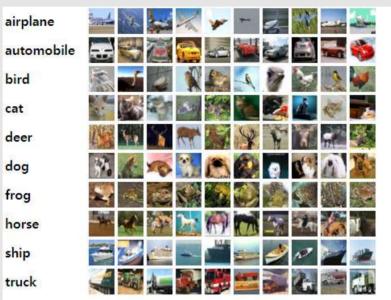
| 13주. Keras CNN | | | |
|----------------|----------|----|-----|
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Q1 (10점) CIFAR-10 dataset consists of 60000 32x32 colour images in 10 classes, with 6000 images per class



- CIFAR-10 dataset 에 대해 CNN structure를 설계하고 모델을 개발한후 테스트 결과 를 제시하시오

(train accuracy 와 test accuracy를 제시)

- * hidden layer 의 수는 3개 이상, layer별 노드수 및 기타 매개변수는 각자 정한다.
- * CIFAR-10 데이터셋을 읽어서 train, test set 을 준비하는 코드

from keras.datasets import cifar10

load dataset

(X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = cifar10.load_data()
y_train = np_utils.to_categorical(y_train, nb_classes)
y_test = np_utils.to_categorical(y_test, nb_classes)

Source code:

```
// source code 의 폰트는 Courier10 BT Bold으로 하시오
#데이터 로드 및 가공
nb_classes=10
(X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = cifar10.load_data()
```

```
y train = np utils.to categorical(y train, nb classes)
y test = np utils.to categorical(y test, nb classes)
X train.shape, X test.shape
X train, X test = X_train/255.0 , X_test/255.0
seed=32152339
np.random.seed(seed)
#모델 선언
def cnn_model():
   model = Sequential()
   model.add(Convolution2D(64, 3, 3,
                       border mode='same',
                       activation='relu',
                        input shape=(32, 32,3)))
   model.add(Dropout(0.5))
   model.add(Convolution2D(64,
                                                3,
                                                                    3,
activation='relu',border mode='same'))
   model.add(Dropout(0.5))
   model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
   model.add(Convolution2D(128,
                                                 3,
                                                                    3,
activation='relu',border mode='same'))
   model.add(Dropout(0.5))
   model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
   model.add(Convolution2D(256,
                                                 3,
                                                                    3,
activation='relu',border mode='same'))
   model.add(Dropout(0.5))
   model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
   #DNN
   model.add(Flatten())
   model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Dense(nb_classes, activation='softmax'))
```

```
model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy',
               optimizer='adadelta',
               metrics=['accuracy'])
   return model
model = cnn model()
es = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', min_delta=0.001, patience=3,
                verbose=1,
                                  mode='min',
                                                      baseline=None,
restore_best_weights=True)
#모델 적합
disp = model.fit(X train,y train,
              validation_data=(X_test,y_test),
              nb epoch=20,
              batch_size=200,
              verbose=1,
              callbacks=[es])
#모델 평가
train scores = model.evaluate(X train,y train,verbose=0)
test_scores = model.evaluate(X_test,y_test,verbose=0)
print(f'train accuracy : {train scores[1]}')
print(f'test accuracy : {test_scores[1]}')
```

실행화면 캡쳐:

① 다음과 같은 모델 training 실행화면 (맨 뒷부분 10줄 정도만)

```
=======] - 117s 2ms/step - loss: 2.0852 - acc: 0.2370 - val loss: 2.0691 - val acc: 0.3270
50000/50000 [
                             ===] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 1.5978 - acc: 0.4268 - val loss: 1.7677 - val acc: 0.4206
50000/50000
Epoch 3/20
                     Epoch 4/20
                     50000/50000
                     =========] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 1.0292 - acc: 0.6385 - val_loss: 1.4029 - val_acc: 0.5205
50000/50000
                     ========] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.8955 - acc: 0.6847 - val_loss: 1.1836 - val_acc: 0.6026
50000/50000
Epoch 7/20
50000/50000 [
                     =========] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.8080 - acc: 0.7171 - val_loss: 1.0667 - val_acc: 0.6714
                  50000/50000
                   50000/50000 [
Epoch 10/20
                    ========] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.5322 - acc: 0.8138 - val loss: 0.8992 - val acc: 0.7186
50000/50000 [
                      =========] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.4795 - acc: 0.8296 - val loss: 0.8086 - val acc: 0.7561
saaaa/saaaa r
Epoch 13/20
                     =========] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.4334 - acc: 0.8473 - val_loss: 0.8439 - val_acc: 0.7270
Epoch 14/20
                      :========] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.3885 - acc: 0.8628 - val loss: 0.7869 - val acc: 0.7413
50000/50000 [
                    =========] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.3446 - acc: 0.8772 - val loss: 0.7565 - val acc: 0.7510
50000/50000 [
Epoch 16/20
                     Epoch 17/20
50000/50000 [
                             ===] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.2856 - acc: 0.8986 - val_loss: 0.7706 - val_acc: 0.7511
Epoch 18/20
                      =======] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.2598 - acc: 0.9080 - val_loss: 0.7340 - val_acc: 0.7544
50000/50000 F
                      ========] - 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.2335 - acc: 0.9182 - val_loss: 0.7315 - val_acc: 0.7593
.
50000/50000 [
Epoch 20/20
                                 286s 6ms/step - loss: 0.2146 - acc: 0.9246 - val loss: 0.7422 - val acc: 0.7517
```

② train accuracy 와 test accuracy 출력 부분

```
In [22]: train_scores = model.evaluate(X_train,y_train,verbose=0)
    ...: test_scores = model.evaluate(X_test,y_test,verbose=0)
    ...: print(f'train accuracy : {train_scores[1]}')
    ...: print(f'test accuracy : {test_scores[1]}')
train accuracy : 0.93212
test accuracy : 0.7517
```

평가기준:

프로그램의 정상적으로 실행여부 : 5점

test accuracy: 5점