Reducer hver af følgende brøker mest muligt:

a:

$$\frac{2 - \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{15}{4} - 2} = \frac{2 - \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{15}{4} - \frac{4(-2)}{4}} = \frac{2 - \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{7}{4}} = \frac{\frac{3 * 2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{7}{4}} = \frac{\frac{6}{3} - \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{7}{4}} = \frac{\frac{5}{3}}{\frac{7}{4}} = \frac{5 * 4}{3 * 7} = \frac{20}{21}$$

b:

$$\frac{5 - \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{7}{4} + 3} = \frac{\frac{4 * 5}{4} - \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{7}{4} + \frac{4 * 3}{4}} = \frac{\frac{20}{4} - \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{7}{4} + \frac{12}{4}} = \frac{\frac{19}{4}}{\frac{19}{4}} = \frac{19 * 4}{19 * 4} = \frac{76}{76} = \frac{1}{1}$$

c:

$$\frac{\frac{2}{7}+1}{\frac{1}{11}+2} = \frac{\frac{2}{7}+\frac{1*7}{7}}{\frac{1}{11}+\frac{2*11}{11}} = \frac{\frac{9}{7}}{\frac{23}{11}} = \frac{9*11}{7*23} = \frac{99}{161}$$

d:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}}{7} = \frac{\frac{3}{6} - \frac{2}{6}}{7} = \frac{\frac{1}{6}}{\frac{7}{1}} = \frac{1 * 1}{6 * 7} = \frac{1}{42}$$

e:

$$\frac{\frac{6}{7} - \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{5}{7} + \frac{16}{7}} = \frac{\frac{18}{21} - \frac{7}{21}}{\frac{21}{7}} = \frac{\frac{11}{21}}{\frac{21}{7}} = \frac{11 * 7}{21 * 21} = \frac{77}{441} = \frac{11}{63}$$

Benzinmåleren i en lastbil viste ½ fuld. Der fyldes derefter 45L benzin i tanken og derefter viser måleren ¾ fuld. Hvor meget rummer tanken?

$$L_{tank} = \frac{45}{\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{45}{\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4}} = \frac{45}{\frac{1}{4}} = 180L$$

Benyt kvadratsætningerne til at gange følgende parenteser ud:

1:

Her bruges 1. kvadratsætning:

$$(3+b)^2 \Rightarrow b^2 + 6b + 9$$

2:

Her bruges 2. kvadratsætning:

$$(3a - 5b)^2 \Rightarrow$$
$$9a^2 + 25b^2 - 30ab$$

3:

Her bruges 2. kvadratsætning:

$$(1 - 2a)^2 \Rightarrow 4a^2 - 4a + 1$$

4:

Her bruges 3. kvadratsætning:

$$\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) \Rightarrow$$

$$x^2 - \frac{1}{2}^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$x^2 - \frac{1}{4}$$

5:

Her bruges 3. kvadratsætning:

$$(-2 - 3a)(-2 + 3a) \Rightarrow$$

$$-2^2 - 3a^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$4 - 3a^2$$

6:

Her bruges, efter lille omskrivning for nemhed, 3. kvadratsætning:

$$-(2b - a)(a + 2b) \Rightarrow$$

$$-(2b + a)(2b - a) \Rightarrow$$

$$-(4b^2 - a^2) \Rightarrow$$

$$a^2 - 4b^2$$

Reducer udtrykkene:

Kvadratsætninger bliver brugt gennem alle disse reduceringer:

1:

$$(4x-3)^{2} - (3x+2)^{2} - 7x(x-1) \Rightarrow$$

$$16x^{2} - 24x + 9 - (9x^{2} + 12x + 4) - 7x(x-1) \Rightarrow$$

$$16x^{2} - 24x + 9 - 9x^{2} - 12x - 4 - 7x^{2} + 7x \Rightarrow$$

$$29x + 5$$

2:

$$(x-2)^{2} + (x+3)(x-3) \Rightarrow x^{2} - 4x + 2^{2} + x^{2} - 3^{2} \Rightarrow x^{2} - 4x + 4 + x^{2} - 9 \Rightarrow 2x^{2} - 4x - 5$$

3:

$$3(x+2)^{2} - 2(x-1)(x+1) \Rightarrow$$

$$3(x^{2} + 4x + 2^{2}) - 2(x^{2} - 1^{2}) \Rightarrow$$

$$3x^{2} + 12x + 12 - 2x^{2} + 2 \Rightarrow$$

$$x^{2} + 12x + 14$$

4:

$$(3x + 2)^{2} - (4x + 5)(4x - 5) + 7x^{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$9x^{2} + 12x + 2^{2} - (16x^{2} - 25) + 7x^{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$9x^{2} + 12x + 4 - 16x^{2} + 25 + 7x^{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$12x + 29$$

Skriv følgende uden numerisk tegn:

a:

$$a = |-4| \Rightarrow a = 4$$

b:

$$b = |-3| \Rightarrow b = 3$$

c:

$$c = |2 + 7| \Rightarrow$$
$$c = 9$$

d:

$$d = |-18 + 13|$$

 $d = 5$

e:

$$e = -|-1 + 4|$$
$$e = -3$$

f:

$$f = \left| -3 - \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right) \right|$$
$$f = -2\frac{1}{2}$$

g:

$$g = |12 - 3 - 9|$$

 $g = 0$

h:

$$h = |0|$$
$$h = 0$$

i:

$$i = -|-8 + 7|$$
$$i = -1$$