Lecture 9 - Feb 10,2023

- Dynamic Programming

Policy Iteration ? Vector-Form Value Iteration

· Policy Iteration ?
Natrix Form

HW2 → Due Feb 17 Project 2 will be assigned - Due March 3 TA's office hour: Wendsdays, 2.pm=3pm (in-person) Fridays, 2pm-3pm (virtual)

Policy Iteration

- 1) Paliny Evalution (PE)
- 2) Porling Improvement (PI)

Render Privary PE
$$V_{\pi^0}$$
 \xrightarrow{PI} T_{π^0} \xrightarrow{PE} V_{π^0} V_{π^0} \xrightarrow{PE} V_{π^0} V_{π^0

PE: Computes Vy Par any given 77

Bellman Eq

=> \(\x(s) = \sum_{s'} P(s' | S, \text{X(s)}) \(\text{R(s, \text{T(s)}, s')} + \delta \(\text{Y(s)} \)

$$\begin{array}{c}
2 \\
\sqrt{2} & \text{Randon} \\
\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} \\
\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} \\
\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} V_0 & V_1 & V_4 & V_$$

$$\frac{1}{(V)(S')} = \sum_{s} P(S|S', T_{CS'}) \left[R(S', T_{CS'}, S) + \delta V(S') \right]$$

$$\frac{\pi}{(V)(S')} = \sum_{s} P(S|S', T_{CS'}) \left[R(S', T_{CS'}, S) + \delta V(S') \right]$$

$$V = \frac{\pi}{V}$$

$$V$$

< > 11 V - U//2

To PE VTO PI T1

 $V(s) = \max_{\alpha \in A} \sum_{s} P(s \cap s, \alpha) \left(R(s, \alpha, s) + \partial V(s)\right)$

 $Q^*(S,a)$

Pal: y Imprevent

 $T(s) = argmax \sum_{q \in A} P(s^1s, a) \left[R(s, a, s^1) + \delta V_{R(s^2)}\right]$

Example:

$$\mathcal{M}(\alpha') \stackrel{A}{=} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{M}(a^2) = \begin{pmatrix} A & B \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^{n} \pi_{i}^{i} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha^{i} \\ \alpha^{i} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \prod_{i=1}^{n} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha^{i} \\ \alpha^{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \prod_{i=1}^{n} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha^{i} \\ \alpha^{i} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \prod_{i=1}^{n} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha^{i} \\ \alpha^{2} \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$

Policy Iteration:

$$V_0 = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim V_{k+1}(s) = \sum_{s'} P(s')s, \mathcal{H}_{S}(s) \left(R + \delta V_{k}(s') \right)$$

$$V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V_{1}(A) = \sum_{s} P(s'|A, \mathcal{X}(A) = a') \left[R(A, a', s') + Y_{0}(s') \right]$$

$$= P(A|A, \mathcal{X}(A) = a') \left[R(A, a', A) + Y_{0}(A) \right] = 0$$

$$V_{1}(B) = \sum_{S'} P(S' | B, \mathcal{K}(B) = a^{2}) \left[\mathcal{R}(B, a^{2}, S') + \mathcal{V}_{0}(S') \right]$$

$$= P(A | B, \mathcal{K}(B) = a^{2}) \left[\mathcal{R}(B, a^{2}, A) + \mathcal{V}_{0}(A) \right] = -1$$

$$V_{1} \leq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{max} \| V_{1} - V_{0} \| = 1 < \theta^{-1}$$

$$V_{1} \leq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{max} \| V_{1} - V_{0} \| = 1 < \theta^{-1}$$

$$V_{2}(A) = \sum_{s} P(s'|A, \pi(A)=a') \left[R(A,a',s') + \delta V_{1}(s') \right]$$

$$= P(A|A, a') \left[R(A,a',A) + \delta V_{1}(A) \right] = 0$$

$$V_{2}(B) = \sum_{s=0}^{n} P(s | B_{s} = a^{2}) \left[R(B_{s}, a^{2}, s) + Y'_{s}(s) \right]$$

$$= P(A | B_{s}, a^{2}) \left[R(B_{s}, a^{2}, A) + \delta V_{s}(A) \right] = -1$$

$$V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $\max V_2 - V_1 I = 0 < 0.1$ \sqrt{Stop}

$$V_{2} = V_{\pi^{0}}$$

$$V_{\pi^{0}} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{\pi^{0}}(A) \\ V_{\pi^{0}}(B) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{T} = \begin{bmatrix} a' \\ a^2 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \bigvee_{\mathcal{T}^0} = \begin{bmatrix} a' \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T(A) = \underset{\alpha \in \{a, b\}}{\operatorname{argmax}} \left\{ \sum_{S'} p(S' | A, \alpha) \left[R(A, \alpha, S') + \delta V_{yo}(S') \right] \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{P(A|A,a')} \left[R(A,a',A) + V_{TO}(A) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{P(A|A,a')} \left[R(A,a',S') + V_{TO}(S') \right] = 0$$

