Optional Graded Assignment

- This Assignment allows to <u>add a bonus grade from 0 to 3 points (exceptionally 4 if outstanding) to the first part of the written exam valid within one year from the assignment and not cumulative with earlier bonuses</u>
- The assignment consists of an implementation of the Peterson–Gorenstein–Zierler decoding algorithm based on the Matlab App Designer for binary characteristic primitive or non-primitive Reed-Solomon codes (refer to the notes and to the Blahut book) $g(x) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} (x_i \omega^{j_0 + j_{-i}}) \qquad \omega^n = 1$
- It is strictly forbidden the use of
 - any Matlab code from the literature or Matlab internal functions except those explicitly allowed

w= d3 delfic w=1

- chat-gpt or equivalent AI tool
- interaction among different groups leading to very similar code
- Groups of up to 4 students are allowed; the bonus is common to all students in the group; the groups must be declared within two days from the assignment by e-mail from institutional account to giorgio.taricco@polito.it with all group members in CC

Optional Graded Assignment

- The Assignment must be delivered within the midnight of three weeks after the date of the assignment
- The finite field operations can be implemented by using the Matlab finite field function gf
- The evaluation is not subject to negotiation except in the case of manifest misunderstandings
- The evaluation considers the following characteristics:
 - The code must not crash
 - The code must work properly with any input
 - The code must check the input correctness
 - The code must be user friendly
 - The code should be comprehensive
 - The visual presentation should be satisfactory
- The Assignment must be delivered in two parts:
 - 1. A Matlab mlapp file
 - 2. Comprehensive pdf report prepared in LaTeX
- It must be uploaded in the "Elaborati" section of your PoliTo web page, not by email

Optional Graded Assignment

- The Matlab code must implement the following operations:
 - Input parameters:

- q, d characterizing the primitive or non-primitive RS code with systematic encoding
- N. of errors ν



• N. of errors
$$\nu$$

• Random generator initialization seed (x)
• $(x) = c(x) + e(x)$

- Generate a random codeword according to the specifications and output it
- Generate and output a random error e(x)
- Calculate the syndromes and output them
- Implement the steps of the decoding algorithm with suitable output
- Display the decoding outcome (immediate decoding when all syndromes are zero, decoding through the algorithm, or decoding failure when the syndromes are nonzero, but the decoding algorithm fails)
- Output the finite field polynomial words in (at least) the following user-selectable formats

$$[c(x) = \alpha x^5 + \alpha^2 x^3 + x \text{ in } \mathbb{F}_8]:$$

•
$$\alpha x^5 + \alpha^2 x^3 + x$$

•
$$(0, \alpha, 0, \alpha^2, 0, 1, 0)$$

(000,010,000,100,000,001,000)

$$dx^5+d^2x^3+x$$
 $d^3=d+1=0.d^2+1.d+1$