Alia Programming Language

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July 9, 2014

Introduction

The Alia programming language was built for the final project of the compiler construction course at the University of Twente. In this final project a programming language is specified and implemented in antir (ANother Tool for Language Recognition). A compiler is built to translate code into a type of machine instructions. The type of machine instructions can vary from language to language. Over the first half of compiler construction course several parts of the design process of building a compiler are individually learned and tested. In the final project this is brought to culmination by going through the entire process from the specification, to in the end a usable programming language.

This document serves as a specification of the Alia Programming Language (Alia for short) as well as an explanation of the inner workings of the Alia compiler. In it we will give a short description of the Alia Programming Language in the context of programming languages, explain some of the problems faced during the construction of the Alia compiler, and our solutions. Give a specification of the Alia language with the help of the syntax, context-constraints and semantics. Also in this document are the transformations that show how the symbols of the language are turned into JVM instructions, a description of all the auxiliary Java code made for the compiler. A set of tests is described to give confidence in the correctness of the compiler. Lastly conclusions are drawn from the project.

The Alia source code repository is located at: https://github.com/JoostvDoorn/VertalerbouwEindproject

1 Alia Programming Language

The Alia programming language is an expression language with type inference. Alia code is compiled to Java bytecode using Jasmin and can be run using the Java Virtual Machine (JVM). As an expression language every statement has a return type. Functional statements such as print, read and conditional statements all return values. For example the print function may return a value which can be used in an assignment statement.

```
x = print(34) + 1 // x is assigned 35
```

Alia contains compound statement which are a series of statements with the last statement as return value, compound statements are used in conditional statements and can be explicitly used for scoping.

```
x = begin
    y = 3 // Only declared in this scope
    y + 1 // Return value for the compound statement
end
if y = true; y && x < 10 do // y here has a different scope
    print(y) // Print the value of y
    print('t')
end</pre>
```

Types in Alia are inferred and do not need explicit declarations. Types can be declared explicitly within an assignment statement, but are not required. In the current form of the programming language, type inference can always deduce the type of a declaration. However in an extended version of Alia with functions and procedures, explicit type declarations will be required in cases where type inference will not

be able to deduce the type of the variable or function return type. Type inference makes programming easier, it reduces the work of the programmer by making explicit type declarations optional, and reduces the amount of code required for variable declarations. Type checking is maintained and the programmer still has the option to add type declarations if it helps clarify the code.

```
x = 54: int // x is assigned 54, and is explicitly declared as an int
```

2 Problems and solutions

During the construction of the Alia compiler we ran into some problems, as is to be expected during any first time construction of a compiler. In this section we will explain some of the bigger problems that we faced as well as the solutions that we applied.

2.1 Scope definition

Because we do not have explicit declarations we cannot redefine a variable inside a new scope. There would be no way to distinguish between redefining a variable in a new scope and reassigning the value that was given to a variable to be used later. With a new variable that overwrites an old one for a temporary scope you would need to assign a new space in memory. We have decided that we want this in our programming language, this is because if you can redeclare a variable inside a new scope then you are only making it more confusing for yourself as a coder. On the other hand not being able to assign a new value to a variable in a new scope destroys a large part of the functionality of language. For these reasons we have chosen to leave it as is.

2.2 String template expressions

StringTemplate does not allow you to evaluate an expression inside of a string template. This was purposefully implemented to stop you from putting a large part of the logic in the string template itself. The problem that we have with this is that there are issues that are specific to the creation of java bytecode that must now be evaluated in the antir part of the program, and must be passed in the creation of any possible target platform. The first time this became a problem was what instructions to use for outputting any given number. A naive solution to this would be to always use the instruction for loading a large number like an integer. But java has special instructions for loading the numbers -1 through 5 and loading smaller numbers that fit on a byte or a short, so we wanted to use these. To solve this issue we created a function that calculated what type a number can fit into in the CodeGeneratorAux class which passes a number of booleans wrapped in a NumberType to the string template. We then use conditional templates to emit different instructions depending on the number to be put on the stack.

2.3 Constants

We chose to put the optimalisation of replacing all constants by their actual reference in the checker stage. The choice was made because in the checker there is already a list of declared variables, and Java functions to do this. This made it very easy to implement this feature in the checker, and much more ugly to implement in the code generation. In an ideal world there would be a separate stage in-between the checker and the code generation that optimizes the abstract syntax tree, but this one feature was easily

done in the checker. We have also chosen to not support constants that can vary, being defined by another identifier. In the Alia programming language a constant can only be defined by a single primitive type.

3 Syntax, context-constraints and semantics

The syntax of Alia is defined as follows:

```
program = (func_def | (statement end_statement) | \n)*;
statements = (statement (end_statement statements)? | \n statements)?;
statements_cond = (statement (end_statement statements)? | \n statements_cond )?;
statement = (expr_assignment | const_assignment) (; type)?
| while_stmnt
end_statement = \n | ";" | EOF;
expr_assignment = (identifier "=") expr_assignment
expr
const_assignment = CONST identifier "=" primitive;
expr = expr1 ((or | "||") expr1)*;
expr1 = expr2 ((and | "&&") expr2)*;
expr2 = expr3 ((">" | ">=" | "<" | "<=" | "==" | "!=" )^ expr3)*;
expr3 = expr4 (("+" | "-")^ expr4)*;
expr4 = expr5 (("*" | "/" | "%")^ expr5)*;
expr5 = "!" operand | operand | expr_minus | expr_plus;
expr_minus = "-" operand;
expr_plus = "+" operand;
operand = read |
      print
      if_stmnt
      "(" expr ")" |
      compound_stmnt
      primitive |
      func_identifier
compound_stmnt = begin statements end;
primitive = number | character | boolean;
func_identifier = identifier ( "(" exprlist? ")" )?;
```

```
while_stmnt = WHILE statements_cond DO statements END;
if_stmnt = IF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt? END;
else_stmnt = ELSEIF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt?
| (ELSE statements)
;
print = PRINT "(" exprlist ") ;
read = READ "(" varlist ") ;
varlist = identifier ("," identifier)*;
exprlist = expr ("," expr)*;
func_def = DEF identifier "(" varlist ")";
```

3.1 Semantics and context constraints:

The semantics and context constraints are defined using the abstract syntax of the Alia language.

Program

```
program = ((statement end_statement) | \n)*;
```

A program is run by executing a sequence of statements.

Statement

```
statements = (statement (end_statement statements)? | \n statements)?;
statements_conditional = (statement (end_statement statements)? | \n statements_cond )?;
end_statement = \n | ";" | EOF;
statement = while_stmnt
| (expr_assignment | const_assignment)
;
while_stmnt = WHILE statements_cond DO statements END;
if_stmnt = IF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt? END;
else_stmnt = ELSEIF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt?
| (ELSE statements);
compound_stmnt = begin statements end;
```

- A statements is a set of statements separated by an end statement.
- A conditional statements is a statements that is ment for conditional expressions.
- A statement can be ended by any of the above separators.

- The while statement 'while S1 do S2 end' is executed as follows. The statement S1 is evaluated, if its value is true then S2 is evaluated and the while statement is run again. If the value of S1 is false then the execution is completed. S1 must be of type boolean. This statement is of type void. Declarations made in S1 are valid in S1 and S2. The scope of declarations made in S2 is only S2.
- If statements of the form 'if S1 do S2 (elseif S3 do S4)* (else S5)?' are executed as follows. S1 is executed. If S1 is true, then S2 is evaluated. If S1 is false and there is an S3, then S3 is evaluated and if true S4 is executed. If the evaluated S3 is false there is another elseif statement then it is evaluated, same as an if statement is. If S1, S3 and all other elseifs have evaluated to false, then S5 is executed. If there is no S5, execution has completed. The type os S1 and S3 must be boolean. If there is no else part, the type of the statement is void. If there is an else part, then if all S2, S4, S5 are the same type, that is the type of the conditional statement. If S2, S4, S5 are not of the same type then the type of the statement is void. Special scope rules apply, a declaration in S1 or any S3 is valid in S2, S4, S5 as long as the declaration precedes the use.
- A compound statement is a closed set of statements. Any assignments made in the statements can not be used outside of the compound statement. The result and type of the compound statement are the same as the last statement in the compound statement.

