

Potential estimation for a floating electrode

For a given nanoparticle network of N_{NP} nanoparticles and N_{e} electrodes, one electrode voltage is chosen to be floating, i.e. variable during the simulation. The remaining electrodes might also vary in time, but are constant during the *KMC* procedure at a specific time step. As the floating electrode is connected to a particular nanoparticle it will depend on the nanoparticle's potential ϕ_{NP} .

The nanoparticle as it sits on an insulating SiO_2 environment has the ability to store charges by itself (isolated) defined by its self capacitance $C_{\text{self}} = 4\pi\epsilon_{\text{SiO}_2}r_{\text{NP}}$. The interaction between the charges on nanoparticle and electrode is represented by its mutual capacitance C_{i}

$$U_{\text{out}} = \frac{C_{\text{i}}}{C_{\text{self}}}$$