

# Angular & .NET Cheatsheet (Code Only)

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# 1. Frontend

## 1.1. Authentication

### 1.1.1. Interceptor

```
// Automatically adds JWT token from sessionStorage to all HTTP requests
export const authInterceptor: HttpInterceptorFn = (request, next) => {
  const jwt = sessionStorage.getItem('jwt');
  const isLoggedIn = jwt;
  const isApiUrl = request.url.startsWith(environment.apiUrl);

  // Clone request and add Authorization header if logged in and API call
  if (isLoggedIn && isApiUrl) {
    request = request.clone({
      setHeaders: { Authorization: `Bearer ${jwt}` }
    });
  }

  return next(request);
}

// Register in app.config.ts: provideHttpClient(withInterceptors([authInterceptor]))
```

### 1.1.2. Auth Guard

```
// Protects routes by checking if JWT exists in sessionStorage
import { Router, CanActivate } from '@angular/router';
import { inject, Injectable } from '@angular/core';

@Injectable({
  providedIn: 'root'
})
export class AuthGuard implements CanActivate {
  private router = inject(Router);

  canActivate(): boolean {
    const jwt = sessionStorage.getItem('jwt');
    // Redirect to login if no JWT found
    if (!jwt) {
      this.router.navigate(['login']);
      return false;
    }
    return true;
  }
}
```

```
// Use in routes: { path: 'protected', component: X, canActivate: [AuthGuard] }
```

## 1.2. Directives

### 1.2.1. Filter Directives

```
// Synchronous validator directive for template-driven forms
@Directive({
  selector: '[appValidateHour]'
})
export class ValidateHour implements Validator {
  validate(control: AbstractControl): ValidationErrors | null {
    // Always check for empty/null first
    if(!control.value || control.value === "") return null;

    const parsed = parseInt(control.value);
    // Return error object if invalid, null if valid
    if(isNaN(parsed)) return { notANumber: true};
    if(parsed > 23 || parsed < 0) {
      return { numberOutOfRange: true};
    }
    return null;
  }
}

// Use in template: <input appValidateHour [(ngModel)]="hour" #hourInput="ngModel">
// Show errors: @if(hourInput.errors?.['numberOutOfRange']) {<div>Error</div>}
```

### 1.2.2. Async Directives

```
// Asynchronous validator for backend validation (e.g., username exists)
@Directive({
  selector: '[appRomanCheck]',
  providers: [
    {
      provide: NG_ASYNC_VALIDATORS,
      useExisting: RomanCheck,
      multi: true // Allows multiple async validators
    }
  ]
})
export class RomanCheck implements AsyncValidator {
  private readonly dataService: DataService = inject(DataService);

  // Must return Observable<ValidationErrors | null>
  validate(control: AbstractControl): Observable<ValidationErrors | null> {
    const value: string = control.value;
```

```

        return from(this.dataService.isValid(value)).pipe(
            map((result: boolean) => (result ? null : { invalid: true }))
        );
    }
}

// Control has status 'PENDING' while validating
// Use debounceTime(300) to delay validation until user stops typing

```

## 1.3. Routing

### 1.3.1. Routes

```

// Central route configuration - ORDER MATTERS!
export const routes: Routes = [
    { path: '', pathMatch: 'full', redirectTo: 'login'}, // Default redirect
    { path: 'login', component: LoginComponent },
    { path: 'home', component: HomeComponent, canActivate: [AuthGuard]}, // Protected
route
    { path: 'overview', component: InputDeviceOverviewComponent, canActivate:
[AuthGuard]}
    // { path: '**', component: NotFoundComponent } // Wildcard as LAST route
];

```

### 1.3.2. Navigation

```

// Programmatic navigation with query parameters
this.router.navigate(["/overview"], {
    queryParams: { searchTerm: this.searchTerm() }
});

// Relative navigation: router.navigate(['./relative'], {relativeTo: route})

```

### 1.3.3. Path Parameter

```

// Route definition with path parameter
export const routes: Routes = [
    { path: 'details/:id', component: InputDeviceDetails, canActivate: [AuthGuard]}
];

// Navigate with parameter
this.router.navigate(["/details", deviceId]);

// Read parameter in component (always string!)
const id: string | null = this.activeRoute.snapshot.paramMap.get("id");

```

```
const parsed = parseInt(id || ""); // Convert to number
```

### 1.3.4. Query Parameter

```
// Navigate with query parameters (?searchTerm=value)
this.router.navigate(["/overview"], {
  queryParams: { searchTerm: this.searchTerm() }
});

// Read query parameter in component (always string!)
const id: string | null = this.activeRoute.snapshot.queryParamMap.get("id");
const parsed = parseInt(id || "");
```