Assignment

```
expr_assignment = identifier "=" expr_assignment
| expr (: type)?
;
const_assignment = CONST identifier "=" primitive (: type)?
```

- An expression assignment binds one or more identifiers to a value yielded by an expression E. If a type is included then the type and the type of the expression must match. The identifiers can thereafter be used in applied occurrences. The expression assignment yields the value of the expression.
- The expression 'const I = P (:T)?' is executed as follows. I is bound to the value P. If T was included, T and E must be of the same type. The expression is of type P. I can be used in applied occurrences. I can not be assigned a different value at a later time.

Expressions

```
expr = expr1 ((or | "||") expr1)*;
expr1 = expr2 ((and | "&&") expr2)*;
expr2 = expr3 ((">" | ">=" | "<" | "<=" | "==" | "!=" )^ expr3)*;
expr3 = expr4 (("+" | "-")^ expr4)*;
expr4 = expr5 (("*" | "/" | "%")^ expr5)*;
expr5 = "!" operand | operand | expr_minus | expr_plus;
expr_minus = "-" operand;
expr_plus = "+" operand;</pre>
```

- The expressions 'or', '||', 'and', '&&' preceded by E1 and followed by E2 are evaluated by performing a logical or (True iff E1 or E2) in case of 'or' and '||'. In the case of 'and' and '&&' it is evaluated by performing a logical and on the two expressions (True iff E1 and E2). E1 and E2 must be of type boolean. The type of the expression is Boolean. These are the logical operators.
- The expression 'E1 == E2' is true iff E1 equals E2. 'E1! = E2' is true iff E1 is not equal to E2. 'E1 <= E2' true iff E1 is smaller than or equal to E2. 'E1 >= E2' is true iff E1 greater than or equal to E2. 'E1 > E2' is true iff E1 is greater than E2. 'E1 < E2' is true iff E1 is smaller than E2. Of all these comparative operators, E1 and E2 must be of the same type. The type of the expressions is Boolean. These are the comparitive operators.
- The expression 'E1 + E2' is executed as E1 plus E2. 'E1 E2' is E1 minus E2. 'E1 * E2' is E1 times E2. 'E1 / E2' is E1 divided by E2, E2 is not allowed to be zero. '
- The operator O in '!O' is inverted. O must be of type boolean, the expression is of type boolean. The '+O' and '-O' are executed as follows. For '+O' nothing is done. For '-O' the operand is negated. O must be of type Int, the expression is of type Int. These are the unary operators.
- The previous expressions have the following priority, from highest to lowest. Unary operators (-, +, !), then * , / , % after those + and . Then comes comparative operators (<, <=, >=, <>) then comes the logical and (&& or 'and') then comes logical or || or 'or'.

Operands

```
operand = READ "(" varlist ") |
    PRINT "(" exprlist ") |
    if_stmnt |
    "(" expr ")" |
    compound_stmnt |
    primitive |
    identifier
.
```

- The expression 'read VL' is executed as follows. The variable list evaluated. For every variable a line is read from the input, the first character of this line is assigned as value to the variable. The type of the expression is the type of VL.
- The expression 'print EL' is executed as follows. The expression list EL is evaluated. All evaluated expressions are then written to the output. The type of the expression is the type of EL.
- If statements are explained under statements.
- An operand can carry another expression as long as that expression is surrounded by brackets. The type and result are the same as the expression.
- · Compound statements are explained under statements.
- A primitive is one of the three primitive types NUMBER, CHARACTER and BOOLEAN.
- The identifier operand points to a the value or variable bound to I. The operand I must have been previously declared. The type of the operand is the type of that value or variable.

Lists

```
varlist = identifier ("," identifier)*;
exprlist = expr ("," expr)*;
```

- The list 'I (,I)*' evaluates to a list of identifiers. If there is one identifier the type of the list is the type of that identifier, and the result is its value. If there are 2 or more, the type is void and there is no result.
- The list 'E (,E)* evaluates to a list of expressions. None of the expressions may be void. If there is one expression, the list of the type of E, and the value is E. If there are 2 or more, the type is void, and thus there is no result.

Types

```
primitive = NUMBER
| CHARACTER
| BOOLEAN
```

- The operand 'N' evaluates to a number. N can be no larger than 2147483647 and no smaller than -2147483648. N is of type Int.
- The operand 'C' evaluates to a character. C is of type Char.
- The operand 'B' evaluates to a boolean, either true or false. C is of type Bool.

In Alia there are 4 types. 'int', 'char', 'boolean' and 'void'. If something is of type void it is an empty value that cannot be used.

4 Translation rules

The translation rules for Alia to Java bytecode are shown here. Some details have been abstracted away in favor of readability, these details include specific label names, translation rules which are dependent on the type of the expression (such as print and read), and some specific rules where pop statements are included.

Pop lines A pop line is included after every statement that returns a value but has no higher expression using it. The amount of variables generated on the stack are counted by the compiler and after each complete statement the leftover expressions are popped.

Translation rules

```
execute [I = E]
  expr [E]
  istore a // address of variable I
  identifier [I]
```

```
expr [while C do S end] =
    goto COND
    WHILE:
    execute [S]
    COND:
    execute [C]
    ifne WHILE
expr [if C do S E end] =
    execute [C]
    ifeq ELSE
    execute [S]
    goto NEXT
    ELSE:
    exprElse [E]
    NEXT:
exprElse [elseif C do S E]
    execute [C]
    ifeq ELSE
    execute [S]
    goto NEXT
    ELSE:
    exprElse [E]
    NEXT:
exprElse [else S] =
    execute [S]
expr[E1 0 E2] =
    expr [E1]
    expr [E2]
    instruction [0] // The specific instruction, e.g. iadd etc.
expr [E1 OC E2] =
    expr [E1]
    expr [E2]
    if_icmp $+7 // Go to iconst_1 if it is true, this line contains the specific instruction
    iconst_0
    goto $+4 // Go to the line after iconst_1
    iconst_1
expr [-E]
    expr [E]
    ineg
```

```
expr [+E]
    expr [E]
expr [not E]
    expr[E]
    ifeq $+7
    iconst_0
    goto $+4
    iconst_1
expr [begin S end]
    execute [S]
print [S] =
    getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/PrintStream;
    invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(T)V
expr [print(S)] =
    getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/PrintStream;
    execute [S]
    istore 1
    iload_1
    invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(T)V
    iload_1
expr [print(S, L)] =
    print [S]
    executePrint [L]
executePrint [S, L]
    print [S]
    executePrint [L]
executePrint [S]
    print [S]
read [] =
    invokestatic java/lang/System/console()Ljava/io/Console;
    invokevirtual java/io/Console/readLine()Ljava/lang/String;
    invokestatic java/lang/Type/parseType(Ljava/lang/String;)T
execute [read(I)] =
    read []
    istore_1
```

```
iload_1
    istore a ; address of variable I
    execute [S]
    iload_1
execute [read(I, L)] =
    read []
    istore a ; address of variable {\ \ I\ \ }
    exprRead [L]
exprRead [I, L]
    read []
    istore a ; address of variable I
    exprRead [L]
exprRead [I]
    read []
    istore a ; address of variable I
execute [S \setminus n S] =
    execute [S]
    execute [S]
execute [S ; S] =
    execute [S]
    execute [S]
execute [S] =
    expr [S]
identifier [I] =
    iload a // address of variable I
operand [I] =
    identifier [I]
operand [N] =
    number [N] // iconst n
operand [C] =
    bipush C
operand [true] =
    iconst_1
operand [false] =
    iconst_0
```

```
program [S] =
    .class public filename.j // target file
    .super java/lang/Object

.method public \<init\>()V
    aload_0
    invokenonvirtual java/lang/Object/\<init\>()V
    return
    .end method

.method public static main([Ljava/lang/String;)V
    .limit stack stackMax // stackMax = maximum size of the stack
    .limit locals localSize // localSize = amount of local variables required
    execute [S]
    return
    .end method
```

5 Java-code

The checker uses an auxiliary class CheckerAux that handles a large portion of the logic of the checking, such as if two types are the same. This class also declares variables and constants into the symbol table. CheckerAux also has methods to access the symbolTable so that it throws AliaExceptions instead of more general exceptions. The symbol table has a HashMap of Names, IdEntries and a scopestack that has all identifiers declared on a scope. Like every symbolTable it keeps track of what identifiers have been declared on what levels. The IdEntries also store information about whether the identifier is a constant and what type it is.

