Numerical Analysis Project

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1 Introduction

1.1 Definition of the Spline

Definition 1 Firstly, we state the boundary condition of those cubic spline. In this project, we only implement those three cubic below.

```
natural: s''(t_1) = s''(t_N) = 0.

complete: s'(t_1) = f'(t_1), s'(t_N) = f'(t_N).

second-derivatives-at-end: s''(t_1) = f''(t_1), s''(t_N) = f''(t_N).
```

1.2 Frame of the class

1.2.1 ppForm

```
1
        ppform(vector<double> _x, vector<double> _y)
        void complete cubic(double m 1, double m N)
2
3
             construct the cubic with the boundart condition:
             s'(t \ l) = m \ l, s'(t \ n) = m \ N
4
        void specified_sec_diff(double M_1, double M_N)
 5
             construct the cubic with the boundart condition:
6
 7
             s''(t_1) = M_1, s''(t_n) = M_n
        void natural cubic(){
8
             specified sec diff(0.0, 0 0.0)
9
10
        double cubic(int i, double x)
11
        void Draw Spline with Matlab Code(int i)
12
             draw the function
13
             i is to control the name of the outputfile
14
        void Draw Error with Matlab Code(int i)
15
             i is to control the name of the outputfile
16
```

1.2.2 Bspline

```
BSpline(vector<double> x, vector<double> y, int k)
 1
         double B(int i, int n, double x)
 2
         double dB(int i, int n, double x)
 3
 4
         double d2B(int _i, int _n, double _x)
         void complete(double m 1, double m N)
 5
             construct the cubic with the boundart condition:
 6
 7
             s'(t \ l) = m \ l, s'(t \ n) = m \ N
         void specified sec diff(double M 1, double M N)
 8
 9
             construct the cubic with the boundart condition:
             s''(t 1) = M 1, s''(t n) = M n
10
        void natural_cubic(){
11
             specified sec diff(0.0, 0 0.0)
12
13
        double compute(double x)
14
             compute the function at x = x
15
        double error(double x)
16
17
             compute the error at x = x
         void Draw Spline with Matlab Code(int i)
18
             draw the function
19
             i is to control the name of the outputfile
20
         void Draw_Error_with_Matlab_Code(int i)
21
             i is to control the name of the outputfile
22
```

2 How to test

Test in Windows.

```
1 mingw32-make
```

It will produce several MATLAB programs. The MATLAB program needs to be run manually. **Remark**:

There is something run with the inherit of the Function Class. So I manually define 3 Function Class.

3 ProblemA

Firstly, we have to edit the Function.h mannualy. HOW TO RUN

```
1 ./testA.exe
2 N = 6,11,21,41,81
```

3.1 Plot Function

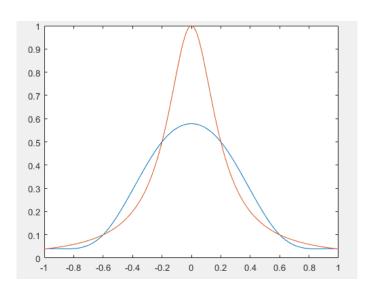


Figure 1: 6 knots

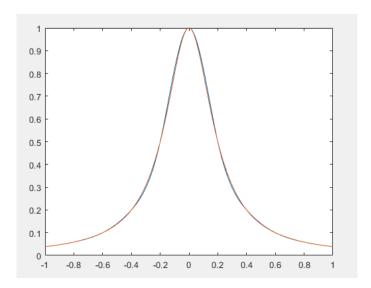


Figure 2: 11 knots

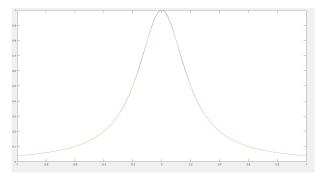


Figure 3: 21 knots

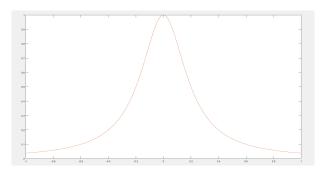


Figure 4: 41 knots

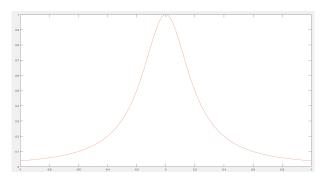


Figure 5: 81 knots

3.2 Error Analysis

N 6		11	21	41	81	
Error	0.4217	0.0205289	0.00316894	2.7536e-04	1.6090e-05	

4 ProblemB

HOW TO RUN Firstly, we have to edit the Function.h mannualy.

```
1 ./testBCD.exe
2 N=10
3 a=-5,-4.5
4 b=5.4.5
```

