Alia Programming Language

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Introduction

The Alia programming language was built for the final project of the compiler construction course at the University of Twente. In this final project a programming language is specified and implemented in antir (ANother Tool for Language Recognition). A compiler is built to translate code into a type of machine instructions. The type of machine instructions can vary from language to language. Over the first half of compiler construction course several parts of the design process of building a compiler are individually learned and tested. In the final project this is brought to culmination by going through the entire process from the specification, to in the end a usable programming language.

This document serves as a specification of the Alia Programming Language (Alia for short) as well as an explanation of the inner workings of the Alia compiler. In it we will give a short description of the Alia Programming Language in the context of programming languages, explain some of the problems faced during the construction of the Alia compiler, and our solutions. Give a specification of the Alia language with the help of the syntax, context-constraints and semantics. Also in this document are the transformations that show how the symbols of the language are turned into JVM instructions, a description of all the auxiliary Java code made for the compiler. A set of tests is described to give confidence in the correctness of the compiler. Lastly conclusions are drawn from the project.

The Alia source code repository is located at: https://github.com/JoostvDoorn/VertalerbouwEindproject

1 Alia Programming Language

The Alia programming language is an expression language with type inference. Alia code is compiled to Java bytecode using Jasmin and can be run using the Java Virtual Machine (JVM). As an expression language every statement has a return type. Functional statements such as print, read and conditional statements all return values. For example the print function may return a value which can be used in an assignment statement.

```
x = print(34) + 1 // x is assigned 35
```

Alia contains compound statement which are a series of statements with the last statement as return value, compound statements are used in conditional statements and can be explicitly used for scoping.

```
x = begin
    y = 3 // Only declared in this scope
    y + 1 // Return value for the compound statement
end
if y = true; y && x < 10 do // y here has a different scope
    print(y) // Print the value of y
    print('t')
end</pre>
```

Types in Alia are inferred and do not need explicit declarations. Types can be declared explicitly within an assignment statement, but are not required. In the current form of the programming language, type inference can always deduce the type of a declaration. However in an extended version of Alia with functions and procedures, explicit type declarations will be required in cases where type inference will not

be able to deduce the type of the variable or function return type. Type inference makes programming easier, it reduces the work of the programmer by making explicit type declarations optional, and reduces the amount of code required for variable declarations. Type checking is maintained and the programmer still has the option to add type declarations if it helps clarify the code.

```
x = 54: int // x is assigned 54, and is explicitly declared as an int
```

2 Problems and solutions

During the construction of the Alia compiler we ran into some problems, as is to be expected during any first time construction of a compiler. In this section we will explain some of the bigger problems that we faced as well as the solutions that we applied.

2.1 Scope definition

Because we do not have explicit declarations we cannot redefine a variable inside a new scope. There would be no way to distinguish between redefining a variable in a new scope and reassigning the value that was given to a variable to be used later. With a new variable that overwrites an old one for a temporary scope you would need to assign a new space in memory. We have decided that we want this in our programming language, this is because if you can redeclare a variable inside a new scope then you are only making it more confusing for yourself as a coder. On the other hand not being able to assign a new value to a variable in a new scope destroys a large part of the functionality of language. For these reasons we have chosen to leave it as is.

2.2 String template expressions

StringTemplate does not allow you to evaluate an expression inside of a string template. This was purposefully implemented to stop you from putting a large part of the logic in the string template itself. The problem that we have with this is that there are issues that are specific to the creation of java bytecode that must now be evaluated in the antlr part of the program, and must be passed in the creation of any possible target platform. The first time this became a problem was what instructions to use for outputting any given number. A naive solution to this would be to always use the instruction for loading a large number like an integer. But java has special instructions for loading the numbers -1 through 5 and loading smaller numbers that fit on a byte or a short, so we wanted to use these. To solve this issue we created a function that calculated what type a number can fit into in the CodeGeneratorAux class which passes a number of booleans wrapped in a NumberType to the string template. We then use conditional templates to emit different instructions depending on the number to be put on the stack. Another issue that resulted from this is, that while our StringTemplate is now relatively clean, more java code is called in the code generator. It is also harder to follow the DRY (Don't repeat yourself) principe, when there is not enough flexibility in the StringTemplate.

2.3 Constants

We chose to put the optimization of replacing all constants by their actual reference in the checker stage. The choice was made because in the checker there is already a list of declared variables, and Java functions to do this. This made it very easy to implement this feature in the checker, and much more ugly to implement in the code generation. In an ideal world there would be a separate stage in-between the checker and the code generation that optimizes the abstract syntax tree, but this one feature was easily done in the checker. We have also chosen to not support constants that can vary, being defined by another identifier. In the Alia programming language a constant can only be defined by a single primitive type.

3 Syntax, context-constraints and semantics

The syntax of Alia is defined as follows:

```
program = (func_def | (statement end_statement) | \n)*;
statements = (statement (end_statement statements)? | \n statements)?;
statements_cond = (statement (end_statement statements)? | \n statements_cond )?;
statement = (expr_assignment | const_assignment) (; type)?
while stmnt
end_statement = \n | ";" | EOF;
expr_assignment = (identifier "=") expr_assignment
expr
const_assignment = CONST identifier "=" primitive;
expr = expr1 ((or | "||") expr1)*;
expr1 = expr2 ((and | "&&") expr2)*;
expr2 = expr3 ((">" | ">=" | "<" | "<=" | "==" | "!=" )^ expr3)*;
expr3 = expr4 (("+" | "-")^ expr4)*;
expr4 = expr5 (("*" | "/" | "%")^ expr5)*;
expr5 = "!" operand | operand | expr_minus | expr_plus;
expr_minus = "-" operand;
expr_plus = "+" operand;
operand = read
     print |
     if_stmnt |
     "(" expr ")" |
     compound_stmnt
     primitive
     func_identifier
;
compound_stmnt = begin statements end;
```

```
primitive = number | character | boolean;
func_identifier = identifier ( "(" exprlist? ")" )?;
while_stmnt = WHILE statements_cond DO statements END;
if_stmnt = IF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt? END;
else_stmnt = ELSEIF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt? | (ELSE statements);
print = PRINT "(" exprlist ") ;
read = READ "(" varlist ") ;
varlist = identifier ("," identifier)*;
exprlist = expr ("," expr)*;
func_def = DEF identifier "(" varlist ")";
```

Semantics and context constraints:

The semantics and context constraints are defined using the abstract syntax of the Alia language.

Program

```
program = ((statement end_statement) | \n)*;
```

A program is run by executing a sequence of statements.

Statement

```
statements = (statement (end_statement statements)? | \n statements)?;
statements_conditional = (statement (end_statement statements)? | \n statements_cond )?;
end_statement = \n | ";" | EOF;
statement = while_stmnt
| (expr_assignment | const_assignment)
;
while_stmnt = WHILE statements_cond DO statements END;
if_stmnt = IF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt? END;
else_stmnt = ELSEIF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt?
| (ELSE statements);
compound_stmnt = begin statements end;
```

- A statements is a set of statements separated by an end statement.
- A conditional statements is a statements that is meant for conditional expressions.

- A statement can be ended by any of the above separators ($\ n$, ;, EOF).
- The while statement 'while S1 do S2 end' is executed as follows. The statement S1 is evaluated, if its value is true then S2 is evaluated and the while statement is run again. If the value of S1 is false then the execution is completed. S1 must be of type boolean. This statement is of type void. Declarations made in S1 are valid in S1 and S2. The scope of declarations made in S2 is only S2.
- If statements of the form 'if S1 do S2 (elseif S3 do S4)* (else S5)?' are executed as follows. S1 is executed. If S1 is true, then S2 is evaluated. If S1 is false and there is an S3, then S3 is evaluated and if true S4 is executed. If the evaluated S3 is false there is another elseif statement then it is evaluated, same as an if statement is. If S1, S3 and all other elseifs have evaluated to false, then S5 is executed. If there is no S5, execution has completed. The type os S1 and S3 must be boolean. If there is no else part, the type of the statement is void. If there is an else part, then if all S2, S4, S5 are the same type, then that is the type of the conditional statement. If S2, S4, S5 are not of the same type then the type of the statement is void. Special scope rules apply, a declaration in S1 or any S3 is valid in S2, S4, S5 as long as the declaration precedes the use.
- A compound statement is a closed set of statements. Any assignments made in the statements can not be used outside of the compound statement. The result and type of the compound statement are the same as the last statement in the compound statement.