Most of the logic for type checking is implemented in CheckerAux, to do the type checking a set of type classes are used, such as _Int and _Bool. All of these classes inherit from _Type and have a string with their typename. We chose to make all types into distinct classes instead of an enum because this will allow for extension of say the _Int class with a _Float class or of the _Char class with a _String class. In this way we can more easily add additional types to Alia and a future _Long and _Float could be compared using inheritence.

The code generation makes use of CodeGeneratorAux. This seperates some of the logic from the antlr files. In particular CodeGeneratorAux calculates what kind of java type can be used for any given number, this choice is explained in the problems section. To do this it uses the NumberType class, which acts as a container for a number of booleans so that they can be passed more elegantly. The other part that CodeGeneratorAux takes care of is the logic for the stack management, incrementing and decrementing the amount that is still to be pushed off the stack in the code generation.

For error handling AliaException and AliaTypeException are used. These exceptions are thrown in the checker when ever a type is violated. If there is a syntactical mistake then the classes generated by antlr will throw exceptions. For run time errors standard java exceptions are also used.

After the checking fase has been completed a decorated AST is returned. The decorated AST stores the type information that was found in the corresponding nodes, such as for all binary expressions. We also store the identifying numbers for all applied usages of identifiers (except for constants which are replaced), these ascending numbers are gotten from the IdEntries using CheckerAux and are stored with the nodes, for later use in the code generation.

6 Tests

The Alia programming language has been thoroughly tested using a collection of test programs. These test programs have been designed to check the correct workings of parser, checker and compiler of the Alia programming language. Unit tests have been build using JUnit, and are located in the src/tests/ folder of the Alia project. There are three type of errors which the compiler should check for.

- 1. Syntax: Incorrect syntax and typos should be reported.
- 2. Context: The context checker should type check the program, make sure all variables are declared before use, and enforce scoping rules.
- 3. Semantics: Runtime errors such as division by zero should be adequately handeled by the compiler.

6.1 Tests

The tests have been constructed based on the requirements formulated in the compiler construction reader.

- 1. BasicTest.java: Contains tests for the basic expression language.
 - (a) providedBasicTest: Test with correct syntax which is checked for correct output.
 - (b) plustTest: Tests a basic arithmetic expression.
 - (c) printTest: Tests print expressions.
 - (d) readTest: Tests read expressions.
 - (e) constantTest: Tests constants.
 - (f) redefineConstant (Context): Checks if constants cannot be redefined.
 - (g) syntaxError (Syntax): Checks if syntax errors are properly detected.
 - (h) typeError (Context): Checks if type errors are properly detected.
 - (i) intSize (Context): Check if use of numbers above the maximum integer size are detected.
 - (j) scopeError (Context): Checks if references out of scope are valid.
 - (k) divideByZero (Semantics): Checks if divide by zero triggers a runtime error.
- $2. \ \ While Test. java: Contains tests for the while conditional statement.$
 - (a) providedBasicTest (Syntax): Test with correct syntax which is checked for correct output.
 - (b) plustTest (Syntax): Tests a basic arithmetic expression.
 - (c) printTest (Syntax): Tests print expressions.

- (d) readTest (Syntax): Tests read expressions.
- (e) constantTest (Syntax): Tests constants.
- (f) redefineConstant (Context): Checks if constants cannot be redefined.
- (g) syntaxError (Syntax): Checks if syntax errors are properly detected.
- (h) typeError (Context): Checks if type errors are properly detected.
- (i) intSize (Context): Check if use of numbers above the maximum integer size are detected.
- (j) scopeError (Context): Checks if references out of scope are valid.
- (k) divideByZero (Semantics): Checks if divide by zero triggers a runtime error.
- 3. IfTest.java: Contains test for the if conditional statement.
 - (a) ifBasicTest (Syntax): Basic if statement test.
 - (b) ifTypeVoidNoElseTest (Context): Tests if type is void when else statement is not present.
 - (c) ifScopeErrorTest (Context): Tests the scope rules of the if statement.
 - (d) ifScopeCondErrorTest (Context): Tests the scope rules of the condition of the if statement.
 - (e) ifTypeEmptyVoidTest (Context): Tests if type is void when the if statement is empty.
 - (f) ifDoubleElseTest (Syntax): Test with two many else statements, checks correct syntax error.
- 4. CompleteTest.java: Contains all language constructs of the Alia programming language.
 - (a) providedCompleteTest (Syntax): Test program with all language constructs.

6.2 Test results

The test program will output whether or not the tests have executed successfully. The tests results can be seen in the image below. All tests have been successfully run using JUnit. This gives a relatively high certainty that the programming language is correct. See appendix A.5 for an example run of the test program.

```
Runs: 25/25 

☐ Errors: 0 
☐ Failures: 0
▲ 🔃 alia.tests.TestAll [Runner: JUnit 4] (0,458 s)
    alia.tests.CompleteTest (0,216
        providedCompleteTest (0,216 s)
   alia.tests.BasicTest (0,152 s)
         plusTest (0,020 s)
         printTest (0,019 s
         redefineConstant (0,007 s)
         readTest (0,026 s)
         providedBasicTest (0,039 s)
         scopeError (0,003 s)
         constantTest (0,015 s)
         syntaxError (0,004 s)
         typeError (0,004 s)
         divideByZero (0,013 s)
   alia.tests.WhileTest (0,066 s)
         whileCountTypeErrorTest (0,003 s)
         whileCountOneLineTest (0.012 s)
         whileCountTest (0,012 s)
         whileScopeErrorTest (0,002 s)
         whileBasicTest (0.013 s)
         whileCountUntilTest (0,012 s)
         whileCountTypeTest (0,012 s)
    alia.tests.IfTest (0,024 s)
         ifScopeCondErrorTest (0.002 s)
         ifDoubleElseTest (0,002 s)
         ifTypeVoidNoElseTest (0,002 s)
         ifScopeErrorTest (0,001 s)
         ifTypeEmptyVoidTest (0,002 s)
         # ifBasicTest (0.015 s)
```

7 Conclusion

In this report we have described for you the Alia programming language, built for the final project of compiler construction at the University of Twente. We have specified the unusual features, the syntax, the context constraints and the semantics of Alia. Some of the problems that we faced during the construction as well as their solutions have been elaborated. We have also detailed for you the extra java classes constructed for the compiler and the full array of tests that have been made to verify the correctness of the language. Together these give you a good understanding of how the Alia programming language works both in programming and under the hood. For conclusions on the programming language itself. Alia is a language that contains all the functionality of the basic expression language, along with conditional statement and a while statement. Alia also features type inference, though procedures and functions have not yet been added. The extra functionality of functions and procedures is fairly major and for future work these should be the first to be added. The language offers a large amount of freedom as to what you want to write down, such as not having to hardly put any end of line delimiters except newlines and also not having to declare types for variables or constants.

The construction of the Alia compiler was a very interesting and learning experience. As everyone knows you put quite a lot of time into the final project of compiler engineering, but you get rewarded with a new level of understanding of how programming languages work. It is fun to be able to define your own programming language and have a thorough understanding of every stage it takes to go from the written code to actually executable instructions. Weighing all the gains against the time invested it was a very positive learning experience and definitely adds value to an education in computer science.

A Appendices

Responsibilities The following table makes clear who was responsible for what parts of the report.