## 1.4. Forms

### 1.4.1. Reactive Forms

```
// Model-driven forms with FormBuilder
@Component({
  selector: 'app-login',
  template: `
    <form [formGroup]="loginForm" (ngSubmit)="onSubmit()">
      <label for="username">Username:</label>
      <input type="text" id="username" formControlName="username" />
      <label for="password">Password:</label>
      <input type="password" id="password" formControlName="password" />
      <button type="submit" [disabled]="!loginForm.valid">Login</button>
    </form>
  `,
})
export class LoginComponent {
  loginForm: FormGroup;

  constructor(private fb: FormBuilder) {
    // Build form with validators
    this.loginForm = this.fb.group({
      username: ['', Validators.required],
      password: ['', Validators.required],
    });
  }

  onSubmit() {
    if (this.loginForm.valid) {
      const { username, password } = this.loginForm.value;
      // Handle login logic
    }
  }
}
```

```
}
```

```
// Import: ReactiveFormsModule
```

## 1.4.2. Template Driven Forms

```
// Template-based forms with ngModel (two-way binding)
@Component({
  selector: 'app-login',
  template: `
    <form (ngSubmit)="onSubmit()" #loginForm="ngForm">
      <label for="username">Username:</label>
      <input
        type="text"
        id="username"
        name="username"
        required
        [(ngModel)]="username"
      />
      <label for="password">Password:</label>
      <input
        type="password"
        id="password"
        name="password"
        required
        [(ngModel)]="password"
      />
      <button type="submit" [disabled]="!loginForm.form.valid">Login</button>
    </form>
  `,
})
export class LoginComponent {
  username: string = '';
  password: string = '';

  onSubmit() {
    // Handle login logic
  }
}

// Import: FormsModule
```

## 1.5. Signals

### 1.5.1. Models

```
// Two-way binding with signals in standalone components
```

```

// Child Component
@Component({
  selector: 'app-device-form',
  template: `
    <form>
      <label for="name">Device Name:</label>
      <input id="name" type="text" [(ngModel)]="deviceName" />

      <label for="description">Description:</label>
      <input id="description" type="text" [(ngModel)]="deviceDescription" />
    </form>
  `,
})
export class DeviceFormComponent {
  deviceName = model<string>(''); // Creates signal with default value
  deviceDescription = model<string>('');
}

// Parent Component - binds to child's model signals
@Component({
  template: `
    <app-device-form
      [(deviceName)]="name"
      [(deviceDescription)]="description"
    />
  `,
})
export class ParentComponent {
  name = signal<string>('Initial Device');
  description = signal<string>('Initial Description');
}

```

## 1.5.2. Input

```

// Signal-based inputs (replacement for @Input decorator)
@Component({
  selector: 'app-device-card',
})
export class DeviceCardComponent {
  device = input.required<InputDevice>(); // Required - compile error if missing
 isRequired = input<boolean>(false); // Optional with default
  title = input<string>('Default Title');

  // Read values: this.device(), this.title()
}

// Parent Component
@Component({
  template: `

```

```

<app-device-card
  [device]="selectedDevice()"
  [isRequired]="true"
  [title]="'Device Details'"
/>
`
```

)

```

export class ParentComponent {
  selectedDevice = signal<InputDevice>({ id: 1, name: 'Device 1' });
}
```

### 1.5.3. Output

```

// Signal-based outputs (replacement for @Output EventEmitter)
@Component({
  selector: 'app-device-form',
  template: `
    <button (click)="handleSave()">Save</button>
    <button (click)="handleCancel()">Cancel</button>
  `
})
export class DeviceFormComponent {
  deviceSaved = output<InputDevice>(); // Event emitter with data
  cancelled = output<void>(); // Event emitter without data

  handleSave() {
    const device: InputDevice = { id: 1, name: 'Device 1' };
    this.deviceSaved.emit(device); // Emit event with data
  }

  handleCancel() {
    this.cancelled.emit(); // Emit event without data
  }
}

// Parent Component - subscribe to events
@Component({
  template: `
    <app-device-form
      (deviceSaved)="onDeviceSaved($event)"
      (cancelled)="onCancelled()"
    />
  `
})
export class ParentComponent {
  onDeviceSaved(device: InputDevice) {
    console.log('Device saved:', device);
  }
}
```

```

    onCancelled() {
        console.log('Form cancelled');
    }
}

```

## 1.6. HTTP Client

```

// Central HTTP service for API communication
import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
import { HttpClient, HttpHeaders, HttpParams } from '@angular/common/http';
import { Observable, observeOn } from 'rxjs';
import { Game } from '../models/game.model';

const httpOptions = {
  headers: new HttpHeaders({
    'Content-Type': 'application/json'
  })
}

@Injectable({
  providedIn: 'root'
})
export class DataService {
  private apiUrl = "https://h-aitenbichler.cloud.htl-leonding.ac.at/restserver";

  public readonly header = new HttpHeaders({
    'Content-Type': 'application/json'
  });

  constructor(private http: HttpClient) { }

  // Helper method: convert array to query params (?sudoku=1&sudoku=2)
  private toQueryParamArray(content: string[]): string {
    return "?sudoku=" + content.join("&sudoku=");
  }
}

// Register in app.config.ts: provideHttpClient()
// Observables are lazy - must .subscribe() to execute!