$$= 0$$

$$P(B|A,a^2) \left[R(A,a^2,B) + 8 \sqrt{ro}(B)\right]$$

$$\sum_{S'} P(S'1A,a^2) \left[R(A,a^2,S') + 8 \sqrt{ro}(S')\right] = 3.1$$

$$= 0$$

$$\mathcal{T}(B) = ang \max \left\{ P(B \mid B, a') \left[R(B, a \mid B) + \partial V_{\chi_0}(B) \right] = 4.1 \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \pi'(A) \\ \pi'(B) \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha^2 \\ \alpha^1 \end{array} \right\}$$

PE: VIT

Vo -> V1 -- V2 --

Bedman Eqs

Vypi(S)= [P(SIS, R(S))[R(S, T(S), S') + 8Vyo)]

hralls

N veriables | linear

 $V_{\pi^{1}}(A) = \sum_{s'} P(s') A, \, \pi^{1}(A) = \alpha^{2}) \left[R(A, \alpha^{2}, s') + \frac{\partial}{\partial V_{\pi^{1}}(s')} \right]$ $= P(B) A, \alpha^{2}) \left[R(A, \alpha^{2}, B) + \frac{\partial V_{\pi^{1}}(B)}{\partial A} \right]$ $V_{\pi^{1}}(A) - 0.9 \, V_{\pi^{1}}(B) = A \qquad (1)$

 $V_{R'}(B) = \sum_{s'} P(s' | B, R'(B) = a') \left(R(B, a', s') + V_{R'}(s') \right)$ $= P(B | B, a') \left[R(B, a', B) + \delta V_{R'}(B) \right]$ $= \sum_{s'} P(s' | B, a') \left[R(B, a', B) + \delta V_{R'}(B) \right]$

 $\delta \cdot 1 \ V_{\pi}(B) = 5$ $V_{\pi}(B) = 50$ $V_{\pi}(A) = 49$

$$\mathcal{T}(B) = ang \max_{x} \left\{ P(B \mid B, a') \left[R(B, a \mid B) + r V_{x}(B) \right] = 50 \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{T}^{2} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{R}(A) \\ \mathcal{R}(B) \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{Q}^{2} \\ \mathcal{A}^{1} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{T}^{1} = \mathcal{T}^{2} = \mathcal{T}^{4}$$

Policy Iteration (using iterative policy evaluation) for estimating $\pi \approx \pi_*$

1. Initialization

$$V(s) \in \mathbb{R}$$
 and $\pi(s) \in \mathcal{A}(s)$ arbitrarily for all $s \in \mathcal{S}$

2. Policy Evaluation

Loop:

$$\Delta \leftarrow 0$$

Loop for each $s \in S$:

$$v \leftarrow V(s)$$

$$V(s) \leftarrow \sum_{s',r} p(s',r|s,\pi(s)) [r + \gamma V(s')]$$

$$\Delta \leftarrow \max(\Delta, |v - V(s)|)$$

until $\Delta < \theta$ (a small positive number determining the accuracy of estimation)

3. Policy Improvement

policy- $stable \leftarrow true$

For each $s \in S$:

$$old\text{-}action \leftarrow \pi(s)$$

$$\pi(s) \leftarrow \operatorname{arg\,max}_a \sum_{s',r} p(s',r|s,a) [r + \gamma V(s')]$$

If $old\text{-}action \neq \pi(s)$, then $policy\text{-}stable \leftarrow false$

If policy-stable, then stop and return $V \approx v_*$ and $\pi \approx \pi_*$; else go to 2

M(5) = argnew [P(5) | 5, a) [R(5, a, 5)+0 /7(5)] I is better than I Vyr > Vy -> Vyr (S) > Vy (S) Awalls $V_{\pi}(s) \leqslant Q_{\pi}(s, \pi(s))$ $= E \left[\frac{\mathcal{R}(s)}{\mathcal{R}_{t+1}} + 8 \frac{\mathcal{R}(s)}{\mathcal{R}(s_{t+1})} \middle| S_t = S, Q_t = \mathcal{R}(s), Q_t = \mathcal{R}(s) \right]$ TQX(S++1, M(Sm)) < E[R++ + & Qp(S++) (S++)) (S+=5,04=76)] = E[R+++ 8 (R++2+8 V7(S++2)) | S+=S, Q=T(S), q=N(S), q

> = E[R+++ rR++2+ 8 R++3+ -- 15,=5, q=7(s), q++7(s4) -- 18] = V7(8)