Part	Person
Title page	Joost
Introduction	Fedor
Description	Joost
Problems	Fedor
Syntax, Context, Semantics	Fedor
Translation Rules	Joost
Java Code	Fedor
Tests	Joost
Conclusion	Fedor

A.1 Lexer and parser

```
grammar Alia;
 3
    options {
                                                            // LL(1) - do not use LL(*)
 4
        k = 1;
 5
                                                            // target language is Java (= default)
          language=Java;
          output = AST;
                                                            // build an AST
 7 }
 8
 9
    tokens {
    10
11
13
15
16
17
18
19
         // operators
20
                                ' = ' ;
' + ' ;
       BECOMES = '='
          PLUS = '+';
PLUS_OP = 'plusop';
MINUS = '-';
22
         PLUS
23
24
         MINUS = -,
MINUS_OP = 'minop'
TIMES = '*';
DIV = '/';
25
27
          // comp. operators
29
         GT = '>' ;

GE = '>=' ;

LT = '<' ;

LE = '<=' ;

EQ = '==' ;

NQ = '!=' ;
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
          AND = 'and';
AND_ALT = '&&'
38
39
          OR = 'or';
OR_ALT = '||';
NOT = '!';
MOD = '%';
41
42
43
44
          // types
          INT = 'int';
BOOL = 'boolean';
CHAR = 'char';
STRING = 'string';
46
47
48
49
          // keywords
51
         // keywords
PROGRAM = 'program'
PRINT = 'print'
READ = 'read'
IF = 'if';
ELSE = 'else';
ELSEIF = 'elseif';
DO = 'do'
52
53
54
56
58
```

```
END
                       'end'
                       'while'
60
        WHILE
                    'true' ;
        TRUE
61
        FALSE
                    'false'
62
63
        CONST
                    = 'const'
                        'def'
64
        DEF
65
        BEGIN
                        'begin'
66
67
        FUNC
                       'func';
68
        EXPR_LIST;
        COMPOUND;
69
70
        TYPE:
71
        ID;
72
        LOCALSIZE;
73
    }
74
75
    @lexer::header {
76
    package alia;
77
78
79
    @header {
80
    package alia;
81
82
83
    program : (func_def | (statement end_statement) | NEWLINE!)*;
84
85
86 statements : (statement (end_statement statements)? | NEWLINE! statements)?;
87
    statements_cond : statement (end_statement statements)? | NEWLINE! statements_cond;
88
    statement : (expr_assignment | const_assignment) (COLON^ type)?
89
          while_stmnt;
    end_statement : NEWLINE! | SEMICOLON! | EOF!;
90
91
92
    // Syntactic predicate to recognize assignments
93
    // Syntactic predicates can be easily left out if we do not allow expr as statements
94
    expr_assignment : (IDENTIFIER BECOMES) => (IDENTIFIER BECOMES^) expr_assignment |
95
          expr ;
96
97
    const_assignment : CONST^ IDENTIFIER BECOMES primitive;
98
    expr : expr1 ((OR | OR_ALT)^ expr1)*;
99
    expr1 : expr2 ((AND | AND_ALT)^ expr2)*;
    expr2 : expr3 ((GT | GE | LT | LE | EQ | NQ)^ expr3)*;
101
102
    expr3 : expr4 ((PLUS | MINUS)^ expr4)*;
    expr4 : expr5 ((TIMES | DIV | MOD)^ expr5)*;
103
    expr5 : NOT^ operand | operand | expr_minus | expr_plus;
104
    expr_minus : MINUS operand -> ^(MINUS_OP operand);
106
    expr_plus : PLUS operand -> ^(PLUS_OP operand);
107
    operand : read
            print
108
109
            if_stmnt
110
            LPAREN! expr RPAREN!
111
            compound_stmnt
112
            primitive
113
            func_identifier;
114
115
    compound_stmnt : BEGIN statements END -> ^(COMPOUND statements);
116
117
    primitive : NUMBER | CHAR_EXPR | boolean_expr;
118
119
   char_expr : SQUOTE! LETTER SQUOTE!;
120
121
    func_identifier : IDENTIFIER
122
            (LPAREN ~ exprlist? RPAREN)?;
123
124 while_stmnt : WHILE statements_cond DO statements END -> ^(WHILE statements_cond ^(DO statements));
125
    if_stmnt : IF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt? END ->
126
127
          ^(IF statements_cond ^(DO statements?) else_stmnt?);
128
    else_stmnt
130
       : ELSEIF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt? ->
131
          ^(ELSEIF statements_cond ^(DO statements?) else_stmnt?)
132
      | (ELSE statements)
133
134
    print : PRINT^ LPAREN! exprlist RPAREN!;
135
136
    read : READ^ LPAREN! varlist RPAREN!;
137
138 varlist : IDENTIFIER (COMMA! IDENTIFIER)*;
139 exprlist : expr (COMMA! expr)*;
```

```
func_def : DEF IDENTIFIER LPAREN! varlist RPAREN! statements END;
141
142
143
    // Lexer rules
144
145 boolean_expr : TRUE | FALSE;
146
147
    type : CHAR | INT | BOOL;
148
149
    CHAR_EXPR : SQUOTE LETTER SQUOTE;
150
151
    IDENTIFIER
     : LETTER (LETTER | DIGIT)*
152
153
154
155
    NUMBER
156
            DIGIT+
     :
158
159
160
    COMMENT
     : ('//' .* '\n' | '/*' .* '*/')
161
                { $channel=HIDDEN; }
163
164
        ;
165
166 WS
           (' ' | '\t' | '\f' | '\r')+
                { $channel=HIDDEN; }
168
169
170
171 fragment LETTER : LOWER | UPPER ;
172 fragment DIGIT : ('0'...'9');
173 fragment LOWER : ('a'..'z');
174 fragment UPPER : ('A'..'Z');
```