```

### 1.6.1. GET

```

// GET list of items
getGames(): Observable<Game[]> {
  return this.http.get<Game[]>(`${this.apiUrl}/game`);
}

```

```
// GET single item by ID
getGame(id: number): Observable<Game> {
  return this.http.get<Game>(`${this.apiUrl}/game/${id}`);
}
```

## 1.6.2. POST

```
// POST create new item
postGame(game: Game): Observable<Game> {
  return this.http.post<Game>(`${this.apiUrl}/game`, game);
}
```

## 1.6.3. PUT

```
// PUT full update (replaces entire resource)
putGame(id: number, game: Game) {
  return this.http.put(` ${this.apiUrl}/game/${id}` , game,
  {
    headers: this.header,
    observe: 'response' // Returns HttpResponseMessage instead of body
  });
}
```

## 1.6.4. PATCH

```
// PATCH partial update (updates only specified fields)
patchGame(id: number, partialGame: Partial<Game>) {
  return this.http.patch(` ${this.apiUrl}/game/${id}` , partialGame,
  {
    headers: this.header,
    observe: 'response'
  });
}
```

## 1.6.5. DELETE

```
// DELETE remove item
deleteGame(id: number) {
  return this.http.delete(` ${this.apiUrl}/game/${id}` , {
    headers: this.header,
    observe: 'response'
  });
}
```

## 1.7. Template Syntax

### 1.7.1. @for

```
<!-- Iterate over array - track helps Angular optimize rendering -->
@for (device of devices; track device) {
  <div>{{ device.name }}</div>
}

<!-- Alternative: track by property -->
@for (device of devices; track device.id) {
  <div>{{ device.name }}</div>
}
```

### 1.7.2. @if

```
<!-- Conditional rendering -->
@if (isLoggedIn) {
  <div>Welcome back, user!</div>
} @else {
  <div>Please log in to continue.</div>
}

<!-- Without else -->
@if (errorMessage) {
  <div class="alert alert-danger">{{ errorMessage }}</div>
}
```

## 1.8. Templates

### 1.8.1. Table

```
<!-- Data table with iteration -->





```

```

<td>{{ device.description }}</td>
<td>{{ formatReservationDates(device.reservations) }}</td>
<td>
  <button class="btn btn-secondary" (click)="detailInputDevice(device.id)">
    Reserve
  </button>
</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
}
</table>

```

## 1.8.2. Input Form

```

// Complete form component with validation and submit
import { Component, OnInit, inject } from '@angular/core';
import { FormBuilder, FormGroup, Validators, ReactiveFormsModule } from
  '@angular/forms';
import { Router, ActivatedRoute } from '@angular/router';
import { DeviceService } from '../services/device.service';
import { InputDevice } from '../models/input-device.model';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-device-form',
  standalone: true,
  imports: [ReactiveFormsModule],
  templateUrl: './device-form.component.html'
})
export class DeviceFormComponent implements OnInit {
  private fb = inject(FormBuilder);
  private router = inject(Router);
  private route = inject(ActivatedRoute);
  private deviceService = inject(DeviceService);

  deviceForm!: FormGroup;
  isEditMode = false;
  deviceId?: number;
  errorMessage = '';

  ngOnInit(): void {
    this.initializeForm();
    this.checkEditMode();
  }

  private initializeForm(): void {
    // Initialize form with validators
    this.deviceForm = this.fb.group({
      name: ['', [Validators.required, Validators.minLength(3)]],
      description: ['', [Validators.required, Validators.maxLength(500)]],
    });
  }
}

```

```

        serialNumber: ['', [Validators.required, Validators.pattern(/^[A-Z0-9-]+$/)]],
        location: ['', Validators.required],
        status: ['available', Validators.required]
    );
}

private checkEditMode(): void {
    // Check if editing existing item via route parameter
    const id = this.route.snapshot.paramMap.get('id');
    if (id) {
        this.isEditMode = true;
        this.deviceId = parseInt(id);
        this.loadDevice(this.deviceId);
    }
}

private loadDevice(id: number): void {
    // Load existing device for editing
    this.deviceService.getDevice(id).subscribe({
        next: (device) => {
            this.deviceForm.patchValue({
                name: device.name,
                description: device.description,
                serialNumber: device.serialNumber,
                location: device.location,
                status: device.status
            });
        },
        error: (error) => {
            this.errorMessage = 'Failed to load device';
            console.error(error);
        }
    });
}

onSubmit(): void {
    // Validate and submit form
    if (this.deviceForm.invalid) {
        this.deviceForm.markAllAsTouched(); // Show all errors
        return;
    }

    const device: InputDevice = this.deviceForm.value;

    // Choose PUT or POST based on edit mode
    const request$ = this.isEditMode
        ? this.deviceService.putDevice(this.deviceId!, device)
        : this.deviceService.postDevice(device);

    request$.subscribe({
        next: (response) => {

