Devcontainers and Embedded software development

Down the rabbit hole to never come back

What's the problem?

- All dev's need to install the tools
 - CubeIDE, MCUXpresso, MPLab, E2studio, SEGGER embedded...
 - arm-gcc v8/v9/v10, xc16...
 - other GNU tools: make, binutils, libraries, libc...
- 10 versions of gcc, Eclipse and other things installed
- Every time a new IDE to learn and customize

Can we solve it?

- Just install and configure the lot
- Remote development (e.g. over ssh)
- Combine all tools, libraries and the lot in one package
 - o VM
 - Snap/Flatpack/Applmage
 - (Docker) container
 - Devcontainer with IDE supporting them

So... devcontainers... what are they?

containers.dev: A development container (or dev container for short) allows you to use a **container** as a full-featured development environment. It can be used to run an application, to separate tools, libraries, or runtimes needed for working with a codebase, and to aid in continuous integration and testing. ...

Down the rabbit hole: containers

... you to use a **container** as a full-featured ...

- Sandbox environment
- Like a VM: full OS
- Lightweight: uses kernel of the host
- Declarative: Infrastructure as Code
- Integration with lots of tools

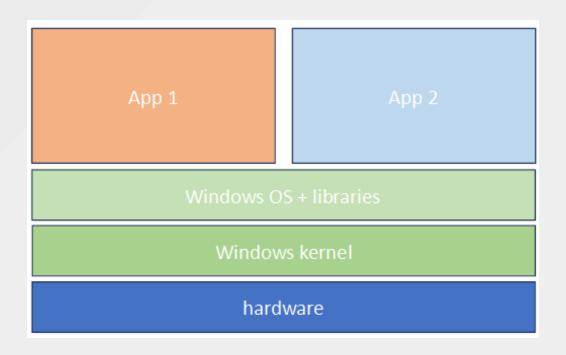
Down the rabbit hole: containers

They are used for:

- Easy deployment of (web) applications
- Micro-services on a (kubernetes) cluster
- Packaging of software and dependencies
 - running software locally
 - packaged software for use in CI/CD

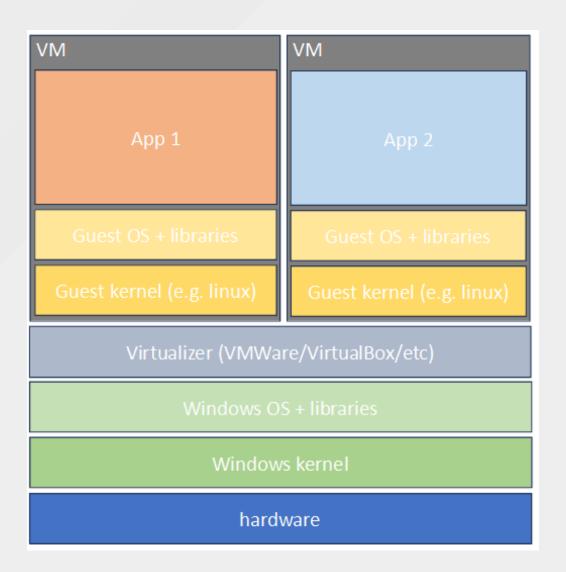
Like a VM and lightweight

Applications on top of OS



Like a VM and lightweight

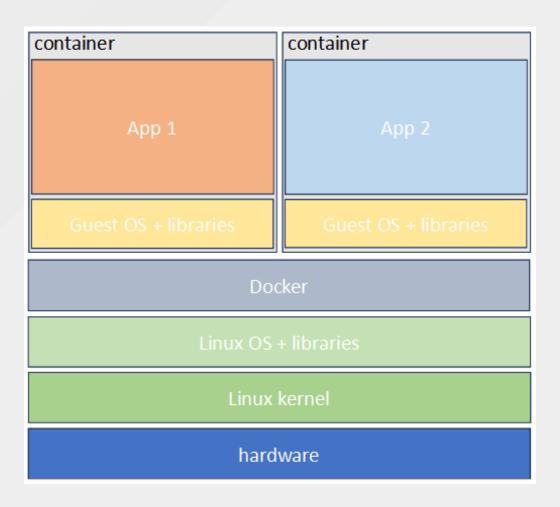
Applications in VM's



Like a VM and lightweight

Applications in Docker containers

Alpine: ... A container requires no more than 8 MB ...



