

Module Interface Specification for Chess Connect

Author Name

January 18, 2023

1 Revision History

Date	Version	Notes
1/17/2023	1.0	Detailed Modules used by Arduino Mega 2560
Date 2	1.1	Notes

2 Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms

See SRS Documentation at [\[give url —SS\]](#)

[\[Also add any additional symbols, abbreviations or acronyms —SS\]](#)

Contents

1	Revision History	i
2	Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms	ii
3	Introduction	1
4	Notation	1
5	Module Decomposition	1
6	MIS of Arduino Controller Module	3
6.1	Arduino Controller	3
6.2	Uses	3
6.3	Syntax	3
6.3.1	Exported Constants	3
6.3.2	Exported Access Programs	3
6.4	Semantics	3
6.4.1	State Variables	3
6.4.2	Environment Variables	4
6.4.3	Assumptions	4
6.4.4	Access Routine Semantics	4
6.4.5	Local Functions	5
7	MIS of Piece Identification Module	6
7.1	Piece Identification	6
7.2	Uses	6
7.3	Syntax	6
7.3.1	Exported Constants	6
7.3.2	Exported Access Programs	6
7.4	Semantics	6
7.4.1	State Variables	6
7.4.2	Environment Variables	6
7.4.3	Assumptions	6
7.4.4	Access Routine Semantics	6
7.4.5	Local Functions	7
8	MIS of Chess Board Module	8
8.1	Chess Board	8
8.2	Uses	8
8.2.1	Exported Constants	8
8.2.2	Exported Access Programs	8
8.3	Semantics	8

8.3.1	State Variables	8
8.3.2	Environment Variables	9
8.3.3	Assumptions	9
8.3.4	Local Functions	10
9	MIS of Communication Module	11
9.1	Communication	11
9.2	Uses	11
9.3	Syntax	11
9.3.1	Exported Constants	11
9.3.2	Exported Access Programs	11
9.4	Semantics	11
9.4.1	State Variables	11
9.4.2	Environment Variables	11
9.4.3	Assumptions	11
9.4.4	Access Routine Semantics	12
9.4.5	Local Functions	12
10	MIS of Web Application Input Module	13
10.1	Module	13
10.2	Uses	13
10.3	Syntax	13
10.3.1	Exported Constants	13
10.3.2	Exported Access Programs	13
10.4	Semantics	13
10.4.1	State Variables	13
10.4.2	Environment Variables	13
10.4.3	Assumptions	13
10.4.4	Access Routine Semantics	13
10.4.5	Local Functions	14
11	MIS of Display Module	15
11.1	Module	15
11.2	Uses	15
11.3	Syntax	15
11.3.1	Exported Constants	15
11.3.2	Exported Access Programs	15
11.4	Semantics	15
11.4.1	State Variables	15
11.4.2	Environment Variables	15
11.4.3	Assumptions	15
11.4.4	Access Routine Semantics	15
11.4.5	Local Functions	16

12 MIS of Web Application Output Module	17
12.1 Module	17
12.2 Uses	17
12.3 Syntax	17
12.3.1 Exported Constants	17
12.3.2 Exported Access Programs	17
12.4 Semantics	17
12.4.1 State Variables	17
12.4.2 Environment Variables	17
12.4.3 Assumptions	17
12.4.4 Access Routine Semantics	17
12.4.5 Local Functions	17
13 MIS of User Mode Module	18
13.1 Module	18
13.2 Uses	18
13.3 Syntax	18
13.3.1 Exported Constants	18
13.3.2 Exported Access Programs	18
13.4 Semantics	18
13.4.1 State Variables	18
13.4.2 Environment Variables	18
13.4.3 Assumptions	18
13.4.4 Access Routine Semantics	18
13.4.5 Local Functions	19
14 MIS of Board Module	20
14.1 Module	20
14.2 Uses	20
14.3 Syntax	20
14.3.1 Exported Constants	20
14.3.2 Exported Access Programs	20
14.4 Semantics	20
14.4.1 State Variables	20
14.4.2 Environment Variables	20
14.4.3 Assumptions	20
14.4.4 Access Routine Semantics	21
14.4.5 Local Functions	21
15 MIS of Web Application Game State Module	22
15.1 Module	22
15.2 Uses	22
15.3 Syntax	22

