Tools

"to get a deeper understanding of the language"



Deep C - a 3 day course Jon Jagger & Olve Maudal

A glimpse into tools often used when developing C

Exercise: Deep thought, Part I

dt.c dt.h

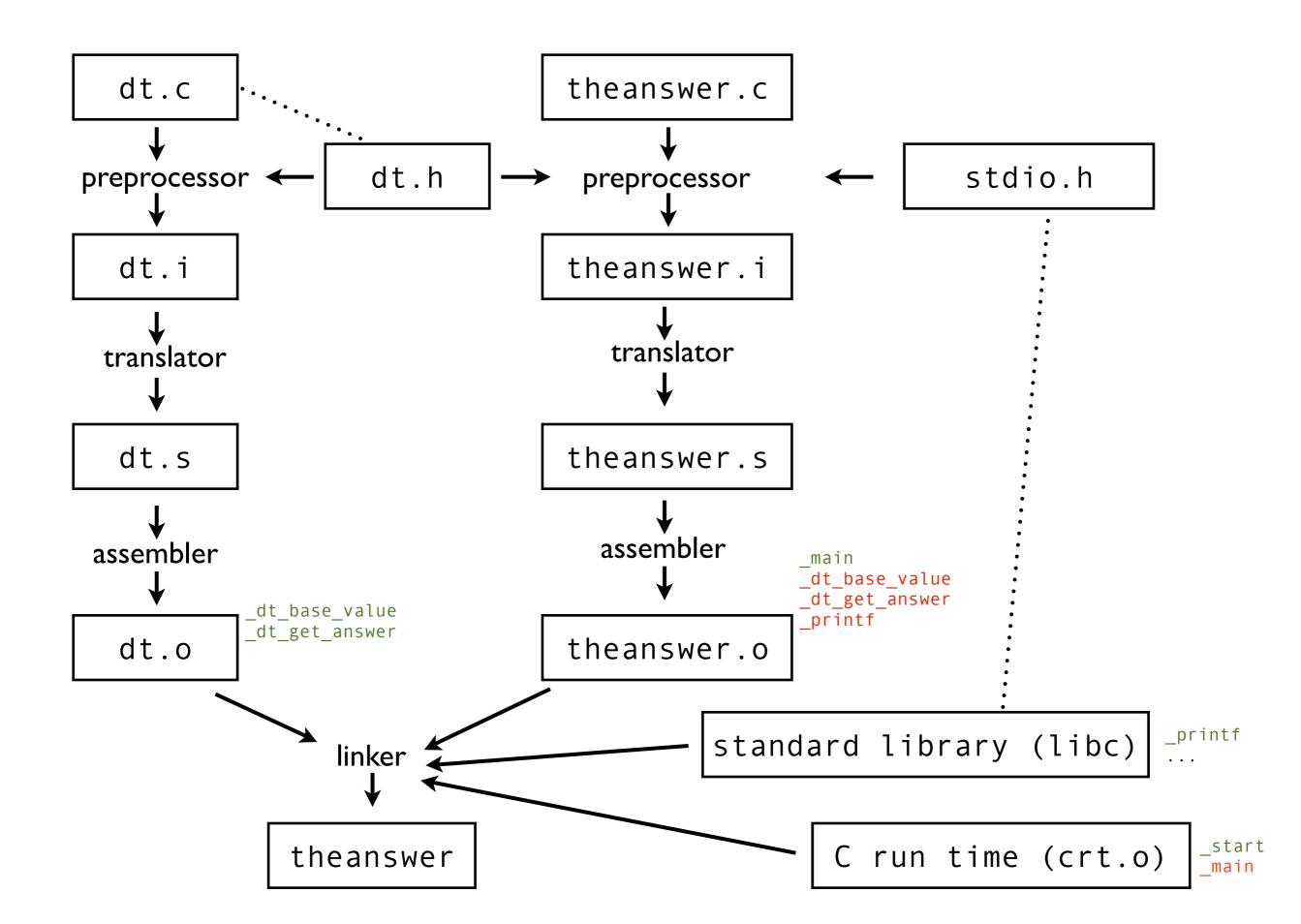
```
#include "dt.h"
int dt_base_value;
#define MULTIPLIER 7
static int dt_answer;

static void run_computer(void)
{
    dt_answer = dt_base_value * MULTIPLIER;
}
int dt_get_answer(void)
{
    run_computer();
    return dt_answer;
}
```

```
extern int dt_base_value;
int dt_get_answer(void);
```

theanswer.c

```
$ cc -c dt.c
$ cc -c theanswer.c
$ cc -o theanswer theanswer.o dt.o
$ ./theanswer
The answer is 42
$
```



Exercise: Deep thought, Part 2

```
dt.h
#include "dt.h"
                                                   void dt_init(void);
                                                   int dt_compute_answer(void):
int dt base value:
static int dt_answer;
static void run_computer(int multiplier)
   dt_answer = dt_base_value * multiplier;
                                                                                theanswer.c
                                                   #include <stdio.h>
void dt init(void)
                                                   #include "dt.h"
   dt_base_value = 6:
                                                   int main(void)
                                                       dt init();
int dt_compute_answer(void)
                                                       int answer = dt_compute_answer():
                                                       printf("The answer is %d\n",
    run_computer(7):
                                                              answer):
   return dt_answer:
```

```
cc -E dt.c >dt.i
cat dt.i
cc -S dt.i
cat dt.s
cc -c dt.s
nm dt.o
cc -c -save-temps theanswer.c
ls theanswer.*
  theanswer.o
ld -lc -o theanswer dt.o theanswer.o /usr/lib/crt1.o
./theanswer
e answer is 42
```