Assignment

```
expr_assignment = identifier "=" expr_assignment
| expr (: type)?
;
const_assignment = CONST identifier "=" primitive (: type)?
```

- An expression assignment binds one or more identifiers to a value yielded by an expression E. If a type is included then the type and the type of the expression must match. The identifiers can thereafter be used in applied occurrences. The expression assignment yields the value of the expression.
- The expression 'const I = P (:T)?' is executed as follows. I is bound to the value P. If T was included, T and E must be of the same type. The expression is of type P. I can be used in applied occurrences. I can not be assigned a different value at a later time.

Expressions

```
expr = expr1 ((or | "||") expr1)*;
expr1 = expr2 ((and | "&&") expr2)*;
expr2 = expr3 ((">" | ">=" | "<" | "<=" | "==" | "!=" )^ expr3)*;
expr3 = expr4 (("+" | "-")^ expr4)*;
expr4 = expr5 (("*" | "/" | "%")^ expr5)*;
expr5 = "!" operand | operand | expr_minus | expr_plus;
expr_minus = "-" operand;
expr_plus = "+" operand;</pre>
```

- The expressions 'or', '||', 'and', '&&' preceded by E1 and followed by E2 are evaluated by performing a logical or (True iff E1 or E2) in case of 'or' and '||'. In the case of 'and' and '&&' it is evaluated by performing a logical and on the two expressions (True iff E1 and E2). E1 and E2 must be of type boolean. The type of the expression is Boolean. These are the logical operators.
- The expression 'E1 == E2' is true iff E1 equals E2. 'E1! = E2' is true iff E1 is not equal to E2. 'E1 <= E2' true iff E1 is smaller than or equal to E2. 'E1 >= E2' is true iff E1 greater than or equal to E2. 'E1 > E2' is true iff E1 is greater than E2. 'E1 < E2' is true iff E1 is smaller than E2. Of all these comparative operators, E1 and E2 must be of the same type. The type of the expressions is Boolean. These are the comparitive operators.
- The expression 'E1 + E2' is executed as E1 plus E2. 'E1 E2' is E1 minus E2. 'E1 * E2' is E1 times E2. 'E1 / E2' is E1 divided by E2, E2 is not allowed to be zero. '
- The operator O in '!O' is inverted. O must be of type boolean, the expression is of type boolean. The '+O' and '-O' are executed as follows. For '+O' nothing is done. For '-O' the operand is negated. O must be of type Int, the expression is of type Int. These are the unary operators.
- The previous expressions have the following priority, from highest to lowest. Unary operators (-, +, !), then * , / , % after those + and . Then comes comparative operators (<, <=, >=, <>) then comes the logical and (&& or 'and') then comes logical or || or 'or'.

Operands

```
operand = READ "(" varlist ") |
    PRINT "(" exprlist ") |
    if_stmnt |
    "(" expr ")" |
    compound_stmnt |
    primitive |
    identifier
.
```

- The expression 'read VL' is executed as follows. The variable list evaluated. For every variable a line is read from the input, the first character of this line is assigned as value to the variable. The type of the expression is the type of VL.
- The expression 'print EL' is executed as follows. The expression list EL is evaluated. All evaluated expressions are then written to the output. The type of the expression is the type of EL.
- If statements are explained under statements.
- An operand can carry another expression as long as that expression is surrounded by brackets. The type and result are the same as the expression.
- · Compound statements are explained under statements.
- A primitive is one of the three primitive types NUMBER, CHARACTER and BOOLEAN.
- The identifier operand points to a the value or variable bound to I. The operand I must have been previously declared. The type of the operand is the type of that value or variable.

Lists

```
varlist = identifier ("," identifier)*;
exprlist = expr ("," expr)*;
```

- The list 'I (,I)*' evaluates to a list of identifiers. If there is one identifier the type of the list is the type of that identifier, and the result is its value. If there are 2 or more, the type is void and there is no result.
- The list 'E (,E)* evaluates to a list of expressions. None of the expressions may be void. If there is one expression, the list of the type of E, and the value is E. If there are 2 or more, the type is void, and thus there is no result.

Types

```
primitive = NUMBER
| CHARACTER
| BOOLEAN
```

- The operand 'N' evaluates to a number. N can be no larger than 2147483647 and no smaller than -2147483648. N is of type Int.
- The operand 'C' evaluates to a character. C is of type Char.
- The operand 'B' evaluates to a boolean, either true or false. C is of type Bool.

In Alia there are 4 types. 'int', 'char', 'boolean' and 'void'. If something is of type void it is an empty value that cannot be used.

4 Translation rules

The translation rules for Alia to Java bytecode are shown here. Some details have been abstracted away in favor of readability, these details include specific label names, translation rules which are dependent on the type of the expression (such as print and read), and some specific rules where pop statements are included.

Pop lines A pop line is included after every statement that returns a value but has no higher expression using it. The amount of variables generated on the stack are counted by the compiler and after each complete statement the leftover expressions are popped.

Translation rules

```
execute [I = E]
  expr [E]
  istore a // address of variable I
  identifier [I]
```

```
expr [while C do S end] =
    goto COND
    WHILE:
    execute [S]
    COND:
    execute [C]
    ifne WHILE
expr [if C do S E end] =
    execute [C]
    ifeq ELSE
    execute [S]
    goto NEXT
    ELSE:
    exprElse [E]
    NEXT:
exprElse [elseif C do S E]
    execute [C]
    ifeq ELSE
    execute [S]
    goto NEXT
    ELSE:
    exprElse [E]
    NEXT:
exprElse [else S] =
    execute [S]
expr[E1 0 E2] =
    expr [E1]
    expr [E2]
    instruction [0] // The specific instruction, e.g. iadd etc.
expr [E1 OC E2] =
    expr [E1]
    expr [E2]
    if_icmp $+7 // Go to iconst_1 if it is true, this line contains the specific instruction
    iconst_0
    goto $+4 // Go to the line after iconst_1
    iconst_1
expr [-E]
    expr [E]
    ineg
```

```
expr [+E]
    expr [E]
expr [not E]
    expr[E]
    ifeq $+7
    iconst_0
    goto $+4
    iconst_1
expr [begin S end]
    execute [S]
print [S] =
    getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/PrintStream;
    invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(T)V
expr [print(S)] =
    getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/PrintStream;
    execute [S]
    istore 1
    iload_1
    invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(T)V
    iload_1
expr [print(S, L)] =
    print [S]
    executePrint [L]
executePrint [S, L]
    print [S]
    executePrint [L]
executePrint [S]
    print [S]
read [] =
    getstatic ClassName/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
    invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine()Ljava/lang/String;
    invokestatic java/lang/Type/parseType(Ljava/lang/String;)T
execute [read(I)] =
    read []
    istore_1
```

```
iload_1
    istore a ; address of variable I
    execute [S]
    iload_1
execute [read(I, L)] =
    read []
    istore a ; address of variable {\ \ I\ \ }
    exprRead [L]
exprRead [I, L]
    read []
    istore a ; address of variable I
    exprRead [L]
exprRead [I]
    read []
    istore a ; address of variable I
execute [S \setminus n S] =
    execute [S]
    execute [S]
execute [S ; S] =
    execute [S]
    execute [S]
execute [S] =
    expr [S]
identifier [I] =
    iload a // address of variable I
operand [I] =
    identifier [I]
operand [N] =
    number [N] // iconst n
operand [C] =
    bipush C
operand [true] =
    iconst_1
operand [false] =
    iconst_0
```

```
program [S] =
    .class public filename.j // target file
    .super java/lang/Object

.method public \<init\>()V
    aload_0
    invokenonvirtual java/lang/Object/\<init\>()V
    return
    .end method

.method public static main([Ljava/lang/String;)V
    .limit stack stackMax // stackMax = maximum size of the stack
    .limit locals localSize // localSize = amount of local variables required
    execute [S]
    return
    .end method
```

5 Java-code

All Alia related code is located in the alia package, the alia package is structured in the following way:

alia Contains the .g files, auxiliary classes and antlr generated classes.

symtab Contains the classes needed for the symbol table.

tests Contains the test code.

types Contains the type classes used in the checker and for code generation.

The main file of the compiler is Alia.java, it is responsible for calling all the antlr generated classes to compile and run code.

