

96 100

Accessibility Performance

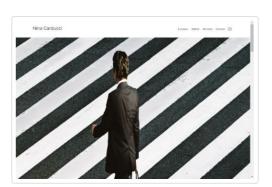
Best Practices



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

50-89 0-49 90-100



Expand view

SEO

0.5 s

METRICS

Total Blocking Time

First Contentful Paint

0 ms

Speed Index

0.5 s

Largest Contentful Paint

0.9 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0





Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

DIAGNOSTICS

Enable text compression — Potential savings of 212 KiB

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Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn more about text compression</u>. FCP (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	265.4 KiB	211.8 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	160.0 KiB	136.6 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (127.0.0.1)	76.3 KiB	53.8 KiB
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	15.3 KiB	10.8 KiB
/assets/maugallery.js (127.0.0.1)	8.4 KiB	6.5 KiB
/assets/style.css (127.0.0.1)	5.4 KiB	4.0 KiB

▲ Properly size images — Potential savings of 4,474 KiB

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. <u>Learn how to size images</u>. <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
27.0.0.1 (1st Party)		4,678.3 KiB	4,473.7 KiB
img	images/nina.webp (127.0.0.1)	1,238.1 KiB	1,160.5 KiB
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	entreprise/ali-morshwebp (127.0.0.1)	1,073.6 KiB	1,066.5 KiB
	concerts/aaron-pauwebp (127.0.0.1)	1,011.6 KiB	991.6 KiB

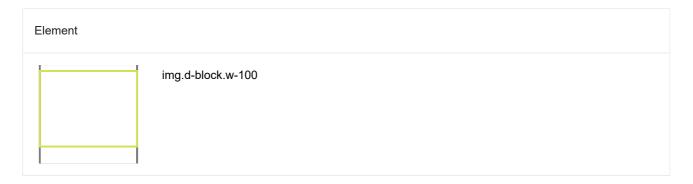
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	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img.gallery-item.img-fluid			
img.gallery-item.img-fluid	entreprise/jason-goowebp (127.0.0.1)	697.8 KiB	688.0 KiB
img.d-block.w-100	slider/ryoji-iwata-wuzjnov7t0g- unsplash.webp (127.0.0.1)	657.2 KiB	567.0 KiB

▲ Largest Contentful Paint image was lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint.

<u>Learn more about optimal lazy loading.</u> <u>LCP</u>



▲ Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 153 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused CSS</u>. (FCP) (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	160.0 KiB	152.7 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	160.0 KiB	152.7 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 61 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. (FCP) (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	76.3 KiB	60.6 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (127.0.0.1)	76.3 KiB	60.6 KiB
js/src/tooltip.js	9.8 KiB	8.3 KiB
js/src/dropdown.js	5.9 KiB	4.9 KiB
js/src/modal.js	4.9 KiB	4.5 KiB
js/src/carousel.js	6.6 KiB	4.0 KiB
js/src/collapse.js	3.6 KiB	3.3 KiB

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 70 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources. [FCP] [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 1st Party	166.1 KiB	370 ms
bootstrap/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	160.4 KiB	280 ms
/assets/style.css (127.0.0.1)	5.8 KiB	80 ms

▲ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason	Failure type
Pages with WebSocket cannot enter back/forward cache.	Pending browser support
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	

Image elements do not have explicit width and height

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Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> <u>[CLS]</u>

		URL
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)		
	img	images/instagram.png (127.0.0.1)

Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 5 KiB

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP LCP

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings	
Unattributable	12.0 KiB	2.4 KiB	
chrome-extension://ohcpnigalekghcmgcdcenkpelffpdolg/colorpick.user.js	12.0 KiB	2.4 KiB	
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	8.4 KiB	2.4 KiB	
/assets/maugallery.js (127.0.0.1)	8.4 KiB	2.4 KiB	

Avoid enormous network payloads — Total size was 5,031 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	4,932.6 KiB
images/nina.webp (127.0.0.1)	1,238.4 KiB
entreprise/ali-morshwebp (127.0.0.1)	1,073.9 KiB
concerts/aaron-pauwebp (127.0.0.1)	1,011.9 KiB

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URL	Transfer Size
entreprise/jason-goowebp (127.0.0.1)	698.1 KiB
slider/ryoji-iwata-wuzjnov7t0g-unsplash.webp (127.0.0.1)	657.5 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	160.4 KiB
bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (127.0.0.1)	76.7 KiB
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	15.6 KiB
jQuery CDN Cdn	30.0 KiB
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.0 KiB
Google Fonts Cdn	21.2 KiB
v13/UcCO3FwrKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	21.2 KiB

