

a) Compute gradient and Hessian

```
clear x y f1 f2 f3
syms x y

f1(x,y) = 2.*x + 3.*y + 1;
f2(x,y) = x.^2 + y.^2 - x.*y - 5;
f3(x,y) = (x-5).*cos(y-5)-(y-5).*sin(x-5);

disp("For f1:");

```

For f1:

```
g1 = gradient(f1, [x,y])

```

$g1(x, y) =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
h1 = hessian(f1, [x,y])

```

$h1(x, y) =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
disp("For f2:");

```

For f2:

```
g2 = gradient(f2, [x,y])

```

$g2(x, y) =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2x - y \\ 2y - x \end{pmatrix}$$

```
h2 = hessian(f2, [x,y])

```

$h2(x, y) =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
disp("For f3:");

```

For f3:

```
g3 = gradient(f3, [x,y])

```

$g3(x, y) =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos(y-5) - \cos(x-5) & (y-5) \\ -\sin(x-5) - \sin(y-5) & (x-5) \end{pmatrix}$$

```
h3 = hessian(f3, [x,y])

```

$$h3(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} \sin(x-5) & (y-5) \\ -\cos(x-5) & -\sin(y-5) \\ -\cos(y-5) & (x-5) \end{pmatrix}$$

b) Produce 2-D contour plot and 3-D quadratic approximation.

For f1:

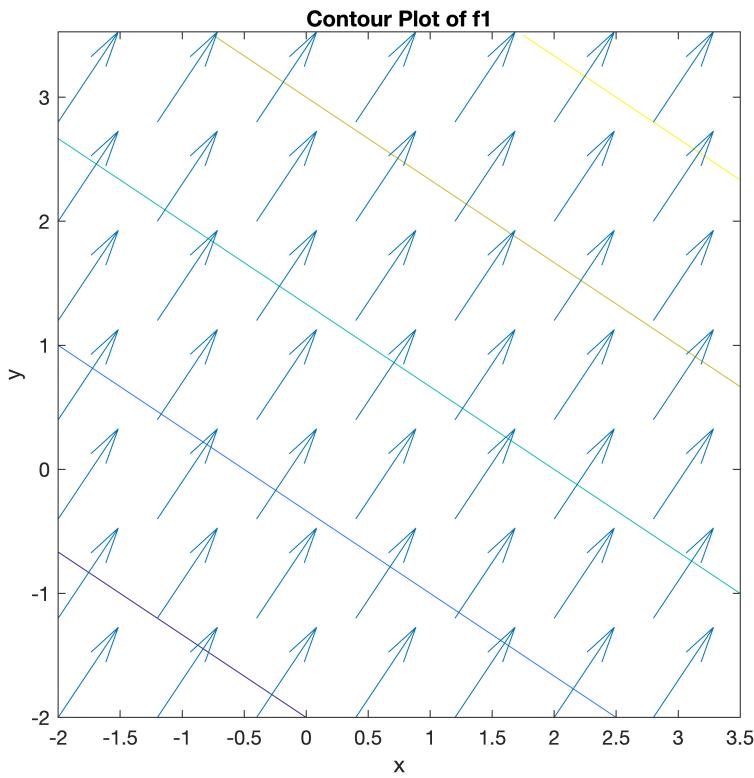
Contour:

```
clear x y f1
syms x y f1
f1(x,y) = 2.*x + 3.*y + 1;
x = linspace(-2, 3.5);
y = linspace(-2, 3.5);
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = f1(X,Y);
contour(X,Y,Z)
hold on

spacing = 0.8;

x = -2:spacing:3.5;
y = -2:spacing:3.5;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = 2*X + 3*Y + 1;
[DX,DY] = gradient(Z, spacing);
quiver(X,Y,DX,DY)
axis equal
hold off

xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
title('Contour Plot of f1');
```



3-D Quadratic Approximation

```

clear x y f1
f1 = @(x,y) 2.*x + 3.*y + 1;
spacing = 0.1;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(-2:spacing:3.5);
[dx,dy] = gradient(f1(X,Y),spacing);

x0 = 1;
y0 = 0;

t = (X == x0) & (Y == y0);
indt = find(t);
fx0 = dx(indt);
fy0 = dy(indt);

clear x y f1
syms x y f1
f1(x,y) = 2.*x + 3.*y + 1;
sol = hessian(f1);
sol = sol(X,Y);
sol = cell2sym(sol);
f2x1 = double(sol(1:56, 1:56));
f2x1 = f2x1(indt);
f2x2 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x2 = f2x2(indt);

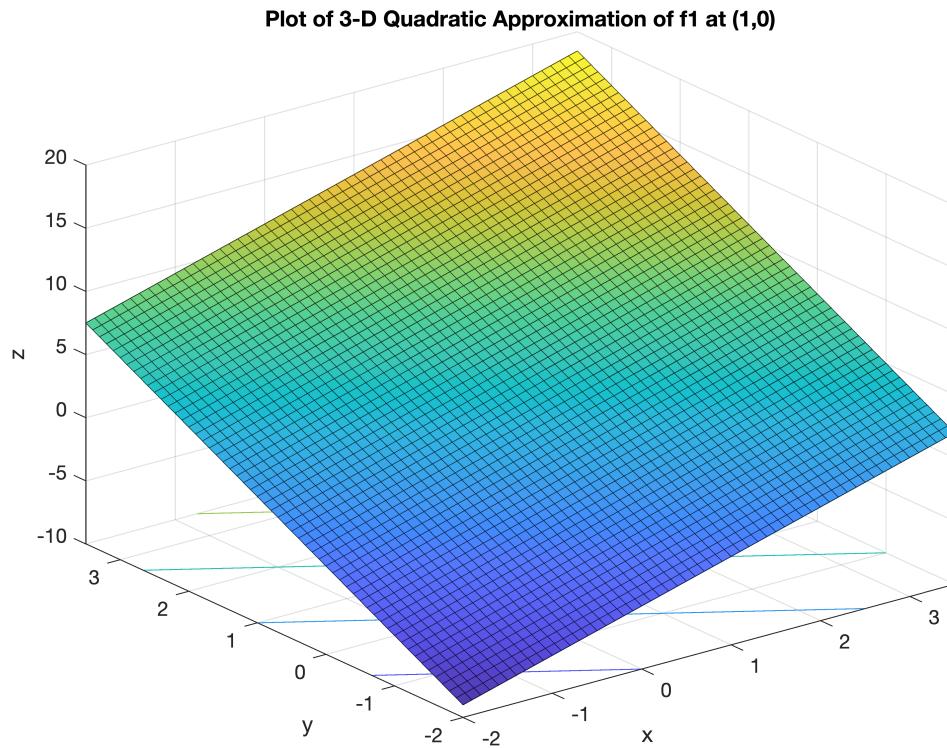
```

```

f2x3 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x3 = f2x3(indt);
f2x4 = double(sol(57:112, 57:112));
f2x4 = f2x4(indt);

