Structures

"to get a deeper understanding of the language"



Deep C - a 3 day course Jon Jagger & Olve Maudal

typedef

aids portability and expresses intention

```
void eg(void)
{
    struct wibble buffer[4096];
    unsigned int count = sizeof(buffer);
}

#include (stddof b)
```

typedef c11

- c99 does not allow duplicate typedefs
- cll does

```
typedef struct date date;
typedef struct date date;

typedef struct date date;
typedef struct date date;

gcc: -std=cII
clang: -std=cII
```

struct typedef

- a struct's tagname and its typedef name are the same type
- giving them different names is misleading

date.h struct date_tag { int year; int month; int day; }; typedef struct date_tag date;

```
#include "date.h"

void delay(struct date_tag deadline);
#include "date.h"

void delay(date deadline);

requivalent!

void delay(date deadline);
```

struct typedef

• a struct/enum/union's tagname and its typedef name* should be the <u>same</u>

```
date.h

struct date
{
    int year;
    int month;
    int day;
};

typedef struct date date;
```

```
#include "date.h"

void delay(struct date deadline);

#include "date.h"

void delay(date deadline);
```

initialization

- structs support a convenient { aggregate } initialisation
- allows const struct variables
- missing fields are default initialised
- not permitted for assignment
- list cannot be empty

representation dependency

- initialization in member order is a representation dependency :-(
- makes the representation harder to change

```
struct date
                                  struct date
    int year;
                            refacto<mark>r?</mark>
    int month;
                                      int year;
    int day;
};
               struct date deadline =
                   2015,
                   may,
```

dot designators c99

- structs support designator identifiers
- allows struct data members to be changed
- missing members are still default initialised

```
struct date
                              struct date
    int year;
                         refactor
    int month;
    int day;
};
             struct date deadline =
                 .year = 2015,
       refactor .month = may,
```

compound literals

- aggregate initialization list can be "cast"
- "cast" type becomes type of expression
- assignment works with the "cast" :-)

```
works for plain initialiser lists
```

```
deadline = (struct date){ 2015, may, 1 };
```

works for dot designators

```
deadline =
   (struct date){    .year = 2015,    .month = may,    .day = 1 };
```

allows creation of anonymous objects

```
void f(struct date when);
f((struct date){ .year = 2015, .month = may, .day = 1 });
```

compound literals (c99

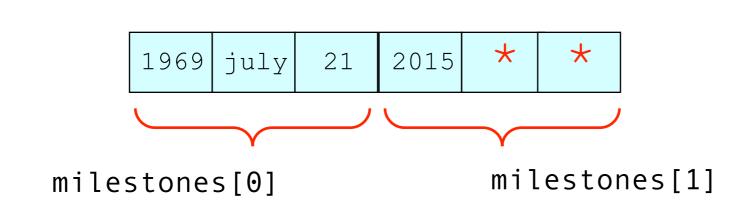
- you can even take the address of an anonymous object.
- the anonymous object pointed to...
 - has automatic storage class
 - is scoped to the enclosing block

arrays and structs

• [int] and .identifier designators can be combined

array of structs

```
struct date milestones[] =
{
    [0] = { .day = 21, .month = july. month = 1969 },
    [1].year = 2015
};
```

