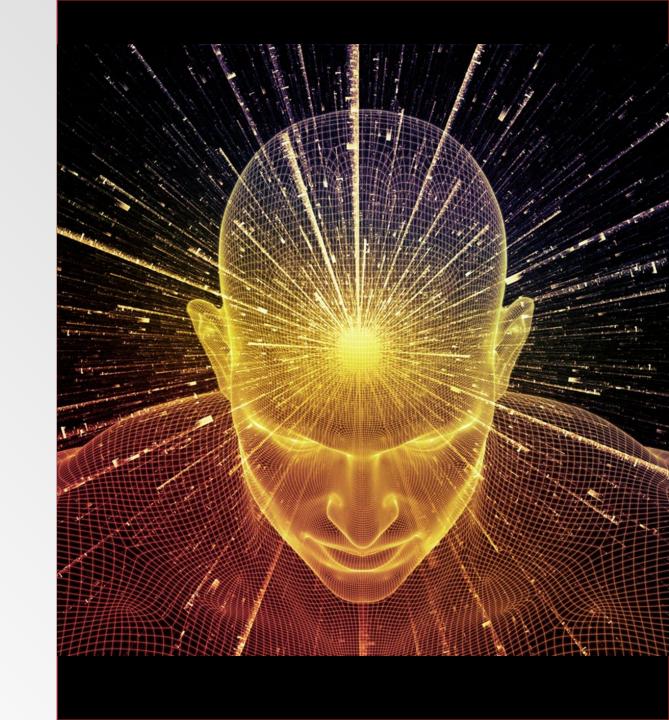
Introduction to the Neuroscience of Consciousness

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CANADA RESEARCH CHAIR IN CONSCIOUSNESS AND

PERSONHOOD TECHNOLOGIES

MCGILL UNIVERSITY

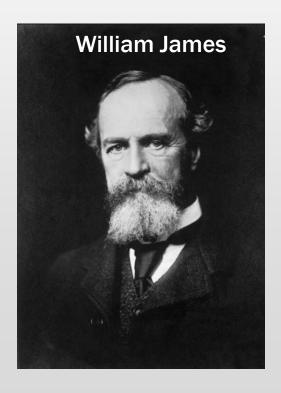


Overview

- 1. History of consciousness
- 2. Nomenclature of consciousness
- 3. Strategy of consciousness science
- 4. Example 1: Anesthesia
- 5. Example 2: Disorders of consciousness

History of Consciousness Science

1892 Early 1900s Early 1990s Mid 1990s



- Behaviorism
- **Psychoanalysis**

Bernard Barrs

- Global workspace theory

Francis Crick and Christophe Koch, 1990

"It is remarkable that most of the work in both cognitive science and the neurosciences makes no reference to consciousness (or "awareness")."

Gerald Eidleman and Guilio Tononi

Sir Roger Penrose

First conference on consciousness in Tucson

Journals:

- Journal of Consciousness
 Studies
- Journal of Consciousness and Cognition

Nomenclature of consciousness

What is it like to be a bat? Nagel, T. Philos Rev, 1974: 83: 435-50.

"There is something it is like to be that organism"





What disappears when we fall into a dreamless sleep and what returns the next morning when we wake up.

'What abandons us every night when we fall into a dreamless sleep'

