

The Attack

If the number of SYN requests is greater than the server resources available to handle the requests, then the server will become overwhelmed and unable to respond to the requests. This is a network level denial of service (DoS) attack, called a SYN flood attack, that targets network bandwidth to slow traffic. A SYN flood attack simulates a TCP connection and floods the server with SYN packets. A DoS direct attack originates from a single source. A distributed denial of service (DDoS) attack comes from multiple sources, often in different locations, making it more difficult to identify the attacker or attackers.

	A	B	C	D	E	
1	No.	Time	Source (x = redacted)	Destination (x = redacted)	Protocol	Info
2	47	3.144521	53.22.136.x	100.0.111.x	TCP	42584
3	48	3.195755	100.0.111.x	53.22.136.x	TCP	443->
4	49	3.246989	53.22.136.x	100.0.111.x	TCP	42584
5	50	3.300000	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770
+ ≡ TCP log ▾ Color coded TCP log ▾						

There are two tabs at the bottom of the log file. One is labeled “Color coded TCP log.” If you click on that tab, you will find the server interactions with the attacker’s IP address (203.0.113.0) marked with red highlighting (and the word “red” in column A).

Color as text	No.	Time	Source (x = redacted)	Destination (x = redacted)	Protocol	Info
red	52	3.390692	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	53	3.441926	192.0.2.1	203.0.113.0	TCP	443->54770 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=120...
red	54	3.493160	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [ACK Seq=1 Win=5792 Len=0...
green	55	3.544394	198.51.100.14	192.0.2.1	TCP	14785->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=120...
green	56	3.599628	192.0.2.1	198.51.100.14	TCP	443->14785 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=120...
red	57	3.664863	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...

green	58	3.730097	198.51.100.14	192.0.2.1	TCP	14785->443 [ACK] Seq=1 Win-5792 Len=120...
red	59	3.795332	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win-5792 Len=120...
Gree, 61, n	60	3.860567	198.51.100.14	192.0.2.1	HTTP	GET /sales.html HTTP/1.1
red	61	3.939499	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win-5792 Len=120...
green	62	4.018431	192.0.2.1	198.51.100.14	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)

Initially, the attacker's SYN request is answered normally by the web server (log items 52-54). However, the attacker keeps sending more SYN requests, which is abnormal. At this point, the web server is still able to respond to normal visitor traffic, which is highlighted and labeled as green. An employee visitor with the IP address of 198.51.100.14 successfully completes a SYN/ACK connection handshake with the webserver (log item nos. 55, 56, 58). Then, the employee's browser requests the sales.html webpage with the GET command and the web server responds (log item no. 60 and 62).

Color as text	No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
green	63	4.097363	198.51.100.5	192.0.2.1	TCP	33638->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win-5792 Len=120...
red	64	4.176295	192.0.2.1	203.0.113.0	TCP	443->54770 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Win-5792 Len=120...
green	65	4.255227	192.0.2.1	198.51.100.5	TCP	443->33638 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Win-5792 Len=120...
red	66	4.256159	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
green	67	5.235091	198.51.100.5	192.0.2.1	TCP	33638->443 [ACK] Seq=1 Win-5792 Len=120...
red	68	5.236023	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
green	69	5.236955	198.51.100.16	192.0.2.1	TCP	32641->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win-5792 Len=120...
red	70	5.237887	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...

green	71	6.228728	198.51.100.5	192.0.2.1	HTTP	GET /sales.html HTTP/1.1
red	72	6.229638	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
yellow	73	6.230548	192.0.2.1	198.51.100.16	TCP	443->32641 [RST, ACK] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=120...
red	74	6.330539	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
green	75	6.330885	198.51.100.7	192.0.2.1	TCP	42584->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	76	6.331231	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
yellow	77	7.330577	192.0.2.1	198.51.100.5	TCP	HTTP/1.1 504 Gateway Time-out (text/html)
red	78	7.331323	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
green	79	7.340768	198.51.100.22	192.0.2.1	TCP	6345->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
yellow	80	7.340773	192.0.2.1	198.51.100.7	TCP	443->42584 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Win=5792 Len=120...
red	81	7.340778	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	82	7.340783	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	83	7.439658	192.0.2.1	203.0.113.0	TCP	443->54770 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Win=5792 Len=0...

In the next 20 rows, the log begins to reflect the struggle the web server is having to keep up with the abnormal number of SYN requests coming in at a rapid pace. The attacker is sending several SYN requests every second. The rows highlighted and labeled yellow are failed communications between legitimate employee website visitors and the web server.

The two types of errors in the logs include:

- An HTTP/1.1 504 Gateway Time-out (text/html) error message. This message is generated by a gateway server that was waiting for a response from the web server. If the web server takes too long to respond, the gateway server will send a timeout error message to the requesting browser.

- An [RST, ACK] packet, which would be sent to the requesting visitor if the [SYN, ACK] packet is not received by the web server. RST stands for reset, acknowledge. The visitor will receive a timeout error message in their browser and the connection attempt is dropped. The visitor can refresh their browser to attempt to send a new SYN request.

Color as text	No.	Time	Source (x = redacted)	Destination (x = redacted)	Protocol	Info
red	119	19.198705	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	120	19.521718	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
yellow	121	19.844731	192.0.2.1	198.51.100.9	TCP	443->4631 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	122	20.167744	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	123	20.490757	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	124	20.81377	192.0.2.1	203.0.113.0	TCP	443->54770 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	125	21.136783	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	126	21.459796	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	127	21.782809	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	128	22.105822	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	129	22.428835	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	130	22.751848	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	131	23.074861	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	132	23.397874	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...

red	133	23.720887	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	134	24.0439	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	135	24.366913	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	136	24.689926	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	137	25.012939	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	138	25.335952	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	139	25.658965	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	140	25.981978	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	141	26.304991	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	142	26.628004	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	143	26.951017	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	144	27.27403	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	145	27.597043	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	146	27.920056	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	147	28.243069	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	148	28.566082	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	149	28.889095	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	150	29.212108	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
red	151	29.535121	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...

red	152	29.858134	203.0.113.0	192.0.2.1	TCP	54770->443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5792 Len=0...
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Scrolling through the rest of the log, you will notice the web server stops responding to legitimate employee visitor traffic. The visitors receive more error messages indicating that they cannot establish or maintain a connection to the web server. From log item number 125 on, the web server stops responding. The only items logged at that point are from the attack. As there is only one IP address attacking the web server, you can assume this is a direct DoS SYN flood attack.