EDA

December 1, 2023

[100]: import os

```
import pickle
       import numpy as np
       from pandas.io.parsers import read_csv
       from matplotlib import pyplot, pyplot as plt, gridspec
[101]: print("Loading data...")
       test_file = 'test.p'
       training_file = 'train.p'
       sign_names = read_csv("signname.csv").values[:, 1]
       with open(training_file, mode='rb') as f:
           train = pickle.load(f)
       X_train, y_train = train['features'], train['labels']
       with open(test_file, mode='rb') as f:
           test = pickle.load(f)
       X_test, y_test = test['features'], test['labels']
      Loading data...
[102]: print("Step 2")
       print("Basic analysis of the training dataset")
       n_train = X_train.shape[0]
       image_shape = X_train[0].shape
       classes, class_indices, class_counts = np.unique(y_train, return_index=True,_
       →return_counts=True)
       n_classes = len(class_counts)
       print("Number of training examples =", n_train)
       print("Image data shape =", image_shape)
       print("Number of classes =", n_classes)
      Step 2
      Basic analysis of the training dataset
      Number of training examples = 34799
      Image data shape = (32, 32, 3)
      Number of classes = 43
```

```
[103]: print("Step 3")
       print("Showing example images for classes 0-14 from the training dataset")
       # Visualizations of image datasets for each class
       for c, c_i, c_count in zip(classes, class_indices, class_counts):
          print(c, ". Class : ", sign_names[c])
          fig = pyplot.figure(figsize=(3, 1))
          fig.subplots_adjust(left=0, right=1, bottom=0, top=1, hspace=0.05, wspace=0.
        ⇔05)
          for i in range(3):
              axis = fig.add_subplot(1, 3, i + 1, xticks=[], yticks=[])
              random_indices = np.random.randint(c_i, c_i + c_count, 10)
               axis.imshow(X_train[random_indices[i], :, :, :])
               # axis.text(0, 0, '{}: {}'.format(c, sign_names[c]), 
        ⇔color='k',backgroundcolor='c', fontsize=8)
          if not os.path.exists('./Images/'):
               os.mkdir('./Images/')
          pyplot.savefig('./Images/01_example_images_class_' + str(c) + '.png')
          pyplot.show()
```

Step 3 Showing example images for classes 0-14 from the training dataset 0 . Class : Speed limit (20km/h)



1 . Class : Speed limit (30km/h)



2 . Class : Speed limit (50km/h)



3 . Class : Speed limit (60km/h)



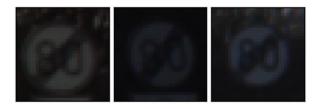
4 . Class : Speed limit (70km/h)



5 . Class : Speed limit (80km/h)



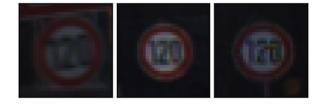
6 . Class : End of speed limit (80km/h)



7 . Class : Speed limit (100km/h)



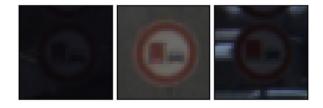
8 . Class : Speed limit (120km/h)



9 . Class : No passing



10 . Class : No passing for vehicles over $3.5\ \mathrm{metric}$ tons



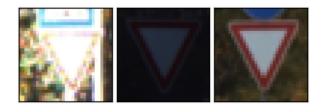
11 . Class : Right-of-way at the next intersection



