

Solusi UTS Alin IF-B

1. SFL Homogen :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} b_2 - 2b_1 \\ b_3 - 3b_1 \\ b_4 - b_1 \\ b_5 - 2b_1 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 & -4 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -5 & -4 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & -3 & -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} b_2 - b_3 \\ b_5 - 2b_4 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & -4 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} b_2 \leftrightarrow b_5 \\ b_3 - 5b_4 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & -6 & 9 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} b_2 - 3b_3 \\ b_2 \leftrightarrow b_4 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & -23 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & -6 & 9 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & -6 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & -23 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \textcircled{4} \\ \textcircled{3} \\ \rightarrow 6x_4 - 23x_5 = 0 \rightarrow x_4 = \frac{23}{6}x_5, x_5 = t \in \mathbb{R} \\ \rightarrow -4x_3 - 6x_4 + 9x_5 = 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -4x_3 &= 6x_4 - 9x_5 \\ &= 6 \cdot \frac{23}{6}x_5 - 9x_5 = 14x_5 \\ x_3 &= -\frac{14}{4}x_5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} -x_2 + x_4 - 2x_5 &= 0 \rightarrow x_2 = x_4 - 2x_5 = \frac{23}{6}x_5 - 2x_5 \\ &= \frac{11}{6}x_5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{4} x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 + 2x_5 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow x_1 &= -2x_2 - 3x_3 - x_4 - 2x_5 \\ &= -2 \cdot \frac{11}{6}x_5 - 3\left(-\frac{14}{4}\right)x_5 - \frac{23}{6}x_5 - 2x_5 \\ &= -19\frac{14}{24}x_5 \end{aligned}$$

Solusi :

$$x_1 = -19\frac{14}{24}t, x_2 = \frac{11}{6}t, x_3 = -\frac{14}{4}t, x_4 = \frac{23}{6}t, x_5 = t, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

2. Karena SPL Homogen pada no.1 solusi banyak, maka $|A| = 0$

3. Jika B merupakan Invers A, maka haruslah $AB = I_4$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 4 & 6 & -2 \\ 2 & 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -8 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & -2 \\ -1 & -7 & -3 & 9 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \textcircled{1} & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{?}{=} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

karena $1 \neq 0$, maka B bukan Invers dari A.

4. Garis \vec{g} melalui titik A(2,1,3), tegak lurus \vec{AB} dan \vec{AC}
vektor arah \vec{g} : $\vec{AB} \times \vec{AC} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{AB} &= (1, 2, 2) - (2, 1, 3) = (-1, 1, -1) \\ \vec{AC} &= (-1, 1, 0) - (2, 1, 3) = (-3, 0, -3) \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} &= \vec{i}(-3) - \vec{j}(0) + \vec{k}(3) \\ &= (-3, 0, 3) \end{aligned}$$

Persamaan garis \vec{g}

$$(x, y, z) = (2, 1, 3) + \beta(-3, 0, 3)$$

5. Jika D satu bidang dengan A, B, C maka haruslah $\vec{AD} \perp$ vektor arah \vec{g} .

$$\vec{AD} = (0, 1, -3) - (2, 1, 3) = (-2, 0, -6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{AD} \cdot (-3, 0, 3) &= (-2, 0, -6) \cdot (-3, 0, 3) \\ &= 6 + 0 - 18 = -12 \neq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Jadi D tidak satu bidang dengan A, B, C.