15.3.1	Exported Constants	22
15.3.2	Exported Access Programs	22
15.4	Semantics	22
15.4.1	State Variables	22
15.4.2	Environment Variables	22
15.4.3	Assumptions	22
15.4.4	Access Routine Semantics	22
15.4.5	Local Functions	23
16	MIS of Engine Module	24
16.1	Module	24
16.2	Uses	24
16.3	Syntax	24
16.3.1	Exported Constants	24
16.3.2	Exported Access Programs	24
16.4	Semantics	24
16.4.1	State Variables	24
16.4.2	Environment Variables	24
16.4.3	Assumptions	24
16.4.4	Access Routine Semantics	24
16.4.5	Local Functions	25
17	Appendix	27

3 Introduction

The following document details the Module Interface Specifications for [Fill in your project name and description —SS]

Complementary documents include the System Requirement Specifications and Module Guide. The full documentation and implementation can be found at [provide the url for your repo —SS]

4 Notation

[You should describe your notation. You can use what is below as a starting point. —SS]

The structure of the MIS for modules comes from Hoffman and Strooper (1995), with the addition that template modules have been adapted from Ghezzi et al. (2003). The mathematical notation comes from Chapter 3 of Hoffman and Strooper (1995). For instance, the symbol $:=$ is used for a multiple assignment statement and conditional rules follow the form $(c_1 \Rightarrow r_1 | c_2 \Rightarrow r_2 | \dots | c_n \Rightarrow r_n)$.

The following table summarizes the primitive data types used by Chess Connect.

Data Type	Notation	Description
character	char	a single symbol or digit
integer	\mathbb{Z}	a number without a fractional component in $(-\infty, \infty)$
natural number	\mathbb{N}	a number without a fractional component in $[1, \infty)$
real	\mathbb{R}	any number in $(-\infty, \infty)$
boolean	bool	true (value of 1) or false (value of 0)
enumeration	enum	keywords assigned an integer value in order of declaration beginning at 0
structure	Piece	C++ struct data-type containing Piece-Type enumeration and int colour (0 for white, 1 for black)

The specification of Chess Connect uses some derived data types: sequences, strings, and tuples. Sequences are lists filled with elements of the same data type. Strings are sequences of characters. Tuples contain a list of values, potentially of different types. In addition, Chess Connect uses functions, which are defined by the data types of their inputs and outputs. Local functions are described by giving their type signature followed by their specification.

5 Module Decomposition

The following table is taken directly from the Module Guide document for this project.

Level 1	Level 2
Hardware-Hiding	
Behaviour-Hiding	Input Parameters Output Format Output Verification Temperature ODEs Energy Equations Control Module Specification Parameters Module
Software Decision	Sequence Data Structure ODE Solver Plotting

Table 1: Module Hierarchy

6 MIS of Arduino Controller Module

6.1 Arduino Controller

6.2 Uses

Arduino
Software Serial
Chess Board
Piece Identification
Communication

6.3 Syntax

6.3.1 Exported Constants

None

6.3.2 Exported Access Programs

None

6.4 Semantics

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
setup	-	-	TeensyConnectionFailed
loop	-	-	TeensyConnectionFailed
changeGameState	gameState	gameState	InvalidAction
changeGameMode	gameMode	string	InvalidAction
competeUserAction	userAction	userAction	InvalidAction, Unknown- Action
lightLED	int, int	int	-

6.4.1 State Variables

gameMode := enum { beginner, normal, engine }
gameState := enum { init, play, end, reset }
userAction := enum { wait_white, wait_black, piece_lifted, remove_piece, promoting, valid_move, invalid_move, draw, resign, reset }
boardState := [FEN string](#) playerWarning := enum { check, checkmate, stalemate }