%compute tangent plane
f_approx = @(x,y) f1(x0,y0) + fx0*(x-x0) + fy0*(y-y0) + 1/2.*((x-x0).*((x-x0).*f2x1 +
surf(X,Y,double(f_approx(X,Y)), 'EdgeAlpha',0.7, 'FaceAlpha',0.9);
hold on
meshc(X,Y,f1(X,Y));
hold off
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
zlabel('z');
xlim([-2 3.5]);
ylim([-2 3.5]);
zlim([-10 20]);
title('Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)');

```



For f2

```

clear x y f2
syms x y f2
f2(x,y) = x.^2 + y.^2 - x.*y - 5;

x = linspace(-2, 3.5);
y = linspace(-2, 3.5);
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = f2(X,Y);

```

```

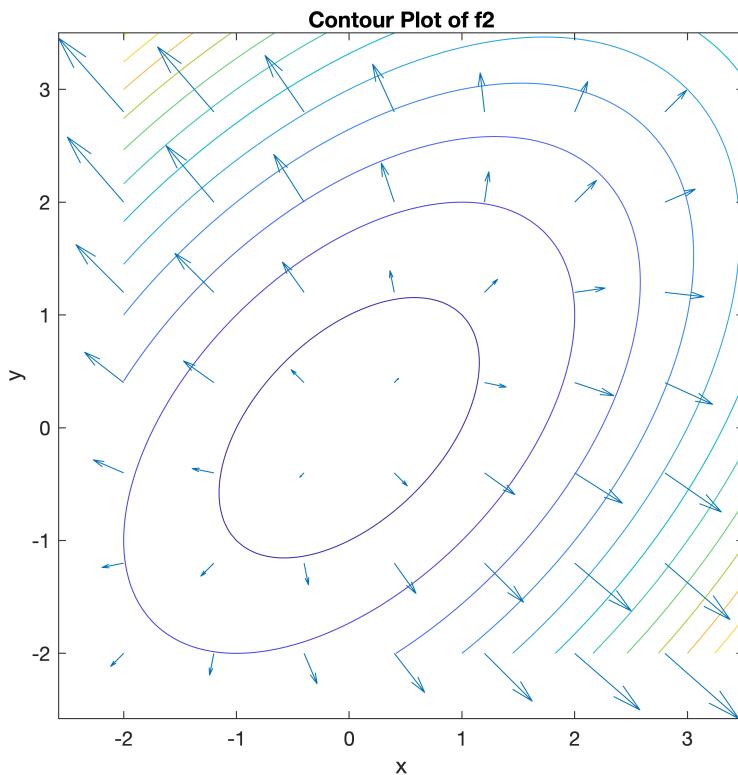
contour(X,Y,Z)
hold on

spacing = 0.8;

x = -2:spacing:3.5;
y = -2:spacing:3.5;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = X.^2 + Y.^2 - X.*Y - 5;
[DX,DY] = gradient(Z, spacing);
quiver(X,Y,DX,DY)
axis equal
hold off

xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
title('Contour Plot of f2');

```



3-D Quadratic Approximation

```

clear x y f2
f2 = @(x,y) x.^2 + y.^2 - x.*y - 5;

spacing = 0.1;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(-2:spacing:3.5);
[dx,dy] = gradient(f2(X,Y),spacing);

x0 = 1;
y0 = 0;

```

```

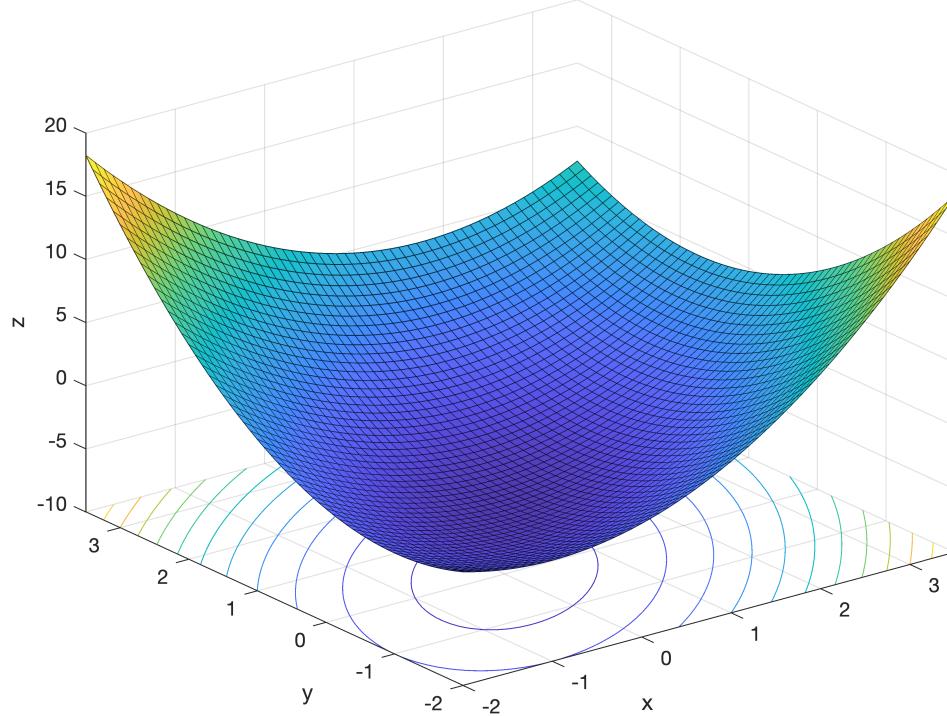
t = (X == x0) & (Y == y0);
indt = find(t);
fx0 = dx(indt);
fy0 = dy(indt);

clear x y f2
syms x y f2
f2(x,y) = x.^2 + y.^2 - x.*y - 5;
sol = hessian(f2);
sol = sol(X,Y);
sol = cell2sym(sol);
f2x1 = double(sol(1:56, 1:56));
f2x1 = f2x1(indt);
f2x2 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x2 = f2x2(indt);
f2x3 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x3 = f2x3(indt);
f2x4 = double(sol(57:112, 57:112));
f2x4 = f2x4(indt);

%compute tangent plane
f_approx = @(x,y) f2(x0,y0) + fx0*(x-x0) + fy0*(y-y0) + 1/2.*((x-x0).*((x-x0).*f2x1 +
surf(X,Y,double(f_approx(X,Y)), 'EdgeAlpha',0.7, 'FaceAlpha',0.9);
hold on
meshc(X,Y,f2(X,Y));
hold off
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
zlabel('z');
xlim([-2 3.5]);
ylim([-2 3.5]);
zlim([-10 20]);
title('Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)');

```

Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)



For f3

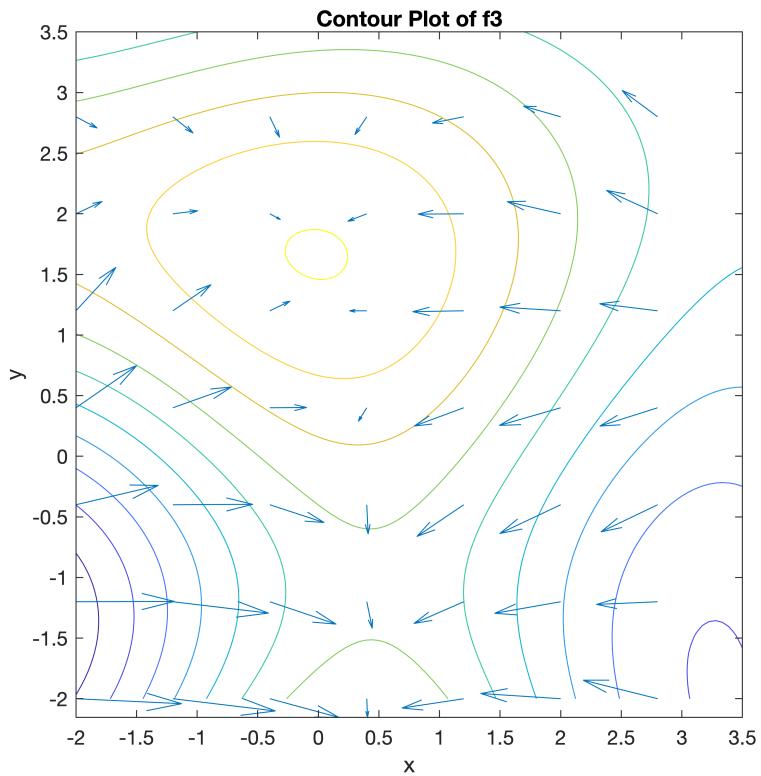
```
clear x y f3
syms x y f3
f3(x,y) = (x-5).*cos(y-5)-(y-5).*sin(x-5);