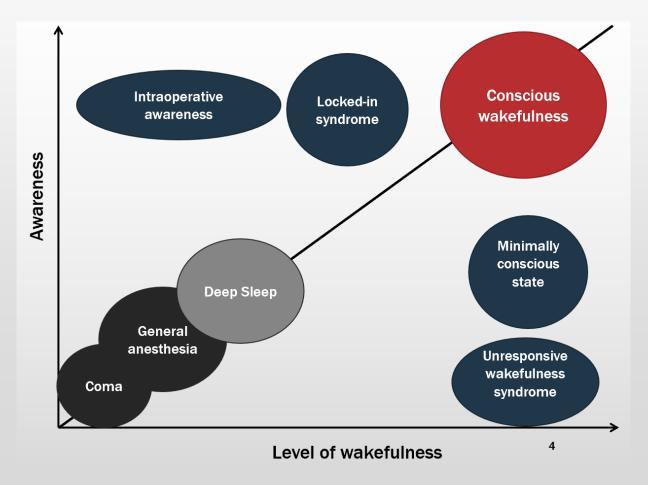
Tononi, Biol Bull 2008: 215:216-242

Nomenclature of consciousness

- Easy vs. hard problem of consciousness
 - David Chalmers, philosopher of mind

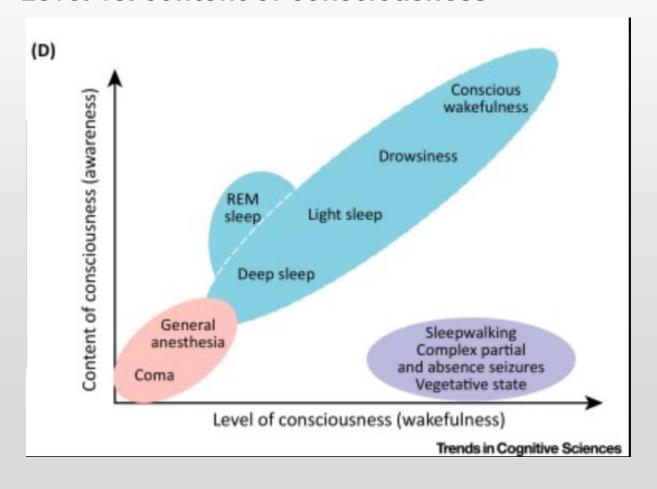


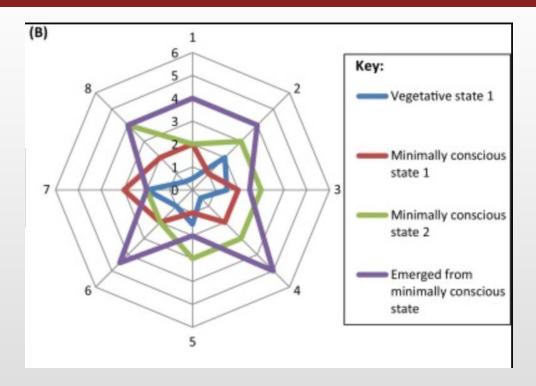
Awake vs. aware



Nomenclature of consciousness

Level vs. content of consciousness





Bayne, T., Hohwy, J., & Owen, A. M. (2016). Are There Levels of Consciousness? *Trends in Cognitive Sciences*, 20(6), 405–413. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tics.2016.03.009

"The main strategy within consciousness science lies in connecting objective (third-person) data about the brain and behavior, with subjective (first-person) data about the properties of consciosus experience (including whether they are present at all). Within this broad multidisciplinary scope there is an increasing focus on the brain as the primary biological substrate for awareness."

Editorial from the inaugural issue of the "Neuroscience of Consciousness"

Anil Seth, Biyu J. He, Jakob Hohwy

Interactions between conscious and unconscious processes

Selfhood, embodiment, interoceptive awareness

Individual differences in consciousness

Intention, volition, agency and awareness of others

Metacognition and higherorder consciousness

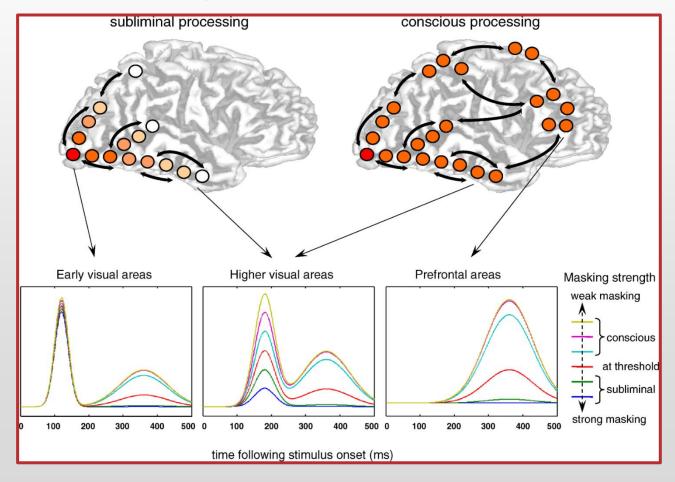
Altered states of consciousness: sleep, dreaming, anesthesia