```

```

        this.router.navigate(['/devices']);
    },
    error: (error) => {
      this.errorMessage = 'Failed to save device';
      console.error(error);
    }
  );
}

onCancel(): void {
  this.router.navigate(['/devices']);
}

// Helper: check if control has specific error
hasError(controlName: string, errorType: string): boolean {
  const control = this.deviceForm.get(controlName);
  return !(control?.hasError(errorType) && (control?.dirty || control?.touched));
}

// Helper: get error message for control
getErrorMessage(controlName: string): string {
  const control = this.deviceForm.get(controlName);
  if (!control || !control.errors) return '';

  if (control.hasError('required')) return `${controlName} is required`;
  if (control.hasError('minlength')) {
    const minLength = control.errors['minlength'].requiredLength;
    return `${controlName} must be at least ${minLength} characters`;
  }
  if (control.hasError('maxlength')) {
    const maxLength = control.errors['maxlength'].requiredLength;
    return `${controlName} must not exceed ${maxLength} characters`;
  }
  if (control.hasError('pattern')) return `${controlName} has invalid format`;

  return 'Invalid input';
}
}

```

```

<!-- filepath: device-form.component.html -->
<!-- Form template with validation feedback -->
<div class="container mt-4">
  <div class="card">
    <div class="card-header">
      <h2>{{ isEditMode ? 'Edit Device' : 'New Device' }}</h2>
    </div>
    <div class="card-body">
      <!-- Error alert -->
      @if (errorMessage) {
        <div class="alert alert-danger">{{ errorMessage }}</div>
      }
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

```

```

}

<form [formGroup]="deviceForm" (ngSubmit)="onSubmit()">
    <!-- Name field with validation -->
    <div class="mb-3">
        <label for="name" class="form-label">Device Name *</label>
        <input
            type="text"
            id="name"
            class="form-control"
            formControlName="name"
            [class.is-invalid]="hasError('name', 'required') || hasError('name', 'minlength')"
        />
        @if (hasError('name', 'required') || hasError('name', 'minlength')) {
            <div class="invalid-feedback">{{ getErrorMessage('name') }}</div>
        }
    </div>

    <!-- Description field -->
    <div class="mb-3">
        <label for="description" class="form-label">Description *</label>
        <textarea
            id="description"
            class="form-control"
            rows="3"
            formControlName="description"
            [class.is-invalid]="hasError('description', 'required') || hasError('description', 'maxlength')"
        ></textarea>
        @if (hasError('description', 'required') || hasError('description', 'maxlength')) {
            <div class="invalid-feedback">{{ getErrorMessage('description') }}</div>
        }
    </div>

    <!-- Serial Number field -->
    <div class="mb-3">
        <label for="serialNumber" class="form-label">Serial Number *</label>
        <input
            type="text"
            id="serialNumber"
            class="form-control"
            formControlName="serialNumber"
            placeholder="ABC-123-XYZ"
            [class.is-invalid]="hasError('serialNumber', 'required') || hasError('serialNumber', 'pattern')"
        />
        @if (hasError('serialNumber', 'required') || hasError('serialNumber', 'pattern')) {
            <div class="invalid-feedback">{{ getErrorMessage('serialNumber') }}</div>
        }
    </div>

```

```

        }

    </div>

    <!-- Location field -->
    <div class="mb-3">
        <label for="location" class="form-label">Location *</label>
        <input
            type="text"
            id="location"
            class="form-control"
            formControlName="location"
            [class.is-invalid]="hasError('location', 'required')"
        />
        @if (hasError('location', 'required')) {
            <div class="invalid-feedback">{{ getErrorMessage('location') }}</div>
        }
    </div>

    <!-- Status dropdown -->
    <div class="mb-3">
        <label for="status" class="form-label">Status *</label>
        <select
            id="status"
            class="form-select"
            formControlName="status"
            [class.is-invalid]="hasError('status', 'required')"
        >
            <option value="available">Available</option>
            <option value="in-use">In Use</option>
            <option value="maintenance">Maintenance</option>
            <option value="retired">Retired</option>
        </select>
        @if (hasError('status', 'required')) {
            <div class="invalid-feedback">{{ getErrorMessage('status') }}</div>
        }
    </div>

    <!-- Action buttons - submit disabled if form invalid -->
    <div class="d-flex gap-2">
        <button
            type="submit"
            class="btn btn-primary"
            [disabled]="deviceForm.invalid"
        >
            {{ isEditMode ? 'Update' : 'Create' }}
        </button>
        <button
            type="button"
            class="btn btn-secondary"
            (click)="onCancel()"
        >