x = linspace(-2, 3.5);
y = linspace(-2, 3.5);
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = f3(X,Y);
contour(X,Y,Z)
hold on

spacing = 0.8;

x = -2:spacing:3.5;
y = -2:spacing:3.5;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = (X-Y).*cos(Y-5)-(Y-5).*sin(X-5);
[DX,DY] = gradient(Z, spacing);
quiver(X,Y,DX,DY)
axis equal
hold off

xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
title('Contour Plot of f3');
```



3-D Quadratic Approximation

```

clear x y f3
f3 = @(x,y) (x-5).*cos(y-5)-(y-5).*sin(x-5);
spacing = 0.1;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(-2:spacing:3.5);
[dx,dy] = gradient(f3(X,Y),spacing);

x0 = 1;
y0 = 0;

t = (X == x0) & (Y == y0);
indt = find(t);
fx0 = dx(indt);
fy0 = dy(indt);

clear x y f3
syms x y f3
f3(x,y) = (x-5).*cos(y-5)-(y-5).*sin(x-5);
sol = hessian(f3);
sol = sol(X,Y);
sol = cell2sym(sol);
f2x1 = double(sol(1:56, 1:56));
f2x1 = f2x1(indt);
f2x2 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x2 = f2x2(indt);

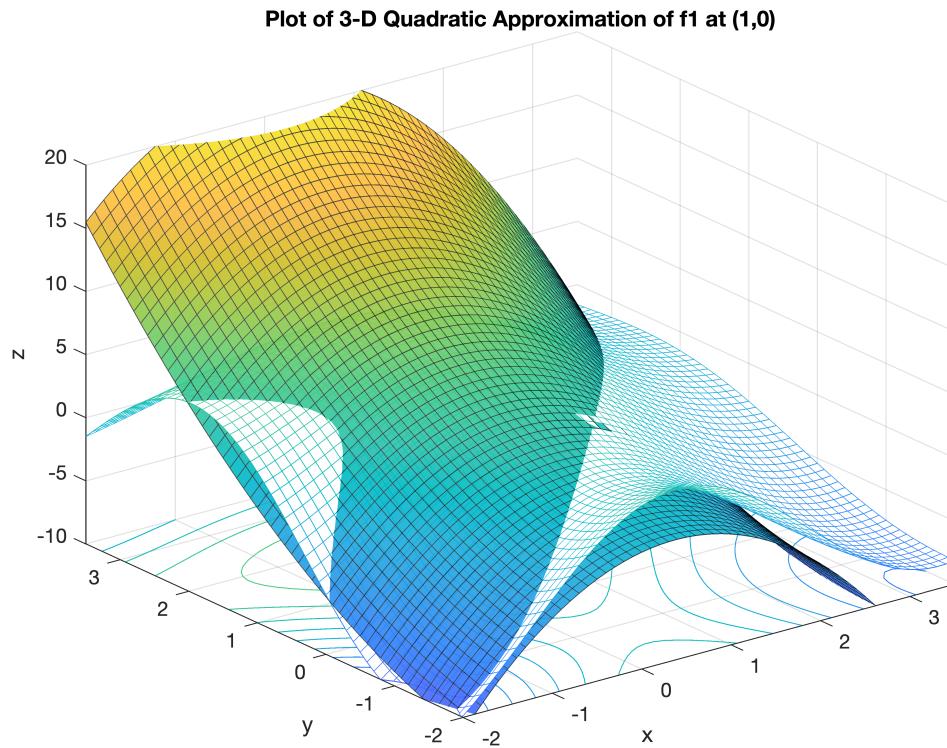
```

```

f2x3 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x3 = f2x3(indt);
f2x4 = double(sol(57:112, 57:112));
f2x4 = f2x4(indt);

%compute tangent plane
f_approx = @(x,y) f3(x0,y0) + fx0*(x-x0) + fy0*(y-y0) + 1/2.*((x-x0).*((x-x0).*f2x1 +
surf(X,Y,double(f_approx(X,Y)), 'EdgeAlpha',0.7, 'FaceAlpha',0.9);
hold on
meshc(X,Y,f3(X,Y));
hold off
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
zlabel('z');
xlim([-2 3.5]);
ylim([-2 3.5]);
zlim([-10 20]);
title('Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)');

```



c) Repeat for $(x,y) = (-0.7, 2)$

For f_1 :

Contour:

```

clear x y f1
syms x y f1
f1(x,y) = 2.*x + 3.*y + 1;

```

```

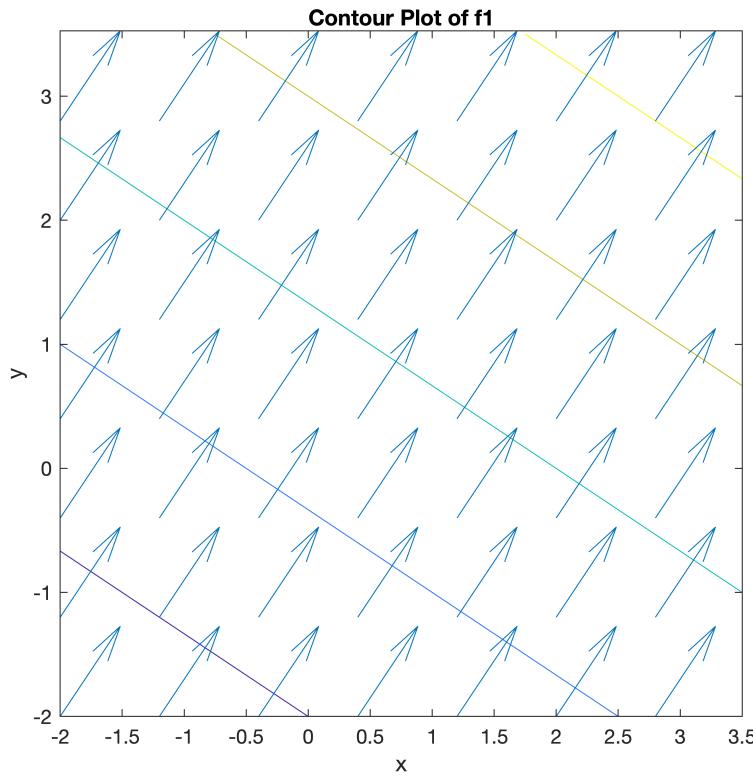
x = linspace(-2, 3.5);
y = linspace(-2, 3.5);
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = f1(X,Y);
contour(X,Y,Z)
hold on

spacing = 0.8;

x = -2:spacing:3.5;
y = -2:spacing:3.5;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = 2*X + 3*Y + 1;
[DX,DY] = gradient(Z, spacing);
quiver(X,Y,DX,DY)
axis equal
hold off

xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
title('Contour Plot of f1');

```



3-D Quadratic Approximation