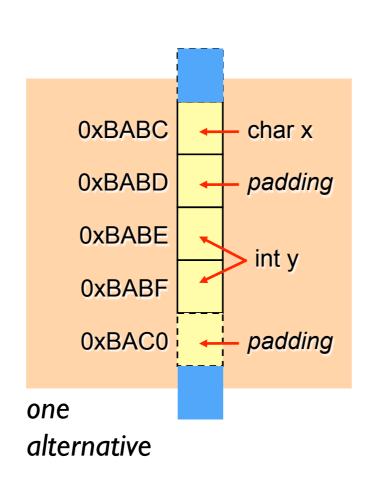


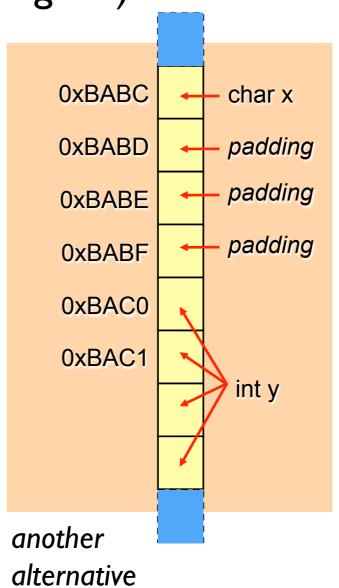
★ default value = 0

struct alignment-padding

- types can have alignment restrictions
- first struct member determines struct's alignment
- padding can be added between struct members
- padding can be added after the last struct member (to ensure following struct in an array is aligned)

```
struct point
{
    char x;
    int y;
};
```





struct =

- struct assignment might perform a simple bitwise copy
- struct assignment might not copy padding bytes

```
void some_func(const struct date * deadline)
{
    struct date delayed;
    memcpy(&delayed, deadline, sizeof delayed);
    ...
}
```

```
void some_func(const struct date * deadline)
{
    struct date delayed = *deadline;
    ...
}
```



struct ==

- structs do <u>not</u> support == or != operators
- using memcmp is <u>flawed</u> because of padding!
- only safe approach is to compare each member

```
struct date now = { ... };
struct date due = { ... };
if (now == due) 🗶 compile time error
if (memcmp(&now, &due, sizeof now) == 0)
bool date equal(const struct date * lhs,
                const struct date * rhs)
  return lhs->year == rhs->year &&
         lhs->month == rhs->month &&
         lhs->day == rhs->day;
```

struct hack c99

- last member may be an incomplete array type
- can't be the only member of the struct
- as if size of array is zero?!

```
struct small_message var;
assert(sizeof var == 1);
assert(sizeof(struct small_message) == 1);
struct small_message array[42];
assert(sizeof array == 42);
assert(sizeof(struct small_message[42]) == 42);
```

struct hack

- allows struct type to overlay memory
- as if variable-length array was last member

```
int main(void)
    char buffer[] =
        5, 'h','e','l','l','o',
        2, ',',',',
5, 'w','o','r','l','d',
        1, '\n',
        0. '\0'
    };
    const struct small_message * msg;
    int n = 0;
    do {
        msg = (const struct small_message *)&buffer[n++];
        n += printf("%.*s", msg->size, msg->letters);
    } while (msg->size != 0);
```

summary

- typedef
 - help portability and express intent
 - make tagname and typedef name the same
- structs
 - the most common user defined type
 - dot designators break representation dependency (c99)
 - support = assignment (even in c89)
 - do not support == equality (beware padding)
 - typically pad between members
 - rich compound literal syntax (c99)
 - empty last array 'hack' (c99)

_Alignas



- a new declaration alignment-specifier
- _Alignas(type-name)
- Alignas(constant-expression)
- #include <stdalign.h> provides alignas macro
- #include <stddef.h> provides max_align_t
- #include <stdlib.h> provides aligned_alloc()

```
char buffer[sizeof(date)];
date * ptr = (date*)buffer;

#include <stdalign.h>
alignas(date) char buffer[sizeof(date)];
date * ptr = (date*)buffer;

#include <stdalign.h>
#include <stddef.h>

alignas(max_align_t) char buffer[sizeof(date)];
date * ptr = (date*)buffer;
```

_Alignof



- Alignof(type-name) is the size_t alignment of type-name
- valid alignment values are always integral powers of 2
- char has the weakest alignment requirement
- #include <stdalign.h> provides alignof macro

```
#include <stdalign.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
    printf("%zu\n", alignof(char));
    printf("%zu\n", alignof(short));
    printf("%zu\n", alignof(int));
    printf("%zu\n", alignof(long));
    printf("%zu\n", alignof(void*));
    printf("%zu\n", alignof(float));
    printf("%zu\n", alignof(double));
    printf("%zu\n", alignof(max_align_t));
                                                 eg
```