5.1 CheckerAux

The checker uses an auxiliary class CheckerAux that handles a large portion of the logic of the checking, such as if two types are the same. This class also declares variables and constants into the symbol table. CheckerAux also has methods to access the symbolTable so that it throws AliaExceptions instead of more general exceptions. The symbol table has a HashMap of Names, IdEntries and a scopestack that has all identifiers declared on a scope. Like every symbolTable it keeps track of what identifiers have been declared on what levels. The IdEntries also store information about whether the identifier is a constant and what type it is.

Most of the logic for type checking is implemented in CheckerAux, to do the type checking a set of type classes are used, such as _Int and _Bool. All of these classes inherit from _Type and have a string with their typename. We chose to make all types into distinct classes instead of an enum because this will allow

for extension of say the _Int class with a _Float class or of the _Char class with a _String class. In this way we can more easily add additional types to Alia and a future _Long and _Float could be compared using inheritance.

5.2 CodeGeneratorAux

The code generation makes use of CodeGeneratorAux. This separates some of the logic from the antlr files. In particular CodeGeneratorAux calculates what kind of java type can be used for any given number, this choice is explained in the problems section. To do this it uses the NumberType class, which acts as a container for a number of booleans so that they can be passed more elegantly. The other part that CodeGeneratorAux takes care of is the logic for the stack management, incrementing and decrementing the amount that is still to be pushed off the stack in the code generation.

5.3 Error handling

For error handling AliaException and AliaTypeException are used. These exceptions are thrown in the checker when ever a type is violated. If there is a syntactical mistake then the classes generated by antlr will throw exceptions. For run time errors standard java exceptions are also used.

5.4 Decorated AST

After the checking phase has been completed a decorated AST is returned. The decorated AST stores the type information that was found in the corresponding nodes, such as for all binary expressions. We also store the identifying numbers for all applied usages of identifiers (except for constants which are replaced), these ascending numbers are gotten from the IdEntries using CheckerAux and are stored with the nodes, for later use in the code generation.

6 Tests

The Alia programming language has been thoroughly tested using a collection of test programs. These test programs have been designed to check the correct workings of parser, checker and compiler of the Alia programming language. Unit tests have been build using JUnit, and are located in the src/tests/ folder of the Alia project. There are three type of errors which the compiler should check for.

- 1. Syntax: Incorrect syntax and typos should be reported.
- 2. Context: The context checker should type check the program, make sure all variables are declared before use, and enforce scoping rules.
- 3. Semantics: Runtime errors such as division by zero should be adequately handeled by the compiler.

6.1 Tests

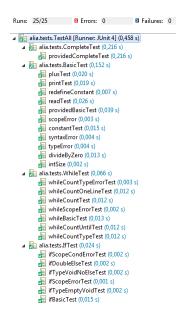
The tests have been constructed based on the requirements formulated in the compiler construction reader.

1. BasicTest.java: Contains tests for the basic expression language.

- (a) providedBasicTest: Test with correct syntax which is checked for correct output.
- (b) plustTest: Tests a basic arithmetic expression.
- (c) printTest: Tests print expressions.
- (d) readTest: Tests read expressions.
- (e) constantTest: Tests constants.
- (f) redefineConstant (Context): Checks if constants cannot be redefined.
- (g) syntaxError (Syntax): Checks if syntax errors are properly detected.
- (h) typeError (Context): Checks if type errors are properly detected.
- (i) intSize (Context): Check if use of numbers above the maximum integer size are detected.
- (j) scopeError (Context): Checks if references out of scope are valid.
- (k) divideByZero (Semantics): Checks if divide by zero triggers a runtime error.
- 2. WhileTest.java: Contains tests for the while conditional statement.
 - (a) providedBasicTest (Syntax): Test with correct syntax which is checked for correct output.
 - (b) plustTest (Syntax): Tests a basic arithmetic expression.
 - (c) printTest (Syntax): Tests print expressions.
 - (d) readTest (Syntax): Tests read expressions.
 - (e) constantTest (Syntax): Tests constants.
 - (f) redefineConstant (Context): Checks if constants cannot be redefined.
 - (g) syntaxError (Syntax): Checks if syntax errors are properly detected.
 - (h) typeError (Context): Checks if type errors are properly detected.
 - (i) intSize (Context): Check if use of numbers above the maximum integer size are detected.
 - (j) scopeError (Context): Checks if references out of scope are valid.
 - (k) divideByZero (Semantics): Checks if divide by zero triggers a runtime error.
- 3. IfTest.java: Contains test for the if conditional statement.
 - (a) ifBasicTest (Syntax): Basic if statement test.
 - (b) ifTypeVoidNoElseTest (Context): Tests if type is void when else statement is not present.
 - (c) ifScopeErrorTest (Context): Tests the scope rules of the if statement.
 - (d) ifScopeCondErrorTest (Context): Tests the scope rules of the condition of the if statement.
 - (e) ifTypeEmptyVoidTest (Context): Tests if type is void when the if statement is empty.
 - (f) ifDoubleElseTest (Syntax): Test with two many else statements, checks correct syntax error.
- 4. CompleteTest.java: Contains all language constructs of the Alia programming language.
 - (a) providedCompleteTest (Syntax): Test program with all language constructs.

6.2 Test results

The test program will output whether or not the tests have executed successfully. The tests results can be seen in the image below. All tests have been successfully run using JUnit. This gives a relatively high certainty that the programming language is correct. See appendix A.6 for an example run of the test program.



7 Conclusion

In this report we have described the Alia programming language. We have specified the features, the syntax, the context constraints and the semantics of the Alia language. Some of the problems that we faced during the construction as well as their solutions have been elaborated. We have also detailed for you the extra java classes constructed for the compiler and the full array of tests that have been made to verify the correctness of the language. Together these give you a good understanding of how the Alia programming language works both in programming and under the hood. For conclusions on the programming language itself. Alia is a language that contains all the functionality of the basic expression language, along with conditional statement and a while statement. Alia also features type inference, though procedures and functions have not yet been added. The extra functionality of functions and procedures is fairly major and for future work these should be the first to be added. The language offers a large amount of freedom as to what you want to write down, such as not having to hardly put any end of line delimiters except newlines and also not having to declare types for variables or constants.

The construction of the Alia compiler was a very interesting learning experience. As everyone knows you put quite a lot of time into the final project of compiler construction, but you get rewarded with a new level of understanding of how programming languages work. It has been fun to be able to define your own programming language, and it is great to have an understanding of every stage of the compilation process, from code to actually executable instructions. Weighing all the gains against the time invested it was a very positive learning experience and definitely adds value to an education in computer science.