6.4.2 Environment Variables

HALL_PINS: input pin addresses for receiving signal from Hall-effect sensors

LED_PINS: output pin addresses for lighting up the LEDs on the board

rx_from_Teensy: input pin for communication with Teensy controller

tx_from_Teensy: output pin for communication with Teensy controller

6.4.3 Assumptions

- `setup()` will run before any other function.
- Connection exists between both controllers and remains constant

6.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

`loop()`:

- transition:
 - Main control loop.
 - Polling sensors to update boardState FEN string.
 - Checking for check/checkmate/stalemate signal from Web App to update player-Warning.
 - Wait for userAction based on Hall-effect sensor inputs.
- exception: `TeensyConnectionFailed`

`changeGameState()`:

- transition: Change gameState based on user input button presses (game start, draw, reset).
- exception: `InvalidAction`

`changeGameMode()`:

- transition: Change gameMode based on user input button presses (beginner, normal, engine).
- exception: `InvalidAction`

`completeUserAction()`:

- transition: Update boardState based on completed userAction
- exception: `InvalidAction`, `UnknownAction`

`lightLED()`:

- output: `LED_pin := HIGH ($\mathbb{Z} := 1$) or LOW ($\mathbb{Z} := 0$).`
- exception: `TeensyConnectionFailed`

6.4.5 Local Functions

setup():

- transition: initialize serial connection; read board state; game state set to "init"
- exception: TeensyConnectionFailed

7 MIS of Piece Identification Module

7.1 Piece Identification

7.2 Uses

None

7.3 Syntax

7.3.1 Exported Constants

None

7.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
readSensors	int	Piece	SensorOffline
waitForPiece	int, int, Piece	bool	PieceMissingTimeout

7.4 Semantics

7.4.1 State Variables

None

7.4.2 Environment Variables

sensorInput: readings from various hall-effect sensors

7.4.3 Assumptions

Hall-effect sensors will give accurate readings.

7.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

readSensors():

- output: Piece
- exception: SensorOffline

waitForPiece():

- transition: Waiting to send signal based on a sensor transition from $HALL_PIN[Z][Z] := \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow 0$

- output: bool value of ($PieceNotPlaced \Rightarrow false | PiecePlaced \Rightarrow true$)
- exception: PieceMissingTimeout

7.4.5 Local Functions

None

8 MIS of Chess Board Module

8.1 Chess Board

8.2 Uses

Arduino
Piece Identification

8.2.1 Exported Constants

int numRows : Chess board rows
int numCols : Chess board columns
int LED_PINS[numRows][numCols] : 2-D array controlling the LED output pins
int HALL_PINS[numRows][numCols] : 2-D array controlling the Hall-effect sensor input pins

8.2.2 Exported Access Programs

None

8.3 Semantics

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
movePiece	int, int, int, int, Piece- Type	boolean	InvalidMove
removePiece	int, int	Piece	InvalidMove
isCheckmateOrStalemate	CheckOrStalemate	bool	-
boardToFEN	-	string	-
recieveMoves	-	Colour	InvalidMove
lightSquare	int, int, Colour	-	DigitalWriteFailed
pieceToChar	Piece	char	-

8.3.1 State Variables

gameMode := enumeration
check := boolean
checkmate := boolean
draw := boolean

8.3.2 Environment Variables

HALL_PINS: input pins receiving signal from Hall-effect sensors

LED_PINS: output pins lighting up the LEDs on the board

serialToTeensy: serial communication to and from the Teensy controller

8.3.3 Assumptions

- Serial connection between both microcontrollers will remain constant
- All LED pins will remain connected
- Hall-effect sensors will function as intended

movePiece():

- transition: Update Piece type and colour on the "to" square, while removing the piece from the "from" square.
- exception: InvalidMove

removePiece():

- transition: Update Piece type and colour on the "to" square, while removing the piece from the "from" square. Remove the piece taken by the opponent.
- output: returns the Piece that was removed.
- exception: InvalidMove

isCheckmateCheckOrStalemate():

