792	0.08504	0.01508		
O22	1	-4.23880	0.31943	0.00000	0.03487	0.07476	0.05965		
O23	1	-1.84276	-3.83062	0.00000	0.08146	0.01302	0.05965		
O24	1	-1.52012	-0.87764	-3.05603	0.05792	0.08504	0.01508		
O31	1	0.00000	1.75529	3.05603	0.09577	0.03762	0.01508		
O32	1	2.39604	3.51119	0.00000	0.04854	0.06670	0.05965		
O33	1	-2.39604	3.51119	0.00000	0.04854	0.06670	0.05965		
O34	1	0.00000	1.75529	-3.05603	0.09577	0.03762	0.01508		
C11	1	1.40762	-0.81269	1.93303	0.03421	0.04891	0.01689	*	
C12	1	3.19470	-0.10254	0.00000	0.02435	0.04060	0.04014	*	
C13	1	1.68616	-2.71542	0.00000	0.04607	0.01091	0.04014		
C14	1	1.40762	-0.81269	-1.93303	0.03421	0.04891	0.01689		
C21	1	-1.40762	-0.81269	1.93303	0.03421	0.04891	0.01689		
C22	1	-3.19470	-0.10254	0.00000	0.02435	0.04060	0.04014		
C23	1	-1.68616	-2.71542	0.00000	0.04607	0.01091	0.04014		
C24	1	-1.40762	-0.81269	-1.93303	0.03421	0.04891	0.01689		
C31	1	0.00000	1.62538	1.93303	0.05480	0.02365	0.01689		
C32	1	1.50855	2.81796	0.00000	0.02543	0.03993	0.04014		
C33	1	-1.50855	2.81796	0.00000	0.02543	0.03993	0.04014		
C34	1	0.00000	1.62538	-1.93303	0.05480	0.02365	0.01689		

\* Atom defining the asymmetric unit for the found symmetry group

Average difference on x,y,z,d 0.03062 0.04048 0.02445 0.06539

Maximum difference on x,y,z,d 0.08578 0.20138 0.09778 0.21060  
due to the atoms O13 O11 O33 O11

Bond lengths and bond angles after symmetrization

RU1	-RU2	2.8420	RU1	-RU3	2.8420	RU1	-C11	1.9331
RU1	-C12	1.9135	RU1	-C13	1.9135	RU1	-C14	1.9331
O11	-C11	1.1305	O12	-C12	1.1261	C11	-RU1	1.9331
C11	-O11	1.1305	C12	-RU1	1.9135	C12	-O12	1.1261
RU2	-RU1	-RU3	60.000	RU2	-RU1	-C11	89.603	

RU2	-RU1	-C12	157.965	RU2	-RU1	-C13	97.965
RU2	-RU1	-C14	89.603	RU3	-RU1	-C11	89.603
RU3	-RU1	-C12	97.965	RU3	-RU1	-C13	157.965
RU3	-RU1	-C14	89.603	C11	-RU1	-C12	90.282
C11	-RU1	-C13	90.282	C11	-RU1	-C14	179.083
C12	-RU1	-C13	104.070	C12	-RU1	-C14	90.282
C13	-RU1	-C14	90.282	RU1	-C11	-O11	172.943
RU1	-C12	-O12	179.971				