A.2 Checker

```
tree grammar AliaChecker;
2
3
   options {
                                            // LL(1) - do not use LL(*)
4
      k = 1;
 5
       tokenVocab = Alia;
                                            // import tokens from Calc.tokens
                                            // AST nodes are of type CommonTree
6
       ASTLabelType = CommonTree;
       superClass=CheckerAux;
8
       output = AST;
9 }
10
12 package alia;
13 import alia types *;
import alia.symtab.SymbolTable;
import alia.symtab.IdEntry;
16 import java.util.Set;
17 import java.util.HashSet;
18 }
19
20
   // Alter code generation so catch-clauses get replaced with this action.
21 // This disables ANTLR error handling: AliaExceptions are propagated upwards.
22 @rulecatch {
23
       catch (RecognitionException e) {
24
         if(!e.getMessage().equals("")) {
          System.err.println("Exception!:"+e.getMessage());
25
26
27
       throw (new AliaException(""));
28
       }
29
   }
30
31 @members {
32
33
   }
34
35 program
```

```
: { symTab.openScope(); }
37
          (statement)+
          { symTab.closeScope(); }
38
          -> LOCALSIZE[getLocalSize()] (statement)+
40
41
42
    statements returns [_Type type = new _Void()]
      : (t=statement
43
44
        45
46
47
    statement returns [_Type type = new _Void()]
             ^(WHILE {symTab.openScope();} stat=statements {symTab.openScope();}
49
              ^(DO statements) {symTab.closeScope();symTab.closeScope();} )
50
        { checkBoolType($stat.type, $stat.tree); }
51
            t=expr
      52
54
55
56
    expr returns [_Type type]
57
            to=operand
58
59
          $type = $to.type;
60
            (^(c=0R t1=expr t2=expr)
61
             ^(c=OR_ALT t1=expr t2=expr)
62
            ^(c=AND t1=expr t2=expr)
             ^{\circ}(c=AND_ALT t1=expr t2=expr))
64
65
               checkEqualType($t1.type, $t2.type, $t1.tree);
66
67
              checkBoolType($t1.type, $t1.tree);
68
               $type = new _Bool();
69
              String typename = String.valueOf($type);
70
          -> ^($c expr expr TYPE[typename])
71
72
            (^(c=EQ t1=expr t2=expr)
73
            ^(c=NQ t1=expr t2=expr)
74
            ^{\circ}(c=LE t1=expr t2=expr)
75
            ^(c=GE t1=expr t2=expr)
            ^{\circ}(c=GT t1=expr t2=expr)
76
            ^(c=LT t1=expr t2=expr))
77
78
79
               checkEqualType($t1.type, $t2.type, $t1.tree);
               $type = new _Bool();
80
81
              String typename = String.valueOf($type);
          -> ^($c expr expr TYPE[typename])
83
            (^(c=PLUS te1=expr te2=expr)
84
85
            ^(c=MINUS te1=expr te2=expr)
            ^(c=TIMES te1=expr te2=expr)
86
            ^(c=DIV te1=expr te2=expr)
             ^{\circ}(c=MOD te1=expr te2=expr))
88
89
          {
90
             checkMathType($te1.type, $te2.type, $te1.tree);
91
            $type = new _Int();
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
93
           -> ^($c expr expr TYPE[typename])
        | ^(PRINT te=exprlist)
95
96
97
            $type = $te.type;
98
              String typename = String.valueOf($type);
99
           -> ^(PRINT TYPE[typename] exprlist)
100
101
        | ^(READ tv=varlist)
102
            $type = $tv.type;
103
104
              String typename = String.valueOf($type);
105
          -> ^(READ TYPE[typename] varlist)
107
      | ^(c=(NOT) to=operand)
108
109
               $type = $to.type;
110
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
               checkBoolType($to.type, $to.tree);
111
112
113
          -> ^($c operand TYPE[typename])
        | ^(c=( PLUS_OP | MINUS_OP ) o=operand)
114
115
          $type = $o.type;
```

```
117
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
118
               checkEqualType($o.type, new _Int(), $o.tree);
119
120
           -> ^($c operand TYPE[typename])
            ^(IF
121
             {
123
               symTab.openScope(); // Open scope for conditional statements, the scope is the same for the IF and
         ELSEIF conditions
124
             }
125
             t=statements
126
             {
               symTab.openScope(); // Open scope for the first statement
127
             }
             ^(DO
129
130
             ts=statements
131
               checkBoolType($t.type, $ts.tree);
               symTab.closeScope(); // Close scope for the first statement
134
135
             )
136
             texp=else_stmnt?
137
138
               symTab.closeScope(); // Close scope for the conditional statements
139
               checkBoolType($t.type, $t.tree);
140
               $type = checkTypesIf($ts.type,$texp.type);
141
142
          )
             ^(COLON ^(BECOMES id=IDENTIFIER t1=expr) typ=type)
143
144
145
               _Type declType = checkEqualType($t1.type, $typ.type, $t1.tree);
               declare($id.text, declType, $t1.tree);
146
             $type = declType;
147
148
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
149
               String identifier = String.valueOf(getIdentifier($id.text, $id.tree));
150
151
             }
             -> ^(BECOMES ^(IDENTIFIER TYPE[typename] ID[identifier]) expr)
152
153
            ^(BECOMES id=IDENTIFIER t1=expr)
154
155
               declare($id.text, $t1.type, $t1.tree);
156
             $type = $t1.type;
157
             checkNotVoid($type, $t1.tree);
158
159
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
160
               String identifier = String.valueOf(getIdentifier($id.text, $id.tree));
161
            }
           -> ^(BECOMES ^(IDENTIFIER TYPE[typename] ID[identifier]) expr)
162
            ~ ( COMPOUND
163
164
           { // symTab.openScope
165
             symTab.openScope();
166
           t=statements)
167
             {
169
               // closeScope
170
               symTab.closeScope();
             $type = $t.type;
171
172
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
173
           -> ^(COMPOUND TYPE[typename] statements)
174
              ^(CONST id=IDENTIFIER BECOMES prim=primitive (COLON typ=type)?)
175
               { _Type declType = checkEqualType($prim.type, $typ.type, $prim.tree);
176
                 declareConst($id.text, declType, prim, $prim.tree);
177
178
                 $type = declType;
179
                 String typename = String.valueOf($type);
180
                 String identifier = String.valueOf(getIdentifier($id.text, $prim.tree));
181
182
183
           -> // constants are not used after checking fase, thus they are removed
184
185
    else_stmnt returns [_Type type]
187
188
         ^(ELSEIF t=statements
189
           ^ ( D O
190
               symTab.openScope(); // Open scope for this elseif statement
191
             }
192
193
           ts=statements
194
195
             te=else_stmnt?
196
```

```
197
               checkBoolType($t.type, $t.tree);
198
               $type = checkTypesIf($ts.type, $te.type);
199
               symTab.closeScope();
200
201
202
        ^(ELSE
203
             {
204
               symTab.openScope(); // Open scope for the else statement
205
            }
206
          ts=statements
207
            {
208
               $type = $ts.type;
               symTab.closeScope(); // Open scope for the else statement
209
210
          )
211
212
      ;
213
214
215
    operand returns [_Type type]
216
        : id=identifier
217
             218
            n = NUMBER
219
          { $type = new _Int(); checkInt(n); }
            c=CHAR_EXPR
221
          b = ( TRUE | FALSE )
222
223
          { $type = new _Bool(); }
224
225
226
    identifier returns [_Type type]
227
228
      id=IDENTIFIER
229
230
          $type = getType($id.text, $id.tree);
231
                 String typename = String.valueOf($type);
232
                 String identifier = String.valueOf(getIdentifier($id.text, $id.tree));
233
               Boolean constant = retrieve($id.text, $id.tree).isConstant();
234
               Token value = getConstant($id.text);
235
        }
236
      -> {constant && typename.equals("int") }? ^(NUMBER[value])
      -> {constant && typename.equals("char") }? ^(CHAR_EXPR[value])
237
      -> {constant && typename.equals("bool") && value.getText().equals("true") }? ^(TRUE[value])
      -> {constant && typename.equals("bool") && value.getText().equals("false") }? ^(FALSE[value])
239
240
      -> ^(IDENTIFIER TYPE[typename] ID[identifier])
241
242
243
244
    varlist returns [_Type type]
245
      : t=identifier
246
247
          $type = $t.type;
248
249
        (identifier
250
          {
251
             $type = new _Void();
252
253
254
        ) *
255
256
257
    exprlist returns [_Type type]
258
        : tl=exprentry
259
260
           checkNotVoid($tl.type, $tl.tree);
261
          $type = $tl.type;
262
        (t=exprentry
263
264
265
             checkNotVoid($t.type, $t.tree);
266
             $type = new _Void();
267
268
        ) *
269
270
271
    exprentry returns [_Type type]
272
      : t = expr
273
274
        $type = $t.type;
275
            String typename = String.valueOf($t.type);
      } -> TYPE[typename] expr
276
```

```
278
279
   type returns [_Type type]
280
      : INT
281
          282
          CHAR.
283
          284
          BOOL
285
          { $type = new _Bool(); }
286
287
   primitive returns [_Type type] :
288
289
        NUMBER { $type = new _Int();}
       CHAR_EXPR
291
          292
       boolean_expr
293
          { $type = new _Bool(); }
294
295 boolean_expr : TRUE | FALSE;
```

