Shader

Introduction



What are Shaders?

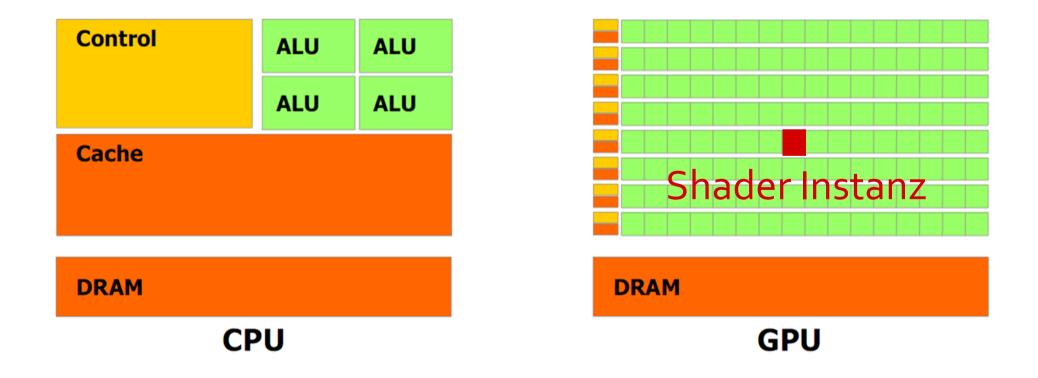
- Program
- Originally
 - "to shade" (engl.): etwas schattieren (ge)
 - RenderMan, Pixar
 - Implements rendering effect
- Today
 - Executed on GPU
 - Many instances in parallel (>> 1000)
 - Processes stream of data "stream programming"

GPU = Graphics Processing Unit



Hardware comparison

- CPU uses more transistors for control and buffering
- GPU uses more transistors for processing



What are Shaders?

Wikipedia:

"A shader in the field of computer graphics is a set of software instructions, which is used primarily to calculate rendering effects on graphics hardware with a high degree of flexibility."

Why not use the CPU?

- CPUs are "general purpose"
 - Execute different tasks
- Programmed with general purpose languages
 - C++, Java, ...
- Not particulary good at graphics tasks
 - Repeated similar largly independent tasks

Why not use the CPU?

- GPU (Graphics Processing Unit)
 - Processes tens of millions of vertices per second
 - Rasterizes billions of pixels per second
- Cannot execute arbitrary, general purpose programs like the CPU
- Need for (specialized) language for programming the GPU
 - → a shader language!

Assembly or high-level....

or

```
Assembly
DP3 R0, c[11].xyzx, c[11].xyzx;
RSQ R0, R0.x;
MUL R0, R0.x, c[11].xyzx;
MOV R1, c[3];
MUL R1, R1.x, c[0].xyzx;
DP3 R2, R1.xyzx, R1.xyzx;
RSQ R2, R2.x;
MUL R1, R2.x, R1.xyzx;
ADD R2, R0.xyzx, R1.xyzx;
DP3 R3, R2.xyzx, R2.xyzx;
RSQ R3, R3.x;
MUL R2, R3.x, R2.xyzx;
DP3 R2, R1.xyzx, R2.xyzx;
MAX R2, c[3].z, R2.x;
MOV R2.z, c[3].y;
MOV R2.w, c[3].y;
LIT R2, R2;
```

```
...
vec4 cPlastic =
    Ca +
    Cd * dot(Nf, normalize(L)) +
    Cs * pow(max(0,
        dot(Nf,normalize(H))),
        phongExp);
...
```

