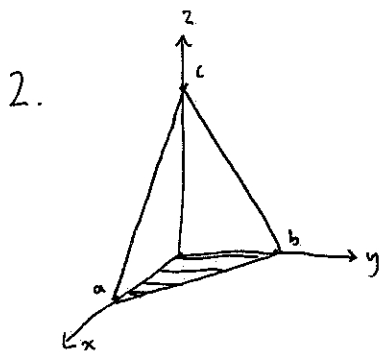


Multiple Integration - Triple Integrals

①

$$1. \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 yz^2 dx dy dz = \int_0^1 dx \int_0^1 \int_0^1 yz^2 dy dz$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left[\frac{yz^3}{3} \right]_0^1 dy = \int_0^1 \frac{y}{3} dy = \left[\frac{y^2}{6} \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{6}$$



$$V = \int_0^a dx \int_0^{b - \frac{b}{a}x} dy \int_0^{c - \frac{cx}{a} - \frac{cy}{b}} dz$$

$$= \int_0^a dx \int_0^{b - \frac{b}{a}x} c \left(1 - \frac{x}{a} - \frac{y}{b} \right) dy$$

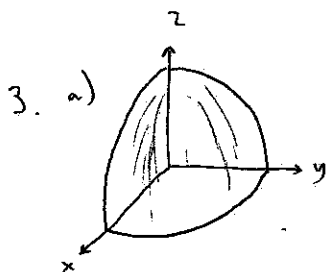
$$= \int_0^a c \left[y - \frac{xy}{a} - \frac{y^2}{2b} \right]_0^{b - \frac{b}{a}x} dx$$

$$= c \int_0^a \left(b - \frac{b}{a}x - \frac{bx}{a} + \frac{bx^2}{a^2} - \frac{b}{2} + \frac{bx}{a} - \frac{b}{2a^2}x^2 \right) dx$$

$$= c \left[bx - \frac{bx^2}{2a} - \frac{bx^2}{2a} + \frac{bx^3}{3a^2} - \frac{bx}{2} + \frac{bx^2}{2a} - \frac{b}{6a^2}x^3 \right]_0^a$$

$$= c \left[ba - \frac{ba}{2} - \frac{ba}{2} + \frac{ba^3}{3} - \frac{ba}{2} + \frac{ba}{2} - \frac{ba}{6} \right]$$

$$= \frac{abc}{6}$$



$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\phi \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\theta \int_0^a r \cdot r^2 \sin \theta dr$$

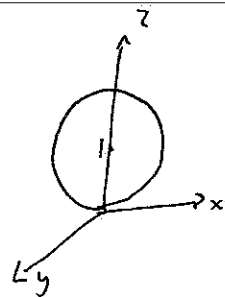
$$= \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[\frac{r^4}{4} \right]_0^a d\theta = \frac{\pi a^4}{8} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$= \frac{\pi a^4}{8}$$

Multiple Integration - Triple Integrals

(2)

3. b)
$$\int_0^{2\pi} d\phi \int_0^{\pi/2} d\theta \int_0^{2\cos\theta} \frac{r\cos\theta}{r} \cdot r^2 \sin\theta dr$$

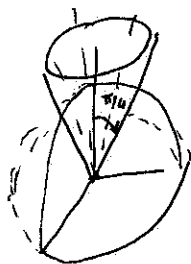


$$= 2\pi \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos\theta \sin\theta \left[\frac{r^3}{3} \right]_0^{2\cos\theta} d\theta$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^4\theta \sin\theta \cdot \frac{8}{3} d\theta$$

$$= \frac{16\pi}{3} \cdot \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 1}{5 \cdot 3 \cdot 1} = \frac{16\pi}{15}$$

4.



$$\int_0^{2\pi} d\phi \int_0^{\pi/4} d\theta \int_0^a r^2 \cos^2\theta r^2 \sin\theta dr$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{a^5}{5} \cos^2\theta \sin\theta d\theta$$

$$= \frac{2\pi a^5}{5} \int_0^{\pi/4} \cos^2\theta \sin\theta d\theta$$

$$u = \cos\theta \\ du = -\sin\theta d\theta$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi a^5}{5} \int u^2 du = -\frac{2\pi a^5}{5} \left[\frac{\cos^3\theta}{3} \right]_0^{\pi/4}$$

$$= -\frac{2\pi a^5}{15} \left[\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} - 1 \right]$$

$$= \frac{\pi a^5 (4 - \sqrt{2})}{30}$$