A Appendices

A.1 Responsibilities

The following table makes clear who was responsible for what parts of the report.	Part	Person
	Title page	Joost
	Introduction	Fedor
	Description	Joost
	Problems	Fedor
	Syntax, Context, Semantics	Fedor
	Translation Rules	Joost
	Java Code	Fedor
	Tests	Joost
	Conclusion	Fedor

```
l grammar Alia;
3 options {
      k=1;
                                                       // LL(1) - do not use LL(*)
// target language is Java (= default)
5
        language=Java;
6
        output = AST;
                                                       // build an AST
   }
7
8
9
    tokens {
   COLON = ':';

NEWLINE = '\n'

COMMA = ',':
10
11
    COMMA = ','
SEMICOLON = ';'
LPAREN = '('
12
13
   -.. = '(';
RPAREN = ')';
LCURLY = '{';
RCURLY = '}';
SQUOTE = '\'';
        LPAREN
14
15
16
17
18
     // operators
BECOMES = '=';
PLUS = '+';
' nlusop'
19
20
21
22
        PLUS_OP
      MINUS = 'plusop';
MINUS = '-';
MINUS_OP = 'minop';
TIMES = '*';
DIV = '/';
23
24
25
26
27
28
        // comp. operators
29
      GT = '>'
GE = '>='
30
31
                     32
        LΤ
33
         LE
34
        ΕQ
        ΝQ
35
36
37
         AND = 'and';
AND_ALT = '&&';
OR = 'or';
OR_ALT = '||';
NOT = '!';
MOD = '%';
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
         // types
45
       INT = 'int';

BOOL = 'boolean';

CHAR = 'char';

STRING = 'string';
46
47
48
                      = 'string';
49
     // keywords
PROGRAM
50
51
        PROGRAM = 'program';
PRINT = 'print';
READ = 'read';
52
53
       READ
54
       IF = 'if';
ELSE = 'else';
ELSEIF = 'elseif';
55
56
57
       DO = 'do' ;
END = 'end' ;
58
59
      60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
      FUNC
EXPR_LIST;
                        = 'func';
68
       COMPOUND;
69
70
        TYPE;
71
         ID;
72
         LOCALSIZE;
73 }
75 Clexer::header {
76 package alia;
```

```
77 }
78
79 Oheader {
80 package alia;
81 }
82
83
84 program : (func_def | (statement end_statement) | NEWLINE!)*;
85
86 statements : (statement (end_statement statements)? | NEWLINE! statements)?;
87
    statements_cond : statement (end_statement statements)? | NEWLINE! statements_cond;
   statement : (expr_assignment | const_assignment) (COLON^ type)?
88
         while_stmnt;
90 end_statement : NEWLINE! | SEMICOLON! | EOF!;
91
92
    // Syntactic predicate to recognize assignments
93 // Syntactic predicates can be easily left out if we do not allow expr as statements
94 expr_assignment : (IDENTIFIER BECOMES) => (IDENTIFIER BECOMES^) expr_assignment |
95
          expr ;
96
97
    const_assignment : CONST^ IDENTIFIER BECOMES primitive;
98
99 expr : expr1 ((OR | OR_ALT)^ expr1)*;
100 expr1 : expr2 ((AND | AND_ALT)^ expr2)*;
101 expr2 : expr3 ((GT | GE | LT | LE | EQ | NQ)^ expr3)*;
    expr3 : expr4 ((PLUS | MINUS)^ expr4)*;
102
103 expr4 : expr5 ((TIMES | DIV | MOD) ^ expr5)*;
104 expr5 : NOT^ operand | operand | expr_minus | expr_plus;
expr_minus : MINUS operand -> ^(MINUS_OP operand);
   expr_plus : PLUS operand -> ^(PLUS_OP operand);
106
   operand : read
107
            print
108
109
            if_stmnt
110
            LPAREN! expr RPAREN!
111
            compound_stmnt
112
            primitive
113
            func_identifier;
114
    compound_stmnt : BEGIN statements END -> ^(COMPOUND statements);
115
116
    primitive : NUMBER | CHAR_EXPR | boolean_expr;
117
118
    char_expr : SQUOTE! LETTER SQUOTE!;
119
120
121 func_identifier : IDENTIFIER
            (LPAREN^ exprlist? RPAREN)?;
122
123
124 while_stmnt : WHILE statements_cond DO statements END -> ^(WHILE statements_cond ^(DO statements));
125
126
   if_stmnt : IF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt? END ->
          ^(IF statements_cond ^(DO statements?) else_stmnt?);
127
128
129 else_stmnt
130
       : ELSEIF statements_cond DO statements else_stmnt? ->
          ^(ELSEIF statements_cond ^(DO statements?) else_stmnt?)
131
      | (ELSE^ statements)
132
133
134
135
   print : PRINT^ LPAREN! exprlist RPAREN!;
    read : READ ~ LPAREN! varlist RPAREN!;
136
137
138 varlist : IDENTIFIER (COMMA! IDENTIFIER)*;
139
    exprlist : expr (COMMA! expr)*;
140
    func_def : DEF IDENTIFIER LPAREN! varlist RPAREN! statements END;
141
142
143 // Lexer rules
144
145
   boolean_expr : TRUE | FALSE;
146
   type : CHAR | INT | BOOL;
147
148
149
   CHAR_EXPR : SQUOTE LETTER SQUOTE;
150
151
    IDENTIFIER
            LETTER (LETTER | DIGIT)*
152
      :
153
154
155
    NUMBER
156
    :
            DIGIT+
```

```
158
159
160
     COMMENT
           : ('//' .* '\n' | '/*' .* '*/')
161
162
                     { $channel=HIDDEN; }
163
164
165
166
                (' ' | '\t' | '\f' | '\r')+
167
                     { $channel=HIDDEN; }
168
169
170
                              LOWER | UPPER ;
171 fragment LETTER :
172 fragment DIGIT : ('0'..'9');
173 fragment LOWER : ('a'..'z');
174 fragment UPPER : ('A'..'Z');
```