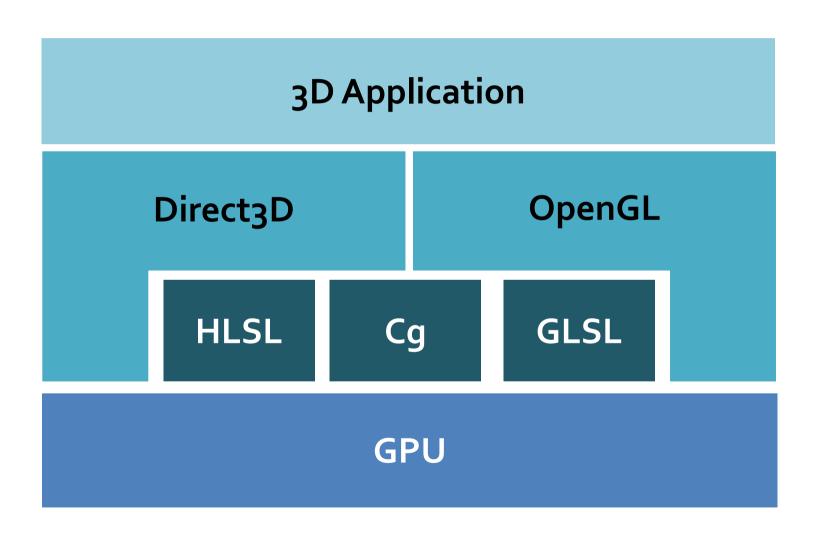


High-level Shader Languages

- HLSL (Direct₃D)
- GLSL (OpenGL)