Exercise: Deep thought, Part 3

```
dt.h
                                            dt.c
#include "dt.h"
                                                   void dt init(void):
                                                   int dt_compute_answer(void);
int dt base value:
static int dt_answer:
static void run_computer(int multiplier)
    dt answer = dt base value * multiplier:
                                                                                theanswer.c
                                                   #include <stdio.h>
void dt_init(void)
                                                   #include "dt.h"
    dt_base_value = 6:
                                                   int main(void)
                                                       dt init();
int dt_compute_answer(void)
                                                       int answer = dt_compute_answer():
                                                       printf("The answer is %d\n",
    run computer(7);
                                                              answer):
   return dt_answer:
```

```
$ cc -g -o theanswer dt.c theanswer.c
$ gdb theanswer
(gdb) run
(gdb) break run_computer
(gdb) run
(gdb) set dt_base_value = 8
(gdb) cont
(gdb) disassemble run_computer
(gdb) set disassembly-flavor intel
(gdb) disassemble run_computer
(gdb) help
(gdb) quit
```

Summary

- hello world!
- behaviour
- vocabulary of the language
- preprocessor, translator, assembler, linker
- standard library and C run-time

include test seam

- [-iquote folder] adds a new #include "..." folder
- [-isystem folder] adds a new #include "..."/<...> folder

```
CFLAGS += -iquote ./local seam
                                             makefile
     CFLAGS += -isystem ./system seam
     target: ...
         @gcc -v $(CFLAGS) ... -o $@
               verbose
#include "..." search starts here:
./local seam
#include <...> search starts here:
 ./system seam
 /usr/lib/gcc/x86 64-linux-gnu/4.8/include
 /usr/local/include
 /usr/lib/gcc/x86 64-linux-gnu/4.8/include-fixed
 /usr/include/x86 64-linux-gnu
 /usr/include
End of search list.
```

fake function test seam

• the linker only tries to link <u>unresolved</u> identifiers

message.c

```
#include "message.h"
#include <netdb.h> // getaddrinfo()
int send_message(const char * msg, size_t size)
    int rv;
    struct addrinfo hints =
        .ai family = AF UNSPEC,
        .ai socktype = SOCK STREAM,
        .ai_flags = AI PASSIVE
    };
    const char * port = "3490";
    struct addrinfo * serv info;
  → rv = getaddrinfo(NULL, port, &hints, &serv_info); 		— suppose | want to test
    if (rv != 0)
        fputs("getaddrinfo: ", stderr);
        fputs(gai_strerror(rv), stderr);
        fputc('\n', stderr);
        return EXIT_FAILURE;
```

a scenario where getaddrinfo() fails

fake function test seam

• a test can #include the source and contain selected fake functions

```
message.c
int send_message(const char * msg, size_t size)
    rv = getaddrinfo(NULL, port, &hints, &serv_info);
test_send_message/getaddrinfo_failure_prints_gai_diagnostic_to_stderr.c
#include "message.c"
int getaddrinfo(const char * host_name, const char * server_name,
                const struct addrinfo * hints, struct addrinfo ** result)
    return 42;
```

int main(void)

assert(...); assert(...);

const char message[] ="Hello, world";

assert(rv == EXIT FAILURE);

int rv = send_message(message, sizeof message);

fake function test seam

• the excellent FFF* uses this approach

test_send_message/getaddrinfo_failure_prints_gai_diagnostic_to_stderr.c

```
#include "message.c"
#include "fff.h"
FAKE_VALUE_FUNC(int, getaddrinfo, const char *, const char *,
                const struct addrinfo *, struct addrinfo **)
FAKE_VALUE_FUNC(int, fputs, const char *, FILE *)
int main(void)
    getaddrinfo fake.return val = EAI AGAIN;
    const char message[] ="Hello, world";
    int rv = send message(message, sizeof message);
    assert(rv == EXIT FAILURE);
    assert(getaddrinfo fake.call count == 1);
    assert(fputs_fake.call_count == 2);
    assert(strcmp("getaddrinfo: ", fputs_fake.arg0_history[0]) == 0);
    assert(fputs fake.arg1 history[0] == stderr);
    assert(strcmp(gai_strerror(getaddrinfo_fake.return_val),
                  fputs fake.arg0 history[1]) == 0);
    assert(fputs_fake.arg1_history[1] == stderr);
```

^{*}Fake Function Framework: https://github.com/meekrosoft/fff

link time test seam

- use -WI,--wrap=func to redirect func to __wrap_func
- only works across translation units

```
makefile
@gcc -Wl,--wrap=getaddrinfo ... -o $@
```

test_send_message/getaddrinfo_failure_prints_gai_diagnostic_to_stderr.c

link time test seam

- add fake earlier in object/lib list
- only works across translation units...???

run time test seam

TODO: profiling