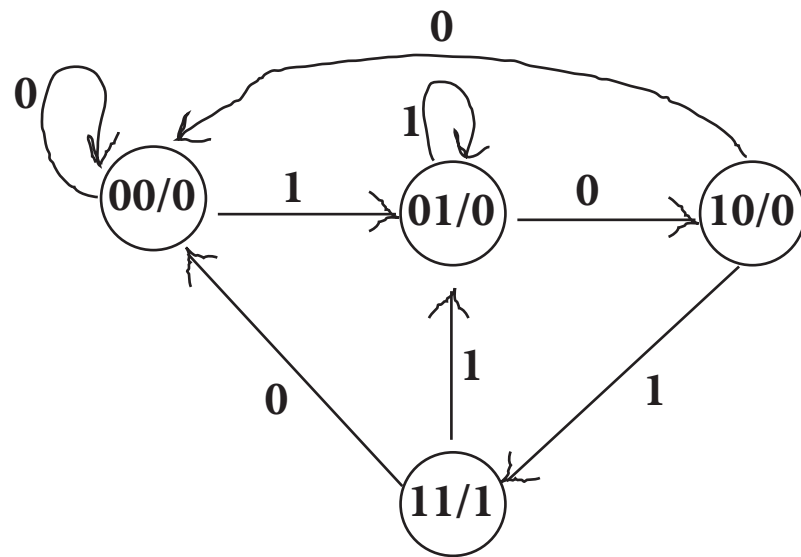


## Problem 5.8

**Design a Moore sequence recognizer that detects the nonoverlapping sequence “101.” Use binary encoded state labels and design and draw the circuit schematic similar to the one shown in Fig. 5.16.**

# Moore FSM



# State Table

$q_1 q_0$	$x = 0$ $q_1 q_0$	$x = 1$ $q_1 q_0$	$z$
00	00	01	0
01	10	01	0
10	00	11	0
11	00	01	1

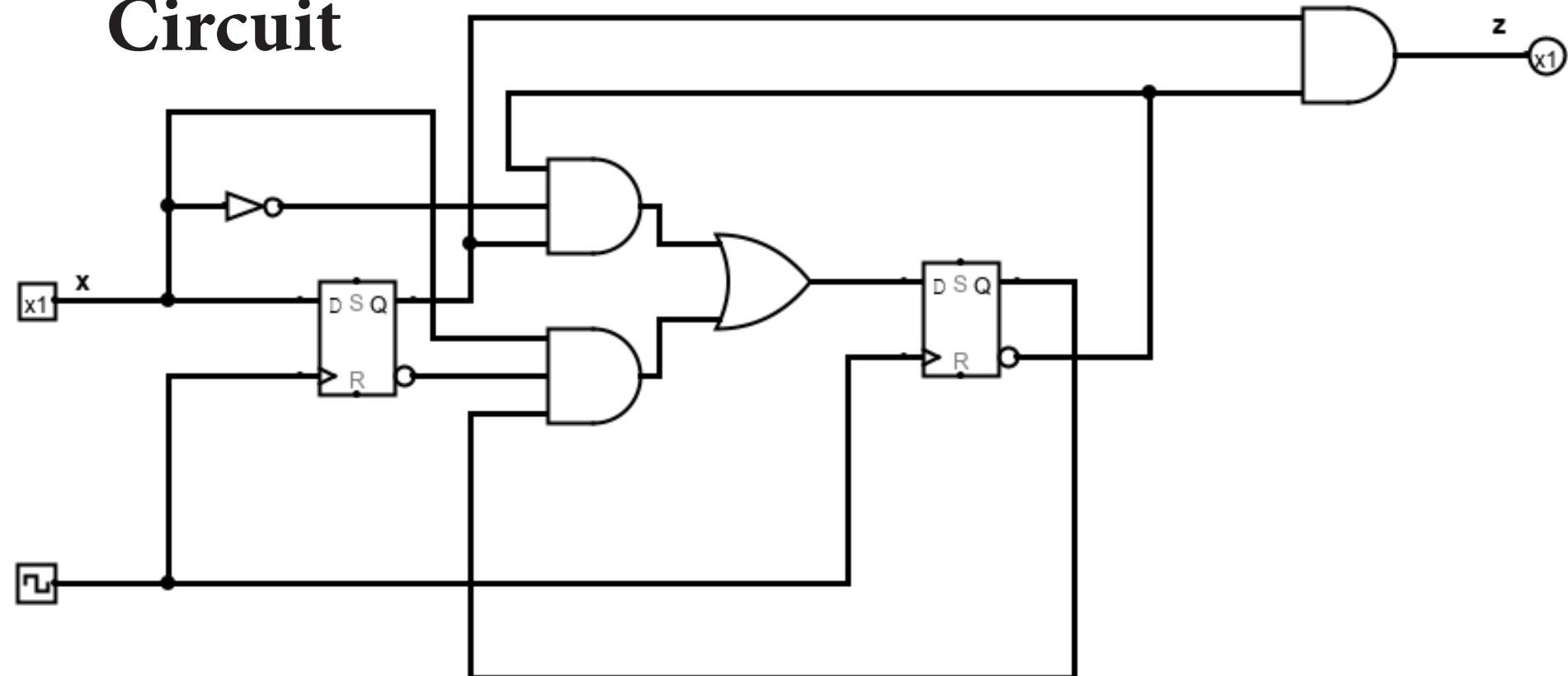
		$d_1$			
		$q_1 q_0$			
$x$		00	01	11	10
0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	1