Avoid large layout shifts — 1 layout shift found

These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to <u>windowing</u>. <u>Learn how to improve CLS (CLS)</u>

Element	Layout shift score
nav.nav	
	0.000
v13/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	Web font loaded
v13/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	Web font loaded
v13/UcCO3FwrKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	Web font loaded
bootstrap/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	A late network request adjusted the page layout
/assets/style.css (127.0.0.1)	A late network request adjusted the page layout

O Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

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URL	Time Spent
127.0.0.1 1st Party	0 ms
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	0 ms

O Avoids an excessive DOM size — 136 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. [TBT]

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		136
Maximum DOM Depth	div.mg-prev	9
Maximum Child Elements	body	12

O Avoid chaining critical requests — 2 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests.

Maximum critical path latency: 18.169 ms

Initial Navigation

/index.html (127.0.0.1)

...bootstrap/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1) - 4.156 ms, 160.38 KiB

/assets/style.css (127.0.0.1) - 2.819 ms, 5.76 KiB

JavaScript execution time — 0.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. TBT

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

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URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
jQuery CDN Cdn	84 ms	22 ms	1 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	84 ms	22 ms	1 ms
127.0.0.1 <u>1st Party</u>	76 ms	13 ms	2 ms
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	76 ms	13 ms	2 ms
Unattributable	58 ms	1 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	58 ms	1 ms	0 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Other	142 ms
Script Evaluation	60 ms
Style & Layout	47 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	7 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	6 ms
Rendering	5 ms
Garbage Collection	3 ms

O Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. <u>TBT</u>

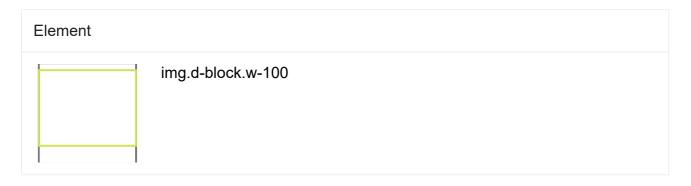
Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Google Fonts Cdn	52 KiB	0 ms

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Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
v13/UcCO3FwrKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	21 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
v13/rnCu-xNNwwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
/css2?family= (fonts.googleapis.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	30 KiB	0 ms
/jquery-3.4.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30 KiB	0 ms
Wappalyzer - Technology profiler Chrome Extension	6 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://gppongmhjkpfnbhagpmjfkannfbllamg/js/dom.js	4 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://gppongmhjkpfnbhagpmjfkannfbllamg/js/js.js	3 KiB	0 ms

Largest Contentful Paint element — 910 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> [LCP]



Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	13%	120 ms
Load Delay	19%	170 ms
Load Time	6%	60 ms
Render Delay	61%	550 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (20) Hide

Defer offscreen images

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Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn how to defer offscreen images</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

Minify CSS	^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn how to minify CSS</u> . FCP <u>LCP</u>	
Efficiently encode images	^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn how to efficiently encode images</u> . FCP <u>LCP</u>	
Serve images in next-gen formats	^
Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats. FCP LCP	
Preconnect to required origins	^
Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party original Learn how to preconnect to required origins. (LCP) FCP	ins.
Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn how to avoid page redirects</u> . <u>LCP</u> <u>FCP</u>	
Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. <u>Learn more about HTTP/2</u> . <u>LCP</u>	
Use video formats for animated content	^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats FCP LCP	
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. FCP LCP	
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers	^
Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for	

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to use modern JavaScript [FCP] [LCP]

modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how

	^
If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn material about preloading LCP elements</u> . <u>LCP</u>	<u>ore</u>
Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found	^
A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more about efficient cache policies</u> .	
User Timing marks and measures	^
Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key of experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u> .	user
All text remains visible during webfont loads	^
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more about display.	font-
Lazy load third-party resources with facades	^
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn house defer third-parties with a facade. TBT	ow to
Llaca nacciva listanara ta imprava paralling narfermanas	
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance	^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn about adopting passive event listeners</u> .	
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn</u>	
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn about adopting passive event listeners</u> .	ı more
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learngabout adopting passive event listeners . Avoids document.write() For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by the strong passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learngabout adopting passive event listeners.	ı more
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn about adopting passive event listeners . Avoids document.write() For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by to seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write() .	more cens of
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn about adopting passive event listeners. Avoids document.write() For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by t seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write(). Avoid long main-thread tasks Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn how to avoid learn how to a	more cens of
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn about adopting passive event listeners. Avoids document.write() For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by t seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write(). Avoid long main-thread tasks Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn how to avoid imain-thread tasks (TBT)	more cens of
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A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.