```

```

        Cancel
      </button>
    </div>
  </form>
</div>
</div>
</div>

```

### 1.8.3. Details View

```

// Detail view component - loads single item by ID
import { Component, OnInit, inject, signal } from '@angular/core';
import { Router, ActivatedRoute, RouterLink } from '@angular/router';
import { CommonModule } from '@angular/common';
import { DeviceService } from '../services/device.service';
import { InputDevice } from '../models/input-device.model';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-device-details',
  standalone: true,
  imports: [CommonModule, RouterLink],
  templateUrl: './device-details.component.html'
})
export class DeviceDetailsComponent implements OnInit {
  private router = inject(Router);
  private route = inject(ActivatedRoute);
  private deviceService = inject(DeviceService);

  device = signal<InputDevice | null>(null);
  isLoading = signal<boolean>(true);
  errorMessage = signal<string>('');

  ngOnInit(): void {
    this.loadDevice();
  }

  private loadDevice(): void {
    // Extract ID from route parameter
    const idParam = this.route.snapshot.paramMap.get('id');

    if (!idParam) {
      this.errorMessage.set('Invalid device ID');
      this.isLoading.set(false);
      return;
    }

    const deviceId = parseInt(idParam);
    if (isNaN(deviceId)) {

```

```

    this.errorMessage.set('Invalid device ID format');
    this.isLoading.set(false);
    return;
}

// Load device from API
this.deviceService.getDevice(deviceId).subscribe({
  next: (device) => {
    this.device.set(device);
    this.isLoading.set(false);
  },
  error: (error) => {
    console.error('Failed to load device:', error);
    if (error.status === 404) {
      this.errorMessage.set('Device not found');
    } else {
      this.errorMessage.set('Failed to load device details');
    }
    this.isLoading.set(false);
  }
});
}

onEdit(): void {
  const id = this.device()?.id;
  if (id) {
    this.router.navigate(['/devices', 'edit', id]);
  }
}

onDelete(): void {
  const device = this.device();
  if (!device) return;

  if (confirm(`Are you sure you want to delete ${device.name}?`)) {
    this.deviceService.deleteDevice(device.id).subscribe({
      next: () => {
        this.router.navigate(['/devices']);
      },
      error: (error) => {
        console.error('Failed to delete device:', error);
        this.errorMessage.set('Failed to delete device');
      }
    });
  }
}

onBack(): void {
  this.router.navigate(['/devices']);
}

```

```

// Helper: CSS class based on status
getStatusBadgeClass(status: string): string {
  const statusClasses: { [key: string]: string } = {
    'available': 'bg-success',
    'in-use': 'bg-warning',
    'maintenance': 'bg-info',
    'retired': 'bg-secondary'
  };
  return statusClasses[status] || 'bg-secondary';
}

// Helper: format date
formatDate(date: string | Date): string {
  return new Date(date).toLocaleDateString('de-AT', {
    year: 'numeric',
    month: '2-digit',
    day: '2-digit'
  });
}
}

```

```

<!-- Details view template with loading and error states -->
<div class="container mt-4">
  <!-- Loading spinner -->
  @if (isLoading()) {
    <div class="text-center">
      <div class="spinner-border" role="status">
        <span class="visually-hidden">Loading...</span>
      </div>
      <p class="mt-2">Loading device details...</p>
    </div>
  }

  <!-- Error message -->
  @if (errorMessage()) {
    <div class="alert alert-danger">
      {{ errorMessage() }}
      <button class="btn btn-sm btn-outline-danger ms-3" (click)="onBack()">
        Back to Overview
      </button>
    </div>
  }

  <!-- Device details -->
  @if (device() && !isLoading() && !errorMessage()) {
    <div class="card">
      <div class="card-header d-flex justify-content-between align-items-center">
        <h2 class="mb-0">Device Details</h2>
        <div class="d-flex gap-2">
          <button class="btn btn-primary" (click)="onEdit()">

```

```

        <i class="bi bi-pencil"></i> Edit
    </button>
    <button class="btn btn-danger" (click)="onDelete()">
        <i class="bi bi-trash"></i> Delete
    </button>
    <button class="btn btn-secondary" (click)="onBack()">
        <i class="bi bi-arrow-left"></i> Back
    </button>
</div>
</div>

<div class="card-body">
    <div class="row">
        <div class="col-md-6">
            <dl class="row">
                <dt class="col-sm-4">Name:</dt>
                <dd class="col-sm-8">{{ device()!.name }}</dd>

                <dt class="col-sm-4">Serial Number:</dt>
                <dd class="col-sm-8">
                    <code>{{ device()!.serialNumber }}</code>
                </dd>

                <dt class="col-sm-4">Status:</dt>
                <dd class="col-sm-8">
                    <span class="badge {{ getStatusBadgeClass(device()!.status) }}">
                        {{ device()!.status }}
                    </span>
                </dd>

                <dt class="col-sm-4">Location:</dt>
                <dd class="col-sm-8">{{ device()!.location }}</dd>
            </dl>
        </div>

        <div class="col-md-6">
            <dl class="row">
                <dt class="col-sm-4">Created:</dt>
                <dd class="col-sm-8">{{ formatDate(device()!.createdAt) }}</dd>

                <dt class="col-sm-4">Last Updated:</dt>
                <dd class="col-sm-8">{{ formatDate(device()!.updatedAt) }}</dd>

                <dt class="col-sm-4">ID:</dt>
                <dd class="col-sm-8">
                    <code>{{ device()!.id }}</code>
                </dd>
            </dl>
        </div>
    </div>
</div>