## Symmetrised fractional coordinates

RU1	1	0.80446	0.08032	0.66189	0.00003	0.00001	0.00001
RU2	1	1.05705	-0.02256	0.77724	0.00003	0.00001	0.00001
RU3	1	1.05833	0.16840	0.79155	0.00003	0.00001	0.00002
O11	1	1.01274	0.09251	0.50752	0.00028	0.00017	0.00015
O12	1	0.61312	0.24694	0.58086	0.00032	0.00018	0.00019
O13	1	0.61096	-0.07504	0.55674	0.00032	0.00016	0.00017
O14	1	0.57264	0.06882	0.80487	0.00028	0.00016	0.00017
O21	1	1.28294	-0.01755	0.63091	0.00030	0.00019	0.00016
O22	1	1.36655	-0.05995	0.92494	0.00032	0.00023	0.00019
O23	1	0.93850	-0.20846	0.70632	0.00035	0.00017	0.00019
O24	1	0.84283	-0.04124	0.92826	0.00031	0.00017	0.00016
O31	1	1.28431	0.18673	0.64622	0.00034	0.00022	0.00020
O32	1	0.94233	0.36115	0.74900	0.00035	0.00017	0.00021
O33	1	1.36822	0.18768	0.94349	0.00032	0.00022	0.00018
O34	1	0.84421	0.16304	0.94357	0.00032	0.00018	0.00017
C11	1	0.94525	0.08777	0.56862	0.00035	0.00019	0.00020
C12	1	0.68404	0.18522	0.61090	0.00035	0.00021	0.00020
C13	1	0.68268	-0.01750	0.59571	0.00035	0.00021	0.00019
C14	1	0.66687	0.07278	0.75670	0.00035	0.00018	0.00020
C21	1	1.19545	-0.01414	0.68288	0.00037	0.00021	0.00020
C22	1	1.25189	-0.04608	0.87022	0.00040	0.00024	0.00022
C23	1	0.98239	-0.13958	0.73258	0.00039	0.00021	0.00022
C24	1	0.91707	-0.02913	0.87096	0.00037	0.00019	0.00021
C31	1	1.19672	0.17501	0.69705	0.00040	0.00022	0.00023
C32	1	0.98527	0.28973	0.76475	0.00040	0.00022	0.00023
C33	1	1.25341	0.18051	0.88720	0.00040	0.00023	0.00023
C34	1	0.91834	0.16003	0.88513	0.00038	0.00020	0.00021

Schoenflies symbol = D3h      CSM = 0.6444      Molecular RMS = 0.0803

For the definition of Continuous Symmetry Measure (CSM), see:  
Zabrodsky et al. (1993) J.Am.Chem.Soc, 115, 8278-8298

## Symmetry group matrices

1	CSM = 0.0000	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.0000	Type E
	1.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000
	0.0000000000	1.0000000000	0.0000000000
	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	1.0000000000
2	CSM = 0.5832	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.1799	Type S3
	-0.5000000000	0.8660254038	0.0000000000
	-0.8660254038	-0.5000000000	0.0000000000
	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	-1.0000000000
3	CSM = 0.4113	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.1201	Type C3
	-0.5000000000	-0.8660254038	0.0000000000
	0.8660254038	-0.5000000000	0.0000000000
	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	1.0000000000
4	CSM = 0.3620	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.1228	Type Cs
	1.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000