Emotional awareness

Disorders of consciousness

Consciousness in infants and non-human animals

Manipulating the contents of consciousness





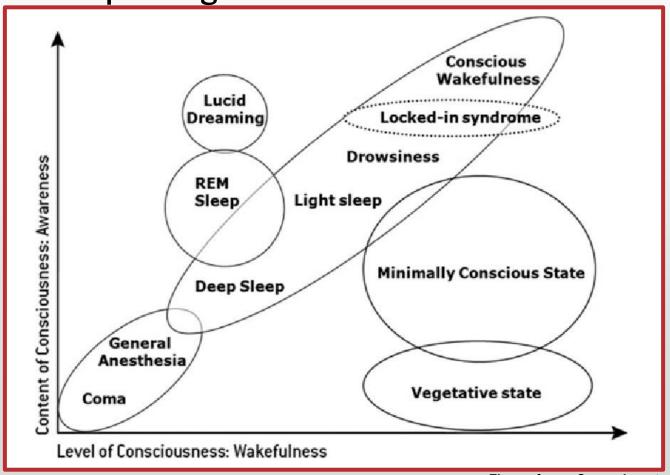
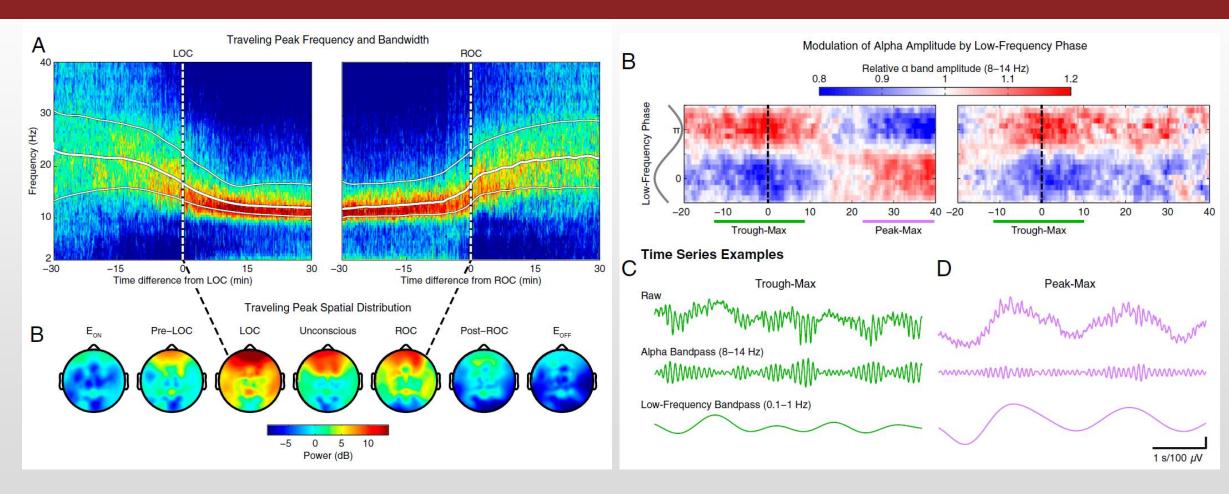