A.3 Code Generator

```
tree grammar AliaCodeGeneratorStringTemplate;
2
3
   options {
                                            // LL(1) - do not use LL(*)
4
       k = 1;
5
       tokenVocab = Alia;
                                            // import tokens from Calc.tokens
6
       output = template;
       ASTLabelType=CommonTree;
                                            // AST nodes are of type CommonTree
       superClass=CodeGeneratorAux;
9 }
12 package alia;
13
   import alia.symtab.SymbolTable;
14 import alia symtab IdEntry;
15 import java.util.Set;
16
   import java.util.HashSet;
17
   }
18
19
   program
20
         localSize=LOCALSIZE (s+=exprPop)+
21
                -> file(instructions={$s}, stackMax={getStackMax()}, localSize={$localSize}, classname={
       getProgramClass()})
24
25
   statements @init { startExpression(); }
          @after { endExpression(); }
26
27
     : (s+=exprPopInterleaved)* -> statements(instructions={$s});
29
   statementsPop @init { startExpression(); }
30
          @after { endExpression(); }
31
     : (s+=exprPop)* -> statements(instructions={$s});
32
33
   exprPopInterleaved @init { String pop = ""; }
34
     : {pop=pops(endExpression()); startExpression();}
       s=expr -> exprPopInterleaved(instruction={$s.st}, pop={pop});
35
36
37
   exprPop @init { String pop = ""; }
     : {startExpression();}
39
       s=expr
40
       {pop=pops(endExpression());} -> exprPop(instruction={$s.st}, pop={pop});
41
   expr @init { }
42
      @after {}
43
44
                                  -> statement(instruction={$o.st})
           o=operand
                                                            -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"or"})
45
            ^(OR t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
            ^(OR_ALT t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
46
                                                              -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"or"})
47
           ^(AND t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                               -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"and"})
48
           ^(AND_ALT t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                                -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"and"})
49
           ^(EQ t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                            -> binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"eq"})
            ^(NQ t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
50
                                                             -> binexprcomp(x={\$t1.st}, y={\$t2.st}, instr={"ne"})
           ^(LE t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
51
                                                           -> binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"le"})
```

```
^(GE t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                             -> binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"ge"})
53
            ^(GT t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                             -> binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"gt"})
                                                             -> binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"lt"})
            ^(LT t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
54
55
            ^(PLUS t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                                -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"add"})
56
            ^{(MINUS t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE)} \{decStack();\}
                                                                  -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"sub"})
57
            ^(TIMES t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                                  -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"mul"})
            ^(DIV t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
58
                                                                -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"div"})
59
            ^(MOD t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                                -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"rem"})
60
        | ^(WHILE cond=statements {decStack();} ^(DO t2=statementsPop)) -> whilestmt(expr={$cond.st}, statement={
        $t2.st}, labelCond={newLabel()}, labelWhile={newLabel()})
        | ^(PRINT t=TYPE te=TYPE fexp=expr (exp+=exprPrint)*) {decStackIfVoid(getType($t.toString()));}
                -> printstmt(firststatement={$fexp.st}, statements={$exp}, type={getType($t.toString())}, t={getType(
        $te.toString()).T})
62
        | ^(READ t=TYPE ^(id=IDENTIFIER t=TYPE a=ID) {incStack();} (v+=varRead)*) {decStackIfVoid(getType($t.
        toString()));}
                                           -> readstmt(statements={$v},addr={$a},type={getType($t.toString())},t={
        getType($t.toString()).T},void={$t.toString().equals("void")},classname={getProgramClass()})
63
        ^(NOT o=operand t=TYPE)
                                                      -> unarynot(x={$0.st}, instr={"not"})
        | ^(PLUS_OP o=operand t=TYPE)
                                                        -> unaryplus(x={$o.st}, instr={"plus"})
65
        | ^(MINUS_OP o=operand t=TYPE)
                                                        -> unarymin(x={$o.st}, instr={"neg"})
66
           { startExpression(); } ^(IF
67
            stif1=statements
            ^(DO stif2=statements)
68
69
            (elsestmnts=elseif)?
          ) { decStack(); endExpression(); }
                                                                                          -> ifstmnt(cond={$stif1 st
        }, statements={\$stif2.st}, elseStmnts={elsestmnts}, labelElse={newLabel()}, labelNext={newLabel()})
            ^(BECOMES ^(id=IDENTIFIER t=TYPE a=ID) {incStack();} t1=expr {decStack();}) -> assign(var={$id},addr={
        $a}, expr={$t1.st})
72
            ^(COMPOUND t=TYPE s=statements)
                                                             -> statements(instructions={$s.st})
73
74
    elseif @init { decStack(); }
76
        ^(ELSEIF stelseif1=statements
77
              ^(DO stelseif2=statements) {decStack();}
78
              elsestmnts=elseif)
                                             -> elseifstmnt(cond={$stelseif1.st}, statements={$stelseif2.st},
        elseStmnts={elsestmnts}, labelElse={newLabel()}, labelNext={newLabel()})
79
      | ^(ELSE stelse=statements)
                                                          -> elsemaybestmnt(statements={$stelse.st})
80
81
    operand @init {incStack();}
82
        : i=identifier
                               -> statement(instruction={$i.st})
            n = NUMBER
                                     -> number(n={$n.toString()}, numberType={whatNumber(Integer.parseInt($n.
        toString()))})
        c = CHAR \_ EXPR
                                     -> character(c={(int) c.toString().charAt(1)})
85
          b = ( TRUE | FALSE )
                                     -> boolean(b={$b.toString().equals("true")})
86
87
88
    exprPrint @init {decStack();} :
89
      t=TYPE exp=expr -> printexpr(statements={$exp.st},t={getType($t.toString()).T})
90
91
92
    varRead @init {incStack();decStack();} :
      ^(id=IDENTIFIER t=TYPE a=ID) -> readvar(var={$id},addr={$a},type={getType($t.toString())},classname={
93
        getProgramClass()})
94
95
    identifier
96
     : ^(id=IDENTIFIER t=TYPE a=ID)
                                               -> identifier(addr={$a})
97
98
99
100
    varlist
      : s+=identifier
102
        (s+=identifier)*
103
        -> statements(instructions={$s});
104
105
    exprlist
        : s+=expr
106
107
        (s+=expr)*
108
        -> statements(instructions={$s})
109
110
111
    type
            INTEGER
113
            CHAR
114
            BOOT.
        - 1
115
```

```
group tmg;
3
   file(instructions, stackMax, localSize, classname) ::= <<
   ; Jasmin JBC assembler code generated by AliaCodeGenerator
   .class public <classname>
   .super java/lang/Object
   .field private static in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
10
   .method static public \<clinit\>()V
11
     .limit stack 5
12
13
     new java/io/BufferedReader
14
     dup
15
     new java/io/InputStreamReader
16
     dup
17
     getstatic java/lang/System/in Ljava/io/InputStream;
     invokespecial java/io/InputStreamReader/\<init\>(Ljava/io/InputStream;)V
18
19
     invokespecial java/io/BufferedReader/\<init\>(Ljava/io/Reader;)V
2.0
     putstatic <classname>/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
21
     return
22
23
   .end method
24
25
   .method public \<init\>() V
26
      aload_0
      invokenonvirtual java/lang/Object/\<init\>()V
27
28
      return
29
   end method
30
31
   .method public static main([Ljava/lang/String;)V
32
      .limit stack <stackMax>
33
      .limit locals <localSize>
34
35
      <instructions; separator="\n">
36
37
      return
38
   .end method
39
   >>
40
41
   statements(instructions) ::= <<
42
   <instructions; separator="\n">
44
   exprPopInterleaved(instruction, pop) ::= <<</pre>
45
46
47
   <instruction>
48 >>
49
50
   exprPop(instruction, pop) ::= <<</pre>
51
   <instruction>
52
   <pop>
53
54
55
   statement(instruction) ::= <<
56
   <instruction>
57 >>
58
59 whilestmt(statement, expr, labelCond, labelWhile) ::= <<
   goto COND<labelCond> ; Jump to while condition
61
   WHILE < label While > :
62
   <statement>
63 COND < labelCond >:
64
   <expr> ; Execute condition
65
   ifne WHILE < label While > ; Jump to start of inner while statement
66 >>
68 printstmt(firststatement, statements, type, t) ::= <<
69
   getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/PrintStream;
70
   <firststatement; separator="\n">
   <if(type._void)>
71
72 <else>
73
   istore_1
74
   iload 1
75
   <endif>
76
77
   invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(<t>)V
78
79
   \langle statements; separator = " \ n" \rangle
```

