

a) System Equation

$$f(Y, q_m) = \dot{Y} = \frac{q_m S}{S^2 - A^2} - \sqrt{\frac{A^2}{(S^2 - A^2)^2 q_m^2} + \frac{2A^2 g Y}{S^2 - A^2}}$$

Taylor Series Linear Approximation

$$\dot{Y} = f(Y^*, q_m^*) + \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial Y} \right|_{Y^*, q_m^*} (Y - Y^*) + \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial q_m} \right|_{Y^*, q_m^*} (q_m - q_m^*)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(Y^*, q_m^*) &= \dot{Y}^* ; \quad y = Y - Y^* ; \quad u = q_m - q_m^* \\ &\Rightarrow \dot{y} = \dot{Y} - \dot{Y}^* \\ &\Rightarrow \dot{y} + \dot{Y}^* = \dot{Y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{y} + \dot{Y}^* = \dot{Y}^* + \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial Y} \right|_{Y^*, q_m^*} y + \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial q_m} \right|_{Y^*, q_m^*} u$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{y} = a y + b u \quad \text{where} \quad a = \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial Y} \right|_{Y^*, q_m^*} \quad b = \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial q_m} \right|_{Y^*, q_m^*}$$

$$s y(s) = a y(s) + b u(s)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{y(s)}{u(s)} = \frac{b}{s - a}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial Y} \right|_{Y^*, q_m^*} = \frac{A^2 g}{(S^2 - A^2) \sqrt{\frac{A^2}{(S^2 - A^2)^2 q_m^{*2}} + \frac{2A^2 g Y^*}{S^2 - A^2}}} \\ b &= \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial q_m} \right|_{Y^*, q_m^*} = \frac{S}{S^2 - A^2} - \frac{A^2 q_m^*}{(S^2 - A^2) \sqrt{\frac{A^2}{(S^2 - A^2)^2 q_m^{*2}} + \frac{2A^2 g Y^*}{S^2 - A^2}}} \end{aligned}$$



$$b) \quad \dot{Y} = 0 = \frac{q_{in} S}{S^2 - A^2} - \sqrt{\frac{A^2}{(S^2 - A^2)^2} q_{in}^2 + \frac{2A^2 g}{S^2 - A^2} Y}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left( \frac{q_{in} S}{S^2 - A^2} \right)^2 = \frac{A^2}{(S^2 - A^2)^2} q_{in}^2 + \frac{2A^2 g}{S^2 - A^2} Y$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[ \frac{S^2}{(S^2 - A^2)^2} - \frac{A^2}{(S^2 - A^2)^2} \right] q_{in}^2 = \frac{2A^2 g}{S^2 - A^2} Y$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\cancel{S^2} - A^2}{(S^2 - A^2)^2} q_{in}^2 = \frac{2A^2 g}{S^2 - A^2} Y$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\cancel{S^2} - A^2} q_{in}^2 = \frac{2A^2 g}{\cancel{S^2} - A^2} Y$$

$$\Rightarrow q_{in}^2 = 2A^2 g Y$$

$$\Rightarrow \cancel{g} \left[ q_{in} = \sqrt{2A^2 g Y} \right]$$

The control variable  $q_{in}$  has no range to maintain a constant level  $Y$  for the whole working range of the level. Given  $\dot{Y} = 0$ , the relation between  $q_{in}$  and  $Y$  is parabolic in nature. for  $q_{in} > 0$  and  $Y > 0$ , the relation  $q_{in} = \sqrt{2A^2 g Y}$  has no range of  $q_{in}$  for which  $Y$  remains constant. The steady-state relation of  $Y$  and  $q_{in}$  is 1 to 1.