- We focus on GLSL
- Concepts easy to transfer to other shading languages

Application & API Layers

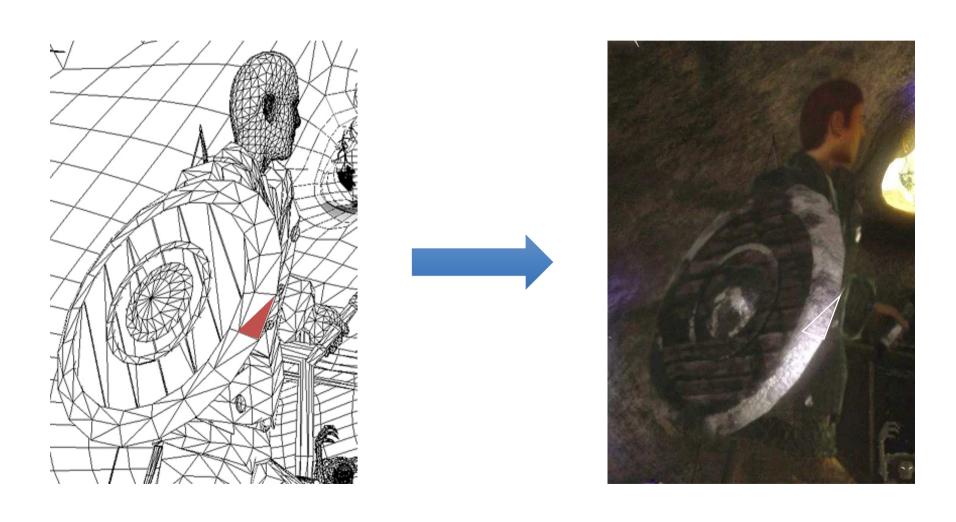


Shader

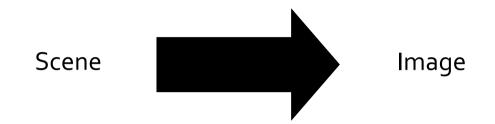
Principles



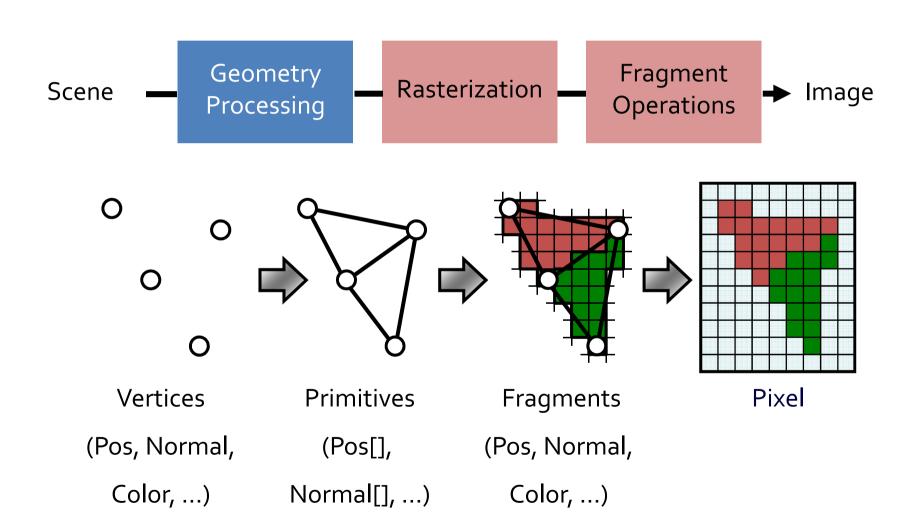
Rendering



Rendering by Graphics Hardware

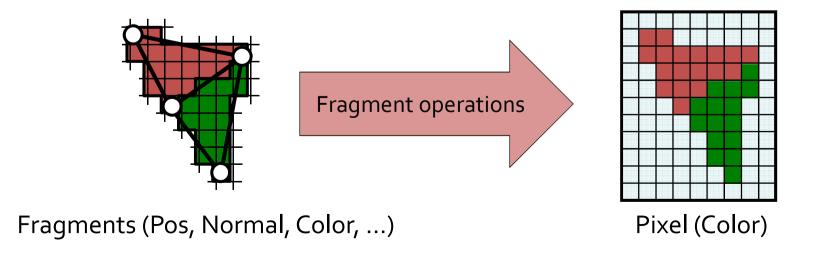


Rendering by Graphics Hardware



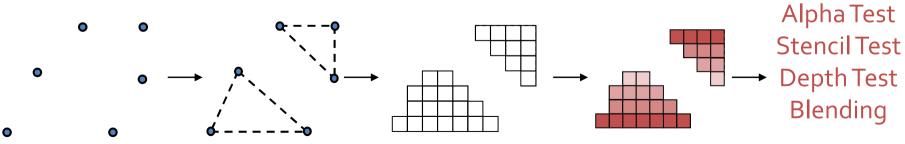
Fragment = "potential pixel"

- For each pixel that a primitive covers a fragment is created
