MATH 371 - An Optimal Diet

Justin Overstreet, Austin Spurlin, and Jonas Smith Spring 2020

We are assuming the subject is Male, 25-30, and consumes approximately two thousand calories a day. For some reason this person can only eat his meals at Sonic during this given day. He would also really like to maximize the amount of fiber in his diet as he eats far too much fast food, and is feeling the effects. Based on the USDA[2] daily requirements for the Calories, Calories of fat, Fat, Saturated Fat, Trans Fat, Cholesterol, Sodium¹, Carbohydrates (Carbs), Sugar, and Protein, we decided on these constraints.

Calories	\geq	2000
Calories from Fat	\geq	585
Fat	\geq	64.5
Saturated Fat	\leq	27
Trans Fat	\leq	27
Cholesterol	\leq	250
Sodium	\leq	3000
Carbs	\geq	130
Sugar	\leq	50
Protein	\geq	56
Max. item count	=	4

Using Sonic Nutrition Brochure[1] we loaded the entirety of the Sonic menu into an excel sheet. And will be using all three hundred and sixty four menu items to decide what will maximize our fiber intake while only ordering four items.

¹we adjusted the sodium slightly (+500mg) to increase the likely-hood of getting a feasible solution. [3]

Solution

We will be maximizing the following equation,

subject to,

```
z = 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 + 3x_4 + 3x_5 + \dots + 2x_{363} + 4x_{364}
where the leading coefficient's correlate to the x_i^{th} food item
```

```
c_1x_1 + c_2x_2 + c_3x_3 + \dots + c_{364}x_{364} \ge 2000
                                                       , where c_i is the given Calories from the x_{ith} item
c_1 x_1 + c_2 x_2 + c_3 x_3 + \dots + c_{364} x_{364} \ge 585
                                                       , where c_i is the given Calories from Fat from the x_{ith} item
c_1x_1 + c_2x_2 + c_3x_3 + \dots + c_{364}x_{364} \ge 64.5
                                                       , where c_i is the given Fat from the x_{i^{th}} item
c_1 x_1 + c_2 x_2 + c_3 x_3 + \dots + c_{364} x_{364} \le 27
                                                       , where c_i is the given Saturate Fat from the x_{ith} item
c_1 x_1 + c_2 x_2 + c_3 x_3 + \dots + c_{364} x_{364} \le 27
                                                       , where c_i is the given Trans Fat from the x_{ith} item
c_1 x_1 + c_2 x_2 + c_3 x_3 + \dots + c_{364} x_{364} \le 250
                                                       , where c_i is the given Cholesterol from the x_{ith} item
c_1 x_1 + c_2 x_2 + c_3 x_3 + \dots + c_{364} x_{364} \le 3000
                                                       , where c_i is the given Sodium from the x_{ith} item
c_1x_1 + c_2x_2 + c_3x_3 + \dots + c_{364}x_{364} \ge 130
                                                       , where c_i is the given Carbs from the x_{ith} item
c_1x_1 + c_2x_2 + c_3x_3 + \dots + c_{364}x_{364} \le 50,
                                                       , where c_i is the given Sugar from the x_{ith} item
c_1 x_1 + c_2 x_2 + c_3 x_3 + \dots + c_{364} x_{364} \ge 56
                                                       , where c_i is the given Protieun from the x_{ith} item
c_1x_1 + c_2x_2 + c_3x_3 + \dots + c_{364}x_{364} = 4
                                                        , where c_i is the given Item Count from the x_{ith} item
```

We used python, and the library PuLP[5] (a Linear Programming modeler written in python) to solve the LPP we created for our Sonic diet. We then imported the information from the Sonic Nutrition Brochure, into an excel sheet and loaded them into dictionaries (Shown below).

```
df = pd.read_excel("nutrition_info.xlsx", nrows=365)
...
food_items = list(df['Food Items'])
...
column_names = df.head()
calories = dict(zip(food_items, df['Calories']))
calories_from_fat = dict(zip(food_items, df['Calories from Fat']))
fat = dict(zip(food_items, df['Fat (g)']))
saturated_fat = dict(zip(food_items, df['Saturated Fat (g)']))
trans_fat = dict(zip(food_items, df['Trans Fat (g)']))
cholesterol = dict(zip(food_items, df['Cholesterol (mg)']))
sodium = dict(zip(food_items, df['Carbs (g)']))
dietary_fiber = dict(zip(food_items, df['Dietary Fiber (g)']))
sugar = dict(zip(food_items, df['Sugar (g)']))
protein = dict(zip(food_items, df['Protein (g)']))
item_count = dict(zip(food_items, df['Item Count']))
```

We then use PuLP to solve these equations.

After PuLP is finished solving we are given the solution.

Status: Optimal

CRISPY TENDERS 5 PC. = 1 FRIES LARGE = 2 HANDMADE ONION RINGS LARGE = 1

Maximized dietary fiber amount: 20.0 (g)

Other Nutrient Values: Calories: 2170.0 kCal

Calories from Fat: 930.0 kCal

Fat: 103.0 (g)

Saturated Fat: 17.0 (g) Trans Fat: 0.5 (g)

Cholesterol: 95.0 (mg) Sodium: 2980.0 (mg) Carbs: 254.0 (g)

Sugar: 28.0 (g) Protein: 56.0 (g)

References

- [1] Sonic Nurtition Brochure, https://offers.sonicdrivein.com/nutrition/nutrition.pdf
- [2] Macronutrients, ie {Carbs, Protein, Fats, Cholesteral, Fiber.. } https://www.nal.usda.gov/fnic/macronutrients
- [3] Caloric Intake, https://www.webmd.com/diet/features/estimated-calorie-requirement
- [4] Fat Intake, https://healthfully.com/262833-recommended-daily-intake-of-fat-calories.html
- [5] PuLP, a python linear programming library https://pythonhosted.org/PuLP/