```

clear x y f1

f1 = @(x,y) 2.*x + 3.*y + 1;

```

```

spacing = 0.1;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(-2:spacing:3.5);
[dx,dy] = gradient(f1(X,Y),spacing);

x0 = -0.7;
y0 = 2;

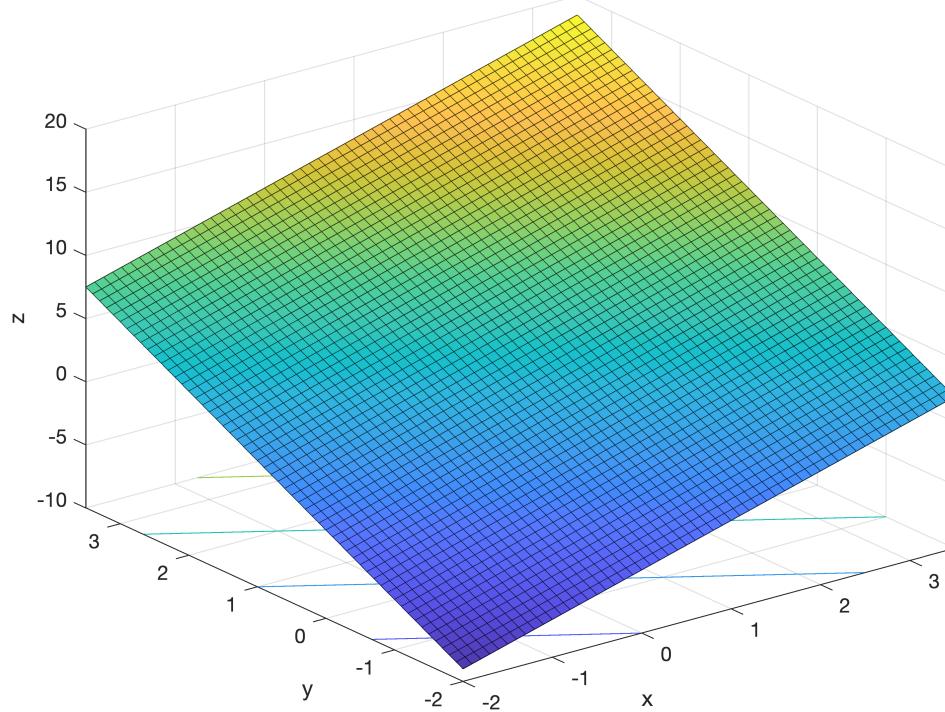
t = (X == x0) & (Y == y0);
indt = find(t);
fx0 = dx(indt);
fy0 = dy(indt);

clear x y f1
syms x y f1
f1(x,y) = 2.*x + 3.*y + 1;
sol = hessian(f1);
sol = sol(X,Y);
sol = cell2sym(sol);
f2x1 = double(sol(1:56, 1:56));
f2x1 = f2x1(indt);
f2x2 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x2 = f2x2(indt);
f2x3 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x3 = f2x3(indt);
f2x4 = double(sol(57:112, 57:112));
f2x4 = f2x4(indt);

%compute tangent plane
f_approx = @(x,y) f1(x0,y0) + fx0.* (x-x0) + fy0.* (y-y0) + 1/2.*((x-x0).*((x-x0).*f2x1 +
surf(X,Y,double(f_approx(X,Y))), 'EdgeAlpha',0.7, 'FaceAlpha',0.9);
hold on
meshc(X,Y,f1(X,Y));
hold off
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
zlabel('z');
xlim([-2 3.5]);
ylim([-2 3.5]);
zlim([-10 20]);
title('Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)');

```

Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)



For f2

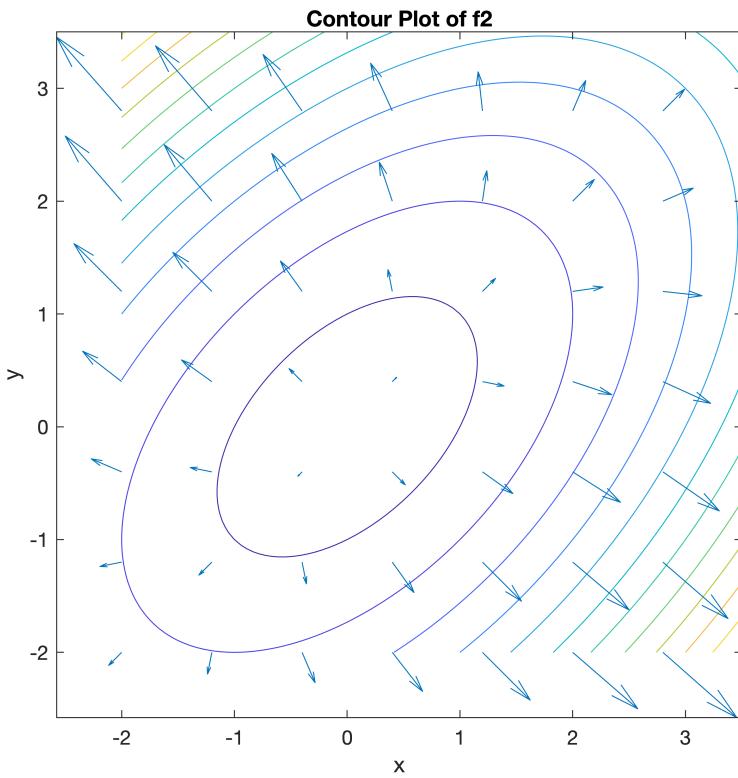
```
clear x y f2
syms x y f2
f2(x,y) = x.^2 + y.^2 - x.*y - 5;

x = linspace(-2, 3.5);
y = linspace(-2, 3.5);
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = f2(X,Y);
contour(X,Y,Z)
hold on

spacing = 0.8;

x = -2:spacing:3.5;
y = -2:spacing:3.5;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = X.^2 + Y.^2 - X.*Y - 5;
[DX,DY] = gradient(Z, spacing);
quiver(X,Y,DX,DY)
axis equal
hold off

xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
title('Contour Plot of f2');
```



3-D Quadratic Approximation