12 . Class : Priority road



13 . Class : Yield



14 . Class : Stop







15 . Class : No vehicles







16 . Class : Vehicles over 3.5 metric tons prohibited







17 . Class : No entry







18 . Class : General caution



19 . Class : Dangerous curve to the left



20 . Class : Dangerous curve to the right



21 . Class : Double curve



22 . Class : Bumpy road







23 . Class : Slippery road







24 . Class : Road narrows on the right







25 . Class : Road work



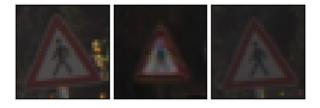




26 . Class : Traffic signals



27 . Class : Pedestrians



28 . Class : Children crossing



29 . Class : Bicycles crossing



30 . Class : Beware of ice/snow



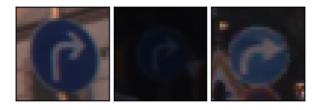
31 . Class : Wild animals crossing



32 . Class : End of all speed and passing limits



33 . Class : Turn right ahead



34 . Class : Turn left ahead



35 . Class : Ahead only



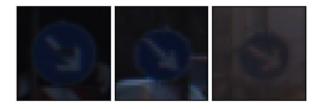
36 . Class : Go straight or right



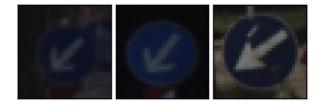
37 . Class : Go straight or left



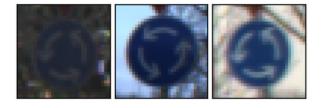
38 . Class : Keep right



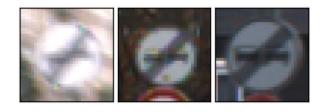
39 . Class : Keep left



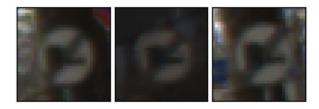
40 . Class : Roundabout mandatory



41 . Class : End of no passing



42 . Class : End of no passing by vehicles over $3.5\ \mathrm{metric}$



```
[104]: n_{row} = 7
      plt.figure(figsize = (25,15))
      gs1 = gridspec.GridSpec(n_row,n_row)
      gs1.update(wspace=0.5, hspace=0.5) # set the spacing between axes.
      for c, c_i, c_count in zip(classes, class_indices, class_counts):
          \# i = i + 1 \# grid spec indexes from 0
          ax1 = plt.subplot(gs1[c])
          plt.axis('on')
          ax1.set_xticklabels([])
          ax1.set_yticklabels([])
          ax1.set_aspect('equal')
          #plt.subplot(4,11,i+1)
          ind_plot = np.random.randint(c_i, c_i+c_count)
          plt.imshow(X_train[ind_plot])
          \#plt.text(2,4,str(y[ind\_plot]),color='k',backgroundcolor='c', fontsize=15)
          plt.text(0, 0, '{}: {:.20}'.format(c, sign_names[c]),__
       plt.axis('off')
      plt.savefig('./Images/00_overview.png')
      plt.show()
```



```
def make_plt(y_train, x_label, y_label, title):
    plt.figure(0, figsize=(20, 5))
    unique_train, counts_train = np.unique(y_train, return_counts=True)
    plt.bar(unique_train, counts_train)

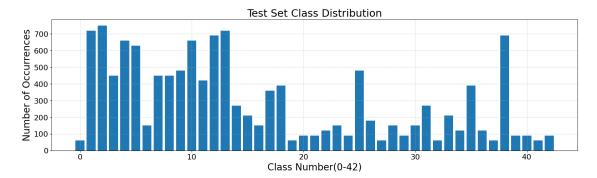
    plt.title(title, fontsize=22)
    plt.xlabel(x_label, fontsize=20)
    plt.ylabel(y_label, fontsize=20)
    plt.tick_params(labelsize=16)
    plt.grid(linestyle=':')
    return plt
```

```
[106]: print("Step 4.1")
print("Comparing occurences of each class in the training dataset")
# Plot to show frequencies of data for Training dataset
plt = make_plt(y_train, 'Class Number(0-42)', 'Number of Occurrences', \( \trace 'Training Set Class Distribution') \)
plt.savefig('./Images/02_graph_distribution_train.png')
plt.show()
```

Step 4.1 Comparing occurences of each class in the training dataset



Step 4.2 Comparing occurences of each class in the test dataset



```
[108]: filter_arr = []
for element in y_train:
    if element < 9:
        filter_arr.append(True)
    else:
        filter_arr.append(False)
    speedsign_y_train = y_train[filter_arr]

filter_arr = []
for element in y_test:
    if element < 9:</pre>
```

```
filter_arr.append(True)
else:
    filter_arr.append(False)
speedsign_y_test = y_test[filter_arr]
```

```
[109]: print("Step 5.1")

print("Comparing occurences of each class in the training dataset")

# Plot to show frequencies of data for Training dataset

plt = make_plt(speedsign_y_train, 'Class Number(0-8)', 'Number of Occurrences',

o'Training Set Class Distribution Speedlimit signs')

plt.savefig('./Images/04_graph_distribution_speedlimitsigns_only_train.png')

plt.show()
```

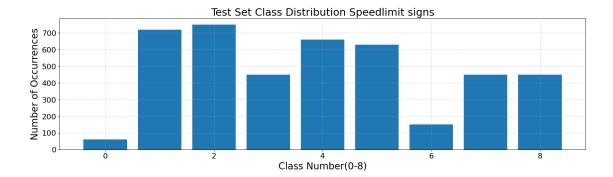
Step 5.1 Comparing occurences of each class in the training dataset



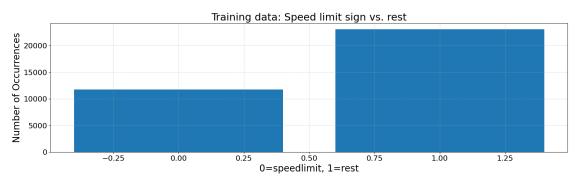
```
[110]: print("Step 5.2")
print("Comparing occurences of each class in the test dataset")
# Plot to show frequencies of data for Test dataset
plt = make_plt(speedsign_y_test, 'Class Number(0-8)', 'Number of Occurrences',

o'Test Set Class Distribution Speedlimit signs')
plt.savefig('./Images/04_graph_distribution_speedlimitsigns_only_test.png')
plt.show()
```

Step 5.2 Comparing occurences of each class in the test dataset



Step 6.1 Comparing speedlimit signs vs. the rest The training dataset contains 9 Speedlimit sign classes The training dataset contains 33 other sign classes



```
[112]: custom_y_test = y_test
print("Step 6.2")
```

Step 6.2 Comparing speedlimit signs vs. the rest The test dataset contains 9 Speedlimit sign classes The test dataset contains 33 other sign classes