Declarative: Infrastructure as Code

```
FROM debian
ENV DEBIAN_FRONTEND=noninteractive
RUN apt update -y && apt install -y \
    build-essential \
    cmake
RUN useradd -ms /bin/bash someuser
WORKDIR /home/someuser
USER someuser
CMD /bin/bash
```

Declarative: Infrastructure as Code

To create a container image:

```
docker build --tag 'debian_example' .
```

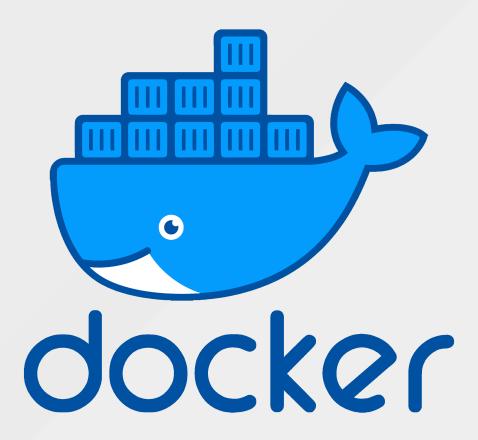
• To run a container image:

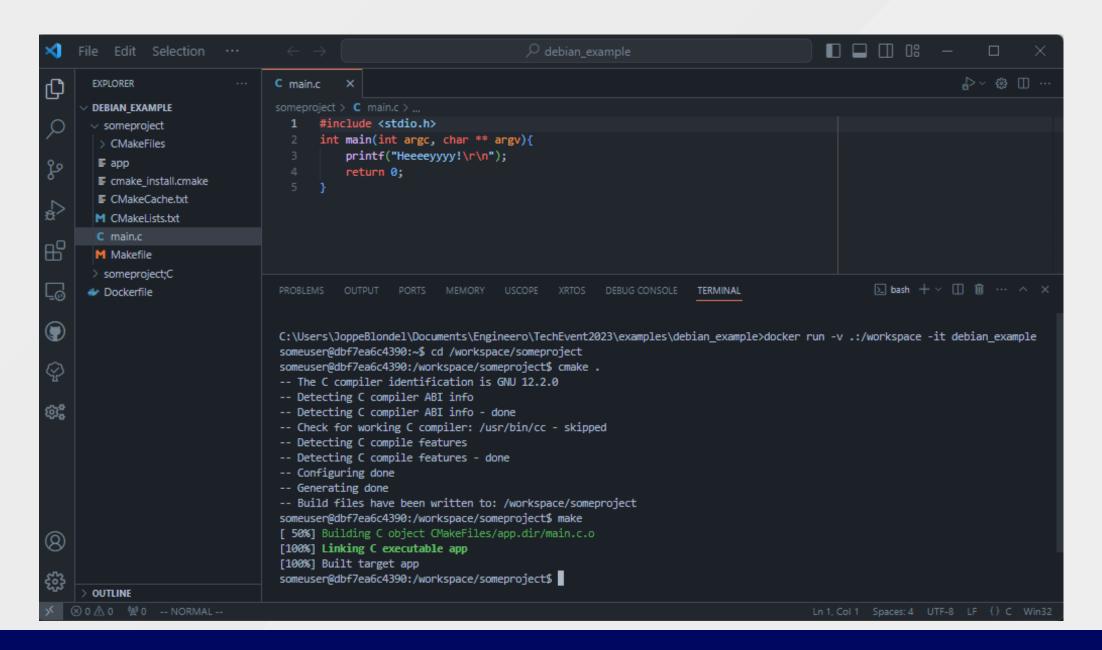
```
docker run -it 'debian_example'
```

This will get you a Debian shell

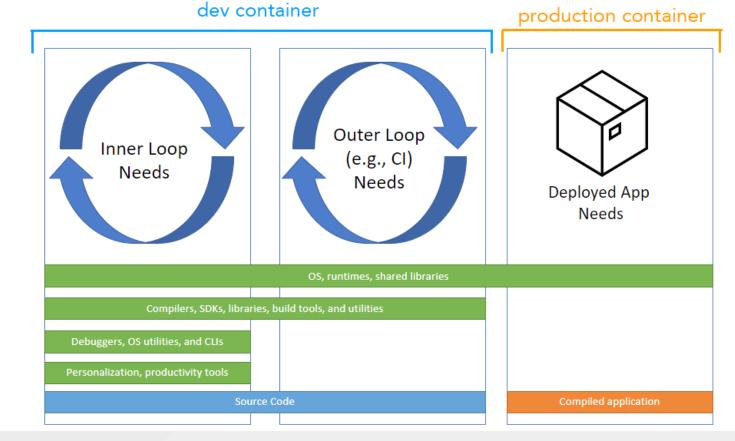
```
$ docker run -it debian_example
someuser@e9bf5806d588:~$ pwd
/home/someuser
someuser@e9bf5806d588:~$
```

