# Introduction to Soft Robotics

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Instructors: Ahmad Rafsanjani, Jonas Jørgensen, Xiaofeng Xiong



# Tutorial 1: Bendlabs sensor



# bendlabs One Axis

### Sensor Specifications

- Dimensions: 100mm x 7.62mm x 1.27mm (3.94in x 0.30in x 0.05in)
- Average Sensitivity: 0.274 pF/°
- Repeatability: 0.18°
- Life Cycle: >1M cycles

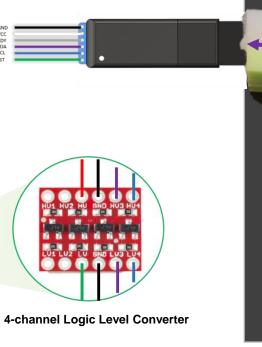
### **Electrical Specifications**

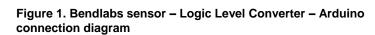
- Sensitivity: 0.016° LSB
- Voltage: 1.62 3.63V

 $\Delta \Theta$ 

- Output: I2C









**SDU Biorobotics** 

## **Arduino libraries**

- → Download ads Arduino driver at GitHub Link
- → Copy folder *ads\_driver* into *Arduino/Libraries* folder
- → Open the *ads.h* file located at *ads\_driver* folder
- → Change the command ADS\_DFU\_CHECK(1) to ADS\_DFU\_CHECK(0)
- → Save the changes
- → Download **SoRo\_Tutorial\_1** sketch at GitHub Link

# **Arduino Calibration**

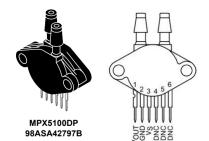
- → Compile and Upload SoRo\_Tutorial\_1 sketch at Arduino Uno Device
- → Open the serial monitor
- → Put the Bendlabs sensor in the 0° position
- → Type 0 and press Enter
- → Put the Bendlabs sensor in the 90° position
- → Type 9 and press Enter



# Tutorial 2: MPX5100 Integrated Silicon Pressure Sensor



# MPX5100, 0 to 100 kPa, Differential, Gauge, and Absolute, Integrated, Pressure Sensor



Vout	Output Voltage		
GND	Ground		
Vs	Voltage Supply		
DNC	Do not connect		

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Pressure range <sup>(1)</sup> Gauge, differential: MPX5100G/MPXV5100G Absolute: MPX5100AP	P <sub>OP</sub>	0 15	_	100 115	kPa
Supply voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	Vs	4.75	5.0	5.25	V <sub>DC</sub>
Supply current	Io	_	7.0	10	mAdc

Figure 1. MPX5100DP Pinout (top view), Pin functions, and mechanical and electrical specifications

\*\*\*\* Figure 2. MPX5100DP - Arduino connection diagram

Nominal Transfer Value:

 $V_{OUT} = V_S (P \times 0.009 + 0.04)$ ± (Pressure Error x Temp. Mult. x 0.009 x V<sub>S</sub>)  $V_S = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 0.25 \text{ V}$ 

Figure 8. Transfer function (MPX5100D, MPX5100G, MPXV5100G)

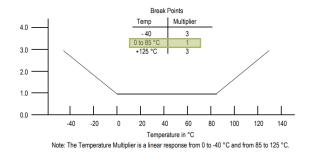


Figure 9. Temperature error multiplier (MPX5100D, MPX5100G, MPXV5100G)

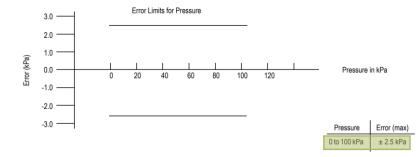


Figure 10. Pressure error band (MPX5100D, MPX5100G, MPXV5100G)



# **Arduino Calibration and plotting**

```
//Pressure sensor calibration factors MPX5100 Series Integrated Silicon Pressure Sensor analog input (0 to 100 kPa) Vout=Vs(P * 0.009 + 0.04), Vs=5V = 1024, P = const float SensorOffset = 4.44; //pressure sensor offset const float SensorGain = 0.109; // pressure sensor proportional relation
```

```
// read the input on analog pin 1:
float pressure_sensorValue = (analogRead(PRESSURE_SENSOR)*SensorGain-SensorOffset); //Do maths for calibration
```

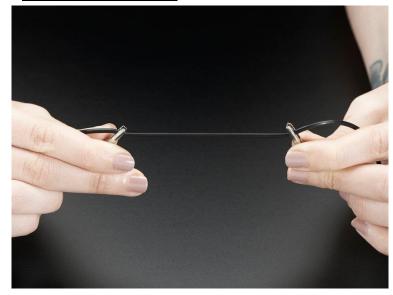
```
Serial.print(sample[0]);  // Angle data
Serial.print(",");
Serial.print(pressure_sensorValue);  // pressure data in kpa
Serial.print(",");
Serial.println(resistance_sensorValue);  // Stretch data
```



