# Module Interface Specification for Chess Connect

Chess Connect

January 18, 2023

# 1 Revision History

## Table of Revisions

Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
	Jonathan Cels, Rupinder Nagra Jonathan Cels, Rupinder Nagra	Web Application Modules Finalized Web Application Modules

# 2 Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms

symbol	description
M	Module
MIS	Module Interface Specification
R	Requirement
FEN	Forsyth-Edwards Notation

## Contents

1	Revision History	i
Ta	able of Revisions	i
2	Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms	ii
3	Introduction	1
4	Notation	1
<b>5</b>	Module Decomposition	1
6	MIS of Web Application Input Module	3
	6.1 Module . 6.2 Uses . 6.3 Syntax . 6.3.1 Exported Constants . 6.3.2 Exported Access Programs . 6.4 Semantics . 6.4.1 State Variables . 6.4.2 Environment Variables . 6.4.3 Assumptions . 6.4.4 Access Routine Semantics . 6.4.5 Local Functions .	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4
7	MIS of Display Module         7.1 Module          7.2 Uses          7.3 Syntax          7.3.1 Exported Constants          7.3.2 Exported Access Programs          7.4 Semantics          7.4.1 State Variables          7.4.2 Environment Variables	<b>5</b> 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	7.4.3 Assumptions	5 5 6
8	MIS of Web Application Output Module  8.1 Module	7 7 7 7

		8.3.1	Exported Constants	7
		8.3.2	Exported Access Programs	7
	8.4	Seman	tics	7
		8.4.1	State Variables	7
		8.4.2	Environment Variables	7
		8.4.3	Assumptions	7
		8.4.4	Access Routine Semantics	7
		8.4.5	Local Functions	7
9	MIC	S of Ha	ser Mode Module	8
9	9.1		ee.	8
	9.1			
				3
	9.3	·	Constant Constants	8
		9.3.1	Exported Constants	8
	0.4	9.3.2	Exported Access Programs	8
	9.4		tics	8
		9.4.1	State Variables	8
		9.4.2	Environment Variables	8
		9.4.3	Assumptions	8
		9.4.4	Access Routine Semantics	8
		9.4.5	Local Functions	Ć
<b>10</b>	MIS	of Bo	pard Module	10
	10.1	Modul	e	10
	10.2	Uses		10
				1(
				10
			•	10
	10.4			10
				10
				10
				10
			*	11
				11
11		10.4.5 <b>of W</b> o	Local Functions	11 12
11	11.1	10.4.5 <b>S of W</b> odul	Local Functions	11 12 12
11	11.1	10.4.5 <b>S of W</b> odul	Local Functions	11 12 12
11	11.1 11.2	10.4.5  S of Wo Modul Uses Syntax	Local Functions	11 12 12
11	11.1 11.2	10.4.5  S of Wo Modul Uses Syntax	Local Functions	11 12 12
11	11.1 11.2	10.4.5 S of Wo Modul Uses Syntax 11.3.1	Local Functions	11 12 12 12
11	11.1 11.2 11.3	10.4.5 S of We Modul Uses Syntax 11.3.1 11.3.2	Local Functions  eb Application Game State Module e	11 12 12 12 12

11.4.2 Environment Variables	12
11.4.3 Assumptions	12
11.4.4 Access Routine Semantics	12
11.4.5 Local Functions	13
12 MIS of Engine Module	<b>1</b> 4
12.1 Module	14
12.2 Uses	14
12.3 Syntax	14
12.3.1 Exported Constants	
12.3.2 Exported Access Programs	
12.4 Semantics	
12.4.1 State Variables	
12.4.2 Environment Variables	
12.4.3 Assumptions	
12.4.4 Access Routine Semantics	
12.4.5 Local Functions	
13 Appendix	17

## 3 Introduction

The following document details the Module Interface Specifications for [Fill in your project name and description—SS]

Complementary documents include the System Requirement Specifications and Module Guide. The full documentation and implementation can be found at .... [provide the url for your repo —SS]

## 4 Notation

[You should describe your notation. You can use what is below as a starting point. —SS]

The structure of the MIS for modules comes from Hoffman and Strooper (1995), with the addition that template modules have been adapted from Ghezzi et al. (2003). The mathematical notation comes from Chapter 3 of Hoffman and Strooper (1995). For instance, the symbol := is used for a multiple assignment statement and conditional rules follow the form  $(c_1 \Rightarrow r_1 | c_2 \Rightarrow r_2 | ... | c_n \Rightarrow r_n)$ .