A.3 Checker

```
tree grammar AliaChecker;
2
3
   options {
4
                                          // LL(1) - do not use LL(*)
                                          // import tokens from Calc.tokens
5
      tokenVocab = Alia;
                                          // AST nodes are of type CommonTree
      ASTLabelType=CommonTree;
      superClass=CheckerAux;
7
8
      output = AST;
   }
9
10
12 package alia;
13
   import alia.types.*;
14
   import alia.symtab.SymbolTable;
15 import alia symtab IdEntry;
16 import java.util.Set;
17 import java.util.HashSet;
18
19
20 // Alter code generation so catch-clauses get replaced with this action.
21 // This disables ANTLR error handling: AliaExceptions are propagated upwards.
22 Orulecatch {
23
       catch (RecognitionException e) {
         if(!e.getMessage().equals("")) {
24
25
         System.err.println("Exception!:"+e.getMessage());
26
27
       throw (new AliaException(""));
28
29 }
31 Omembers {
32
33 }
34
35 program
36
      : { symTab.openScope(); }
37
        (statement)+
38
         { symTab.closeScope(); }
39
         -> LOCALSIZE[getLocalSize()] (statement)+
40
41
42
   statements returns [_Type type = new _Void()]
43
    : (t=statement
      44
45
    ) *;
46
47
   statement returns [_Type type = new _Void()]
48
      : ^(WHILE {symTab.openScope();} stat=statements {symTab.openScope();}
49
             ^(DO statements) {symTab.closeScope();symTab.closeScope();} )
50
       { checkBoolType($stat.type, $stat.tree); }
       t=expr
51
52
     53
```

```
54
55
56
   expr returns [_Type type]
57
            to=operand
58
59
          $type = $to.type;
60
          }
61
            (^(c=0R t1=expr t2=expr)
62
            ^(c=OR_ALT t1=expr t2=expr)
63
             ^(c=AND t1=expr t2=expr)
        1
             ^(c=AND_ALT t1=expr t2=expr))
64
65
66
               checkEqualType($t1.type, $t2.type, $t1.tree);
67
               checkBoolType($t1.type, $t1.tree);
68
               $type = new _Bool();
69
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
70
          -> ^($c expr expr TYPE[typename])
71
72
            (^(c=EQ t1=expr t2=expr)
73
             ^(c=NQ t1=expr t2=expr)
74
            ^(c=LE t1=expr t2=expr)
            ^(c=GE t1=expr t2=expr)
75
76
            ^(c=GT t1=expr t2=expr)
            ^(c=LT t1=expr t2=expr))
77
        78
79
               checkEqualType($t1.type, $t2.type, $t1.tree);
80
               $type = new _Bool();
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
81
82
          }
           -> ^($c expr expr TYPE[typename])
83
            (^(c=PLUS te1=expr te2=expr)
84
            ^(c=MINUS te1=expr te2=expr)
85
            ^(c=TIMES te1=expr te2=expr)
86
87
            ^(c=DIV te1=expr te2=expr)
             ^(c=MOD te1=expr te2=expr))
88
89
90
             checkMathType($te1.type, $te2.type, $te1.tree);
91
             $type = new _Int();
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
92
93
           -> ^($c expr expr TYPE[typename])
94
95
        | ^(PRINT te=exprlist)
96
97
             $type = $te.type;
              String typename = String.valueOf($type);
98
99
           -> ^(PRINT TYPE[typename] exprlist)
100
101
        | ^(READ tv=varlist)
102
          {
            $type = $tv.type;
103
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
104
105
          -> ^(READ TYPE[typename] varlist)
106
107
      | ^(c=(NOT) to=operand)
108
               $type = $to.type;
109
110
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
               checkBoolType($to.type, $to.tree);
111
112
           -> ^($c operand TYPE[typename])
113
114
        | ^(c=( PLUS_OP | MINUS_OP ) o=operand)
115
116
               $type = $o.type;
117
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
118
               checkEqualType($o.type, new _Int(), $o.tree);
119
          }
           -> ^($c operand TYPE[typename])
120
121
            ^(IF
122
123
               symTab.openScope(); // Open scope for conditional statements, the scope is the same for the
        IF and ELSEIF conditions
124
            }
125
            t=statements
126
            {
               symTab.openScope(); // Open scope for the first statement
127
             }
128
             ^(DO
129
130
             ts=statements
131
132
               checkBoolType($t.type, $ts.tree);
               symTab.closeScope(); // Close scope for the first statement
```

```
134
135
136
             texp=else_stmnt?
137
               symTab.closeScope(); // Close scope for the conditional statements
138
139
               checkBoolType($t.type, $t.tree);
140
               $type = checkTypesIf($ts.type,$texp.type);
141
142
          )
143
             ^(COLON ^(BECOMES id=IDENTIFIER t1=expr) typ=type)
144
               _Type declType = checkEqualType($t1.type, $typ.type, $t1.tree);
145
146
               declare($id.text, declType, $t1.tree);
147
             $type = declType;
148
149
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
150
               String identifier = String.valueOf(getIdentifier($id.text, $id.tree));
            }
151
152
             -> ^(BECOMES ^(IDENTIFIER TYPE[typename] ID[identifier]) expr)
153
             ^(BECOMES id=IDENTIFIER t1=expr)
154
               declare($id.text, $t1.type, $t1.tree);
155
156
             $type = $t1.type;
             checkNotVoid($type, $t1.tree);
158
159
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
160
               String identifier = String.valueOf(getIdentifier($id.text, $id.tree));
            }
161
           -> ^(BECOMES ^(IDENTIFIER TYPE[typename] ID[identifier]) expr)
162
           ^(COMPOUND
163
           { // symTab.openScope
164
165
             symTab.openScope();
166
167
          t=statements)
168
            {
169
               // closeScope
               symTab.closeScope();
170
171
             $type = $t.type;
               String typename = String.valueOf($type);
172
173
           -> ^(COMPOUND TYPE[typename] statements)
174
175
            ^(CONST id=IDENTIFIER BECOMES prim=primitive (COLON typ=type)?)
176
               { _Type declType = checkEqualType($prim.type, $typ.type, $prim.tree);
                 declareConst($id.text, declType, prim, $prim.tree);
177
178
                 $type = declType;
179
                 String typename = String.valueOf($type);
                 String identifier = String.valueOf(getIdentifier($id.text, $prim.tree));
180
181
182
183
           -> // constants are not used after checking fase, thus they are removed
184
185
186
    else_stmnt returns [_Type type]
187
         ^(ELSEIF t=statements
188
189
           ^(DO
190
             {
               symTab.openScope(); // Open scope for this elseif statement
191
192
            }
193
           ts=statements
194
          )
195
             te=else_stmnt?
196
197
               checkBoolType($t.type, $t.tree);
198
               $type = checkTypesIf($ts.type, $te.type);
199
               symTab.closeScope();
200
201
202
      | ^(ELSE
203
               symTab.openScope(); // Open scope for the else statement
204
            }
205
206
           ts=statements
207
            {
208
               $type = $ts.type;
209
               symTab.closeScope(); // Open scope for the else statement
210
            }
211
           )
212
213
214
```

```
215 operand returns [_Type type]
216
           id=identifier
217
            { $type = $id.type; }
218
           n = NUMBER
219
          { $type = new _Int(); checkInt(n); }
220
            c=CHAR_EXPR
221
          222
           b = (TRUE | FALSE)
223
          { $type = new _Bool(); }
224
225
226
    identifier returns [_Type type]
227
      id = IDENTIFIER
228
229
230
          $type = getType($id.text, $id.tree);
231
                String typename = String.valueOf($type);
                String identifier = String.valueOf(getIdentifier($id.text, $id.tree));
232
233
              Boolean constant = retrieve($id.text, $id.tree).isConstant();
234
              Token value = getConstant($id.text);
235
      -> {constant && typename.equals("int") }? ^(NUMBER[value])
236
237
      -> {constant && typename.equals("char") }? ^(CHAR_EXPR[value])
      -> {constant && typename.equals("bool") && value.getText().equals("true") }? ^(TRUE[value])
238
239
      -> {constant && typename.equals("bool") && value.getText().equals("false") }? ^(FALSE[value])
      -> ^(IDENTIFIER TYPE[typename] ID[identifier])
240
241
242
243
    varlist returns [_Type type]
244
245
     : t=identifier
246
247
          $type = $t.type;
248
249
        (identifier
250
251
            $type = new _Void();
252
253
254
        ) *
255
257
    exprlist returns [_Type type]
258
       : tl=exprentry
259
260
          checkNotVoid($tl.type, $tl.tree);
261
          $type = $tl.type;
262
263
        (t=exprentry
264
265
            checkNotVoid($t.type, $t.tree);
266
            $type = new _Void();
267
          }
268
        ) *
269
270
271
    exprentry returns [_Type type]
272
     : t = expr
273
274
        $type = $t.type;
275
           String typename = String.valueOf($t.type);
276
      } -> TYPE[typename] expr
2.77
278
279
    type returns [_Type type]
280
        : INT
281
            282
            CHAR
283
            284
            BOOL
            { $type = new _Bool(); }
286
287
288
    primitive returns [_Type type] :
         NUMBER {$type = new _Int();}
289
290
        CHAR_EXPR
291
            boolean_expr
292
293
            { $type = new _Bool(); }
294
    boolean_expr : TRUE | FALSE;
```

```
1
   tree grammar AliaCodeGeneratorStringTemplate;
2
3
   options {
4
                                            // LL(1) - do not use LL(*)
       k=1;
5
       tokenVocab = Alia;
                                            // import tokens from Calc.tokens
       output = template;
6
7
       ASTLabelType = CommonTree;
                                            // AST nodes are of type CommonTree
       superClass=CodeGeneratorAux;
8
9
10
12 package alia;
13 import alia.symtab.SymbolTable;
14
   import alia.symtab.IdEntry;
15 import java.util.Set;
16
  import java.util.HashSet;
17 }
18
19
   program
20
21
         localSize=LOCALSIZE (s+=exprPop)+
               -> file(instructions={$s},stackMax={getStackMax()},localSize={$localSize},classname={
22
       getProgramClass()})
23
24
   statements @init { startExpression(); }
26
          @after { endExpression(); }
2.7
     : (s+=exprPopInterleaved)* -> statements(instructions={$s});
28
   statementsPop @init { startExpression(); }
29
          @after { endExpression(); }
30
    : (s+=exprPop)* -> statements(instructions={$s});
31
32
   exprPopInterleaved @init { String pop = ""; }
33
     : {pop=pops(endExpression()); startExpression();}
34
35
       s=expr -> exprPopInterleaved(instruction={$s.st}, pop={pop});
36
37
   exprPop @init { String pop = ""; }
38
     : {startExpression();}
39
       s = expr
40
       {pop=pops(endExpression());} -> exprPop(instruction={$s.st}, pop={pop});
41
42
   expr @init { }
      @after {}
43
44
                                  -> statement(instruction={$o.st})
           o=operand
45
           ^(OR t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                            -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"or"
       })
           ^(OR_ALT t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                              -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"or
46
       "})
           ^(AND t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                              -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
47
       and"})
48
           ^(AND_ALT t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                                -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
       and"})
           ^(EQ t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
49
                                                            -> binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
       eq"})
50
       ^(NQ t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                            -> binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
       ne"})
       ^(LE t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                            -> binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
       le"})
52
           ^(GE t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                            -> binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
       ge"})
53
           ^(GT t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                            \rightarrow binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
       gt"})
           ^(LT t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                            -> binexprcomp(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
54
       lt"})
           ^(PLUS t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                              -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
       add"})
                                                                -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
           ^(MINUS t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
56
       sub"})
           ^(TIMES t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                                -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
57
       mul"})
           ^(DIV t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                               -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
58
       div"})
59
           ^(MOD t1=expr t2=expr t=TYPE) {decStack();}
                                                               -> binexpr(x={$t1.st}, y={$t2.st}, instr={"
       rem"})
```

```
| ^(WHILE cond=statements {decStack();} ^(DO t2=statementsPop)) -> whilestmt(expr={$cond.st},
              statement={$t2.st}, labelCond={newLabel()}, labelWhile={newLabel()})
              | ^(PRINT t=TYPE te=TYPE fexp=expr (exp+=exprPrint)*) {decStackIfVoid(getType($t.toString()));}
 61
                                          -> printstmt(firststatement={$fexp.st}, statements={$exp}, type={getType($t.toString()
              )},t={getType($te.toString()).T})
               | ^(READ t=TYPE ^(id=IDENTIFIER t=TYPE a=ID) {incStack();} (v+=varRead)*) {decStackIfVoid(getType(
 62
                                                                                  -> readstmt(statements={$v},addr={$a},type={getType($t.
              $t.toString());}
              toString())\}, t= \{getType(\$t.toString()).T\}, void= \{\$t.toString().equals("void")\}, classname= \{feating(), feating(), fe
              getProgramClass()})
 63
                 ^(NOT o=operand t=TYPE)
                                                                                               -> unarynot(x={$0.st}, instr={"not"})
                  ^(PLUS_OP o=operand t=TYPE)
                                                                                                   -> unaryplus(x={$o.st}, instr={"plus"})
 64
                  ^(MINUS_OP o=operand t=TYPE)
                                                                                                   -> unarymin(x={$o.st}, instr={"neg"})
 65
 66
                    { startExpression(); } ^(IF
 67
                      stif1=statements
                      ^(DO stif2=statements)
 68
 69
                      (elsestmnts=elseif)?
 70
                 ) { decStack();endExpression(); }
                                                                                                                                                               -> ifstmnt(cond={
              $stif1.st}, statements={$stif2.st}, elseStmnts={elsestmnts}, labelElse={newLabel()}, labelNext={
              newLabel()})
 71
                      ^(BECOMES ^(id=IDENTIFIER t=TYPE a=ID) {incStack();} t1=expr {decStack();}) -> assign(var={$id
              },addr={$a}, expr={$t1.st})
                    ^(COMPOUND t=TYPE s=statements)
 72
                                                                                                          -> statements(instructions={$s.st})
 73
       elseif @init { decStack(); }
 74
 75
               ^(ELSEIF stelseif1=statements
 76
 77
                         ^(DO stelseif2=statements) {decStack();}
                                                                               -> elseifstmnt(cond={$stelseif1.st}, statements={$stelseif2.st
 78
                         elsestmnts=elseif)
              }, elseStmnts={elsestmnts}, labelElse={newLabel()}, labelNext={newLabel()})
 79
           | ^(ELSE stelse=statements)
                                                                                                     -> elsemaybestmnt(statements={$stelse.st})
 80
       operand @init {incStack();}
 81
                    i=identifier
                                                     -> statement(instruction={$i.st})
 82
 83
                     n = NUMBER
                                                                  -> number(n={$n.toString()}, numberType={whatNumber(Integer.parseInt(
               $n.toString()))})
 84
                     c = CHAR_EXPR
                                                                  -> character(c={(int) c.toString().charAt(1)})
 85
                     b=(TRUE | FALSE)
                                                                -> boolean(b={$b.toString().equals("true")})
 86
 87
 88
       exprPrint @init {decStack();} :
         t=TYPE exp=expr -> printexpr(statements={$exp.st},t={getType($t.toString()).T})
 89
 90
 91
       varRead @init {incStack();decStack();} :
 92
 93
          ^(id=IDENTIFIER t=TYPE a=ID) -> readvar(var={$id},addr={$a},type={getType($t.toString())},classname={
              getProgramClass()})
 94
 95
 96
       identifier
         : ^(id=IDENTIFIER t=TYPE a=ID)
 97
                                                                                  -> identifier(addr={$a})
 98
 99
100
      varlist
101
         : s+=identifier
102
              (s+=identifier)*
103
              -> statements(instructions={$s});
104
       exprlist
105
106
              : s + = expr
               (s+=expr)*
108
              -> statements(instructions={$s})
109
110
111
       type
112
                      INTEGER
113
                     CHAR
                     BOOL
114
              1
115
              ;
```