```

```

<div class="row mt-3">
  <div class="col-12">
    <h5>Description</h5>
    <p class="text-muted">{{ device()!.description }}</p>
  </div>
</div>

<!-- Optional: Reservations list -->
@if (device()!.reservations && device()!.reservations.length > 0) {
  <div class="row mt-3">
    <div class="col-12">
      <h5>Reservations</h5>
      <ul class="list-group">
        @for (reservation of device()!.reservations; track reservation.id) {
          <li class="list-group-item">
            <strong>{{ reservation.userName }}</strong>
            <br />
            <small class="text-muted">
              {{ formatDate(reservation.startDate) }} -
              {{ formatDate(reservation.endDate) }}
            </small>
          </li>
        }
      </ul>
    </div>
  </div>
}

<!-- Optional: Specifications -->
@if (device()!.specifications) {
  <div class="row mt-3">
    <div class="col-12">
      <h5>Specifications</h5>
      <dl class="row">
        @for (spec of device()!.specifications | keyvalue; track spec.key) {
          <dt class="col-sm-3">{{ spec.key }}:</dt>
          <dd class="col-sm-9">{{ spec.value }}</dd>
        }
      </dl>
    </div>
  </div>
}

<div class="card-footer text-muted">
  <small>
    Device ID: {{ device()!.id }} |
    Last updated: {{ formatDate(device()!.updatedAt) }}
  </small>
</div>
</div>

```

```
 }  
</div>
```

## 2. Backend

### 2.1. CDI (Dependency Injection)

```
// Register services BEFORE var app = builder.Build()

// AddTransient: new instance each time (stateless services)
builder.Services.AddTransient<IMessageService, MessageService>();
builder.Services.AddTransient<MessageService>();

// AddScoped: one instance per HTTP request (e.g., DbContext)
builder.Services.AddScoped<IDataService, DataService>();

// AddSingleton: one instance for entire app lifetime (caching, config)
builder.Services.AddSingleton<ICacheService, CacheService>();

// Interface registration allows mocking in tests
```

### 2.2. Swagger

#### 2.2.1. Swagger Builder

```
// Complete API setup with Swagger and CORS
var builder = WebApplication.CreateBuilder(args);

// Swagger configuration - AddEndpointsApiExplorer BEFORE AddSwaggerGen
builder.Services.AddEndpointsApiExplorer();
builder.Services.AddSwaggerGen();

// Register services
builder.Services.AddSingleton<IRomanNumerals, RomanNumerals>();

// CORS policy - allow Angular app to call API
builder.Services.AddCors(options =>
{
    options.AddPolicy("AllowAngular",
        policy => policy
            .WithOrigins("http://localhost:4200") // Angular dev server
            .AllowAnyHeader()
            .AllowAnyMethod());
});

var app = builder.Build();

// Enable CORS middleware - BEFORE UseAuthorization!
app.UseCors("AllowAngular");
```

```
// Enable Swagger UI
app.UseSwagger();
app.UseSwaggerUI();
```

## 2.2.2. Cors

```
// CORS configuration - BEFORE app.Build()
builder.Services.AddCors(options =>
{
    options.AddPolicy("AllowAngular",
        policy => policy
            .WithOrigins("http://localhost:4200") // Frontend URL
            .AllowAnyHeader() // Allow all headers
            .AllowAnyMethod()); // Allow GET, POST, PUT, DELETE, etc.
});

// Enable CORS middleware - AFTER app.Build(), BEFORE UseAuthorization()
app.UseCors("AllowAngular");

// Production: specify exact origins, headers, methods
// Development: can use .AllowAnyOrigin() but NOT with credentials!
```

## 2.3. Minimal API

### 2.3.1. GET

```
// GET endpoint - read data
app.MapGet("/isValid", (string literal, IRomanNumerals service) =>
{
    try
    {
        service.ConvertFromRomanLiteral(literal);
        return true;
    }
    catch (Exception ex) when (ex is ArgumentOutOfRangeException or ArgumentException)
    {
        return false;
    }
});

// Route parameter: /devices/{id}
// Query parameter: /devices?status=active
```

