# THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING FORM TWO SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION, 2013

0034

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE

TIME: 2 HOURS

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This paper consists of sections A and B.
- 2. Answer ALL questions.
- 3. ALL answers must be written in the spaces provided.
- 4. Write your examination number at the top right corner of every page.
- 5. ALL writing must be in black or blue ink.
- 6. Cellphones are not allowed in the examination room.

FOR E	XAMINER'S US	SE ONLY
QUESTION NUMBER	SCORE	INITIALS OF EXAMINER
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2	447.35	51 1 1
3	11000	
4	100 M v	
5	a subject to	12 22
6	132	
7	M(4) (t) 6	
8	2012	
9		122 /
10		
TOTAL	100	

This paper consists of 8 printed pages.

### SECTION A (30 MARKS)

For each of the following statements, write TRUE for a correct statement or FALSE for a statement that is not correct. When a student is physically injured the first step is to rush (i) him/her to hospital. ..... The purpose of smearing grease or oil on metal surfaces of farm (ii) tools is to make them sharp. ..... In poultry husbandry toe pecking and cannibalism are desirable (iii) poultry habits. ..... Mixed cropping is the action of growing crops and keeping farm (iv) animals at the same time. ..... Land as a factor of production includes all natural resources that (v) are found in a certain place. ..... The largest proportion of the soil volume is mineral matter. ....... Most fruits are canned because they are perishable. ..... (vii) (viii) Ruminant farm animals like cows, goats and sheep have four stomach chambers. ..... Early crop planting is one of the mechanical methods of weed (ix) control. ..... In farming business economics, prices of commodities are determined by the forces of supply and demand. ......

## Candidate's Examination No. .....

 Match the items in set A with those in set B by writing the correct letter below the corresponding question number in the table provided.

	SET A	SET B
(i)	A chemical used to kill weeds in crop fields	A. Arable farming
(ii)	A cow purposely kept for meat production	B. Beans and pigeon peas C. Beef cattle
(iii)	Graphical representation of the	D. Candling
	quantity of goods bought at	E. Climate
	different prices	F. Dairy cattle
(iv)	Identification of fertile poultry eggs	G. Demand curve
(v)	Leguminous crops	H. Herbicides
(vi)	Major factor affecting livestock	. I. Hydro power
(vii)	distribution in Tanzania	J. Insecticides
(viii)	Power generated from water Production of crops for food or sale	K. Maize and wheat
*(ix)	Useful for retaining soil moisture,	L. Mulching
E	regulating soil temperature and	M. Soil porosity
	suppressing weeds 14	N. Soil profile
* (x)	Vertical arrangement of soil	O. Solar power
	horizons. M	P. Supply curve.

#### ANSWERS

SET A	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)	(vii)	(viii)	(ix)	(x)
SET B	100 E		1	1	and State	P12 B1				

tional	rest
	Candidate's Examination No
	Canadate's Examina
	inswer in the box provided for each question.
-1 5	inswer in the box provided for each a
write the letter of the correct	
(i) Which of the following an A. Cotton seed cake and	maize meal
(i) Which of the cake and	nn n
A. Cotton seed care and B. Lucerne and maize br	an Straw
B. Lucerne and maize of C. Rice bran and sorghu	hant grass
C. Rice bran and sorghu D. Wheat bran and elep	nuit Grass.
D. Wilcar D.	animals bring back to the mouth the
mis process whereby far	rm animals bring back to the mouth the ther chewing is termed as:
(ii) The process with for fur	ther chewing is termed as
swallowed curds	31/-1
A. assimilation	
B. digestion	
C. regurgitation	M PRODUCTION CONTRACTOR OF THE PRODUCTION OF THE
D. vomiting.	tin a enecific and
1.1.1.1.	where seeds are planted in a specific and known as:
(iii) A pattern of cropping systematic spacing is	known as:
evertemant spaces	9.
	E C
P crop rotation	
O interplanted	The state of the s
D. row planting.	- Cortilizing
D. IOW P	alone of land for the purpose of let the
my arractice of resting	ng a piece of land for the purpose of fertilizing
(iv) The places	EV.
it is called:	A STATE OF THE STA
A. fallowing	NA STATE OF THE ST
B. farrowing	
C. intercropping	To a second seco
D. monocropping.	we filled with:
	the soil body is usually filled with:
The pore space of	
THE OPEN WATER	
D. organic matter	r.
D. organic man	tions will you use to hammer a
catha falls	owing practices will you use to hammer a to a shape of your choice?
(vi) Which of the long	to a shape of your one
niece of in	LO WILLIAM TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOT
B. Hack-sawing	
B. Hack sing	
C. Soldering	(3)
D. Welding.	