```

clear x y f2
f2 = @(x,y) x.^2 + y.^2 - x.*y - 5;
spacing = 0.1;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(-2:spacing:3.5);
[dx,dy] = gradient(f2(X,Y),spacing);

x0 = -0.7;
y0 = 2;

t = (X == x0) & (Y == y0);
indt = find(t);
fx0 = dx(indt);
fy0 = dy(indt);

clear x y f2
syms x y f2
f2(x,y) = x.^2 + y.^2 - x.*y - 5;
sol = hessian(f2);
sol = sol(X,Y);
sol = cell2sym(sol);
f2x1 = double(sol(1:56, 1:56));
f2x1 = f2x1(indt);
f2x2 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x2 = f2x2(indt);

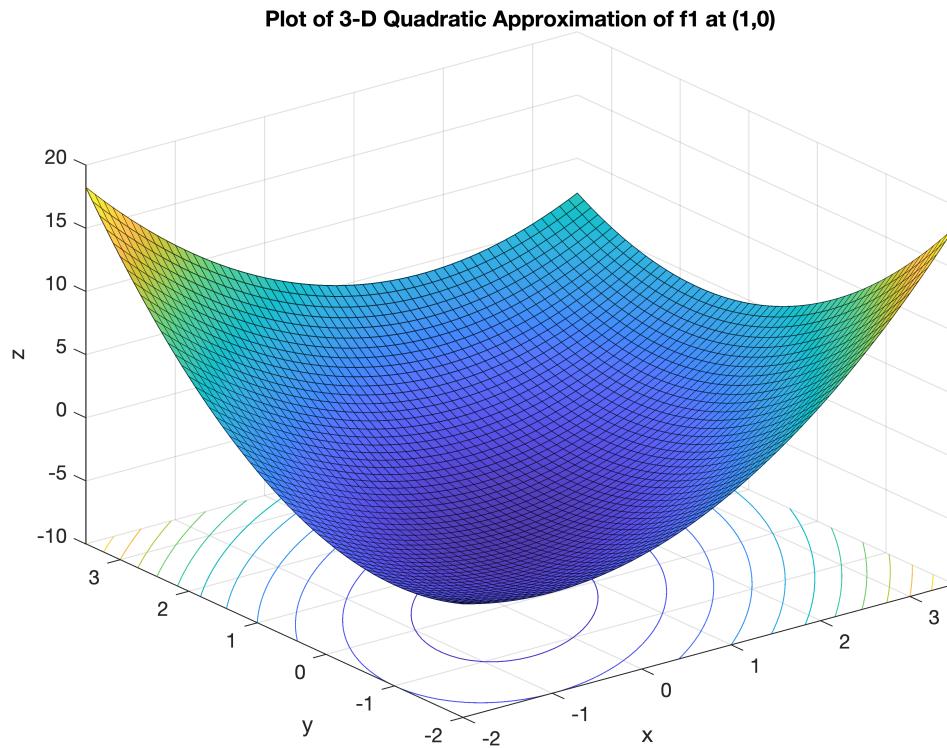
```

```

f2x3 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x3 = f2x3(indt);
f2x4 = double(sol(57:112, 57:112));
f2x4 = f2x4(indt);

%compute tangent plane
f_approx = @(x,y) f2(x0,y0) + fx0*(x-x0) + fy0*(y-y0) + 1/2.*((x-x0).*((x-x0).*f2x1 +
surf(X,Y,double(f_approx(X,Y)), 'EdgeAlpha',0.7, 'FaceAlpha',0.9);
hold on
meshc(X,Y,f2(X,Y));
hold off
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
zlabel('z');
xlim([-2 3.5]);
ylim([-2 3.5]);
zlim([-10 20]);
title('Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)');

```



For f3

```

clear x y f3
syms x y f3
f3(x,y) = (x-5).*cos(y-5)-(y-5).*sin(x-5);

x = linspace(-2, 3.5);
y = linspace(-2, 3.5);
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = f3(X,Y);

```

```

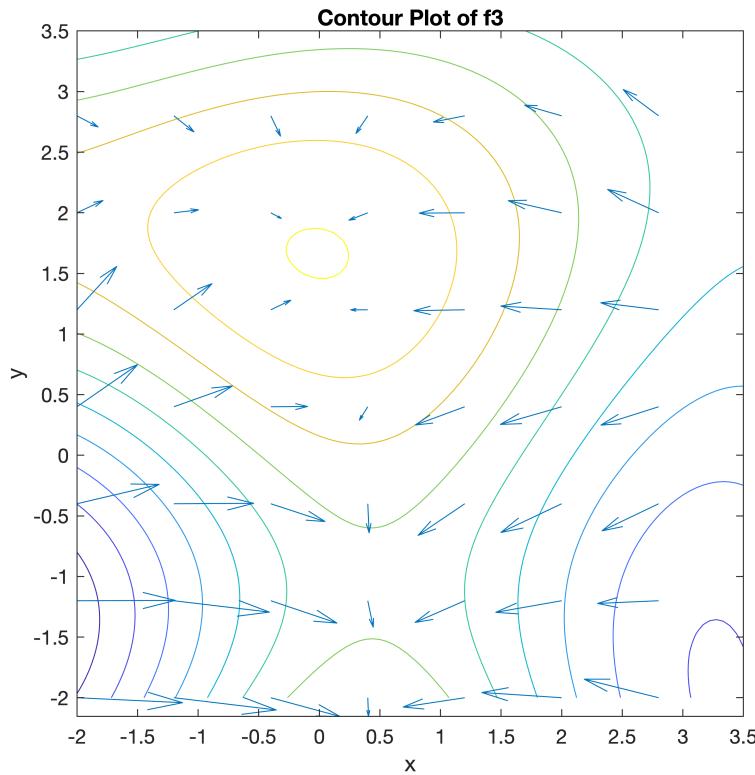
contour(X,Y,Z)
hold on

spacing = 0.8;

x = -2:spacing:3.5;
y = -2:spacing:3.5;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = (X-Y).*cos(Y-5)-(Y-5).*sin(X-5);
[DX,DY] = gradient(Z, spacing);
quiver(X,Y,DX,DY)
axis equal
hold off

xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
title('Contour Plot of f3');

```



3-D Quadratic Approximation

```

clear x y f3

f3 = @(x,y) (x-5).*cos(y-5)-(y-5).*sin(x-5);

spacing = 0.1;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(-2:spacing:3.5);
[dx,dy] = gradient(f3(X,Y),spacing);

x0 = -0.7;

```

```

y0 = 2;