### 2.3.2. POST

```
// POST endpoint - create new resource
app.MapPost("/devices", (InputDevice device, IDeviceService service) =>
{
    try
    {
        var created = service.CreateDevice(device);
        // Return 201 Created with Location header
        return Results.Created($"/devices/{created.Id}", created);
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
        return Results.BadRequest(ex.Message);
    }
});
```

### 2.3.3. PUT

```
// PUT endpoint - full update (replaces entire resource)
app.MapPut("/devices/{id}", (int id, InputDevice device, IDeviceService service) =>
{
    try
    {
        var updated = service.UpdateDevice(id, device);
        return updated != null ? Results.Ok(updated) : Results.NotFound();
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
        return Results.BadRequest(ex.Message);
    }
});
```

### 2.3.4. PATCH

```
// PATCH endpoint - partial update (only specified fields)
app.MapPatch("/devices/{id}/status", (int id, string status, IDeviceService service) =>
{
    try
    {
        var updated = service.UpdateDeviceStatus(id, status);
        // 204 No Content on success
        return updated ? Results.NoContent() : Results.NotFound();
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
```

```

        return Results.BadRequest(ex.Message);
    }
});

```

### 2.3.5. DELETE

```

// DELETE endpoint - remove resource
app.MapDelete("/devices/{id}", (int id, IDeviceService service) =>
{
    try
    {
        var deleted = service.DeleteDevice(id);
        // 204 No Content on success
        return deleted ? Results.NoContent() : Results.NotFound();
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
        return Results.BadRequest(ex.Message);
    }
});

```

## 2.4. Authentication

```

// JWT authentication setup
builder.Services.AddAuthentication(JwtBearerDefaults.AuthenticationScheme)
    .AddJwtBearer(options =>
{
    options.TokenValidationParameters = new TokenValidationParameters
    {
        ValidateIssuer = true,
        ValidateAudience = true,
        ValidateLifetime = true, // Check token expiration
        ValidateIssuerSigningKey = true,
        ValidIssuer = builder.Configuration["Jwt:Issuer"],
        ValidAudience = builder.Configuration["Jwt:Audience"],
        IssuerSigningKey = new SymmetricSecurityKey(
            Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(builder.Configuration["Jwt:Key"]))
    };
});

// Protect endpoints with .RequireAuthorization()
app.MapGet("/protected", () => "Secret data").RequireAuthorization();

```

## 2.5. Services

### 2.5.1. Service Interface

```
// Define service contract
namespace YourProject.Services;

public interface IYourService
{
    // Define method signatures
    Task<List<Item>> GetAllItemsAsync();
    Task<Item?> GetItemByIdAsync(int id);
    Task<Item> CreateItemAsync(Item item);
    Task<bool> UpdateItemAsync(int id, Item item);
    Task<bool> DeleteItemAsync(int id);
}
```

### 2.5.2. Service Implementation

```
// Implement service logic
namespace YourProject.Services;

public class YourService : IYourService
{
    // Dependencies injected via constructor
    private readonly IRepository _repository;

    public YourService(IRepository repository)
    {
        _repository = repository;
    }

    public async Task<List<Item>> GetAllItemsAsync()
    {
        return await _repository.GetAllAsync();
    }

    // ...implement other methods
}
```

### 2.5.3. Service Registration

```
// Register service in Program.cs BEFORE app.Build()

// With interface (recommended for testing)
builder.Services.AddTransient<IYourService, YourService>();

// Without interface
builder.Services.AddTransient<YourService>();
```

```
// Scoped (per request) - for DbContext
builder.Services.AddScoped<IYourService, YourService>();

// Singleton (app lifetime) - for caching
builder.Services.AddSingleton<IYourService, YourService>();
```

## 2.6. Unit Tests

### 2.6.1. XUnit

```
// XUnit test class - [Fact] for single test, [Theory] for parameterized
using Xunit;
using YourProject.Services;

namespace YourProject.Tests;

public class YourServiceTests
{
    private readonly IYourService _yourService;

    public YourServiceTests()
    {
        // Setup runs before each test
        _yourService = new YourService();
    }

    [Fact] // Single test case
    public void YourMethod_ShouldReturnExpectedResult()
    {
        // Arrange - setup test data
        var input = "test";

        // Act - execute method
        var result = _yourService.YourMethod(input);

        // Assert - verify result
        Assert.Equal("expected", result);
    }

    [Theory] // Parameterized test
    [InlineData(1, "one")]
    [InlineData(2, "two")]
    public void YourMethod_WithParameters(int input, string expected)
    {
        var result = _yourService.YourMethod(input);
        Assert.Equal(expected, result);
    }
}
```

```
// NuGet: xunit, xunit.runner.visualstudio
```

