



# WEATHER

SESSION 2 - INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT



# WEATHER

## Backend Project : Weather Station Management

### Objectives

Your mission is to develop a backend to centralize, process, and visualize data from weather stations. The backend must include :

- An MQTT broker to receive data.
  - An API linked to the MQTT broker to process and forward data to the database.
  - A database to store the data.
  - Integration with Grafana for data visualization.
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### Project Steps

#### Part 1 : Configuring the MQTT Broker

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1. **Introduction to MQTT**
    - What is MQTT? What role does it play in weather station data management?
  2. **Installing Mosquitto with Docker**
    - Install the Mosquitto MQTT broker using a Docker container.
  3. **Basic Configuration**
    - Configure Mosquitto to listen on the default port (1883).
    - Test the setup by publishing a message using `mosquitto_pub` and receiving it with `mosquitto_sub`.
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## Part 2 : Configuring the Database

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### 1. Choosing the Database

- Why use InfluxDB? Explain its benefits for managing time-series data.

### 2. Installing and Configuring InfluxDB with Docker

- Set up InfluxDB in a Docker container.
- Create a database and table to store weather station data.

### 3. Connecting the Database to the API

- Verify that the API is correctly pushing data to InfluxDB.
  - Run queries in InfluxDB to confirm the data is stored as expected.
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## Part 3 : Developing the API Linked to MQTT

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### 1. Introduction to MQTT-API Integration

- Learn how an API can act as a bridge between the MQTT broker and the database.

### 2. Subscribing to MQTT Topics

- Write an API that subscribes to specific MQTT topics using an MQTT client library (e.g., `paho-mqtt` for Python or a Node.js equivalent).
- Ensure the API listens for incoming messages from the weather stations.

### 3. Processing MQTT Data

- Parse the incoming data and format it for database storage.
- Log the received data to ensure the API captures it correctly.

### 4. Pushing Data to the Database

- Write functions within the API to insert parsed data into the InfluxDB database.
  - Test the pipeline : MQTT broker → API → Database.
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## Part 4 : Docker-Compose (I hope you read it before installing everything locally :))

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### 1. Introduction to Docker-Compose

- Explain why Docker-Compose is useful for orchestrating multiple containers.

## 2. **Creating the `docker-compose.yml` File**

- Define services for :
    - Mosquitto (MQTT).
    - The MQTT-linked API.
    - InfluxDB.
  - Test the configuration by running `docker-compose up`.
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## **Part 5 : Visualizing Data with Grafana**

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### 1. **Introduction to Grafana**

- Describe how Grafana is used for data visualization.

### 2. **Installing and Configuring Grafana**

- Set up Grafana using a Docker container.
- Connect Grafana to the InfluxDB database.

### 3. **Building a Dashboard**

- Create a dashboard to display weather data in real-time.
  - Experiment with different visualizations to represent sensor data (e.g., temperature, light intensity).
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## **Expected Outcomes**

By the end of the project, you should have :

1. A functional backend comprising :
    - An MQTT broker for data collection.
    - An API that processes MQTT data and pushes it to a database.
    - A database for storing weather station data.
  2. A `docker-compose.yml` file to orchestrate all components.
  3. A Grafana dashboard displaying real-time weather station data.
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## Tips

- Refer to official documentation for all tools used.
- Test each step thoroughly before moving on to the next.
- Collaborate with your team to brainstorm and troubleshoot.

Good luck!