- If a fragment passes the various rasterization tests (Stencil Test, Depth Test ...) it updates a pixel in the frame buffer.



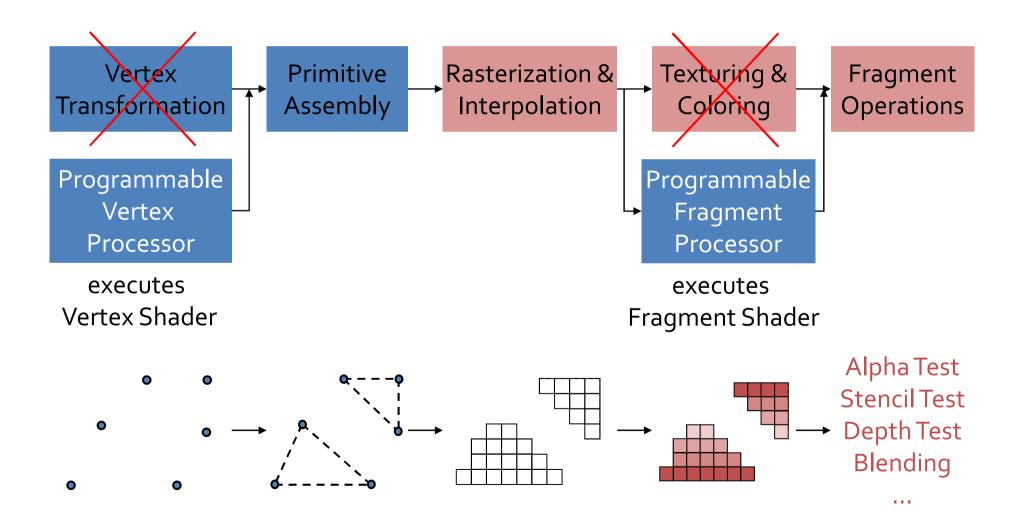
The Hardware 3D Pipeline





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The Hardware 3D Pipeline



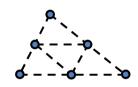
The Hardware 3D Pipeline

- Vertex and Fragment Shaders replace parts of the fixed function pipeline
- Implement replaced functionality yourself
 - Transformation & Lighting
 - Texturing & Coloring
- Gain freedom and flexibility how to implement