The following table summarizes the primitive data types used by Chess Connect.

Data Type	Notation	Description
character	char	a single symbol or digit
integer	$\mathbb{Z}$	a number without a fractional component in $(-\infty, \infty)$
natural number	N	a number without a fractional component in $[1, \infty)$
real	$\mathbb{R}$	any number in $(-\infty, \infty)$

The specification of Chess Connect uses some derived data types: sequences, strings, and tuples. Sequences are lists filled with elements of the same data type. Strings are sequences of characters. Tuples contain a list of values, potentially of different types. In addition, Chess Connect uses functions, which are defined by the data types of their inputs and outputs. Local functions are described by giving their type signature followed by their specification.

## 5 Module Decomposition

The following table is taken directly from the Module Guide document for this project.

Level 1	Level 2	
Hardware-Hiding		
	Input Parameters	
	Output Format	
	Output Verification	
Behaviour-Hiding	Temperature ODEs	
	Energy Equations	
	Control Module	
	Specification Parameters Module	
	Sequence Data Structure	
Software Decision	ODE Solver	
	Plotting	

Table 2: Module Hierarchy

## 6 MIS of Web Application Input Module

#### 6.1 Module

Web Application Input

#### 6.2 Uses

Board Module User Mode Module

## 6.3 Syntax

#### 6.3.1 Exported Constants

#### 6.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
parseInput	string	seq of string	invalidInput

#### 6.4 Semantics

#### 6.4.1 State Variables

**inputString:** string #String containing FEN string, user mode, game termination state, and delimiting characters

#### 6.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

#### 6.4.3 Assumptions

N/A

#### 6.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

parseInput():

- output: sequence of strings. The first is the FEN string, the second is the user mode, the third is the game termination state.
- exception: invalidInput if any of validFen, validUserMode, or validGameTermination return false.

## 6.4.5 Local Functions

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
validFen	string	boolean	
validUserMode	string	boolean	
validGameTermination	string	boolean	

## 7 MIS of Display Module

## 7.1 Module

Display

#### 7.2 Uses

Board Module

## 7.3 Syntax

### 7.3.1 Exported Constants

### 7.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
drawSquare	string		
drawBoard	seq of (seq of int)		
displayGameTermination	int		
setBackground	string		

#### 7.4 Semantics

#### 7.4.1 State Variables

N/A

#### 7.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

## 7.4.3 Assumptions

N/A

#### 7.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

drawSquare():

• output: Draw board square

• exception: none

drawBoard():

- transition: Uses drawSquare to display the game board
- exception: none

### displayGameTermination():

- transition: Displays game termination state (checkmate, stalemate, etc.)
- exception: none

### setBackground():

- transition: Sets the background colors of the display.
- exception: none

#### 7.4.5 Local Functions

## 8 MIS of Web Application Output Module

## 8.1 Module

Web Application Output

#### 8.2 Uses

Engine Module Game State Module

## 8.3 Syntax

#### 8.3.1 Exported Constants

#### 8.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
sendData	string	string	

#### 8.4 Semantics

#### 8.4.1 State Variables

N/A

#### 8.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

#### 8.4.3 Assumptions

N/A

#### 8.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

sendData(string):

- $\bullet$  output: string #Encodes game state (none, check, checkmate, stalemate), and 3 engine-generated moves
- exception: none

#### 8.4.5 Local Functions

## 9 MIS of User Mode Module

### 9.1 Module

User Mode

#### 9.2 Uses

Engine Module

## 9.3 Syntax

#### 9.3.1 Exported Constants

### 9.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
getUserMode		string	
setUserMode	string		

### 9.4 Semantics

#### 9.4.1 State Variables

userMode: string #Represents the current user mode (Normal, Beginner, Engine)

