

EXTRACTION

- ✓ Extraction is the **procedure of removing a tooth** from its socket in the jawbone when it cannot be saved due to decay, infection, fractures, or other dental problems.

1. Removal of a Problematic Tooth

Extraction is done when a tooth is too damaged, infected, or loose to be saved.

2. Quick and Painless Procedure

The dentist uses local anesthesia, so you will feel pressure but **no pain** during removal.

3. Helps Prevent Further Infection

Removing a badly decayed or infected tooth protects the nearby teeth and gums.

4. Some Swelling or Discomfort is Normal

Mild pain or swelling may occur for 1–2 days and can be managed with medication.

5. Proper After-care is Important

Biting on gauze, avoiding hot foods, and not spitting or smoking helps the area heal faster.



IMPACTION

✓ **Tooth Stuck Inside the Gums**

An impacted tooth is one that cannot come out normally and stays trapped inside the gums or jawbone.

✓ **Common with Wisdom Teeth**

Most often seen in wisdom teeth, but can also happen with canines or other teeth.

✓ **Causes Pain or Swelling**

Impacted teeth can cause discomfort, swelling, or pressure in the jaw.

✓ **May Cause Infection or Decay**

Food can get trapped around the impacted tooth, leading to gum infection or tooth decay.

✓ **Often Needs Removal**

If it causes pain or problems, the dentist may advise surgical extraction to prevent further issues.

