OMB Guidance

2. Billed Services Provided by the Recipient Agency

In some cases, governmental departments or agencies (components of the governmental unit) provide and bill for services similar to those covered by central service cost allocation plans (e.g., computer centers). Where this occurs, the governmental departments or agencies (components of the governmental unit)should be guided by the requirements in Appendix V relating to the development of billing rates and documentation requirements, and should advise the cognizant agency for indirect costs of any billed services. Reviews of these types of services (including reviews of costing/billing methodology, profits or losses, etc.) will be made on a case-by-case basis as warranted by the circumstances involved.

3. Indirect Cost Allocations Not Using Rates

In certain situations, governmental departments or agencies (components of the governmental unit), because of the nature of their Federal awards, may be required to develop a cost allocation plan that distributes indirect (and, in some cases, direct) costs to the specific funding sources. In these cases, a narrative cost allocation methodology should be developed, documented, maintained for audit, or submitted, as appropriate, to the cognizant agency for indirect costs for review, negotiation, and approval.

4. Appeals

If a dispute arises in a negotiation of an indirect cost rate (or other rate) between the cognizant agency for indirect costs and the governmental unit, the dispute must be resolved in accordance with the appeals procedures of the cognizant agency for indirect costs.

5. Collection of Unallowable Costs and Erroneous Payments

Costs specifically identified as unallowable and charged to Federal awards either directly or indirectly will be refunded (including interest chargeable in accordance with applicable Federal cognizant agency for indirect costs regulations).

6. OMB Assistance

To the extent that problems are encountered among the Federal agencies or governmental units in connection with the negotiation and approval process, OMB will lend assistance, as required, to resolve such problems in a timely manner.

 $[78\ FR\ 78608,\ Dec.\ 26,\ 2013,\ as\ amended\ at\ 79\ FR\ 75889,\ Dec.\ 19,\ 2014;\ 85\ FR\ 49581,\ Aug.\ 13,\ 2020]$

- APPENDIX VIII TO PART 200—NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS EXEMPTED FROM SUBPART E OF PART 200
- 1. Advance Technology Institute (ATI), Charleston, South Carolina
- 2. Aerospace Corporation, El Segundo, California
- 3. American Institutes of Research (AIR), Washington, DC
- 4. Argonne National Laboratory, Chicago, Illinois
- 5. Atomic Casualty Commission, Washington, DC
- 6. Battelle Memorial Institute, Headquartered in Columbus, Ohio
- 7. Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, New York
- 8. Charles Stark Draper Laboratory, Incorporated, Cambridge, Massachusetts
- 9. CNA Corporation (CNAC), Alexandria, Virginia
- 10. Environmental Institute of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan
- Georgia Institute of Technology/Georgia Tech Applied Research Corporation/Georgia Tech Research Institute, Atlanta, Georgia
- 12. Hanford Environmental Health Foundation, Richland, Washington
- 13. IIT Research Institute, Chicago, Illinois
- 14. Institute of Gas Technology, Chicago, Illinois
- 15. Institute for Defense Analysis, Alexandria, Virginia
- 16. LMI, McLean, Virginia
- 17. Mitre Corporation, Bedford, Massachu-
- 18. Noblis, Inc., Falls Church, Virginia
- 19. National Radiological Astronomy Observatory, Green Bank, West Virginia
- 20. National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Golden, Colorado
- 21. Oak Ridge Associated Universities, Oak Ridge, Tennessee
- 22. Rand Corporation, Santa Monica, California
- 23. Research Triangle Institute, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina
- Riverside Research Institute, New York, New York
 South Carolina Research Authority
- 25. South Carolina Research Authority (SCRA), Charleston, South Carolina26. Southern Research Institute, Bir-
- mingham, Alabama 27. Southwest Research Institute, San Anto-
- nio, Texas 28. SRI International, Menlo Park, California
- 29. Syracuse Research Corporation, Syracuse, New York
- 30. Universities Research Association, Incorporated (National Acceleration Lab), Argonne, Illinois
- 31. Urban Institute, Washington DC
- 32. Nonprofit insurance companies, such as Blue Cross and Blue Shield Organizations