A.5 String templates

```
group tmg;
```

```
3 file(instructions, stackMax, localSize, classname) ::= <<</pre>
   ; Jasmin JBC assembler code generated by AliaCodeGenerator
   .class public <classname>
5
6 .super java/lang/Object
8
   .field private static in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
9
10
   .method static public \<clinit\>()V
11
     .limit stack 5
12
13
     new java/io/BufferedReader
14
     dup
15
     new java/io/InputStreamReader
16
17
     getstatic java/lang/System/in Ljava/io/InputStream;
18
     invokespecial java/io/InputStreamReader/\<init\>(Ljava/io/InputStream;)V
19
     invokespecial java/io/BufferedReader/\<init\>(Ljava/io/Reader;)V
     putstatic <classname>/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
20
21
     return
22
23
   .end method
24
25
   .method public \<init\>()V
26
      aload 0
27
      invokenonvirtual java/lang/Object/\<init\>()V
      return
28
29
   .end method
30
31
   .method public static main([Ljava/lang/String;)V
      .limit stack <stackMax>
32
       .limit locals <localSize>
33
34
35
      <instructions; separator="\n">
36
37
      return
38
   .end method
39 >>
40
   statements(instructions) ::= <<
41
42
   <instructions; separator="\n">
43 >>
44
45 exprPopInterleaved(instruction, pop) ::= <<
46 <pop>
47
   <instruction>
48 >>
49
50 exprPop(instruction, pop) ::= <<
51 <instruction>
52 <pop>
53 >>
54
55 statement(instruction) ::= <<
56 <instruction>
57 >>
58
59 whilestmt(statement, expr, labelCond, labelWhile) ::= <<
                          ; Jump to while condition
60 goto COND < labelCond >
61
   WHILE < labelWhile > :
62 <statement>
63 COND < labelCond >:
             ; Execute condition
65 ifne WHILE < label While > ; Jump to start of inner while statement
66 >>
67
68 printstmt(firststatement, statements, type, t) ::= <<
69 getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/PrintStream;
70 <firststatement; separator="\n">
71 <if(type._void)>
72 <else>
73 istore_1
74 iload_1
75
   <endif>
76
77
   invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(<t>)V
78
79 <statements; separator="\n">
80
81
   <if(type._void)>
82 <else>
83 iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is used again
```

```
84 <endif>
85
86 >>
87
88 printexpr(statements, t) ::= <<
   getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/PrintStream;
89
    <statements; separator="\n">
90
91 invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(<t>)V; add right constant pool reference bytes for println
92 >>
93
94 readstmt(statements, addr, void, type, classname) ::= <<
    getstatic <classname>/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
95
96 invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine()Ljava/lang/String;
97
98 <if(type._int)>
99
    invokestatic java/lang/Integer/parseInt(Ljava/lang/String;) I
100 <elseif(type._bool)>
101 invokestatic java/lang/Boolean/parseBoolean(Ljava/lang/String;)Z
102 <elseif(type._char)>
103
    iconst 0
104
    invokevirtual java/lang/String/charAt(I)C
105 <endif>
106
107
108 <if(type._void)>
109 <else>
110 istore_1
lll iload_1
112 <endif>
113
114 istore <addr>
                                    : store value
115 <statements>
116 <if(void)>
117 <else>
    iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it is used again
118
119 <endif>
120 >>
121
122 readvar(var, addr, expr, classname) ::= <<
123
    getstatic <classname>/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
124
    invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine()Ljava/lang/String;
126 <if(type._int)>
127 invokestatic java/lang/Integer/parseInt(Ljava/lang/String;)I
    <elseif(type._bool)>
128
129 invokestatic java/lang/Boolean/parseBoolean(Ljava/lang/String;)Z
130 <elseif(type._char)>
131 iconst_0
132
    invokevirtual java/lang/String/charAt(I)C
133
    <endif>
134
135
136 istore <addr>
                                    ; store value into <var>
137
138 >>
139
140 identifier(addr) ::= <<
141 iload <addr>
142
143
144 number(n, numberType) ::= <<
145 <if(numberType.lessthanfive)>
146 iconst_<n>
    <elseif(numberType.minusone)>
147
148 iconst_m1
149 <elseif(numberType.byteType)>
150 bipush <n>
151 <elseif(numberType.shortType)>
152 sipush <n>
153 <else>
154 ldc <n>
155 <endif>
156
   >>
157
158 character(c) ::= <<
159 bipush <c>; Char
160 >>
161
   boolean(b) ::= <<
162
163 iconst_<if(b)>1<else>0<endif> ; Bool
```

```
165
166
167 assign(var, addr, expr) ::= <<
168 <expr>
169 istore <addr>
                                  ; store value into <var>
                     ; put value on the stack
170 iload <addr>
171 >>
172
173 binexpr(x, y, instr) ::= <<
174 <x>; expr1
175 <y>; expr2
176 i<instr>
177 >>
178
179 binexprcomp(x, y, instr) ::= <<
180 <x>
181 <y>
182 if_icmp<instr> $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
183 iconst_0
184 goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1 iconst_1
186 >>
187
188
189 unarynot(x, instr) ::= <<
190 \langle x \rangle; if x is 0 make it 1, if x is 1 make it 0
191 ifeq $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is false
192 iconst_0
|193\> goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
    iconst_1 ; if original was 0, load 1
194
195 >>
196
197 unaryplus(x, instr) ::= << ; does nothing, is feature
198 <x>
199 >>
200
201 unarymin(x, instr) ::= <<
202 <x>
203 i<instr>
204
    >>
205
206 ifstmnt(cond, statements, elseStmnts, labelElse, labelNext) ::= <<
207
     <cond>
    ifeq ELSE<labelElse>
208
      <statements>
209
210
      goto NEXT<labelNext>
211
     ELSE<labelElse>:
212
     <elseStmnts; separator="\n">
213
     NEXT < labelNext > :
214 >>
215
216 elseifstmnt(cond, statements, elseStmnts, labelElse, labelNext) ::= <<
217
     <cond>
218
     ifeq ELSE<labelElse>
219
     <statements>
     goto NEXT < labelNext >
220
221
     ELSE<labelElse>:
     <elseStmnts; separator="\n">
222
223
     NEXT<labelNext>:
224 >>
225
226 elsemaybestmnt(statements)
                                        ::= <<
227 <statements>
228 >>
```