Containers and Docker





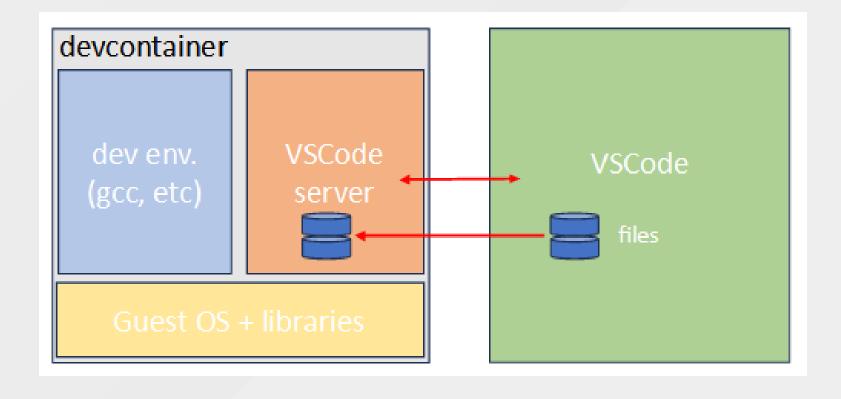
Devcontainers: containers with spice



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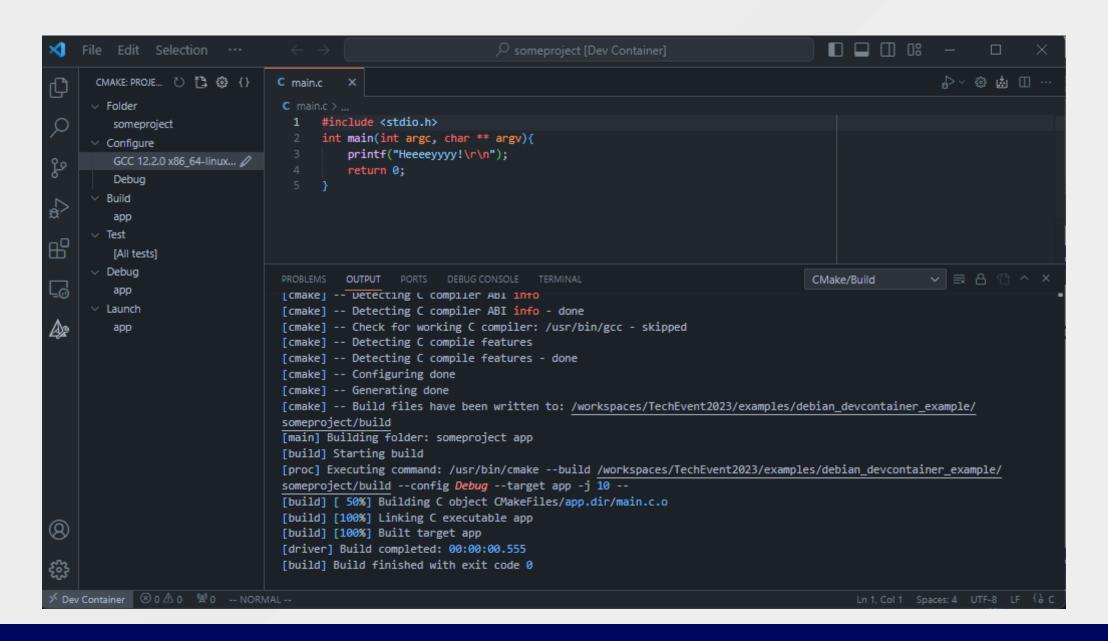
- Full development environment
- Utilities and personalization
- Configuration of IDE

Devcontainers and VSCode



Devcontainers: an example

```
"build": { "dockerfile" : "Dockerfile" },
"customizations": {
    "vscode": {
        "extensions" : [
            "ms-vscode.cpptools-extension-pack",
            "ms-vscode.cpptools",
            "ms-vscode.cmake-tools",
```



Devcontainers and VSCode

- Seamless: functions as local instance
- Executes build tools, debugger and other tools from container
- VSCode Configuration and plugins declared in the json file

The full story? Nope...