- transition: Update game state based on a command sent from the Web Application.
- exception: None

boardToFEN():

- output: FEN string representation of the current board state.
- exception: None

recieveMoves():

- transition: Process best moves recieved from the web application and light appropriate LED's.
- exception: InvalidMove

lightSquare():

- transition: Light appropriate LED's based on various conditions such as game mode, game state, check/mate/stalemate warning, etc.
- exception: DigitalWriteFailed

8.3.4 Local Functions

pieceToChar():

- output: Converting the Piece type into the FEN-string character representation.
- exception: None

9 MIS of Communication Module

9.1 Communication

9.2 Uses

Arduino.h SoftwareSerial.h

9.3 Syntax

9.3.1 Exported Constants

None

9.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
encodeMessage	string	-	UnknownAction
decodeMessage		string	UnknownCommand
processCommand	string	string	InvalidCommand

9.4 Semantics

9.4.1 State Variables

command: The decoded message to update values (game state, game mode, light specific LED, etc.).

9.4.2 Environment Variables

messageEncoder: The string formatting to send a message to the Teensy Controller via Serial Communication.

messageDecoder: The string formatting to read a message from the Teensy Controller via Serial Communication.

9.4.3 Assumptions

- Communication string format remains consistent
- Connection exists between both controllers and remains constant

9.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

encodeMessage():

- output: Translate game state or action into encoded string to be read by Teensy or the Web Application
- exception: UnknownAction

decodeMessage():

- output: Translate encoded message from Teensy or the Web Application and convert into state change command
- exception: UnknownCommand

processCommand():

- transition: Command received from Web Application or Teensy controller will be used to change the chess board accordingly.
- -j This could be to change the game state, game mode, player warning (check, check-mate, stalemate) or to light appropriate LED's
- exception: InvalidCommand

9.4.5 Local Functions

None

10 MIS of Web Application Input Module

10.1 Module

Web Application Input

10.2 Uses

[Board Module](#)

[User Mode Module](#)

10.3 Syntax

10.3.1 Exported Constants

10.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
parseInput	string	seq of string	invalidInput

10.4 Semantics

10.4.1 State Variables

inputString: string #String containing FEN string, user mode, game termination state, and delimiting characters

10.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

10.4.3 Assumptions

N/A

10.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

parseInput():

- output: sequence of strings. The first is the FEN string, the second is the user mode, the third is the game termination state.
- exception: invalidInput if any of validFen, validUserMode, or validGameTermination return false.

10.4.5 Local Functions

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
validFen	string	boolean	
validUserMode	string	boolean	
validGameTermination	string	boolean	

11 MIS of Display Module

11.1 Module

Display

11.2 Uses

[Board Module](#)

11.3 Syntax

11.3.1 Exported Constants

11.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
drawSquare	string		
drawBoard	seq of (seq of int)		
displayGameTermination	int		
setBackground	string		

11.4 Semantics

11.4.1 State Variables

N/A

11.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

11.4.3 Assumptions

N/A

11.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

drawSquare():

- output: Draw board square
- exception: none

drawBoard():

- transition: Uses drawSquare to display the game board

- exception: none

displayGameTermination():

- transition: Displays game termination state (checkmate, stalemate, etc.)
- exception: none

setBackground():

- transition: Sets the background colors of the display.
- exception: none

11.4.5 Local Functions

N/A

12 MIS of Web Application Output Module

12.1 Module

Web Application Output

12.2 Uses

[Engine Module](#)

[Game State Module](#)

12.3 Syntax

12.3.1 Exported Constants

12.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
sendData	string	string	

12.4 Semantics

12.4.1 State Variables

N/A

12.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

12.4.3 Assumptions

N/A

12.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

sendData(string):

- output: string #Encodes game state (none, check, checkmate, stalemate), and 3 engine-generated moves
- exception: none