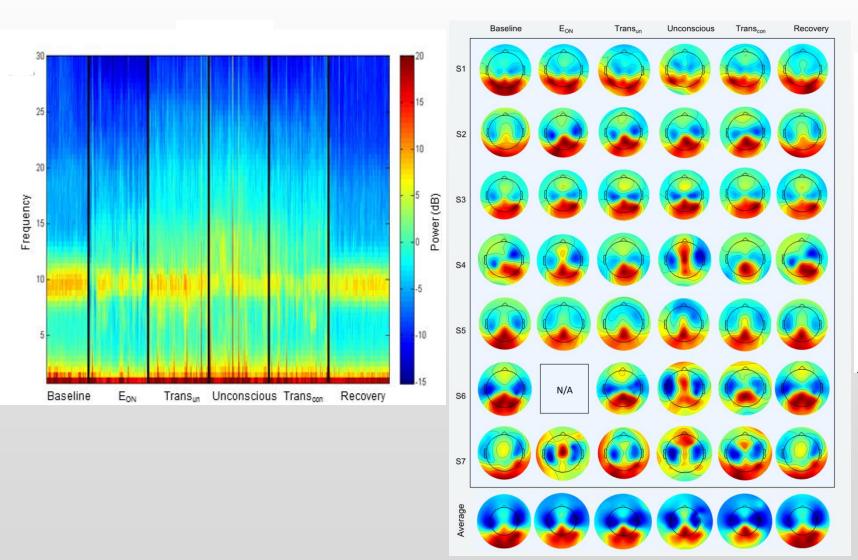
Figure from: Gosseries et al. (2011) Disorders of consciousness: Coma, Vegetative and Minimally Conscious State.

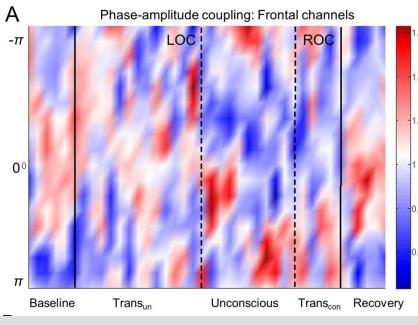


- Travelling peak
- Anteriorization of alpha

Trough-max vs. peak-max coupling

EEG correlates of sevoflurane-induced unconsciousness

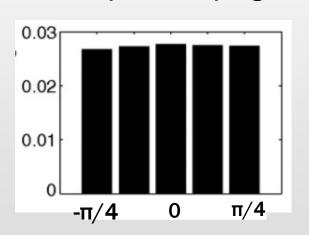




EEG Functional Connectivity

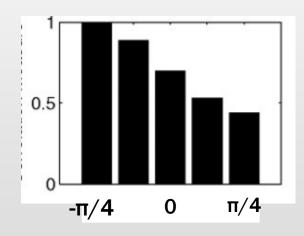
Phase lag index

No phase coupling



Phase difference

Phase coupling



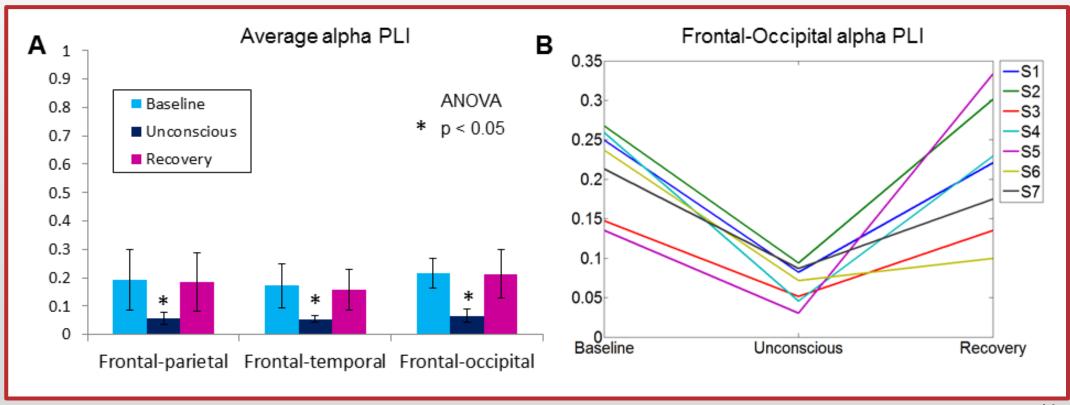
Phase difference

- Asymmetry implies presence of consistent, nonzero phase difference
- If common source, phase difference centers around 0 mod π

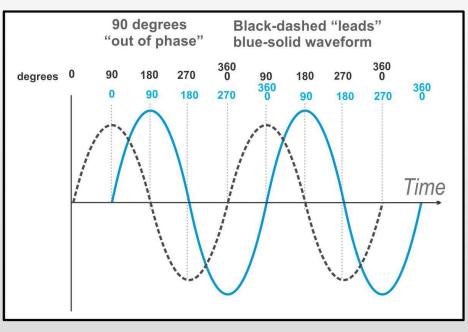
$$PLI = |\langle sign[\Delta \phi(t_k)] \rangle|$$