A.6 Example test program

The following test is designed to test most of the programming language functionalities.

A.6.1 Alia code

```
1
    ivar = begin
2
        ivar1 = ivar2 = 0
3
        read(ivar1, ivar2);
4
        print(ivar1, ivar2);
5
        const iconst1 = 1;
 6
        const iconst2 = 2;
 7
        ivar2 = ivar1 = +16 + 2 * -8;
8
        print(ivar1 < ivar2 && iconst1 <= iconst2,iconst1 * iconst2 > ivar2 - ivar1);
9
        ivar1 < read(ivar2) && iconst1 <= iconst2;</pre>
10
        ivar2 = print(ivar2) + 1;
11
     end + 1
   bvar = begin
12
13
        bvar = false
14
        read(bvar);
15
        print(bvar);
16
        bvar = 12 / 5 * 5 + 12 % 5 == 12 && 6 >= 6;
17
        const bconst = true;
18
        print(!false && bvar == bconst || true != false);
19
     end && true;
20 cvar = begin
21
        cvar1 = 'c'
22
        read(cvar1);
23
        const cconst = 'c';
        cvar2 = 'z';
24
25
        print('a', cvar1 == cconst && cvar2 != 'b' || !true);
26
        'b';
27
      end;
28
   print(ivar, bvar, cvar);
29
30 i = 0
31 z = 0
32 while x = 5; x > i do
33
      print(i)
      if z == 1 do
34
35
       z = 0
      elseif z == -1 do
36
37
        z = 1
38
      else
39
        z = -1
i = i + 1
```

```
41 end
42 end
```

A.6.2 Test results

The test program was run using the following input:

```
30
-100
998
true
z
```

It resulted in the following output:

```
30
-100
false
true
998
true
true
false
1000
true
b
0
1
1
1
2
2
2
3
3
3
4
4
4
```

