Lab 4 - Generics, Exceptions, Cloning, and Adapter Design Pattern

This lab contains in-class exercises related to generics, exception, and cloning.
Optional task 4: Adapter Design Pattern

Task 1: Given the class `Pair<F, S>`

```
public class Pair<F, S> {

   private F first;
   private S second;

   /**
    * Constructor of Pair obj
    *
    * @param f object of type F
    * @param s object of type S
    */
    public Pair(F f, S s) {
      first = f;
      second = s;
    }

   /**
    * Print the Pair object
    *
    * @return string of Pair representation
    */

    public String toString() {
      return "("+ first + ", " + second + ")";
    }

   /**
    * Flips the Pair obj elements
    * for example the pair (a, b) becomes (b, a)
    *
    * @param p object of type Pair
    * @return an object of type Pair with its
    *         components flipped
    */
  public static /* ??? */ flip( /* ??? */) {
     /* ??? */
  }

   /**
    * Entry point
    * @param args array of Strings
    */
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
    Pair<Integer, String> p = new Pair<>(1, "Test");
    System.out.println(p);
    System.out.println(Pair.flip(p));
  }
}
```

Implement the method `public static /* ??? */ flip( /* ??? */)` such as for the parameter `(1, "Test")` the result will be `("Test", 1)` Clone an object of type Pair.

Task 2:

Write a class that represents a matrix of bytes

```
public class Matrix {

   private byte[][] element; //matrix values
   private int nrows, ncols; //number of rows and number of columns


   //create a matrix of size that has given dimensions
   public Matrix(int nrows, int ncols) {
   }

   //create a matrix with values from another matrix
   public Matrix(Matrix source) {
   }

   //create a matrix from array of array of bytes
   public Matrix(byte[][] b) {
   }

   //add this matrix to a second matrix and return the sum
   // IllegalMatrixDimensionException is user defined exception
   public Matrix add(Matrix second) throws IllegalMatrixDimensionException {
   }

   //get the value of this matrix at row r and column c
   //OutOfRangeMatrixIndexException is user defined exception
   public byte val(int r, int c) throws OutOfRangeMatrixIndexException {
   }

   //set the element value val at row r and column c
   public void setElement(byte val, int r, int c) throws
   OutOfRangeMatrixIndexException {}

   //implement toString, equals, hashCode

   //returns the maximum value of this matrix
   public static byte max() {
   }
```

```
    //test your class methods
    public static void main(String[] args) {
    }
}
```

Task 3: Develop a class `Matrix<T>` of a generic type `T`

Task 4: (optional):

1. In the adapter example provided, change the **`Inscribable`** interface, so that the method is defined by:

```
public interface Inscribable {
    /**
     * Calculates the area of a circle inscribed in a square
     *
     * @param  width The dimension of the square
     * @return The area of the circle inscribed in the Square
     */
    double circleArea(double width);
}
```

What else needs to be changed? Refactor all the adapter components: the `Adaptee` class and its interface, the `Adapter` class and the `Client` class.

2. Develop an Adapter pattern implementation for solving the following problem:

The client wants to add two numbers in the `Binary` format, where `Binary` is a class that you have to implement. However, there exists an implementation that adds two numbers as integers.

For example, if your client invokes `add (Binary x, Binary y)`, you have an implementation of `add (Integer x, Integer y)`

3. Design and implement a solution for the following problem statement:

Let us suppose there is a web commerce application that uses a gateway payment system. The current gateway uses a representation of the credit card date in the format `year-month-day`.

For some internal reasons, management has decided to replace the gateway with another one that uses a different representation format, such as: `day/month/year`

Hint:
Apply the adapter design pattern for mapping the old gateway format to the new one