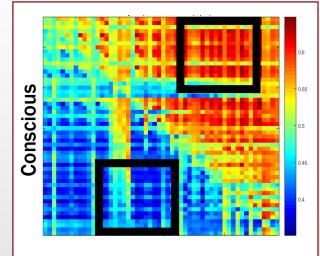
- 0 < PLI < 1
- 0 = coupling; 1 = perfect phase locking
- Test significance with surrogate data

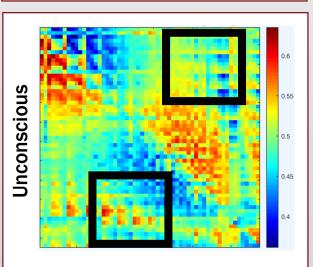
- Anesthetic: Sevoflurane
- Data: n = 7 healthy volunteers, 64-channel EEG
- Functional connectivity metric: phase lag index (PLI)

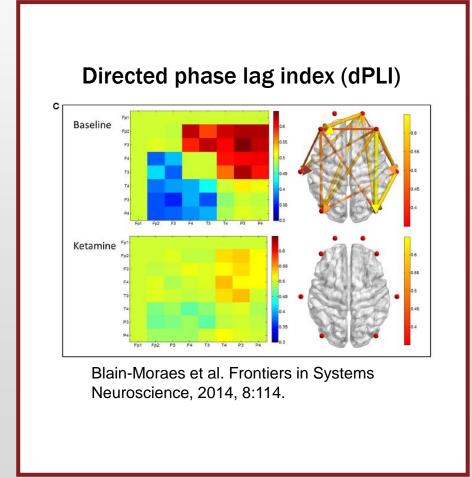


Directed Functional Connectivity

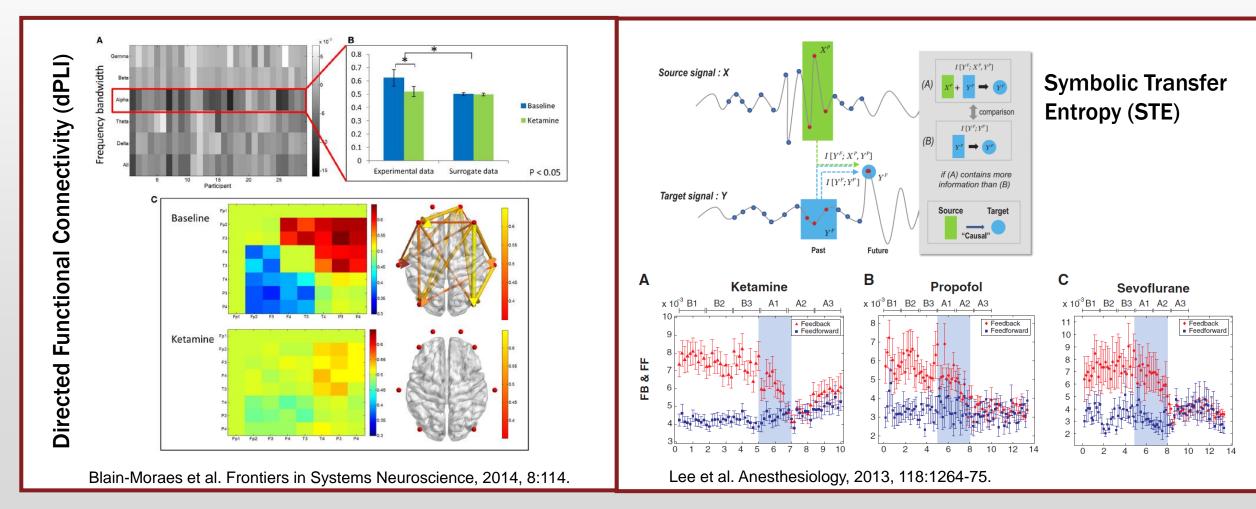




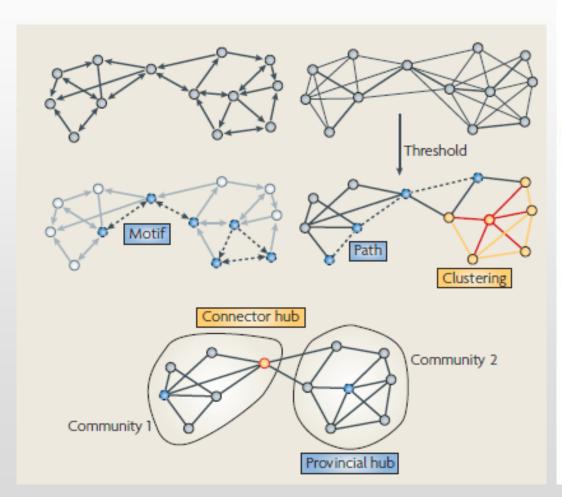


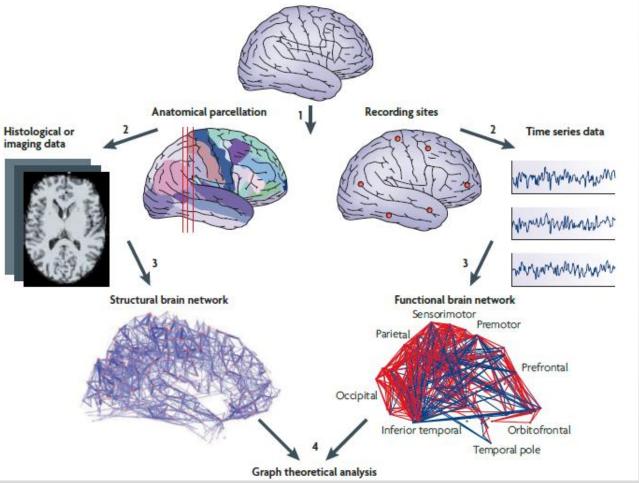


Frontoparietal feedback-dominant connectivity neutralizes during unconsciousness