We develop firmware, not normal applications or web-apps

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... So I lied?

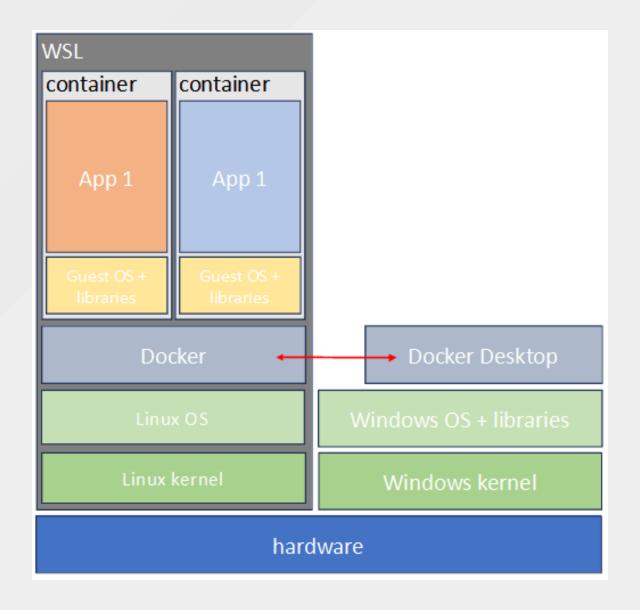
Embedded development

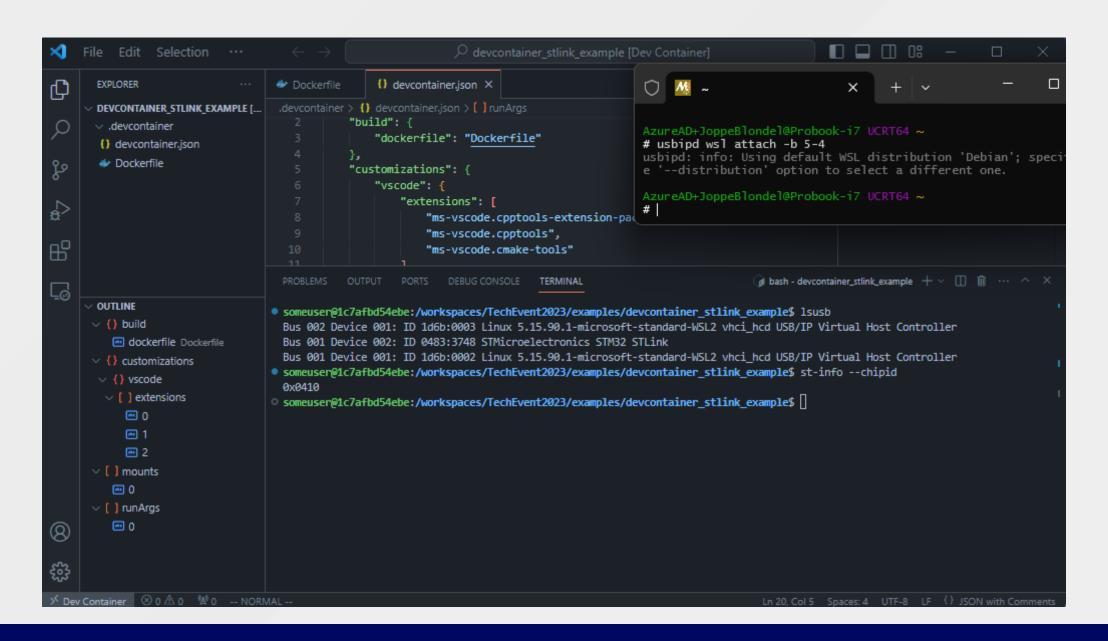
- Debugging of non-native applications
- Use of physical debugger (e.g. JLink/STLink/BMP)
- we need USB
 - o so just pass the USB to the container?
 - O

Docker on Windows

Docker is in it's core a linux tool

- Containers themselves on WSL
- USB to WSL: USBIP
 - o see readme





All together

- Toolchain, debugging tools and IDE configurations packaged together
- Declarative
- Lightweight
- Multi-purpose: development and CI/CD