$$\mathbf{d}_1 = \mathbf{q}_1' \mathbf{q}_0 \mathbf{x}' + \mathbf{q}_1 \mathbf{q}_0' \mathbf{x}$$

		$\mathbf{d}_0$			
		$\mathbf{q}_1\mathbf{q}_0$			
$\mathbf{x}$		<b>00</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>0</b>		0	1	0	0
<b>1</b>		1	1	1	1

$$\mathbf{d}_0 = \mathbf{x}$$

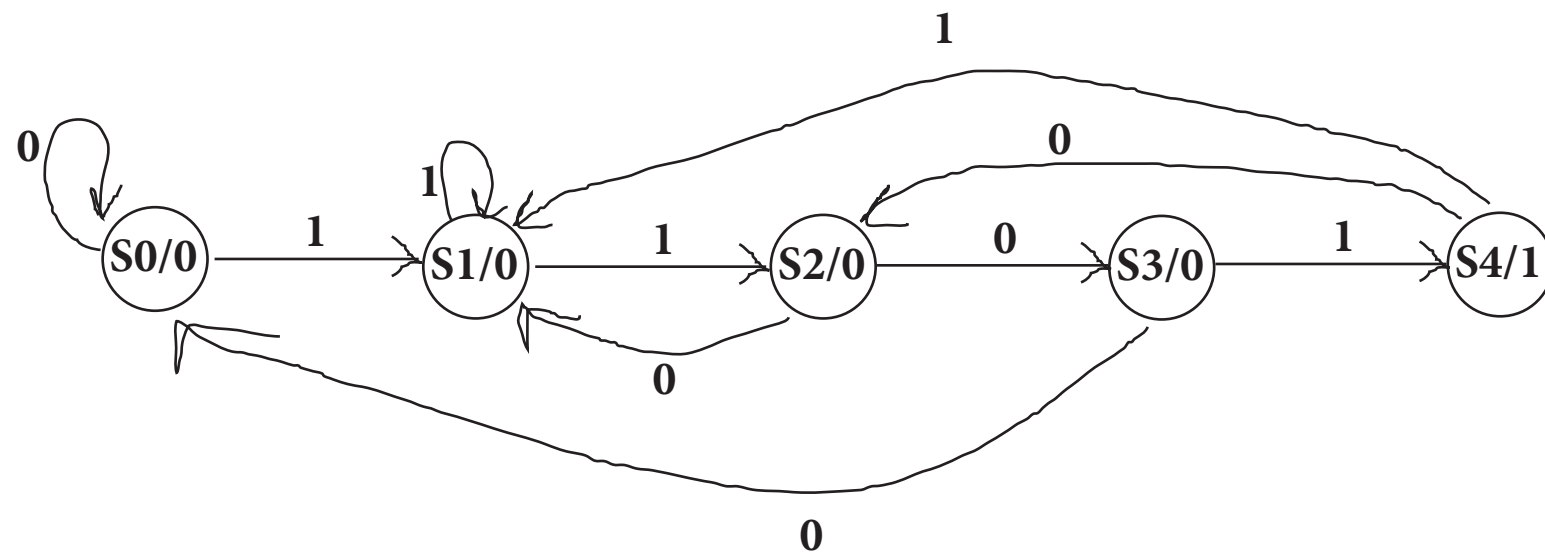
# Circuit



## Problem 5.10

Design a Moore sequence recognizer that detects the overlapping sequence “1001.” Use binary encoded state labels.