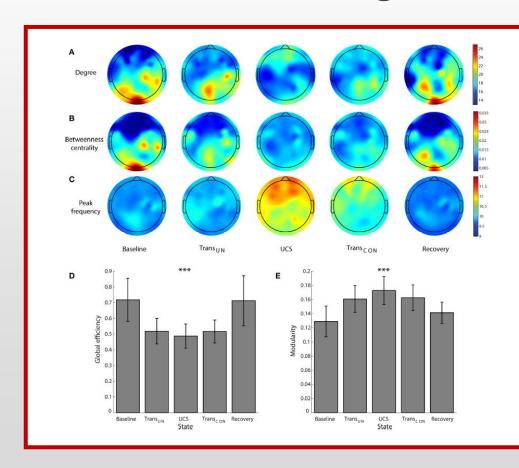


Graph theoretical analysis of brain networks





Network hubs undergo anteriorization during unconsciousness



- Anesthetic: Sevoflurane
- Data: n = 7 healthy volunteers, 64-channelEEG
- Functional connectivity metric: weighted phase lag index (wPLI)
- Network construction: top 30% of wPLI
 - Degree
 - Betweeness centrality
 - Peak frequency

Kim et al. Front. Comput. Neurosci. (2016) 10:1.

Insights from disorders of consciousness

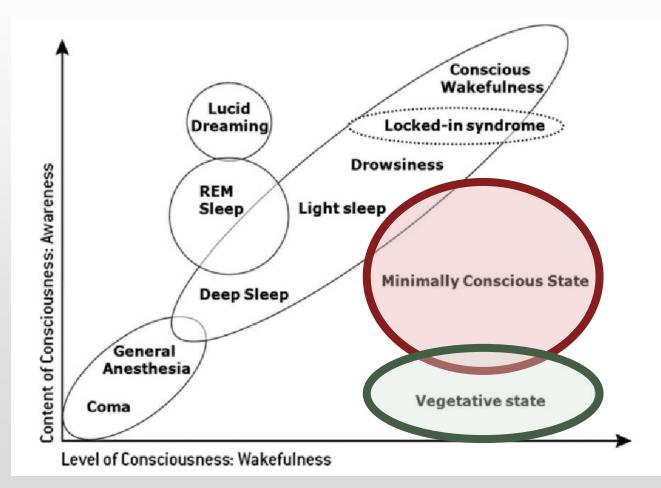


Figure from: Gosseries et al. (2011) Disorders of consciousness: Coma, Vegetative and Minimally Conscious State.