# Tutorial 3: Conductive Rubber Cord Sensor







TECHNICAL DETAILS

Length: approximately 1 meter = 39 inches

Diameter: 2mm

Resistance: 350-400 ohms per inch / 140 - 160 ohms per centimeter

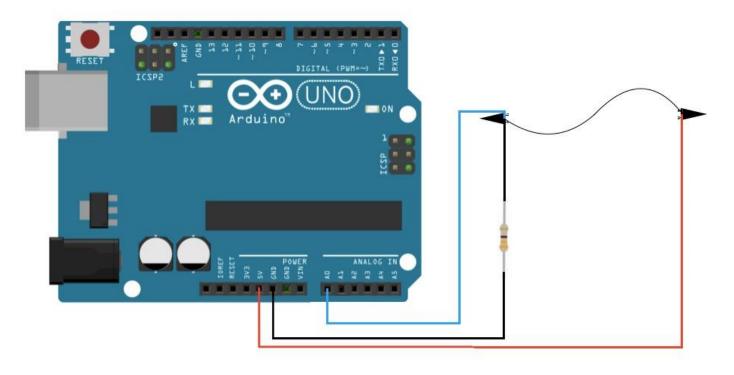


Figure 1. Conductive Rubber Cord Sensor – Arduino connection diagram



# **Arduino Calibration and plotting**

```
//Pressure sensor calibration factors

const float SensorOffset2 = 330; //pressure sensor offset
const float SensorGain2 = 337590; // pressure sensor proportional relation

// read the input on analog pin 0:
float resistance_sensorValue = (SensorGain2/analogRead(RUBBER_SENSOR)-SensorOffset2); //Do maths for calibration
```

```
Serial.print(sample[0]);  // Angle data
Serial.print(",");
Serial.print(pressure_sensorValue);  // pressure data in kpa
Serial.print(",");
Serial.println(resistance_sensorValue);  // Stretch data
```



# Tutorial 4: Pumps and valves



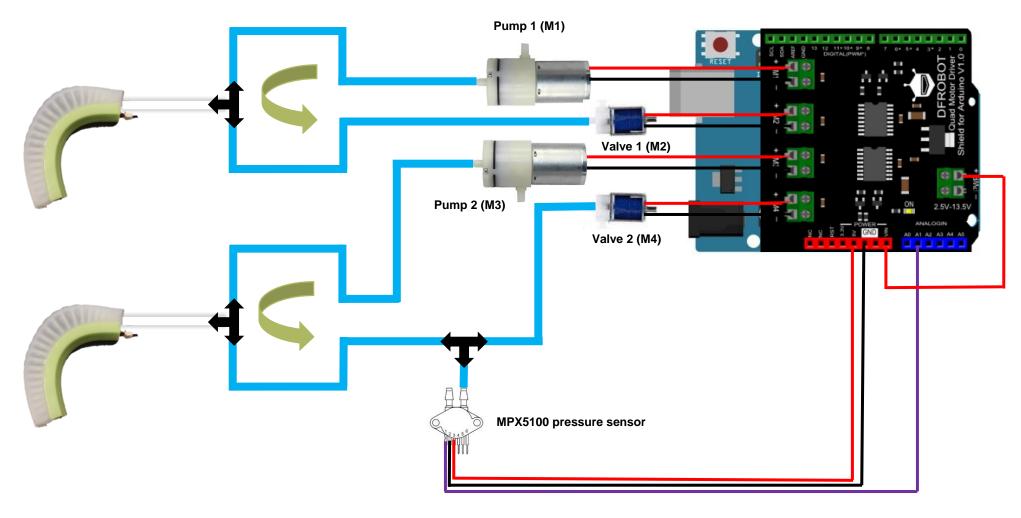


Figure 1. Pneumatic system for two PneuNets and MPX5100 pressure sensor using DFROBOT motor driver for Arduino Uno



## **Arduino Code**

→ Download *Pump\_valve\_simple\_control* sketch at <u>GitHub Link</u>

# **Arduino Motor controller functions**

# **Arduino Time Control:**

Sample time = 100 [ms]

```
delay(100); // defining sample time = 100 miliseconds
```



# **Arduino Time Control:** Sample time = 100 [ms]

```
delay(100); // defining sample time = 100 miliseconds
```

# **Example:**

```
else if ( timecounter > 60 and timecounter<= 90)
{
  motor_l_off();
  valve_l_off();
  timecounter++;
   }
  else if ( timecounter > 90)
{
    timecounter=0;
  }
```

