



Figure 1: At low temperatures we observed smaller groups of aligned spins. We concluded that the influence of the heat (i.e. $\tau\sigma$) on the free energy was low and therefore, that the energy U was minimised.

Given the partition function $Z = (2 \cosh(\epsilon/\tau))^N$, we calculated the internal energy using,

$$U = \tau^2 \partial_\tau \ln(Z) \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \tau^2 \partial_\tau \ln \left(2 \cosh \left(\frac{\epsilon}{\tau} \right)^N \right) \\ &= N \tau^2 \partial_\tau \ln \left(2 \cosh \left(\frac{\epsilon}{\tau} \right) \right) \\ &= N \tau^2 \partial_\tau \left(2 \cosh \left(\frac{\epsilon}{\tau} \right) \right) \frac{1}{2 \cosh \left(\frac{\epsilon}{\tau} \right)} \\ &= N \tau^2 \partial_\tau \left(\frac{\epsilon}{\tau} \right) \frac{\sinh \left(\frac{\epsilon}{\tau} \right)}{\cosh \left(\frac{\epsilon}{\tau} \right)} \\ &= -\epsilon N \tanh \left(\frac{\epsilon}{\tau} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$