- Clinically assessed behaviourally
 - Coma Recovery Scale Revised (CRS-R)
- Misdiagnosis rate of over 40% ¹
- Detecting consciousness in the fMRI²
- Detecting consciousness with EEG³

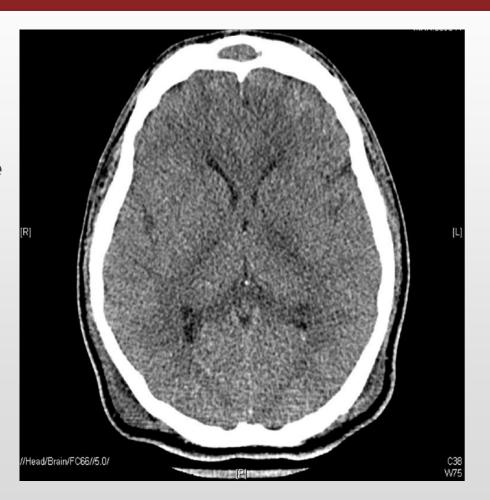
¹ Schnakers (2009) BMC Neurology. 9(1):35.

² Owen et al. (2006) Science 313(5792):1402.

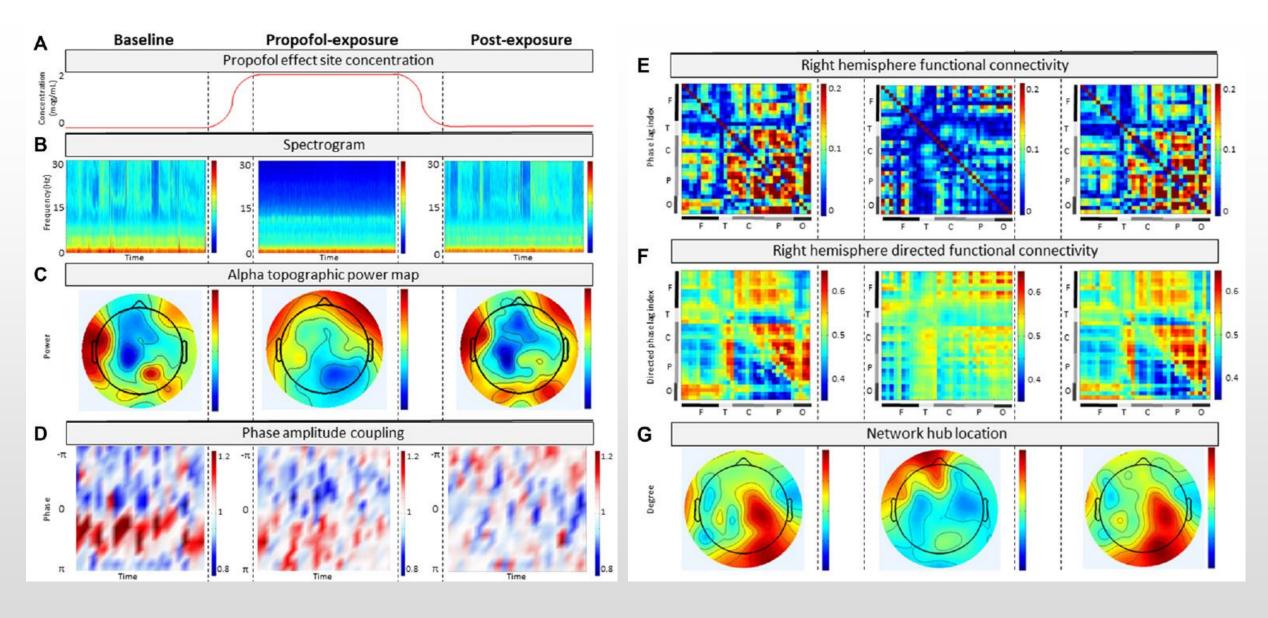
³ Cruse et al. (2012) The Lancet. 378(9809):2088-2094.