4.1 Plot Function

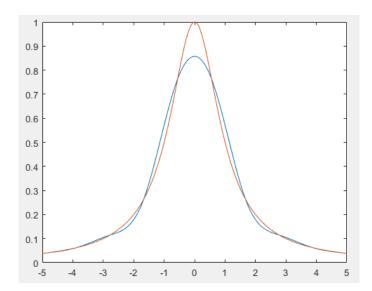


Figure 6: $t_i = -6 + i$

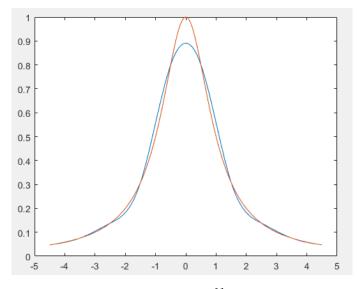


Figure 7: $t_i = -\frac{11}{2} + i$

4.2 Plot error

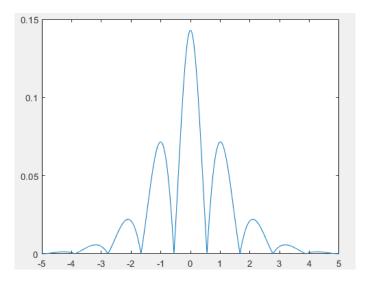


Figure 8: $t_i = -6 + i$

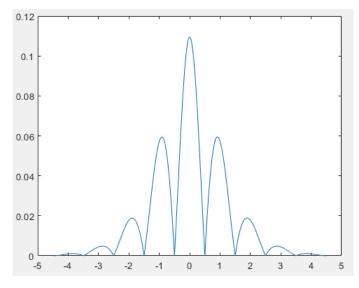


Figure 9: $t_i = -\frac{11}{2} + i$

4.3 Error Analysis

Knots	-3.5	-3	-0.5	0	0.5	3	3.5
Error	1,00389263	0.00469698	0.0181832	0.142871	0.0181832	0.00469698	0.00389263
Error	0	0.00443972	0	0.109398	0	0.00443972	0

5 ProblemE

HOW TO RUN We have to mannualy edit the function x and function y in the Function.h for Problem E.Besides, we have to edit the code regarding the form of cubic to attain both complete form and natural form

After each condition, use the command below respectively:

```
mingw32-make E
/testE.exe
N = 10,40,160
```

5.1 Complete

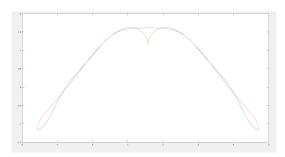


Figure 10: 10knots

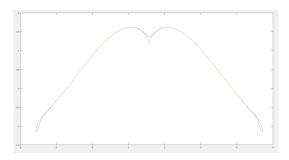


Figure 11: 40knots

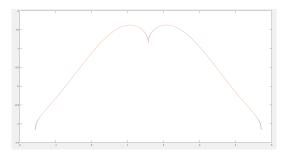


Figure 12: 160knots

5.2 Natural

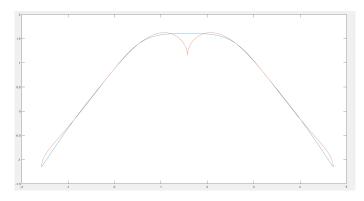


Figure 13: 10knots

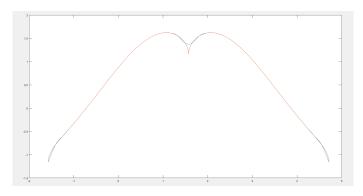


Figure 14: 40knots

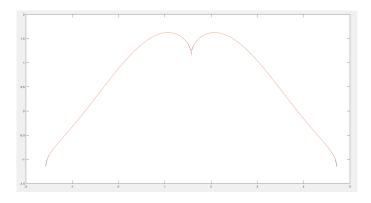


Figure 15: 160knots

Conclusion: The natural cubic is more approriate.