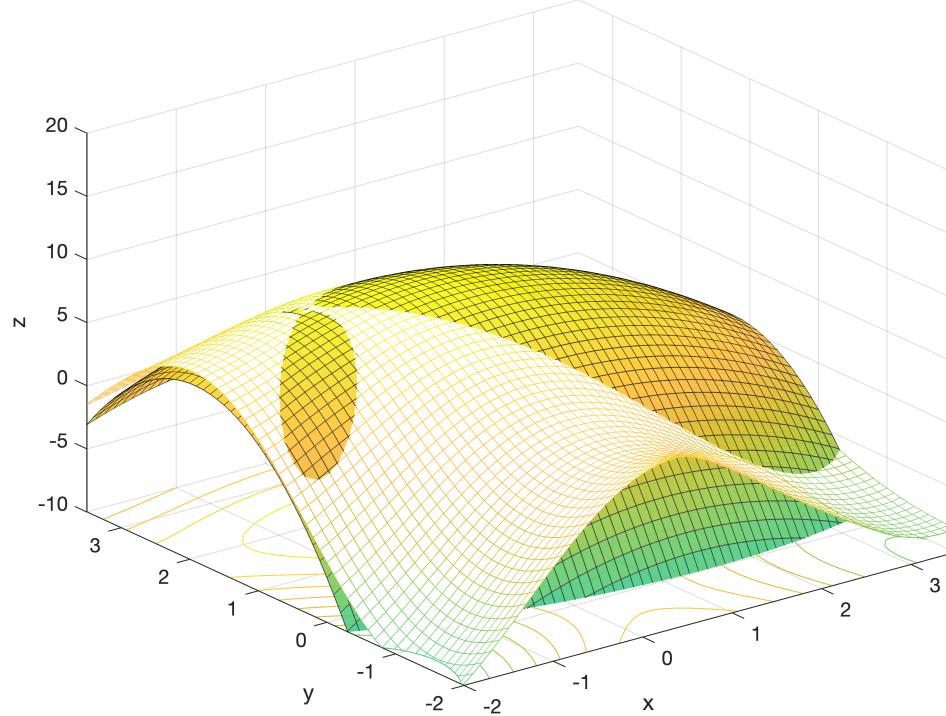
t = (X == x0) & (Y == y0);
indt = find(t);
fx0 = dx(indt);
fy0 = dy(indt);

clear x y f3
syms x y f3
f3(x,y) = (x-5).*cos(y-5)-(y-5).*sin(x-5);
sol = hessian(f3);
sol = sol(X,Y);
sol = cell2sym(sol);
f2x1 = double(sol(1:56, 1:56));
f2x1 = f2x1(indt);
f2x2 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x2 = f2x2(indt);
f2x3 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x3 = f2x3(indt);
f2x4 = double(sol(57:112, 57:112));
f2x4 = f2x4(indt);

%compute tangent plane
f_approx = @(x,y) f3(x0,y0) + fx0*(x-x0) + fy0*(y-y0) + 1/2.*((x-x0).*((x-x0).*f2x1 +
surf(X,Y,double(f_approx(X,Y)), 'EdgeAlpha',0.7, 'FaceAlpha',0.9);
hold on
meshc(X,Y,f3(X,Y));
hold off
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
zlabel('z');
xlim([-2 3.5]);
ylim([-2 3.5]);
zlim([-10 20]);
title('Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)');

```

Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)



Repeat for $(x,y) = (2.5, -1)$

For f1:

Contour:

```
clear x y f1
syms x y f1
f1(x,y) = 2.*x + 3.*y + 1;

x = linspace(-2, 3.5);
y = linspace(-2, 3.5);
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = f1(X,Y);
contour(X,Y,Z)
hold on

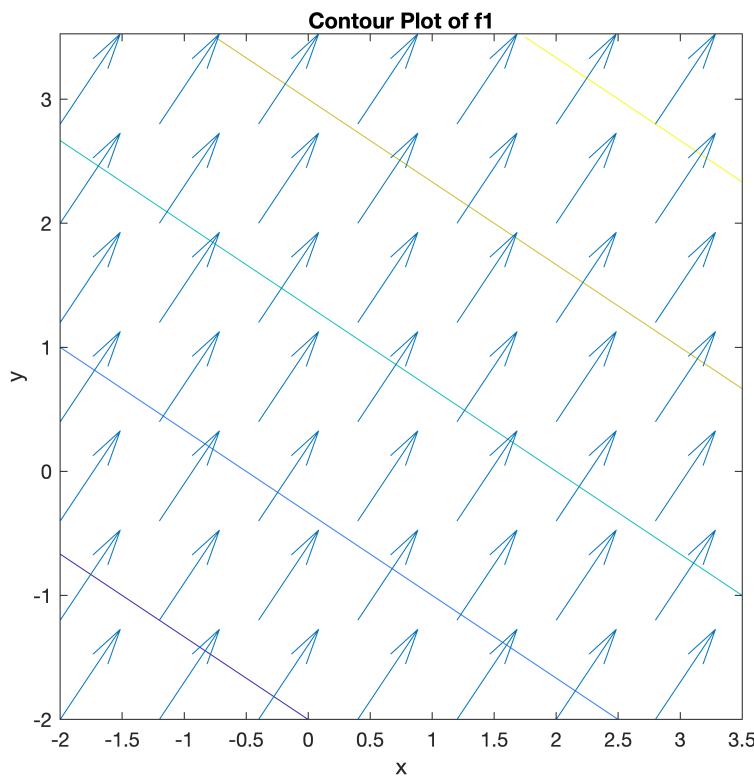
spacing = 0.8;

x = -2:spacing:3.5;
y = -2:spacing:3.5;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = 2*X + 3*Y + 1;
[DX,DY] = gradient(Z, spacing);
quiver(X,Y,DX,DY)
axis equal
hold off
```

```

xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
title('Contour Plot of f1');

```



3-D Quadratic Approximation

```

clear x y f1
f1 = @(x,y) 2.*x + 3.*y + 1;
spacing = 0.1;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(-2:spacing:3.5);
[dx,dy] = gradient(f1(X,Y),spacing);

x0 = 2.5;
y0 = -1;

t = (X == x0) & (Y == y0);
indt = find(t);
fx0 = dx(indt);
fy0 = dy(indt);

clear x y f1
syms x y f1
f1(x,y) = 2.*x + 3.*y + 1;
sol = hessian(f1);
sol = sol(X,Y);
sol = cell2sym(sol);
f2x1 = double(sol(1:56, 1:56));

```

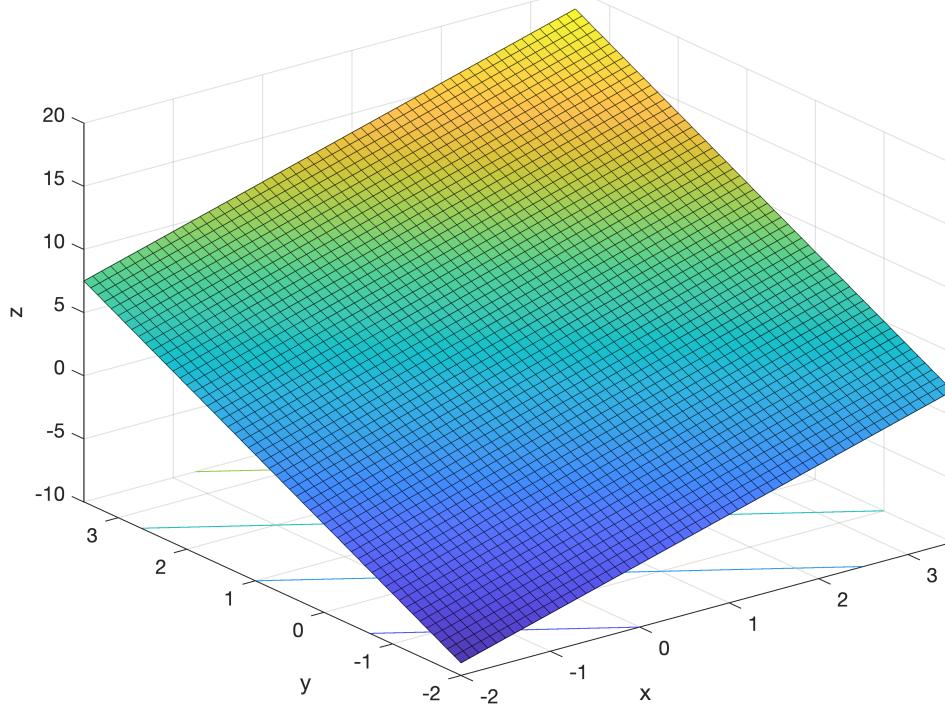
```

f2x1 = f2x1(indt);
f2x2 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x2 = f2x2(indt);
f2x3 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x3 = f2x3(indt);
f2x4 = double(sol(57:112, 57:112));
f2x4 = f2x4(indt);