80

```
81 <if(type._void)>
82
    <else>
83 iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is used again
84
85
86
87
88 printexpr(statements, t) ::= <<
89
    getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/PrintStream;
    <statements; separator="\n">
90
91
    invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(<t>)V; add right constant pool reference bytes for println
92
94 readstmt(statements, addr, void, type, classname) ::= <<
95
    getstatic <classname >/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
96
    invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine()Ljava/lang/String;
97
98
   <if(type._int)>
99 invokestatic java/lang/Integer/parseInt(Ljava/lang/String;)I
100
    <elseif(type._bool)>
101
    invokestatic java/lang/Boolean/parseBoolean(Ljava/lang/String;)Z
102 <elseif(type._char)>
104 invokevirtual java/lang/String/charAt(I)C
105
    <endif>
106
107
108 <if(type._void)>
109 <else>
110
    istore_1
111 iload_1
112
    <endif>
113
   istore <addr>
114
                                   : store value
115
    <statements>
116 <if(void)>
117 <else>
118 iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is used again
119
    <endif>
120
121
122 readvar(var, addr, expr, classname) ::= <<
getstatic <classname>/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
124
    invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine()Ljava/lang/String;
125
126 <if(type._int)>
127 invokestatic java/lang/Integer/parseInt(Ljava/lang/String;)I
128
   <elseif(type._bool)>
    invokestatic java/lang/Boolean/parseBoolean(Ljava/lang/String;)Z
129
    <elseif(type._char)>
130
131 iconst 0
132 invokevirtual java/lang/String/charAt(I)C
133
    <endif>
134
135
136 istore <addr>
                                   : store value into <var>
137
138
139
140 identifier(addr) ::= <<
141 iload <addr>
142 >>
143
144 number(n, numberType) ::= <<
145
   <if(numberType.lessthanfive)>
146 iconst_<n>
147 <elseif(numberType.minusone)>
148
    iconst_m1
    <elseif(numberType.byteType)>
149
150 bipush <n>
151 <elseif(numberType.shortType)>
152 sipush <n>
153
    <else>
154
    ldc <n>
155
    <endif>
157
158
    character(c) ::= <<
159
    bipush <c>; Char
160 >>
161
```

```
162 boolean(b) ::= <<
163 iconst_<if(b)>1<else>0<endif> ; Bool
164 >>
165
166
167 assign(var, addr, expr) ::= <<
168 <expr>
169 istore <addr>
                                   ; store value into <var>
170 iload <addr>
                          ; put value on the stack
171 >>
172
173 binexpr(x, y, instr) ::= <<
174 <x>; expr1
175 <y>; expr2
176 i<instr>
177
    >>
178
179 binexprcomp(x, y, instr) ::= <<
180 <x>
181 <y>
182 if_icmp <instr> $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
183 iconst_0
goto $+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
185 iconst_1
186 >>
187
188
189 unarynot(x, instr) ::= <<
190 <x>; if x is 0 make it 1, if x is 1 make it 0
    ifeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is false
191
192 iconst_0
193 goto $+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
194 iconst_1; if original was 0, load 1
195 >>
196
197 unaryplus(x, instr) ::= << ; does nothing, is feature
198 <x>
199 >>
200
201 unarymin(x, instr) ::= <<
202 <x>
203 i<instr>
204 >>
205
206 ifstmnt(cond, statements, elseStmnts, labelElse, labelNext) ::= <<
207
     <cond>
208
      ifeq ELSE<labelElse>
209
     <statements>
     goto NEXT < labelNext >
210
211
      ELSE < labelElse > :
     <elseStmnts; separator="\n">
212
213
     NEXT < labelNext > :
214 >>
215
216 elseifstmnt(cond, statements, elseStmnts, labelElse, labelNext) ::= <<
217
     <cond>
218
     ifeq ELSE<labelElse>
219
     <statements>
220
      goto NEXT < labelNext >
221
      ELSE<labelElse>:
222
     <elseStmnts; separator="\n">
223
     NEXT < labelNext > :
224 >>
225
226 elsemaybestmnt(statements)
                                         ::= <<
227 <statements>
```

228 >>

A.5 Example test program

The following test is designed to test most of the programming language functionalities.

A.5.1 Alia code

```
1
    ivar = begin
2
        ivar1 = ivar2 = 0
3
        read(ivar1, ivar2);
4
        print(ivar1, ivar2);
5
        const iconst1 = 1;
 6
        const iconst2 = 2;
 7
        ivar2 = ivar1 = +16 + 2 * -8;
8
        print(ivar1 < ivar2 && iconst1 <= iconst2,iconst1 * iconst2 > ivar2 - ivar1);
9
        ivar1 < read(ivar2) && iconst1 <= iconst2;</pre>
10
        ivar2 = print(ivar2) + 1;
11
     end + 1
   bvar = begin
12
13
        bvar = false
14
        read(bvar);
15
        print(bvar);
16
        bvar = 12 / 5 * 5 + 12 % 5 == 12 && 6 >= 6;
17
        const bconst = true;
18
        print(!false && bvar == bconst || true != false);
19
     end && true;
20 cvar = begin
21
        cvar1 = 'c'
22
        read(cvar1);
23
        const cconst = 'c';
        cvar2 = 'z';
24
25
        print('a', cvar1 == cconst && cvar2 != 'b' || !true);
26
        'b';
27
      end;
28
   print(ivar, bvar, cvar);
29
30 i = 0
31 z = 0
32 while x = 5; x > i do
33
      print(i)
      if z == 1 do
34
35
       z = 0
      elseif z == -1 do
36
37
        z = 1
38
      else
39
        z = -1
i = i + 1
```

```
41 end
42 end
```

A.5.2 Test results

The test program was run using the following input:

```
30
-100
998
true
z
```

It resulted in the following output:

```
30
-100
false
true
998
true
true
false
1000
true
b
0
1
1
1
2
2
2
3
3
3
4
4
4
```

65

istore 2 ; store value into ivar2

```
iload 2; put value on the stack
                                                              67
   ; Jasmin JBC assembler code generated by
                                                              68
                                                                      getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
       AliaCodeGenerator
   .class public Complete
                                                              69
                                                                      iload 3
3
   .super java/lang/Object
                                                               70
                                                                     iload 2
   .field private static in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
                                                               71
                                                                     if_icmplt $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
                                                               72
                                                                     iconst 0
   .method static public <clinit>()V
                                                               73
                                                                      goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
     .limit stack 5
                                                               74
                                                                     iconst_1; expr1
     new java/io/BufferedReader
8
                                                                     iconst_1
                                                               75
9
                                                               76
                                                                     iconst_2
10
     new java/io/InputStreamReader
                                                               77
                                                                     if_icmple $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
11
                                                               78
     getstatic java/lang/System/in Ljava/io/
12
                                                                      goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                               79
       InputStream:
                                                               80
                                                                      iconst_1; expr2
      invokespecial java/io/InputStreamReader/<init>(
                                                                      iand
                                                              81
       Ljava/io/InputStream;)V
                                                               82
                                                                      invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V
      invokespecial java/io/BufferedReader/<init>(Ljava
14
                                                              83
                                                                      getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
       /io/Reader;)V
                                                                      PrintStream:
15
     putstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
                                                              84
                                                                      iconst_1; expr1
16
      return
   end method
                                                              85
                                                                      iconst_2
17
                                                              86
                                                                      ; expr2
18
                                                              87
                                                                      imul
19
   .method public <init>()V
                                                              88
                                                                      iload 2 ; expr1
20
      aload_0
                                                              89
                                                                      iload 3 ; expr2
       invokenonvirtual java/lang/Object/<init>()V
2.1
                                                              90
                                                                      isub
22
      return
                                                              91
                                                                      if_icmpgt $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
23
   .end method
24
                                                              92
                                                                      iconst 0
                                                              93
                                                                      goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
25
   .method public static main([Ljava/lang/String;)V
                                                              94
                                                                      iconst_1
      .limit stack 7
26
                                                              95
                                                                      invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V ;
27
      .limit locals 8
                                                                       add right constant pool reference bytes for
28
                                                                      println
29
       iconst 0
                                                              96
30
       istore 2 ; store value into ivar2
                                                              97
                                                                     iload 3
       iload \mathbf{2} ; put value on the stack
31
                                                              98
                                                                      getstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
       istore 3; store value into ivar1
                                                              99
                                                                      invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine()
33
       iload 3; put value on the stack
                                                                      Ljava/lang/String;
34
                                                              100
                                                                      invokestatic java/lang/Integer/parseInt(Ljava/
35
       getstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
                                                                      lang/String;) I
       invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine()
36
                                                              101
       Ljava/lang/String;
                                                              102
                                                                      istore_1
37
       invokestatic java/lang/Integer/parseInt(Ljava/
                                                              103
                                                                     iload 1
       lang/String;)I
                                                              104
                                                                      istore 2 ; store value
38
                                                              105
                                                                      iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is
39
       istore_1
                                                                       used again
40
       iload 1
                                                              106
                                                                      if_icmplt $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
41
       istore 3 ; store value
                                                              107
                                                                     iconst 0
       getstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
                                                              108
                                                                      goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
       invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine()
43
                                                              109
                                                                      iconst_1; expr1
       Ljava/lang/String;
                                                              110
                                                                      iconst 1
       invokestatic java/lang/Integer/parseInt(Ljava/
44
                                                              111
                                                                      iconst_2
       lang/String;)I
                                                              112
                                                                      if_icmple $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
45
                                                              113
                                                                      iconst_0
46
       istore 2 ; store value into ivar2
                                                                      goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                              114
       iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is
47
                                                              115
                                                                      iconst_1; expr2
        used again
                                                              116
                                                                     iand
48
       pop
                                                              117
49
       getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
                                                                      getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
                                                              118
       PrintStream;
                                                                      PrintStream:
50
                                                              119
                                                                      iload 2
51
       invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V
                                                              120
                                                                      istore 1
52
       getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
                                                              121
                                                                      iload 1
        PrintStream;
                                                                      invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V
                                                              122
53
       iload 2
                                                              123
       invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V ;
                                                              124
                                                                      iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is
       add right constant pool reference bytes for
                                                                       used again ; expr1
       println
                                                              125
                                                                      iconst_1; expr2
55
                                                                      iadd
                                                              126
56
         ; does nothing, is feature
                                                              127
                                                                      istore 2 ; store value into ivar2
       bipush 16; expr1
57
                                                              128
                                                                      iload 2; put value on the stack; expr1
58
       iconst_2; expr1
                                                              129
                                                                      iconst_1; expr2
59
       bipush 8
                                                              130
60
       ineg ; expr2
                                                              131
61
                                                                      istore 2; store value into ivar
       imul; expr2
                                                              132
                                                                      iload 2; put value on the stack
62
                                                              133
                                                                     pop
63
       istore 3 ; store value into ivar1
                                                              134
                                                                     iconst_0 ; Bool
       iload 3; put value on the stack
```

