Install MongoDB Community Edition on Ubuntu

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1 NOTE
MongoDB Atlas
MongoDB Atlas is a hosted MongoDB service option in the cloud which requires no
installation overhead and offers a free tier to get started.
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Overview

Ubuntu Linux using the apt package manager.

Use this tutorial to install MongoDB 4.4 Community Edition on LTS (long-term support) releases of

Considerations

MongoDB Version

This tutorial installs MongoDB 4.4 Community Edition. To install a different version of MongoDB Community, use the version drop-down menu in the upper-left corner of this page to select the documentation for that version.

MongoDB 4.4 Community Edition supports the following 64-bit Ubuntu LTS (long-term support) releases on x86_64 architecture:

Platform Support

• 20.04 LTS ("Focal") • 18.04 LTS ("Bionic")

Before deploying MongoDB in a production environment, consider the Production Notes document

• 16.04 LTS ("Xenial") MongoDB only supports the 64-bit versions of these platforms.

MongoDB 4.4 Community Edition on Ubuntu also supports the ARM64 and s390x architectures on select platforms.

See Platform Support Notes for more information.

Production Notes

which offers performance considerations and configuration recommendations for production MongoDB deployments. Official MongoDB Packages

proceeding with these instructions.

Install MongoDB Community Edition

To install MongoDB Community on your Ubuntu system, these instructions will use the official

dedicated repo.

IMPORTANT

mongodb-org package, which is maintained and supported by MongoDB Inc. The official mongodb-org package always contains the latest version of MongoDB, and is available from its own

The mongodb package provided by Ubuntu is **not** maintained by MongoDB Inc. and conflicts with the official mongodb-org package. If you have already installed the mongodb

package on your Ubuntu system, you **must** first uninstall the mongodb package before

See MongoDB Community Edition Packages for the complete list of official packages.

Import the public key used by the package management system. From a terminal, issue the following command to import the MongoDB public GPG Key from https://www.mongodb.org/static/pgp/server-4.4.asc :

Follow these steps to install MongoDB Community Edition using the apt package manager.

The operation should respond with an OK.

1. Install gnupg and its required libraries using the following command:

However, if you receive an error indicating that gnupg is not installed, you can:

sudo apt-get install gnupg

wget -q0 - https://www.mongodb.org/static/pgp/server-4.4.asc | sudo apt-key

For help with troubleshooting errors encountered while installing MongoDB on Ubuntu, see our troubleshooting guide.

ulimit Considerations

Run MongoDB Community Edition

the recommended settings for your platform.

1 NOTE Starting in MongoDB 4.4, a startup error is generated if the ulimit value for number of open files is under 64000.

Most Unix-like operating systems limit the system resources that a process may use. These limits

may negatively impact MongoDB operation, and should be adjusted. See UNIXulimit Settings for

directory /var/log/mongodb are created during the installation.

MongoDB process, you **must** also modify the permission to the data and log directories to give this user access to these directories. **Configuration File**

By default, MongoDB runs using the mongodb user account. If you change the user that runs the

The official MongoDB package includes a configuration file (/etc/mongod.conf). These settings (such as the data directory and log directory specifications) take effect upon startup. That is, if you change the configuration file while the MongoDB instance is running, you must restart the instance

Ubuntu -- and are using the default settings.

• systemd - select the **systemd (systemctl)** tab below.

Recent versions of Linux tend to use **systemd** (which uses the systematl command), while older versions of Linux tend to use **System V init** (which uses the service command). If you are unsure which init system your platform uses, run the following command:

To run and manage your mongod process, you will be using your operating system's built-in init system.

Init System

Start MongoDB. You can start the mongod process by issuing the following command: sudo systemctl start mongod

If you receive an error similar to the following when starting mongod:

sudo systemctl daemon-reload

sudo systemctl status mongod

As needed, you can stop the mongod process by issuing the following command: sudo systemctl stop mongod

sudo systemctl enable mongod

Stop MongoDB.

mongo

Then run the start command above again.

Verify that MongoDB has started successfully.

the /var/log/mongodb/mongod.log file. Begin using MongoDB. Start a mongo shell on the same host machine as the mongod. You can run the mongo shell without any command-line options to connect to a mongod that is running on your localhost with default

instance running on a different host and/or port, see The mongo Shell.

editions. For the driver documentation, see Start Developing with MongoDB .

Remove Packages. Remove any MongoDB packages that you had previously installed.

sudo apt-get purge mongodb-org*

Remove MongoDB databases and log files.

sudo service mongod stop

Remove Data Directories.

Stop the mongod process by issuing the following command:

before proceeding.