Case study

- 29-year old male involved in motor vehicle collision
- Admitted to ICU, intubated and mechanically ventilated
- EEG report (day 21): "... this is an abnormal EEG due to the presence of generalized slowing... frontally dominant alpha-like activity may suggest alpha coma... poor prognostic features include paucity of waveforms as well as lack of response to multiple afferent stimuli"
- CT scan (day 43) post-trauma: right parietal subdural hematoma, acute traumatic subarachnoid hemorrhage, diffuse axonal injury
- Consciousness assessed with behavioural tests (day 56)
 - Glasgow Coma Scale = 4
 - Coma Recovery Scale-Revised = 4



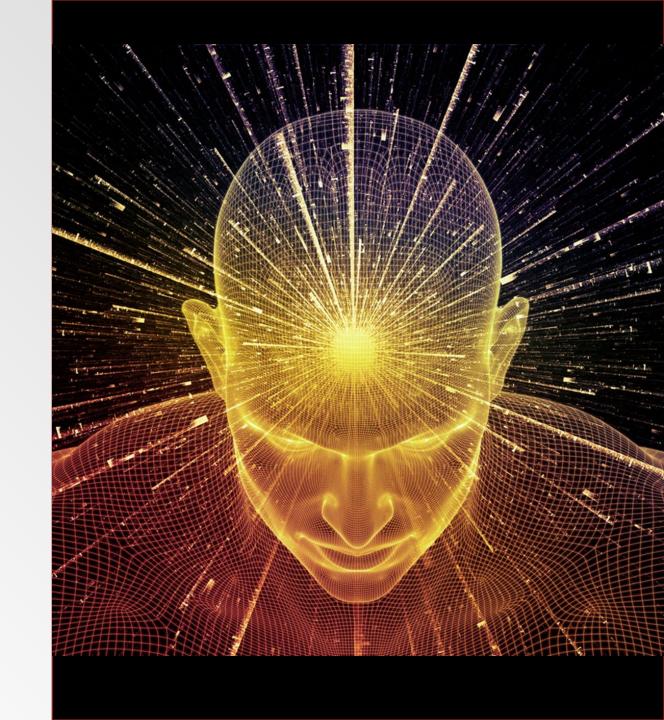
Is this patient conscious?



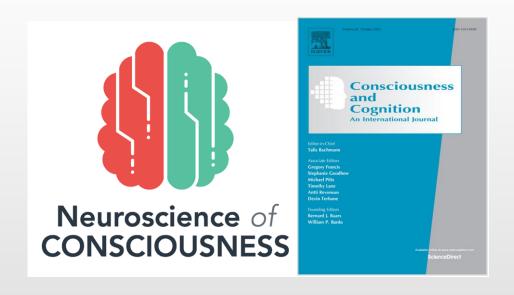
Upon 1-month follow up, patient had recovered consciousness clinically (Glasgow Coma Scale = 14; Coma Recovery Scale-Revised = 23)

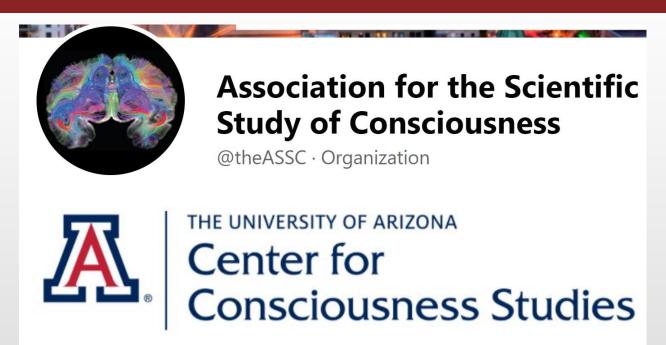
Questions

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Neuroscience of Consciousness







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