%compute tangent plane
f_approx = @(x,y) f1(x0,y0) + fx0.* (x-x0) + fy0.* (y-y0) + 1/2.*((x-x0).*((x-x0).*f2x1 +
surf(X,Y,double(f_approx(X,Y)), 'EdgeAlpha',0.7, 'FaceAlpha',0.9);
hold on
meshc(X,Y,f1(X,Y));
hold off
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
zlabel('z');
xlim([-2 3.5]);
ylim([-2 3.5]);
zlim([-10 20]);
title('Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)');

```

Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)



For f2

```

clear x y f2
syms x y f2
f2(x,y) = x.^2 + y.^2 - x.*y - 5;
x = linspace(-2, 3.5);

```

```

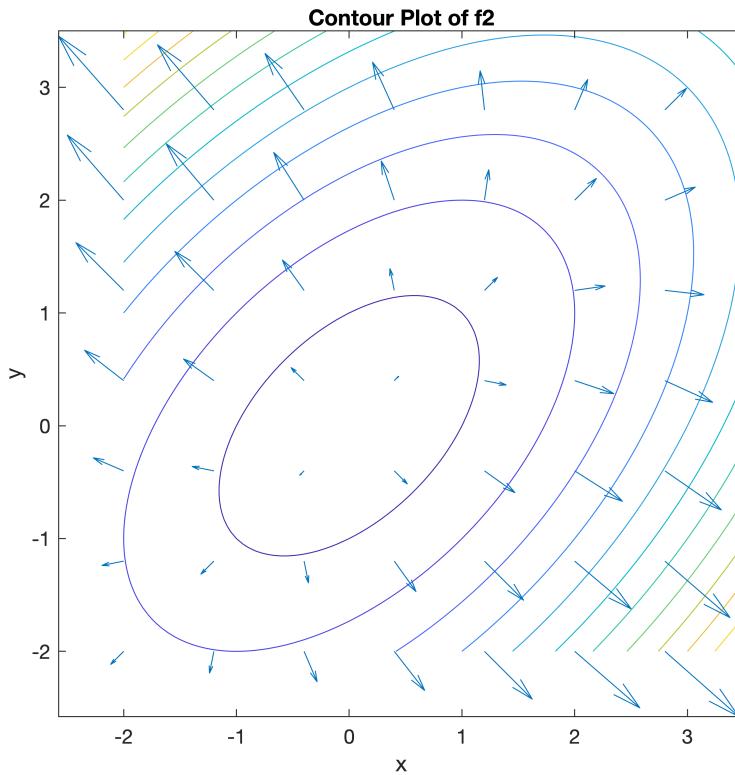
y = linspace(-2, 3.5);
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = f2(X,Y);
contour(X,Y,Z)
hold on

spacing = 0.8;

x = -2:spacing:3.5;
y = -2:spacing:3.5;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = X.^2 + Y.^2 - X.*Y - 5;
[DX,DY] = gradient(Z, spacing);
quiver(X,Y,DX,DY)
axis equal
hold off

xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
title('Contour Plot of f2');

```



3-D Quadratic Approximation

```

clear x y f2

f2 = @(x,y) x.^2 + y.^2 - x.*y - 5;

spacing = 0.1;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(-2:spacing:3.5);

```

```

[dx,dy] = gradient(f2(X,Y),spacing);

x0 = 2.5;
y0 = -1;

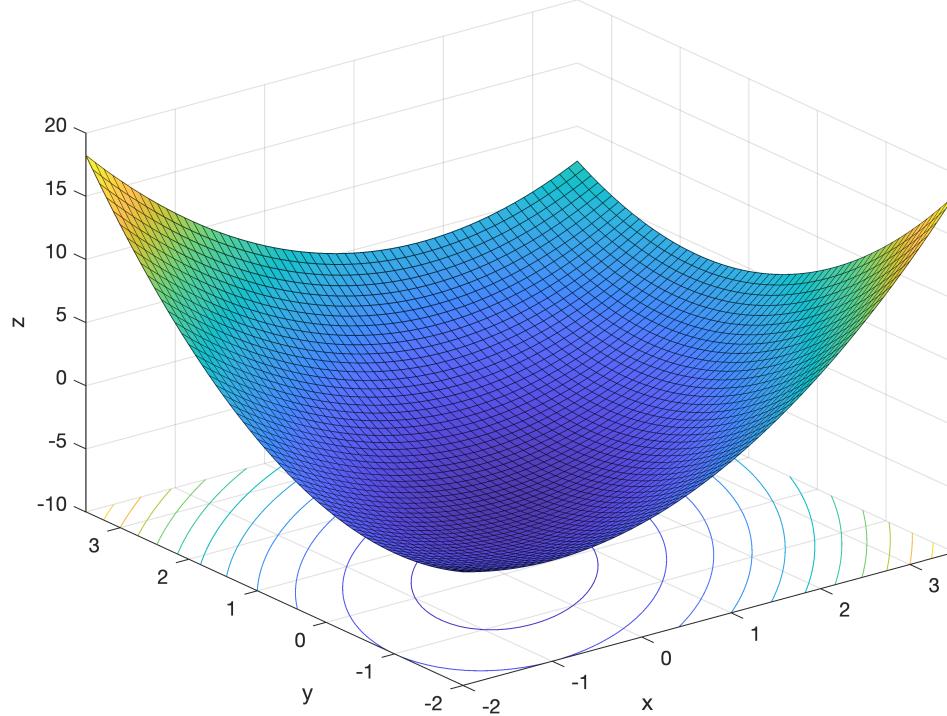
t = (X == x0) & (Y == y0);
indt = find(t);
fx0 = dx(indt);
fy0 = dy(indt);

clear x y f2
syms x y f2
f2(x,y) = x.^2 + y.^2 - x.*y - 5;
sol = hessian(f2);
sol = sol(X,Y);
sol = cell2sym(sol);
f2x1 = double(sol(1:56, 1:56));
f2x1 = f2x1(indt);
f2x2 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x2 = f2x2(indt);
f2x3 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x3 = f2x3(indt);
f2x4 = double(sol(57:112, 57:112));
f2x4 = f2x4(indt);

