



Computer Science  
Operations Research

Simplex Algorithm

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# 1 The Simplex Algorithm

The simplex algorithm, developed by George Dantzig in 1947, arises from the need to solve linear programming problems. This problem was fundamentally proposed by Kantorovich and Koopman, who developed the optimal location problem and the problem of resources. The Simplex method optimizes an objective function subject to linear constraints, using an iterative process to improve the value of the objective function until the optimal solution is reached. Its ability to solve complex problems and its use in various applications make it an essential tool in the optimization of resources and strategic decisions in industry, economics, and operations research.

Given the time of its development, it was essentially thought to be solved by hand; however, now there are digital tools that allow the process to be automated.

## 1.1 George Dantzig

The American mathematician was born in 1914 and died in 2005. In addition to being the creator of the Simplex algorithm, he was head of the Scientific Computing of Operations Research (SCOOP), where he promoted linear programming for strategic purposes during World War II.



## 2 Problem: P6

The problem inputted by the user is called “P6” and consists of maximizing the following function:

$$Z = x_1 \cdot 2.000000 + x_2 \cdot -1.000000 + x_3 \cdot 1.000000$$

Subject to:

$$x_1 \cdot 3.000000 + x_2 \cdot 1.000000 + x_3 \cdot 1.000000 \leq 60.000000$$

$$x_1 \cdot 1.000000 + x_2 \cdot -1.000000 + x_3 \cdot 2.000000 \leq 10.000000$$

$$x_1 \cdot 1.000000 + x_2 \cdot 1.000000 + x_3 \cdot -1.000000 \leq 20.000000$$

### 3 Initial Matrix

Z	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$S_1$	$S_2$	$S_3$	b
1.000	-2.000	1.000	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	3.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.000	0.000	60.000
0.000	1.000	-1.000	2.000	0.000	1.000	0.000	10.000
0.000	1.000	1.000	-1.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	20.000

### 4 Unique Solution

#### 4.1 Explanation

In this case, the problem has a single optimal solution that satisfies the established constraints.

#### 4.2 Solution table

Z	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$S_1$	$S_2$	$S_3$	b
1.000	0.000	0.000	1.500	0.000	1.500	0.500	25.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	1.000	-1.000	-2.000	10.000
0.000	1.000	0.000	0.500	0.000	0.500	0.500	15.000
0.000	0.000	1.000	-1.500	0.000	-0.500	0.500	5.000

#### 4.3 Unique Solution

Solution

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 = 15.00 \\ x_2 = 5.00 \\ x_3 = 0.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

#### 4.4 Optimal Solution

The final result of maximizing the given function is 25.000 as a result of setting the variables to the values:

- $x_1 = 15.000$
- $x_2 = 5.000$
- $x_3 = 0.000$
- $S_1 = 10.000$
- $S_2 = 0.000$
- $S_3 = 0.000$