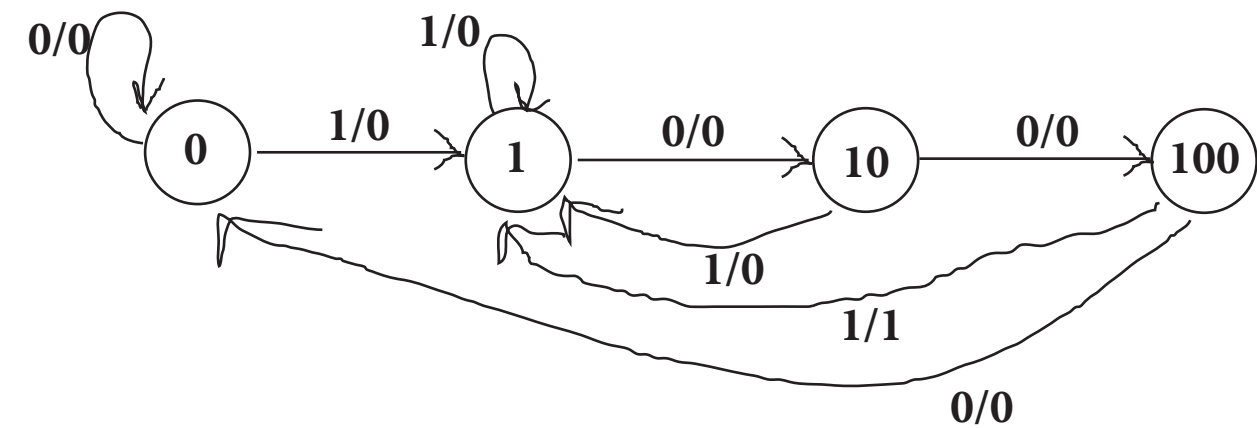
### Moore FSM



## Problem 5.10

5.11. Design a Mealy sequence recognizer that detects the overlapping sequence “1001.” Use binary encoded state labels.

### Mealy FSM



Problem 5.17, p 1

Present State Q <sub>D</sub> Q <sub>C</sub> Q <sub>B</sub> Q <sub>A</sub>	Next State Q <sub>D</sub> Q <sub>C</sub> Q <sub>B</sub> Q <sub>A</sub>	T <sub>D</sub> T <sub>C</sub> T <sub>B</sub> T <sub>A</sub>
0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1
0 0 0 1	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 1
0 0 1 0	0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1
0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 1
0 1 0 0	0 1 0 1	0 1 1 1
0 1 0 1	0 1 1 0	0 0 0 1
0 1 1 0	0 1 1 1	0 0 1 1
0 1 1 1	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 1
1 0 0 0	1 0 0 1	1 1 1 1
1 0 0 1	1 0 1 0	0 0 0 1
1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1
1 0 1 1	x x x x	1 0 1 0

Problem 5.17, p 2

$Q_D Q_C \backslash Q_B Q_A$	00	01	11	10
00	0	0	0	0
01	0	0	1	0
11	x	x	x	x
10	0	0	x	1

$Q_D Q_C \backslash Q_B Q_A$	00	01	11	10
00	0	1	1	0
01	0	1	1	0
11	x	x	x	x
10	0	1	x	1

$Q_D Q_C \backslash Q_B Q_A$	00	01	11	10
00	0	0	1	0
01	0	0	1	0
11	x	x	x	x
10	0	0	x	0

$Q_D Q_C \backslash Q_B Q_A$	00	01	11	10
00	1	1	1	1
01	1	1	1	1
11	x	x	x	x
10	1	1	x	0

# Problem 5.17, p 3