%compute tangent plane
f_approx = @(x,y) f2(x0,y0) + fx0*(x-x0) + fy0*(y-y0) + 1/2.*((x-x0).*((x-x0).*f2x1 +
surf(X,Y,double(f_approx(X,Y))), 'EdgeAlpha',0.7, 'FaceAlpha',0.9);
hold on
meshc(X,Y,f2(X,Y));
hold off
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
zlabel('z');
xlim([-2 3.5]);
ylim([-2 3.5]);
zlim([-10 20]);
title('Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)');

```

Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)



For f3

```

clear x y f3
syms x y f3
f3(x,y) = (x-5).*cos(y-5)-(y-5).*sin(x-5);

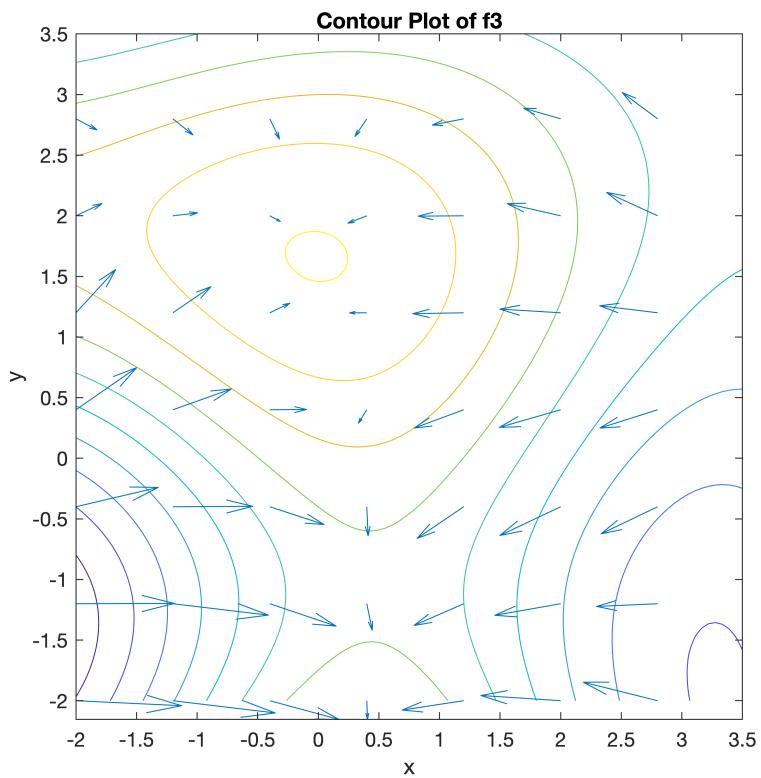
x = linspace(-2, 3.5);
y = linspace(-2, 3.5);
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = f3(X,Y);
contour(X,Y,Z)
hold on

spacing = 0.8;

x = -2:spacing:3.5;
y = -2:spacing:3.5;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = (X-Y).*cos(Y-5)-(Y-5).*sin(X-5);
[DX,DY] = gradient(Z, spacing);
quiver(X,Y,DX,DY)
axis equal
hold off

xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
title('Contour Plot of f3');

```



3-D Quadratic Approximation

```

clear x y f3
f3 = @(x,y) (x-5).*cos(y-5)-(y-5).*sin(x-5);
spacing = 0.1;
[X,Y] = meshgrid(-2:spacing:3.5);
[dx,dy] = gradient(f3(X,Y),spacing);

x0 = 2.5;
y0 = -1;

t = (X == x0) & (Y == y0);
indt = find(t);
fx0 = dx(indt);
fy0 = dy(indt);

clear x y f3
syms x y f3
f3(x,y) = (x-5).*cos(y-5)-(y-5).*sin(x-5);
sol = hessian(f3);
sol = sol(X,Y);
sol = cell2sym(sol);
f2x1 = double(sol(1:56, 1:56));
f2x1 = f2x1(indt);
f2x2 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x2 = f2x2(indt);

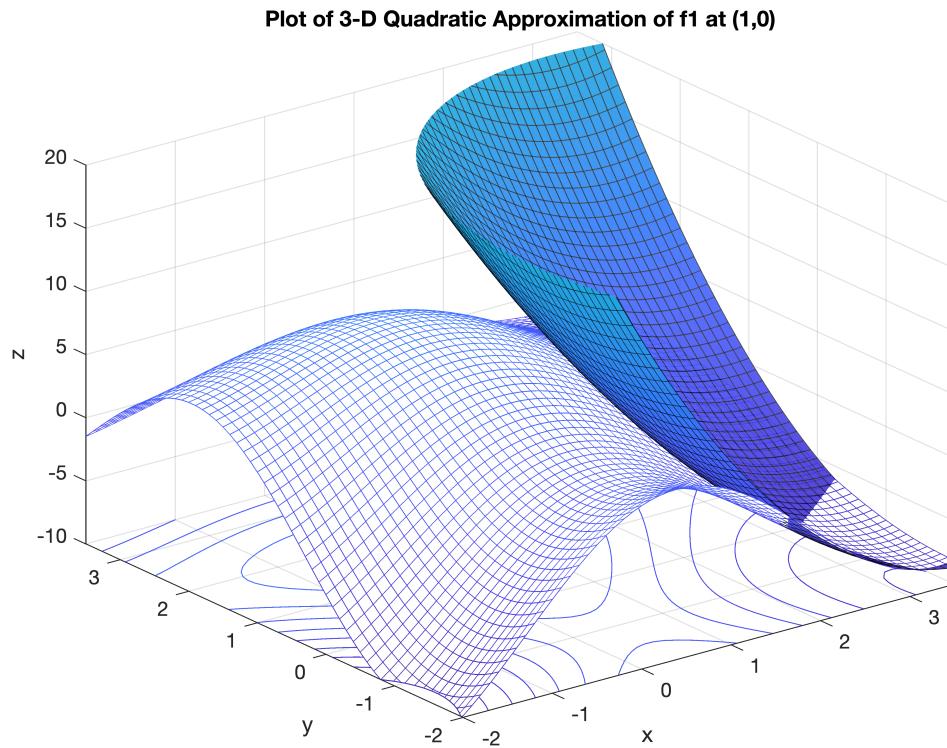
```

```

f2x3 = double(sol(1:56, 57:112));
f2x3 = f2x3(indt);
f2x4 = double(sol(57:112, 57:112));
f2x4 = f2x4(indt);

%compute tangent plane
f_approx = @(x,y) f3(x0,y0) + fx0*(x-x0) + fy0*(y-y0) + 1/2.*((x-x0).*((x-x0).*f2x1 +
surf(X,Y,double(f_approx(X,Y)), 'EdgeAlpha',0.7, 'FaceAlpha',0.9);
hold on
meshc(X,Y,f3(X,Y));
hold off
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
zlabel('z');
xlim([-2 3.5]);
ylim([-2 3.5]);
zlim([-10 20]);
title('Plot of 3-D Quadratic Approximation of f1 at (1,0)');

```



- d) Comment on where your functions are accurate and when they are not. Discuss what the reason is behind your observations.

Using quadratic approximation, f1 and f2 are modeled perfectly for all points. For f3, the function approximation is accurate near the specified point. However, the quadratic function is unable to model non-quadratic regions as f3 is composed of sinusoidal terms.