Stop MongoDB.

Uninstall MongoDB Community Edition

By default, MongoDB launches with bindIp set to 127.0.0.1, which binds to the localhost network interface. This means that the mongod can only accept connections from clients that are running on the same machine. Remote clients will not be able to connect to the mongod, and the mongod will not be able to initialize a replica set unless this value is set to a valid network interface.

This value can be configured either:

WARNING Before binding to a non-localhost (e.g. publicly accessible) IP address, ensure you have secured your cluster from unauthorized access. For a complete list of security recommendations, see Security Checklist. At minimum, consider enabling authentication and

Description

• in the MongoDB configuration file with bindIp, or

via the command-line argument --bind_ip

hardening network infrastructure.

mongodb-org A metapackage that automatically installs the component packages listed below. mongodb-org-server mongodb-org-mongos Contains the mongos daemon.

Package Name Description mongodb-database-tools Contains the following MongoDB database tools: mongodump mongorestore bsondump

A metapackage that automatically installs the component packages listed below:

 mongoimport mongoexport mongostat mongotop mongofiles mongodb-org-database-tools-extra Contains the install_compass script

2. Once installed, retry importing the key: wget -q0 - https://www.mongodb.org/static/pgp/server-4.4.asc | sudo apt Create a list file for MongoDB. Create the list file /etc/apt/sources.list.d/mongodb-org-4.4.list for your version of Ubuntu. Click on the appropriate tab for your version of Ubuntu. If you are unsure of what Ubuntu version the host is running, open a terminal or shell on the host and execute lsb_release -dc. Ubuntu 20.04 (Focal) Ubuntu 18.04 (Bionic) Ubuntu 16.04 (Xenial) The following instruction is for **Ubuntu 20.04 (Focal)**. Create the /etc/apt/sources.list.d/mongodb-org-4.4.list file for Ubuntu 20.04 (Focal): echo "deb [arch=amd64,arm64] https://repo.mongodb.org/apt/ubuntu focal/mor Reload local package database. Issue the following command to reload the local package database: sudo apt-get update Install the MongoDB packages. You can install either the latest stable version of MongoDB or a specific version of MongoDB. Install the latest version of MongoDB. Install a specific release of MongoDB. To install the latest stable version, issue the following sudo apt-get install -y mongodb-org Optional. Although you can specify any available version of MongoDB, apt-get will upgrade the packages when a newer version becomes available. To prevent unintended upgrades, you can pin the package at the currently installed version: echo "mongodb-org hold" | sudo dpkg --set-selections echo "mongodb-org-server hold" | sudo dpkg --set-selections echo "mongodb-org-shell hold" | sudo dpkg --set-selections

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Directories If you installed via the package manager, the data directory /var/lib/mongodb and the log

echo "mongodb-org-mongos hold" | sudo dpkg --set-selections echo "mongodb-org-tools hold" | sudo dpkg --set-selections

for the changes to take effect. **Procedure** Follow these steps to run MongoDB Community Edition on your system. These instructions assume that you are using the official mongodb-org package -- not the unofficial mongodb package provided by

ps --no-headers -o comm 1 Then select the appropriate tab below based on the result:

• init - select the **System V Init (service)** tab below. **systemd (systemctl)** System V Init (service)

Failed to start mongod.service: Unit mongod.service not found. Run the following command first:

You can optionally ensure that MongoDB will start following a system reboot by issuing the following command:

Restart MongoDB. You can restart the mongod process by issuing the following command: sudo systemctl restart mongod You can follow the state of the process for errors or important messages by watching the output in

To completely remove MongoDB from a system, you must remove the MongoDB applications themselves, the configuration files, and any directories containing data and logs. The following section guides you through the necessary steps. WARNING This process will *completely* remove MongoDB, its configuration, and *all* databases. This process is not reversible, so ensure that all of your configuration and data is backed up

For more information on connecting using the mongo shell, such as to connect to a mongod

To help you start using MongoDB, MongoDB provides Getting Started Guides in various driver

sudo rm -r /var/log/mongodb sudo rm -r /var/lib/mongodb **Additional Information Localhost Binding by Default**

For more information on configuring bindIp, see IP Binding. **MongoDB Community Edition Packages** MongoDB Community Edition is available from its own dedicated repository, and contains the following officially-supported packages:

Package Name

mongodb-org-tools

Contains the mongod daemon, associated init script, and a configuration file (/etc/mongod.conf). You can use the initialization script to start mongod with the configuration file. For details, see the "Run MongoDB Community Edition" section, above. mongodb-org-shell Contains the mongo shell.