istore 3; store value into bvar

```
iload 3; put value on the stack
                                                               209
                                                                      bipush 99 ; Char
137
                                                              210
                                                                      istore 4 ; store value into cvar1
       getstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
                                                              211
                                                                      iload 4; put value on the stack
138
139
       invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine()
                                                               212
        Ljava/lang/String;
                                                               213
                                                                      getstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
       invokestatic java/lang/Boolean/parseBoolean(
                                                                      invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine()
140
                                                               214
        Ljava/lang/String;)Z
                                                                       Ljava/lang/String;
141
                                                               215
       istore 1
                                                                      iconst 0
142
       iload_1
                                                              216
                                                                      invokevirtual java/lang/String/charAt(I)C
       istore 3 ; store value
                                                               217
143
                                                                      istore 1
                                                               218
       iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is
                                                                      iload 1
         used again
                                                               219
                                                                      istore 4 ; store value
       pop
                                                               220
                                                                      iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is
146
       getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
                                                                        used again
        PrintStream;
                                                               221
                                                                      рор
147
       iload 3
                                                               222
                                                                      bipush 122; Char
148
                                                              223
                                                                      istore 6 ; store value into cvar2
       istore_1
                                                                      iload 6 ; put value on the stack
149
       iload 1
                                                               224
150
       invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V
                                                              225
                                                                      getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
151
                                                               226
152
       iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is
                                                                       PrintStream;
                                                               227
                                                                      bipush 97; Char
         used again
153
       pop
                                                               228
                                                                      invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(C)V
154
                                                              229
       bipush 12; expr1
                                                                      getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
155
       iconst_5
                                                                       PrintStream:
156
        ; expr2
                                                              230
                                                                      iload 4
157
       idiv ; expr1
                                                              231
                                                                      bipush 99; Char
       iconst_5 ; expr2
                                                              232
                                                                      if_icmpeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
158
                                                              233
159
       imul ; expr1
                                                                      iconst_0
160
       bipush 12 ; expr1
                                                               234
                                                                      goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
161
       iconst_5; expr2
                                                              235
                                                                      iconst_1; expr1
                                                              236
162
       irem; expr2
                                                                      iload 6
163
       iadd
                                                               237
                                                                      bipush 98; Char
164
                                                              238
                                                                      if_icmpne $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
       bipush 12
       if_icmpeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
                                                               239
165
                                                                      iconst_0
166
       iconst_0
                                                               240
                                                                      goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
167
       goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                               241
                                                                      iconst_1; expr2
168
       iconst_1 ; expr1
                                                              242
                                                                      iand; expr1
169
       bipush 6
                                                              243
                                                                      iconst_1 ; Bool
                                                                                        ; if x is 0 make it 1, if x is
170
       bipush 6
                                                                        1 make it 0
                                                              244
                                                                      ifeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is false
171
       if_icmpge $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
                                                               245
                                                                      iconst_0
       iconst 0
173
       goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                              246
                                                                      goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
174
                                                               247
                                                                      iconst_1 ; if original was 0, load 1 ; expr2
       iconst_1; expr2
175
                                                               248
                                                                      invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V ;
176
       istore 3; store value into bvar
                                                               249
177
       iload 3; put value on the stack
                                                                       add right constant pool reference bytes for
178
                                                                       println
                                                               250
179
       getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
        PrintStream;
                                                               251
                                                                      bipush 98; Char
180
       iconst_0 ; Bool
                         ; if x is 0 make it 1, if x is
                                                               252
                                                                      istore 4 ; store value into cvar
         1 make it 0
                                                               253
                                                                      iload 4; put value on the stack
181
       ifeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is false
                                                              254
                                                                      getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
182
       iconst_0
                                                               255
                                                                       PrintStream;
183
       goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
       iconst_1; if original was 0, load 1; expr1
                                                               256
184
                                                                      iload 2
185
       iload 3
                                                               257
                                                                      invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V
186
       iconst_1 ; Bool
                                                               258
                                                                      getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
187
       if_icmpeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
                                                                       PrintStream;
188
       iconst_0
                                                               259
                                                                      iload 3
189
       goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                              260
                                                                      invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V ;
190
       iconst_1; expr2
                                                                       add right constant pool reference bytes for
191
       iand; expr1
                                                                       println
192
       iconst_1; Bool
                                                               261
                                                                      getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
193
       iconst_0 ; Bool
                                                                       PrintStream;
194
       if\_icmpne $+7 ; Go to iconst\_1 if it is true
                                                              262
                                                                      iload 4
195
       iconst_0
                                                              263
                                                                      invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(C)V ;
196
       goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst\_1
                                                                       add right constant pool reference bytes for
197
       iconst_1; expr2
                                                                       println
198
                                                               264
       ior
       istore_1
                                                               265
                                                                      iconst_0
200
       iload_1
                                                               266
                                                                      istore 5; store value into i
201
       invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V
                                                               267
                                                                      iload 5 ; put value on the stack
202
                                                               268
                                                                      рор
203
       iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is
                                                               269
                                                                      iconst_0
                                                                      istore 6; store value into z
         used again ; expr1
                                                               270
204
       iconst_1 ; Bool ; expr2
                                                              271
                                                                      iload 6; put value on the stack
205
       iand
                                                               272
                                                                      pop
206
       istore 3; store value into bvar
                                                              273
                                                                      goto COND4
                                                                                    ; Jump to while condition
       iload 3; put value on the stack
                                                               274
207
                                                                      WHILE5:
                                                                      getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
       pop
```

```
PrintStream;
       iload 5
       istore_1
       iload_1
       invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V
       iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is
        used again
       рор
         iload 6
         iconst_1
        if_icmpeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
        iconst_0
        goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
         iconst_1
         ifeq ELSE2
         iconst_0
         istore 6 ; store value into z
         iload 6; put value on the stack
         goto NEXT3
         ELSE2:
          iload 6
           iconst_1
           ineg
           if_icmpeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
           iconst_0
           goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
           iconst_1
           ifeq ELSE0
           iconst_1
           istore 6; store value into z
305
          iload 6 ; put value on the stack
```

276

277

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281

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284

285

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

301

302

303

304

```
306
            goto NEXT1
307
            ELSE0:
            iconst_1
308
309
            ineg
            istore 6 ; store value into z
310
311
            iload 6; put value on the stack
312
313
            iload 5 ; expr1
314
            iconst_1
315
             ; expr2
316
            iadd
            istore 5 ; store value into i
317
318
            iload 5; put value on the stack
319
            NEXT1:
320
          NEXT3:
321
        рор
322
        COND4:
323
        iconst_5
324
        istore 7 ; store value into \boldsymbol{x}
325
        iload 7 ; put value on the stack
326
        pop
327
        iload 7
328
        iload 5
        if_icmpgt $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
329
330
        iconst_0
        goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
331
332
        \verb|iconst_1| \quad \texttt{; Execute condition}|
333
        ifne WHILE5
                        ; Jump to start of inner while
        statement
334
335
        return
336 .end method
```