FYS3150 oppgavesett 1

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Relevant code can be found at: https://github.com/Jonaproitz/Project_1

PROBLEM 1.

Given

$$u(x) = 1 - (1 - e^{-10})x - e^{-10x}$$
(1)

Inserting x = 0

$$u(0) = 1 - (1 - e^{-10}) \cdot 0 - e^{-10 \cdot 0} = 1 - 0 - 1 = 0$$

and x = 1

$$u(1) = 1 - (1 - e^{-10}) \cdot 1 - e^{-10 \cdot 1} = 1 - 1 + e^{-10} - e^{-10} = 0$$

furthermore the one-dimensional possion equation can be written

$$-\frac{d^2u}{dx^2} = -\frac{d^2}{dx^2}\left(1 - (1 - e^{-10})x - e^{-10x}\right) = -\frac{d}{dx}\left((1 - e^{-10}) + 10e^{-10x}\right) = 100e^{-10x} = f(x)$$

Hence equation 1 is an exact solution to our problem.

PROBLEM 2.

Se githublink

PROBLEM 3.

The one-dimensional poisson equation can be written

$$-\frac{d^2u}{dx^2} = \frac{u(x-h) + 2u(x) - u(x+h)}{h^2} + O(h^2) = f(x)$$

Discretizing x with m values and a given distance h between each distinct value then gives

$$x \to x_0, x_1, x_2, ..., x_{m-1}$$

 $u(x) \to u_0, u_1, u_2, ..., u_{m-1}$
 $f(x) \to f_0, f_1, f_2, ..., f_{m-1}$

with $u_i = v_i$, such that

$$-\frac{d^2v_i}{dx^2} = -v_{i-1} + 2v_i - v_{i+1} = f_i h^2$$

PROBLEM 4.

The set of equations from problem 3 can be written as

$$-v_0 + 2v_1 - v_2 = h^2 f_1$$

$$-v_1 + 2v_2 - v_3 = h^2 f_2$$

$$-v_2 + 2v_3 - v_4 = h^2 f_3$$

$$\vdots$$

$$-v_{m-3} + 2v_{m-2} - v_{m-1} = h^2 f_{m-2}$$

Wich for

$$g_{1} = h^{2} f_{1} + v_{0}$$

$$g_{2} = h^{2} f_{2}$$

$$g_{3} = h^{2} f_{3}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$g_{m-3} = h^{2} f_{m-3}$$

$$g_{m-1} = h^{2} f_{m-2} + v_{m-1}$$

can be written as the matrix equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \\ \vdots \\ v_{m-3} \\ v_{m-2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} g_1 \\ g_2 \\ g_3 \\ \vdots \\ g_{m-3} \\ g_{m-2} \end{pmatrix}$$

on the form $A\vec{v} = \vec{g}$.

PROBLEM 5

 \mathbf{a}

When finding the matrix, A, in problem 4 it is assumed that v_0 and v_m are known. Hence theese values are not calculated and

$$n = m - 2$$

 \mathbf{b}

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