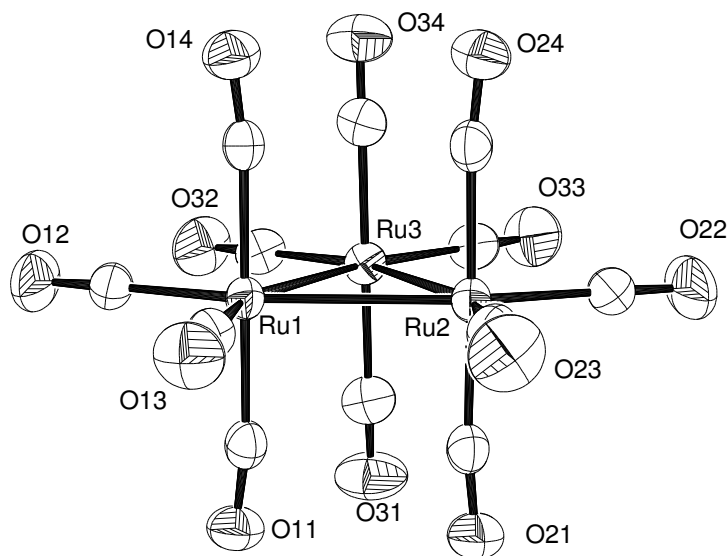


0.0000000000	1.0000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	0.0000000000	-1.0000000000	
5 CSM = 0.2767	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.1082	Type C2	
-1.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	1.0000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	0.0000000000	-1.0000000000	
6 CSM = 0.4113	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.1201	Type C3	
-0.5000000000	0.8660254038	0.0000000000	
-0.8660254038	-0.5000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	0.0000000000	1.0000000000	
7 CSM = 0.5814	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.1543	Type Cs	
0.5000000000	0.8660254038	0.0000000000	
0.8660254038	-0.5000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	0.0000000000	1.0000000000	
8 CSM = 0.5832	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.1799	Type S3	
-0.5000000000	-0.8660254038	0.0000000000	
0.8660254038	-0.5000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	0.0000000000	-1.0000000000	
9 CSM = 0.2791	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.1003	Type C2	
0.5000000000	-0.8660254038	0.0000000000	
-0.8660254038	-0.5000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	0.0000000000	-1.0000000000	
10 CSM = 0.2923	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.1072	Type Cs	
-1.0000000000	0.0000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	1.0000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	0.0000000000	1.0000000000	
11 CSM = 0.2658	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.0985	Type C2	
0.5000000000	0.8660254038	0.0000000000	
0.8660254038	-0.5000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	0.0000000000	-1.0000000000	
12 CSM = 0.4216	Max. diff. (Angstrom)=0.2053	Type Cs	
0.5000000000	-0.8660254038	0.0000000000	
-0.8660254038	-0.5000000000	0.0000000000	
0.0000000000	0.0000000000	1.0000000000	
Symmetry operations in hexagonal coordinates			
Symmetry element	its CSM and Max.Diff.	Symmetry element	its CSM and Max.Diff.
1) [E ] x,y,z	0.0000 0.0000	2) [S3 ] -x+y,-x,-z	0.5832
0.1799			
3) [C3 ] -y,x-y,z	0.4113 0.1201	4) [Cs ] x,y,-z	0.3620
0.1228			
5) [C2 ] -x+y,y,-z	0.2767 0.1082	6) [C3 ] -x+y,-x,z	0.4113
0.1201			
7) [Cs ] x,x-y,z	0.5814 0.1543	8) [S3 ] -y,x-y,-z	0.5832
0.1799			
9) [C2 ] -y,-x,-z	0.2791 0.1003	10) [Cs ] -x+y,y,z	0.2923
0.1072			

11) [C2 ]     $x, x-y, -z$     0.2658    0.0985    12) [Cs ]     $-y, -x, z$     0.4216  
0.2053

Oblique coordinates (hexagonal system)

RU1	0.94734	-0.94734	0.00000
RU2	-1.89468	-0.94734	0.00000
RU3	0.94734	1.89468	0.00000
O11	1.01341	-1.01341	3.05603
O12	4.42322	0.36885	0.00000
O13	-0.36885	-4.42322	0.00000
O14	1.01341	-1.01341	-3.05603
O21	-2.02683	-1.01341	3.05603
O22	-4.05437	0.36885	0.00000
O23	-4.05437	-4.42322	0.00000
O24	-2.02683	-1.01341	-3.05603
O31	1.01341	2.02683	3.05603
O32	4.42322	4.05437	0.00000
O33	-0.36885	4.05437	0.00000
O34	1.01341	2.02683	-3.05603
C11	0.93842	-0.93842	1.93303
C12	3.13550	-0.11841	0.00000
C13	0.11841	-3.13550	0.00000
C14	0.93842	-0.93842	-1.93303
C21	-1.87683	-0.93842	1.93303
C22	-3.25391	-0.11841	0.00000
C23	-3.25391	-3.13550	0.00000
C24	-1.87683	-0.93842	-1.93303
C31	0.93842	1.87683	1.93303
C32	3.13550	3.25391	0.00000
C33	0.11841	3.25391	0.00000
C34	0.93842	1.87683	-1.93303



Atomic labelling scheme for  $\text{Ru}_3(\text{CO})_{12}$

## References

1. T. Pilati & A. Forni (2000) *J. Appl. Cryst* 33, 417-418