Precalculus Honors Reference Sheet

Jonah Morgan

June 4, 2025

$$S_{n} = \frac{n}{2}(a_{1} + a_{n})$$

$$S_{n} = \frac{n}{2}(a_{1} + a_{n})$$

$$S_{n} = \frac{a_{1}(1 - r^{n})}{1 - r}$$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{a_{1}}{1 - r}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2} = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{3} = (\frac{n}{2}(1+n))^{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} a \cdot b = ||a|| \cdot ||b|| \cdot \cos\theta$$

$$r = \sqrt{x^{2} + y^{2}}$$

$$r = \sqrt{x^{2} + y^{2}}$$

$$x = r\cos\theta$$

$$x = r\cos\theta$$

$$y = r\sin\theta$$

$$S_n = rac{a_1(1-r^n)}{1-r}$$
 $S_\infty = rac{a_1}{1-r}$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{a_1}{1 - r}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{n}{2}(1+n)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2} = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^3 = (\frac{n}{2}(1+n))^2$$

$$n o 0$$
 ... $sin(Ax)$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin(Ax)}{Ax} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos(Ax)}{Ax} = 0$$

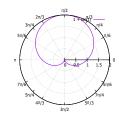
$$\frac{f(w)}{g(w)}a \cdot b = ||a|| \cdot ||b|| \cdot \cos\theta$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cdot cosC$$

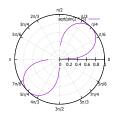
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

 $y = rsin\theta$

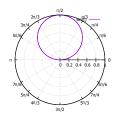
(a) Cardioid: $1 + sin\theta$



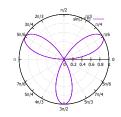
(e) Lemniscate: $\sqrt{\sin 2\theta}$



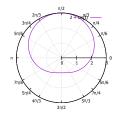
(b) Circle: $sin\theta$



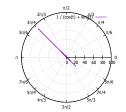
(f) Rose: $sin3\theta$



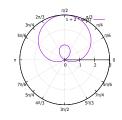
(c) Dimpled Limaçon: 2 + $sin\theta$



(g) Line: $\frac{1}{\cos\theta + \sin\theta}$



(d) Looped Limaçon: 1+2. $sin\theta$



(h) Parabola: $\frac{1}{1-\sin\theta}$