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		Candidate's Examination No
3	(vii)	Which of the following tractor engine parts make a rotary motion?  B. Cylinders
		A. Crank shaft tractor engine parts make a rotary motion?
		C. Oil sump
	7	D. Piston.
	(viii)	According to a sust
	5)	According to a system used by the International Society of Soil Science,
		soil particles are classified according to their:  A. diameters
		B. porosities
		C. structures
13	- 1	D. textures.
y	17	
	(ix)	The recommended grazing system in areas with high population densities is:
		A. continuous grazing
		A. continuous grazing B. rotational grazing
		C. tethering
		D. zero grazing.
	(x)	The weakness of human beings as sources of farm power is:
	- 3	b. they are naturally lazy and subject to society
		or energy for their and their antitro to extend to be the
		D. they need food and their ability to supply power is limited.
		SECTION B (70 MARKS)
9		
14.	Name a	in instrument or tool which you can use in performing the following
•	farm of	perations:-
	(a)	Turning the soil malsing sides
	1-1	Turning the soil, making ridges, weeding and uprooting stumps.
	(b)	
	1 1	beveiling the soil, removing stones and weeds police
	(c)	Turning and spreading manure
	(d)	Digging shallow holes and transplanting seedlings Jenki
	(e)	Trimming hedges.
	(f)	Harvesting cereals and cutting grass books
	(g)	Harvesting cereals and cutting grass
	(h)	Sawing wood along the grain
	· (i)	Sawing wood along the grain.
	(i)	Cutting and shaping cold metals.  Connecting pipes in straight line
2	U	Connecting pipes in straight line Loupling
		The state of the s
	- 93	
		1, 1019

### Candidate's Examination No.

, 5. (a)	Define the term "Soil" as applied to agriculture.
-	***************************************
	, ······
75.1	
(D)	Outline five types of soil which
	(i) Mainland in Tanzania Mainland.
4	***************************************
	(4)
	***************************************
	(111)
	***************************************
	(14)
	(v)
	V/ ************************************
	dist four factors that influence - "."
(c) L	ist four factor at a con-
	the state of the s
	(i)
	ii)
	iii)iv)
100	
. Briefl	y CADIAID live reasons on t
range	poultry rearing system to other systems.
(i	)
	***************************************
(ii	
,	
	·····
(ii	4
	***************************************
(iv)	
(1)	
(v)	
	***************************************
	***************************************

### Candidate's Examination No. .....

				•
	7.	(a)	Defin	ne each of the following terms:
			(i)	Price
1			(ii)	Price fluctuation
			(iii)	Equilibrium price
			(iv)	Capital
				***************************************
			(v)	Asset
			100	
0		(b)		line five types of price fluctuations.
100			(i)	
			(ii)	
			1903	
			(iii)	
			1	
			(iv)	***************************************
		1	11	•••••
		H		
1			(v)	
		VS		
	8	(a)	Wha	at is crop rotation?
	0.	(44)	16	
-			*****	
			*****	
		(b)	Giv	e one reason for each of the following crop rotation principles:
		(12)	City	arone should be rotated with deep rotated
			(i)	Shallow-rooted crops should be
				***************************************
			1	
				Heavy feeders should be rotated with light feeders.
			(ii)	Heavy recuers since
			(iii)	Crops with different families should be rotated.
				***************************************
			186	***************************************

## Candidate's Examination No.

		(iv)	Legumes should be included in the rotation.
9.	(a)	Whic	ch type of tractor plough will you recommend for each of the wing soil conditions:
		(i)	Soft and free of roots and rocks.
		(ii)	Rough and stony grounds.
		(iii)	Compacted and impermeable soil layers.
	(b)	Nam	e an instrument which is used to perform each of the followi
		farm	operations:
		(i)	Holding hot metals,
		(ii)	Measuring squareness of two surfaces.
		(iii)	Carrying manure, soil and concrete mixture in the
		0.77	farm
		(iv)	Spreading water during irrigation.
10.	0	utline	e five problems facing agriculture in Tanzania.
		(i)	
		(ii)	
		(m)	
		(iii)	
			0.0
	1900	(iv)	
(4)		of the	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
	2.	(v)	
	30-	1	
	BATH	white !	***************************************

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