

TITLE 1

What is a Supply Chain?

Network Model

In a manufacturing context, a supply chain can be seen as a network of suppliers, manufacturers, distributors, and retailers.

What is Supply Chain Management?

SCM Activities

Product-Process Matrix/Cube

Customer Order Decoupling Point

Flows

Materials Flow

Subsubtitle 2

Inventory: Concepts & Methods

Inventory

Accounting PoV vs. Logistics/SCM PoV

Why hold inventory?

- Cover process time
- Decouple process

Inventory decisions

Inventory Costs

Total Cost & Total Relevant Cost

Purchase cost

Ordering/Setup cost

Holding cost

Stockout cost: Can be modeled using stockout event or units short

Total Inventory Cost & Total Relevant Cost

TC = Purchase Cost + Ordering Cost + Holding Cost + Shortage Cost

$$TC = cD + c_t \frac{D}{Q} + c_e \frac{Q}{2} + c_s E[\text{Units Short}]$$

Procurement activities have influence on the Purchase Cost, while Inventory Management activities have influence on the other costs.

Inventory: Deterministic Models

EOQ: Economic Order Quantity

EOQ model assumptions

- Known demand → Constant
- Zero or Constant Lead Time

EOQ formula derivation

Since demand is deterministic, we can get rid of the Stockout Cost concept for now. So,

$$TRC(Q) = c_t \frac{D}{Q} + c_e \frac{Q}{2}$$

From the first-order optimal condition (first derivative equals zero), we have

$$0 = \frac{d}{dQ} \left(\frac{c_t D}{Q} \right) + \frac{d}{dQ} \left(\frac{c_e Q}{2} \right)$$
$$0 = -\frac{c_t D}{Q^2} + \frac{c_e}{2}$$
$$Q^* = \sqrt{\frac{2c_t D}{c_e}}$$

The *EOQ* or *Q** gives the minimum Total Relevant Cost under deterministic conditions.

EOQ sawtooth plot

The optimal policy becomes ordering *Q** units of inventory every *T** units of time.

Notice that the total consumption of the last order may take place after the 1 year (unit time) period.

Sensitivity Analysis for the EOQ model

Resaltar que, pese a que algunos parametros se asumen alegremente como determinísticos, el modelo es lo suficientemente robusto como para compensar variaciones en los mismos (e.g. demanda, costos, etc.) Usar los 5 libros en ...Análisis y logística de la producción + otros complementos

Appendix 1

Mathematical Functions

Linear Functions

$$f(x) = mx + b$$

Cost functions: *f* (Level of Activity) = Fixed Cost + Variable Cost (Level of Activity)

Linear Regressions

fig

Quadratic Functions

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Profit:

$V(p) = 20,000 - 80p$

$R(p) = (20,000 - 80p)p$

$C(p) = 500,000 + 75(20,000 - 80p)$

$P(p) = R(p) - C(p)$

Parcel trucking

$f(w) = 33 + 0.067w - 0.00005w^2$

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