#### 9.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

#### 9.4.3 Assumptions

N/A

#### 9.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

getMode():

• output: string

output := userMode

 $\bullet$  exception: none

setMode(string):

 $\bullet$  transition: Sets user Mode to the input user mode

userMode := input

• exception: none

## 9.4.5 Local Functions

### 10 MIS of Board Module

#### 10.1 Module

Board

#### 10.2 Uses

Engine Module Game State Module

## 10.3 Syntax

#### 10.3.1 Exported Constants

#### 10.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
initialize			
getXYPosition	int	tuple of int	invalidIndex
getPosition	int	tuple of int	
getFenString		string	
setFenString	string		

#### 10.4 Semantics

#### 10.4.1 State Variables

fenString: string #Stores FEN string of current game position

#### 10.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

#### 10.4.3 Assumptions

initialize is called before any other access routine.

#### 10.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

initialize():

• transition: #Initializes fenString to the starting chess board position

$$fenString := startFEN$$

• exception: none

getXYPosition(int: squareInd):

• output: #X and Y number coordinate for an input square number. Eg. getXYPosition(14) returns (0, 6).

out := (squareInd // boardDimension, squareInd % boardDimension)

• exception: none

getPosition(int: squareInd):

• output: #letter and number coordinate for an input square number. Eg. getPosition(14) returns 'g7'.

$$out := `letters[squareInd \% \ boardDimension]' + `boardDimension - (squareInd // boardDimension)'$$

• exception: none

getFenString():

• output:

$$out := fenString$$

• exception: none

setFenString(string: fen):

• transition:

$$fenString := fen$$

• exception: none

#### 10.4.5 Local Functions

## 11 MIS of Web Application Game State Module

## 11.1 Module

Web Application Game State

#### 11.2 Uses

N/A

## 11.3 Syntax

#### 11.3.1 Exported Constants

### 11.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
isCheck	string	boolean	
isCheckmate	string	boolean	
isStalemate	string	boolean	

#### 11.4 Semantics

#### 11.4.1 State Variables

N/A

#### 11.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

#### 11.4.3 Assumptions

N/A

#### 11.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

isCheck():

- output: True if the position is 'check', false otherwise
- exception: none

isCheckmate():

• output: True if the position is 'checkmate', false otherwise

• exception: none

## is Stale mate ():

• output: True if the position is 'stalemate', false otherwise

• exception: none

## 11.4.5 Local Functions

## 12 MIS of Engine Module

#### 12.1 Module

Engine

#### 12.2 Uses

N/A

### 12.3 Syntax

### 12.3.1 Exported Constants

#define depth #How many layers of depth the chess engine should use to evaluate the position #define maxSearchTime #The maximum time the chess engine should take to evaluate the position

#### 12.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
evaluatePosition	string	string	

#### 12.4 Semantics

#### 12.4.1 State Variables

N/A

#### 12.4.2 Environment Variables

N/A

#### 12.4.3 Assumptions

The depth and maxSearchTime values will determined experimentally after the system is built. There is a trade-off between move quality and speed/depth of the search.

#### 12.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

evaluatePosition(string):

- output: String containing 3 possible moves, calculated by a chess engine from the FEN input string
- exception: none

## 12.4.5 Local Functions

## References

- FEN. Fen (forsyth-edwards notation) chess terms. https://www.chess.com/terms/fen-chess. Accessed: 2023-01-18.
- Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, and Dino Mandrioli. Fundamentals of Software Engineering. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA, 2nd edition, 2003.
- Daniel M. Hoffman and Paul A. Strooper. Software Design, Automated Testing, and Maintenance: A Practical Approach. International Thomson Computer Press, New York, NY, USA, 1995. URL http://citeseer.ist.psu.edu/428727.html.

# 13 Appendix

 $[{\bf Extra~information~if~required~-\!SS}]$