62

iadd

```
64
   ; Jasmin JBC assembler code generated by
1
                                                            65
       AliaCodeGenerator
                                                            66
2
   .class public Complete
                                                            67
3
   .super java/lang/Object
   .field private static in Ljava/io/BufferedReader
4
                                                                    PrintStream:
                                                            69
                                                                   iload 3
                                                            70
                                                                   iload 2
6
   .method static public <clinit>()V
                                                            71
7
     .limit stack 5
                                                            72
                                                                   iconst_0
8
      new java/io/BufferedReader
                                                            73
9
     dup
                                                            74
                                                                   iconst_1 ; expr1
10
     new java/io/InputStreamReader
                                                            75
                                                                   iconst_1
11
                                                            76
                                                                   iconst 2
      getstatic java/lang/System/in Ljava/io/
12
                                                            77
        InputStream;
                                                            78
                                                                   iconst_0
13
      invokespecial java/io/InputStreamReader/<init
                                                            79
       >(Ljava/io/InputStream;)V
                                                            80
                                                                   iconst_1; expr2
14
      invokespecial java/io/BufferedReader/<init>(
                                                            81
                                                                   iand
       Ljava/io/Reader;) V
                                                            82
15
      putstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader;
                                                            83
16
     return
                                                                    PrintStream:
   .end method
17
                                                            84
                                                                   iconst_1; expr1
18
                                                            85
                                                                   iconst 2
19
   .method public <init>() V
                                                            86
                                                                    ; expr2
2.0
      aload 0
                                                            87
                                                                   imul
21
      invokenonvirtual java/lang/Object/<init>()V
                                                            88
                                                                   iload 2 ; expr1
22
      return
23
   end method
                                                            89
                                                                   iload 3 ; expr2
                                                            90
                                                                   isub
                                                            91
   .method public static main([Ljava/lang/String;)V
25
                                                            92
                                                                   iconst 0
26
      .limit stack 7
                                                            93
2.7
       .limit locals 8
                                                            94
                                                                   iconst 1
28
                                                            95
29
      iconst_0
      istore 2 ; store value into ivar2
30
                                                                    for println
      iload 2; put value on the stack
31
                                                            96
32
       istore 3; store value into ivar1
                                                            97
                                                                   iload 3
33
       iload 3; put value on the stack
                                                            98
34
      pop
       getstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader
35
                                                            99
                                                                    ()Ljava/lang/String;
36
       invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine
                                                           100
       ()Ljava/lang/String;
                                                                    /lang/String;)I
37
       invokestatic java/lang/Integer/parseInt(Ljava
                                                           101
       /lang/String;)I
                                                           102
                                                                   istore_1
38
                                                           103
                                                                   iload_1
39
      istore_1
                                                           104
                                                                   istore 2 ; store value
40
       iload_1
                                                           105
41
       istore 3 ; store value
                                                                     is used again
42
       getstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader
                                                           106
                                                           107
                                                                   iconst_0
43
       invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine
                                                           108
       () Ljava/lang/String;
                                                           109
                                                                   iconst_1; expr1
44
       invokestatic java/lang/Integer/parseInt(Ljava
                                                           110
       /lang/String;)I
                                                                   iconst 1
                                                           111
45
       istore 2 ; store value into ivar2
                                                           112
46
                                                           113
                                                                   iconst_0
47
       iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it
                                                           114
        is used again
                                                           115
                                                                   iconst_1; expr2
48
      pop
                                                           116
       getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
49
                                                           117
       PrintStream;
                                                           118
50
       iload 3
                                                                    PrintStream;
       invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V
51
                                                           119
                                                                   iload 2
       getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
                                                           120
                                                                   istore_1
       PrintStream;
                                                           121
                                                                   iload 1
       iload 2
53
                                                           122
       invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V
54
                                                           123
        ; add right constant pool reference bytes
                                                           124
        for println
                                                                     is used again; expr1
55
                                                           125
                                                                   iconst_1; expr2
56
        ; does nothing, is feature
                                                           126
57
       bipush 16; expr1
58
      iconst_2 ; expr1
                                                           127
                                                           128
       bipush 8
59
                                                           129
                                                                   iconst_1; expr2
60
       ineg ; expr2
                                                           130
                                                                   iadd
61
       imul; expr2
```

```
istore 3; store value into ivar1
   iload {\bf 3} ; put value on the stack
   istore 2; store value into ivar2
    iload 2; put value on the stack
   getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
   if_icmplt $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
   goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
   if_icmple $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
   goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
   invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V
   getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
   if_icmpgt $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
   goto $+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
    invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V
     ; add right constant pool reference bytes
   getstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader
   invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine
   invokestatic java/lang/Integer/parseInt(Ljava
   iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it
   if_icmplt $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
   goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
   if_icmple $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
   goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
   getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
   invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V
   iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it
   istore 2 ; store value into ivar2
   iload 2 ; put value on the stack ; expr1
istore 2 ; store value into ivar
```

```
iload 2 ; put value on the stack
132
                                                           204
                                                                   iconst_1; Bool; expr2
133
                                                           205
       iconst_0 ; Bool
134
                                                           206
                                                                   istore 3; store value into bvar
        istore 3 ; store value into bvar
                                                           207
135
                                                                   iload 3; put value on the stack
136
       iload {\bf 3} ; put value on the stack
                                                           208
                                                           209
                                                                   bipush 99; Char
137
       pop
138
        getstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader
                                                           210
                                                                   istore 4 ; store value into cvar1
                                                           211
                                                                   iload 4; put value on the stack
139
       invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine
                                                           212
        () Ljava/lang/String;
                                                           213
                                                                   getstatic Complete/in Ljava/io/BufferedReader
        invokestatic java/lang/Boolean/parseBoolean(
140
        Ljava/lang/String;)Z
                                                           214
                                                                   invokevirtual java/io/BufferedReader/readLine
141
       istore_1
                                                                    ()Ljava/lang/String;
142
       iload_1
                                                           215
                                                                   iconst_0
143
       istore \mathbf{3} ; store value
                                                           216
                                                                   invokevirtual java/lang/String/charAt(I)C
144
        iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it
                                                           217
         is used again
                                                           218
                                                                   iload_1
145
                                                           219
                                                                   istore 4; store value
       pop
146
       getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
                                                           220
                                                                   iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it
        PrintStream:
                                                                     is used again
147
       iload 3
                                                           221
                                                           222
148
       istore 1
                                                                   bipush 122 ; Char
149
       iload_1
                                                           223
                                                                   istore 6 ; store value into cvar2
                                                                   iload 6 ; put value on the stack
       invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V
                                                           224
150
151
                                                           225
                                                                   getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
152
       iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it
                                                           226
         is used again
                                                                    PrintStream:
                                                           227
153
       pop
                                                                   bipush 97; Char
                                                                   invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(C)V
       bipush 12 ; expr1
                                                           228
154
155
       iconst_5
                                                           229
                                                                   getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
156
        ; expr2
                                                                    PrintStream:
157
                                                           230
                                                                   iload 4
       idiv ; expr1
158
       iconst_5; expr2
                                                           231
                                                                   bipush 99 ; Char
159
                                                           232
                                                                   if\_icmpeq $+7; Go to iconst\_1 if it is true
       imul ; expr1
       bipush 12 ; expr1
                                                           233
160
                                                                   iconst_0
161
       iconst_5 ; expr2
                                                           234
                                                                   goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
162
       irem ; expr2
                                                           235
                                                                   iconst_1 ; expr1
163
       iadd
                                                           236
                                                                   iload 6
                                                           237
164
       bipush 12
                                                                   bipush 98; Char
165
       if_icmpeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
                                                           238
                                                                   if_icmpne $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
                                                           239
166
       iconst_0
                                                                   iconst_0
167
       goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                           240
                                                                   goto $+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
168
       iconst_1 ; expr1
                                                           241
                                                                   iconst_1; expr2
169
                                                           242
                                                                   iand; expr1
       bipush 6
170
       bipush 6
                                                           243
                                                                   iconst_1 ; Bool
                                                                                      ; if x is 0 make it 1, if x
171
       if_icmpge $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
                                                                     is 1 make it 0
                                                                   ifeq $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is false
172
       iconst_0
                                                           244
173
        goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                           245
                                                                   iconst_0
174
                                                           246
                                                                   goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
       iconst_1; expr2
175
                                                           247
                                                                   iconst_1 ; if original was 0, load 1 ; expr2
176
       istore 3; store value into bvar
                                                           248
       iload 3; put value on the stack
177
                                                           249
                                                                   invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V
                                                                     ; add right constant pool reference bytes
179
        getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
                                                                    for println
        PrintStream;
                                                           250
180
       iconst_0 ; Bool
                                                           251
                                                                   bipush 98; Char
                           ; if x is 0 make it 1, if x
         is 1 make it 0
                                                           252
                                                                   istore 4; store value into cvar
181
                                                           253
       ifeq \$+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is false
                                                                   iload 4; put value on the stack
182
       iconst 0
                                                           254
        goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                                   getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
183
184
       iconst_1 ; if original was 0, load 1 ; expr1
                                                                    PrintStream:
185
       iload 3
                                                           256
                                                                   iload 2
                                                                   invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V
186
       iconst_1 ; Bool
                                                           257
       if_icmpeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
                                                           258
                                                                   getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
187
188
       iconst_0
                                                                    PrintStream:
189
       goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                           259
                                                                   iload 3
190
       iconst_1; expr2
                                                           260
                                                                   invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V
191
       iand; expr1
                                                                     ; add right constant pool reference bytes
192
       iconst_1 ; Bool
                                                                    for println
193
                                                           261
                                                                   getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
       iconst_0 ; Bool
       if_icmpne $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
                                                                    PrintStream;
195
       iconst_0
                                                           262
                                                                   iload 4
196
        goto \$+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                           263
                                                                   invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(C)V
197
       iconst_1; expr2
                                                                     ; add right constant pool reference bytes
198
                                                                    for println
       ior
199
       istore 1
                                                           264
200
                                                           265
       iload_1
                                                                   iconst_0
       invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Z)V
                                                                   istore 5 ; store value into i
201
                                                           266
202
                                                           267
                                                                   iload 5; put value on the stack
                                                           268
203
       iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it
                                                                   pop
   is used again ; expr1
                                                           269
```

```
270
       istore 6 ; store value into z
                                                            302
                                                                        ifeq ELSE0
271
       iload 6; put value on the stack
                                                            303
                                                                        iconst 1
272
                                                            304
                                                                        istore 6 ; store value into z
       pop
273
       goto COND4
                    ; Jump to while condition
                                                            305
                                                                        iload 6 ; put value on the stack
                                                                        goto NEXT1
274
       WHILE5:
                                                            306
275
        getstatic java/lang/System/out Ljava/io/
                                                            307
                                                                        ELSE0:
                                                            308
        PrintStream;
                                                                        iconst_1
276
       iload 5
                                                            309
                                                                        ineg
                                                                        istore 6 ; store value into \boldsymbol{z}
277
       istore_1
                                                            310
278
       iload_1
                                                            311
                                                                        iload 6 ; put value on the stack
279
        invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V
                                                            312
                                                                        pop
280
                                                            313
                                                                        iload 5 ; expr1
       iload_1; repush the value to the stack if it
281
                                                            314
                                                                        iconst_1
         is used again
                                                            315
                                                                         ; expr2
282
                                                            316
                                                                        iadd
       pop
283
          iload 6
                                                            317
                                                                        istore 5 ; store value into i
284
         iconst_1
                                                            318
                                                                        iload 5; put value on the stack
         if_icmpeq $+7; Go to iconst_1 if it is
285
                                                            319
                                                                        NEXT1:
                                                            320
                                                                      NEXT3:
286
         iconst_0
                                                            321
                                                                    pop
          goto $+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
287
                                                            322
                                                                    COND4:
288
          iconst_1
                                                            323
                                                                    iconst_5
289
          ifeq ELSE2
                                                            324
                                                                    istore 7; store value into x
                                                                    iload 7; put value on the stack
290
                                                            325
          iconst_0
291
          istore 6 ; store value into \boldsymbol{z}
                                                            326
                                                                    pop
          iload 6; put value on the stack
                                                                    iload 7
292
                                                            327
293
          goto NEXT3
                                                            328
                                                                    iload 5
294
          ELSE2:
                                                            329
                                                                    if_icmpgt $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is true
295
           iload 6
                                                            330
                                                                    iconst_0
296
                                                            331
                                                                    goto \$+4; Go to the line after iconst_1
            iconst_1
297
                                                                    iconst_1 ; Execute condition
            ineg
                                                            332
                                                                    ifne WHILE5
298
           if_icmpeq $+7 ; Go to iconst_1 if it is
                                                            333
                                                                                   ; Jump to start of inner while
                                                                      statement
299
           iconst 0
                                                            334
300
            goto $+4 ; Go to the line after iconst_1
                                                            335
                                                                    return
301
            iconst_1
                                                            336
                                                                .end method
```