### **Department of Agriculture**

- (a) Must correct the information within three business days if he or she subsequently learns that any of the information is erroneous.
- (b) Must correct in the designated integrity and performance system, within three business days, the ending date of the period during which the agreement is in effect, if the agreement is amended to extend that period.
- (c) Must report to the designated integrity and performance system, within three business days, any other modification to the administrative agreement.
- (d) Is strongly encouraged to amend the information in the designated integrity and performance system in a timely way to incorporate any update that he or she obtains that could be helpful to Federal awarding agencies who must use the system.

#### Subpart G—Suspension

# §417.755 When will I know whether the USDA suspension is continued or terminated?

The suspending official must make a written decision whether to continue, modify, or terminate your suspension within 45 days of closing the official record. The official record closes upon the suspending official's receipt of final submissions, information and findings of fact, if any. The suspending official may extend that period for good cause. However, the record will remain open for the full 30 days, as called for in § 180.725, even when you make a submission before the 30 days expire.

## Subpart H—Debarment

# §417.800 What are the USDA causes for debarment?

- A Federal agency may debar a person for—
- (a) Conviction of or civil judgment for—  $\,$
- (1) Commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public or private agreement or transaction;
- (2) Violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes, including those proscribing price fixing between competi-

- tors, allocation of customers between competitors, and bid rigging;
- (3) Commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, receiving stolen property, making false claims, or obstruction of justice: or
- (4) Commission of any other offense indicating a lack of business integrity or business honesty that seriously and directly affects your present responsibility:
- (b) Violation of the terms of a public agreement or transaction so serious as to affect the integrity of an agency program, such as—
- (1) A willful failure to perform in accordance with the terms of one or more public agreements or transactions;
- (2) A history of failure to perform or of unsatisfactory performance of one or more public agreements or transactions; or
- (3) A willful violation of a statutory or regulatory provision or requirement applicable to a public agreement or transaction:
  - (c) Any of the following causes:
- (1) A nonprocurement debarment by any Federal agency taken before March 1, 1989, or a procurement debarment by any Federal agency taken pursuant to 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, before August 25, 1995;
- (2) Knowingly doing business with an ineligible person, except as permitted under § 180.135;
- (3) Failure to pay a single substantial debt, or a number of outstanding debts (including disallowed costs and overpayments, but not including sums owed the Federal Government under the Internal Revenue Code) owed to any Federal agency or instrumentality, provided the debt is uncontested by the debtor or, if contested, provided that the debtor's legal and administrative remedies have been exhausted;
- (4) Violation of a material provision of a voluntary exclusion agreement entered into under §180.640 or of any settlement of a debarment or suspension action; or
- (5) Violation of the provisions of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 (41 U.S.C. 701); or