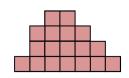
Types of Shader

- Vertex Shader
 - Per vertex
- Tesselation Shader
 - Per patch
 - Introduced with DirectX 11 / OpenGL 4
- Geometry Shader
 - Per primitive (i.e. Triangle)
 - Introduced with DirectX 10 / OpenGL 3.2
- Fragment Shader (aka Pixel Shader)
 - Per fragment



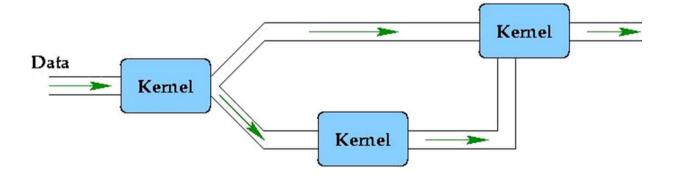




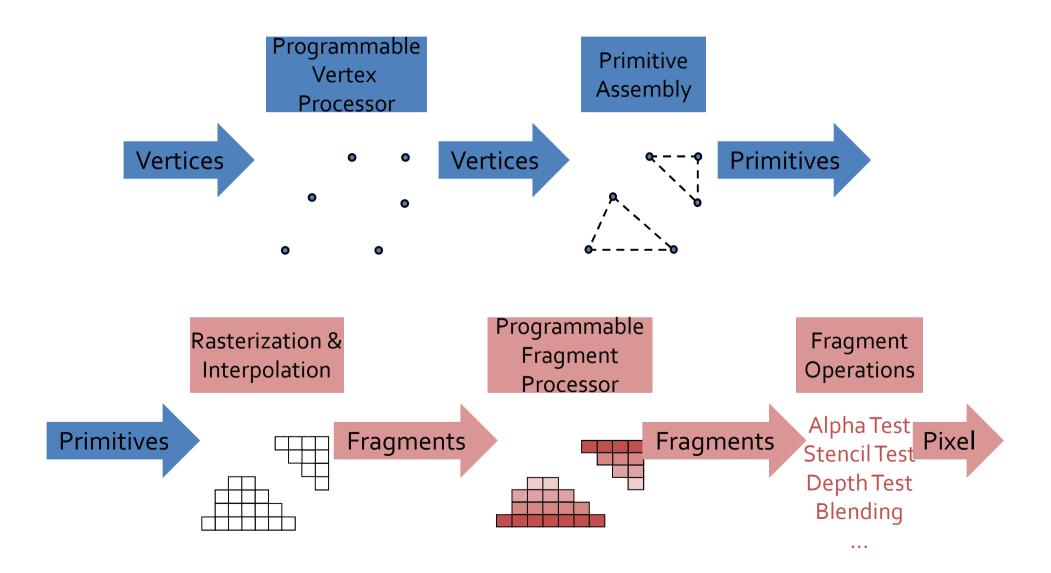


Stream programming

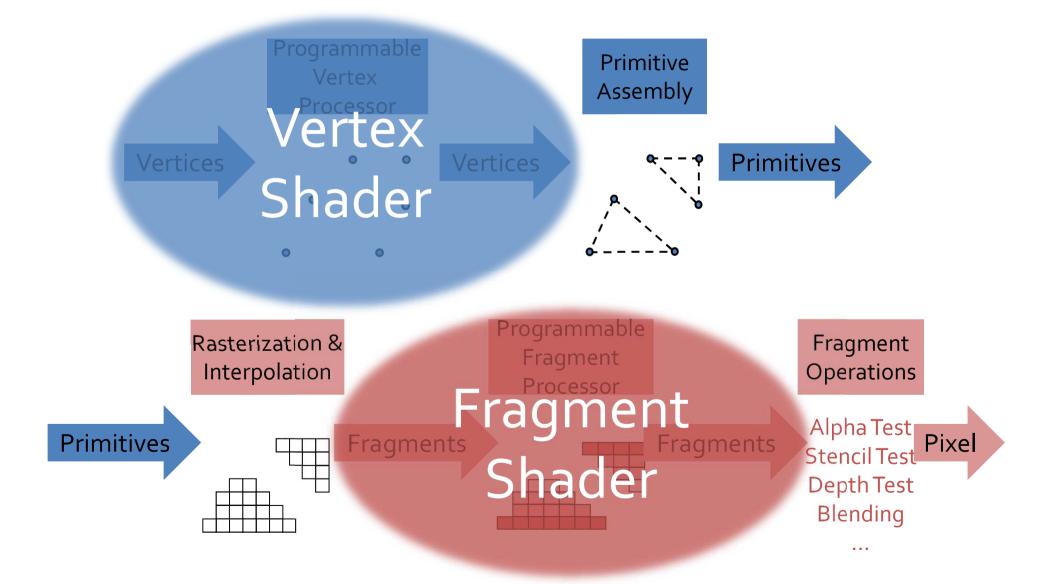
- Stream: sequence of data
 - Skalars, vektors, colors, ...
 - Example: { (pos, color); (pos, color); ... }
- Shader ("kernel") program
 - Each processes one element of input stream
 - Read only
 - Creates output stream
 - Write only