## 2.6.2. NUnit

```
// NUnit test class - similar to XUnit but different attributes
using NUnit.Framework;
using YourProject.Services;

namespace YourProject.Tests;

public class YourServiceTests
{
    private IYourService _yourService;

    [SetUp] // Runs before each test
    public void Setup()
    {
        _yourService = new YourService();
    }

    [Test] // Single test case
    public void YourMethod_ShouldReturnExpectedResult()
    {
        // Arrange
        var input = "test";

        // Act
        var result = _yourService.YourMethod(input);

        // Assert
        Assert.AreEqual("expected", result);
    }

    [TestCase(1, "one")]
    [TestCase(2, "two")]
    public void YourMethod_WithParameters(int input, string expected)
    {
        var result = _yourService.YourMethod(input);
        Assert.AreEqual(expected, result);
    }
}

// NuGet: NUnit, NUnit3TestAdapter
```

## 2.6.3. FluentAssertions

```
// FluentAssertions - more readable assertions
```

```

using FluentAssertions;
using Xunit;
using YourProject.Services;

namespace YourProject.Tests;

public class YourServiceTests
{
    private readonly IYourService _yourService;

    public YourServiceTests()
    {
        _yourService = new YourService();
    }

    [Fact]
    public void YourMethod_ShouldReturnExpectedResult()
    {
        // Arrange
        var input = "test";

        // Act
        var result = _yourService.YourMethod(input);

        // Assert - readable and chainable
        result.Should().Be("expected");
        result.Should().NotBeNull();
        result.Should().StartWith("exp");

        // Collections
        var list = new[] { 1, 2, 3 };
        list.Should().HaveCount(3);
        list.Should().Contain(2);

        // Exceptions
        Action act = () => _yourService.ThrowingMethod();
        act.Should().Throw<ArgumentException>()
            .WithMessage("Invalid argument");
    }
}

// NuGet: FluentAssertions

```

## 2.6.4. Moq

```

// Moq - mock dependencies for isolated unit tests
using Moq;
using Xunit;
using YourProject.Services;

```

```

namespace YourProject.Tests;

public class YourServiceTests
{
    private readonly Mock<IDependencyService> _dependencyServiceMock;
    private readonly IYourService _yourService;

    public YourServiceTests()
    {
        // Create mock of dependency
        _dependencyServiceMock = new Mock<IDependencyService>();

        // Inject mock into service under test
        _yourService = new YourService(_dependencyServiceMock.Object);
    }

    [Fact]
    public void YourMethod_ShouldReturnExpectedResult()
    {
        // Arrange - setup mock behavior
        var input = "test";
        _dependencyServiceMock
            .Setup(ds => ds.SomeMethod(It.IsAny<string>())) // Match any string
            .Returns("mocked result");

        // Act
        var result = _yourService.YourMethod(input);

        // Assert
        Assert.Equal("expected", result);

        // Verify mock was called exactly once
        _dependencyServiceMock.Verify(
            ds => ds.SomeMethod(It.IsAny<string>()),
            Times.Once);
    }

    [Fact]
    public void YourMethod_WithSpecificParameter()
    {
        // Setup with specific parameter value
        _dependencyServiceMock
            .Setup(ds => ds.SomeMethod("specific"))
            .Returns("specific result");

        // Setup throws exception
        _dependencyServiceMock
            .Setup(ds => ds.ThrowingMethod())
            .Throws<InvalidOperationException>();
    }
}

```

```
}
```

```
// NuGet: Moq
```

## 2.6.5. Testen von Minimal APIs

```
// Integration tests for Minimal API using WebApplicationFactory
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.Testing;
using System.Net.Http;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using Xunit;

namespace YourProject.Tests;

// IClassFixture shares WebApplicationFactory between tests
public class YourApiTests : IClassFixture<WebApplicationFactory<Program>>
{
    private readonly HttpClient _client;

    public YourApiTests(WebApplicationFactory<Program> factory)
    {
        // Create HTTP client for testing API
        _client = factory.CreateClient();
    }

    [Fact]
    public async Task GetEndpoint_ShouldReturnSuccessStatusCode()
    {
        // Act - send GET request
        var response = await _client.GetAsync("/your-endpoint");

        // Assert - check status code and content
        response.EnsureSuccessStatusCode(); // 2xx status
        var content = await response.Content.ReadAsStringAsync();
        Assert.NotNull(content);
    }

    [Fact]
    public async Task PostEndpoint_ShouldCreateResource()
    {
        // Arrange
        var json = """>{"name": "test"}""";
        var content = new StringContent(json, Encoding.UTF8, "application/json");

        // Act
        var response = await _client.PostAsync("/devices", content);

        // Assert
        response.StatusCode.Should().Be(HttpStatusCode.Created);
    }
}
```

```
    var location = response.Headers.Location;
    location.Should().NotBeNull();
}

// NuGet: Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.Testing
// Program.cs must be public: public partial class Program { }
```