12.4.5 Local Functions

N/A

13 MIS of User Mode Module

13.1 Module

User Mode

13.2 Uses

[Engine Module](#)

13.3 Syntax

13.3.1 Exported Constants

13.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
getUserMode		string	
setUserMode	string		

13.4 Semantics

13.4.1 State Variables

userMode: string #Represents the current user mode (Normal, Beginner, Engine)

13.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

13.4.3 Assumptions

N/A

13.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

getMode():

- output: string

$output := userMode$

- exception: none

setMode(string):

- transition: Sets userMode to the input user mode

$userMode := input$

- exception: none

13.4.5 Local Functions

N/A

14 MIS of Board Module

14.1 Module

Board

14.2 Uses

[Engine Module](#)

[Game State Module](#)

14.3 Syntax

14.3.1 Exported Constants

```
#define letters ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h']  
#define startFEN = 'rnbqkbnr/pppppppp/8/8/8/8/PPPPPPPP/RNBQKBNR w KQkq -  
0 1'  
#define boardDimension = 8
```

14.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
initialize			
getXYPosition	int	tuple of int	invalidIndex
getPosition	int	tuple of int	
getFenString		string	
setFenString	string		

14.4 Semantics

14.4.1 State Variables

fenString: string #Stores FEN string of current game position

14.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

14.4.3 Assumptions

initialize is called before any other access routine.

14.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

initialize():

- transition: #Initializes fenString to the starting chess board position

$$fenString := startFEN$$

- exception: none

getXYPosition(int: squareInd):

- output: #X and Y number coordinate for an input square number. Eg. getXYPosition(14) returns (0, 6).

$$out := (squareInd // boardDimension, squareInd \% boardDimension)$$

- exception: none

getPosition(int: squareInd):

- output: #letter and number coordinate for an input square number. Eg. getPosition(14) returns 'g7'.

$$out := 'letters[squareInd \% boardDimension]' \\ + 'boardDimension - (squareInd // boardDimension)'$$

- exception: none

getFenString():

- output:

$$out := fenString$$

- exception: none

setFenString(string: fen):

- transition:

$$fenString := fen$$

- exception: none

14.4.5 Local Functions

N/A

15 MIS of Web Application Game State Module

15.1 Module

Web Application Game State

15.2 Uses

N/A

15.3 Syntax

15.3.1 Exported Constants

15.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
isCheck	string	boolean	
isCheckmate	string	boolean	
isStalemate	string	boolean	

15.4 Semantics

15.4.1 State Variables

N/A

15.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

15.4.3 Assumptions

N/A

15.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

isCheck():

- output: True if the position is 'check', false otherwise
- exception: none

isCheckmate():

- output: True if the position is 'checkmate', false otherwise
- exception: none

isStalemate():

- output: True if the position is ‘stalemate’, false otherwise
- exception: none

15.4.5 Local Functions

N/A

16 MIS of Engine Module

16.1 Module

Engine

16.2 Uses

N/A

16.3 Syntax

16.3.1 Exported Constants

`#define depth` #How many layers of depth the chess engine should use to evaluate the position
`#define maxSearchTime` #The maximum time the chess engine should take to evaluate the position

16.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
evaluatePosition	string	string	

16.4 Semantics

16.4.1 State Variables

N/A

16.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

16.4.3 Assumptions

The depth and maxSearchTime values will be determined experimentally after the system is built. There is a trade-off between move quality and speed/depth of the search.

16.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

evaluatePosition(string):

- output: String containing 3 possible moves, calculated by a chess engine from the FEN input string
- exception: none

16.4.5 Local Functions

N/A

References

- Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, and Dino Mandrioli. *Fundamentals of Software Engineering*. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA, 2nd edition, 2003.
- Daniel M. Hoffman and Paul A. Strooper. *Software Design, Automated Testing, and Maintenance: A Practical Approach*. International Thomson Computer Press, New York, NY, USA, 1995. URL <http://citeseer.ist.psu.edu/428727.html>.

17 Appendix

[Extra information if required —SS]