The Hardware 3D Pipeline as a stream



The Hardware 3D Pipeline as a stream

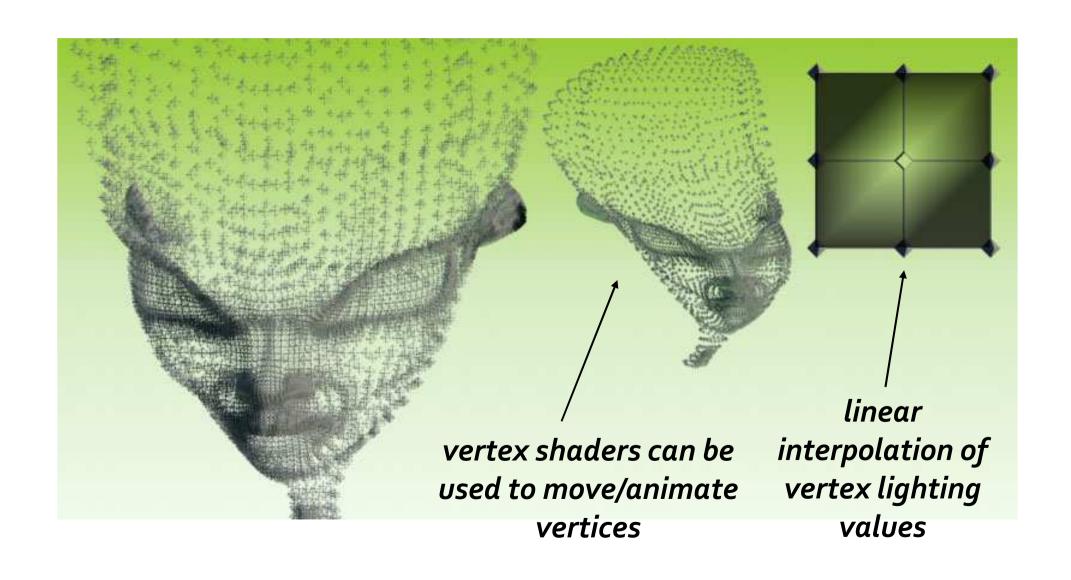


Shader

Vertex and Fragment Shader

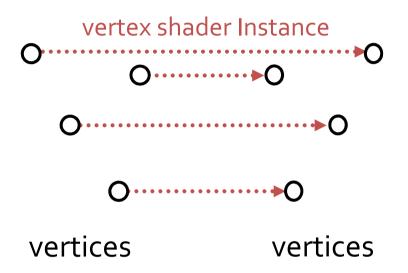


Vertex shader



Vertex shader

- Input stream: vertices
- Output stream: vertices



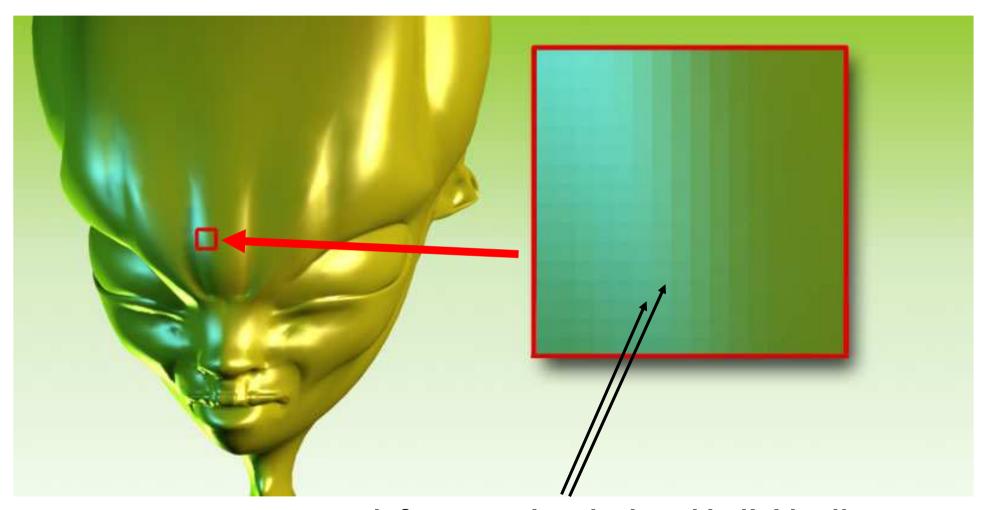
- One instance processes one vertex
- No knowledge of neighbouring vertices

Typical applications

- Transformation of vertices
 - Object space → clipping space
 - Animation
 - Particle systems
 - Displacement Mapping
- Lighting
 - Per vertex lighting
 - Cartoon shader
 - **...**



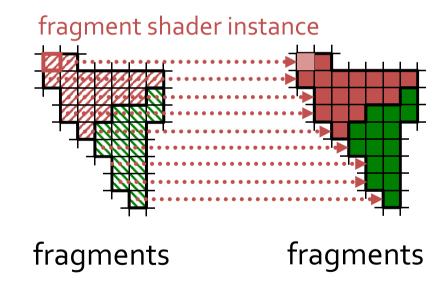
Fragment shader



Each fragment is calculated individually

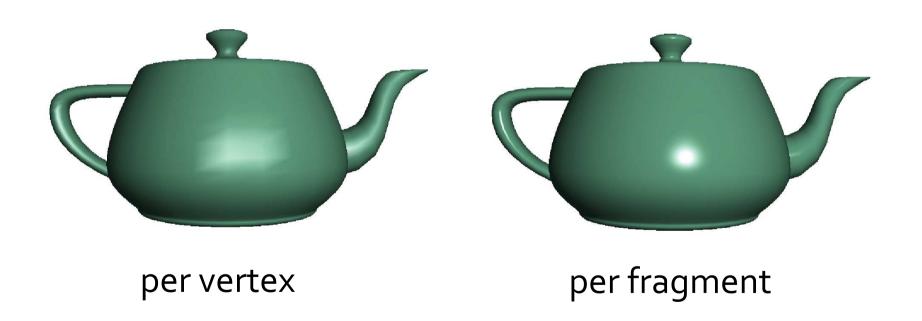
Fragment shader

- Input stream: fragments
- Output stream: fragments

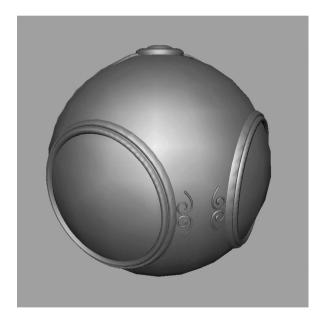


- One instance processes one fragment
- No knowledge of neighbouring fragments

Application - per fragment lighting



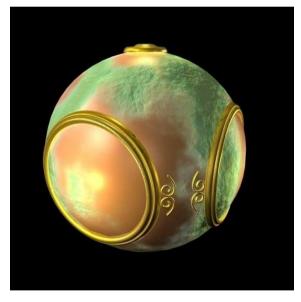
Application - texture mapping



smooth shading



environment mapping



bump mapping

Interpolation