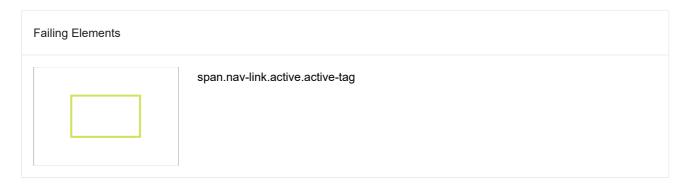
Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

CONTRAST

▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.



These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

NAVIGATION

Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about heading order.</u>

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Failing Elements	
h6.about-meintroduction	
hese are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.	
ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hid
O Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable</u> .	
O Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints</u> .	
O The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about logical tab ordering</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus to	<u>raps</u> .
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content.	<u>v</u>
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive techno</nav></main>	ology.

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Learn more about landmark elements.

Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
O Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custo</u> <u>controls and labels</u> .	<u>m</u>
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accereview.	essibility
PASSED AUDITS (21)	Hide
[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.	s. <u>Learn</u>
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document < Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body .	(body>.
[aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more about valid for ARIA attributes</u> .	values
[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid attributes.	<u>ARIA</u>
Buttons have an accessible name	^
When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for user rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible.	rs who
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^

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Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

Input buttons have discernible text.

Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. Learn more about input buttons.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more about the viewport meta tag.</u>

ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role

Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. <u>Learn more about conditional ARIA attributes</u>.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements</u>.

Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes

Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to users of assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles</u>.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn how to use the lang attribute</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

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Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more about</u> form element labels.

Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure. List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure. Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing. Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets. Values assigned to role="" are valid ARIA roles. ARIA roles enable assistive technologies to know the role of each element on the web page. If the role values are misspelled, not existing ARIA role values, or abstract roles, then the purpose of the element will not be communicated to users of assistive technologies. Learn more about ARIA roles. Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text. Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the alt attribute. NOT APPLICABLE (34) Hide [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more about access keys. button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

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When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u>.

O Deprecated ARIA roles were not used	^
Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA role	<u>s</u> .
Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.	^
ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible.	Э
ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusa for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .	able
ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, mak it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	ing
O [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more about role and required attributes</u> .	<u>les</u>
Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more at roles and required children elements</u> .	<u>oout</u>
O [role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility function Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	ns.
O [role] values are valid	^

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA

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roles.

 Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents. 	^
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	sable
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	
O ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .	g it
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about bypass</u> .	<u>oass</u>
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn hostructure definition lists correctly</u>.</td><td>ow to</td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can propant announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>perly</td></tr><tr><td>O ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>L</u> how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.</td><td><u>earn</u></td></tr><tr><td> No form fields have multiple labels </td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use</td><td>either</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

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the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.

<frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles.	
<html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.</html>	^
If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text contains a language and the language attribute.	orrectly.
<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.	and the
Links are distinguishable without relying on color.	^
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable.	e for
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This n create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u> .	nay
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	convey
 Select elements have associated label elements. 	^
Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about select element</u> .	the
O Skip links are focusable.	^
Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.	
No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u> .	

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The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate table mark-up helps users of screen readers. <u>Learn more about summary and caption</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about the headers</u> <u>attribute</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> how to use the <u>lang attribute</u>.

video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more about video captions</u>.

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Best Practices

USER EXPERIENCE

Displays images with incorrect aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio.

URL Aspect Ratio Aspect Ratio (Displayed) (Actual)

127.0.0.1 1st Party

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URL	Aspect Ratio (Displayed)	Aspect Ratio (Actual)
slider/ryoji-iwata-wuzjnov7t0g-	1378 x 1080	4540 x 2100
unsplash.webp (127.0.0.1)	(1.28)	(2.16)

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

GENERAL

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. <u>Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.</u>

Name	Version
jQuery	3.4.1

PASSED AUDITS (13)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Avoids deprecated APIs

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Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

Avoids third-party cookies Support for third-party cookies will be removed in a future version of Chrome. Learn more about phasing out third-party cookies. Allows users to paste into input fields Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. Learn more about user-friendly input fields. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. No browser errors logged to the console

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Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser

concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

URL

127.0.0.1 1st Party

...bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (127.0.0.1) ...bootstrap/bootstrap.bundle.min.js.map (127.0.0.1)

NOT APPLICABLE (2)

O Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

Make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more about legible font sizes</u>.

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SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on

Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

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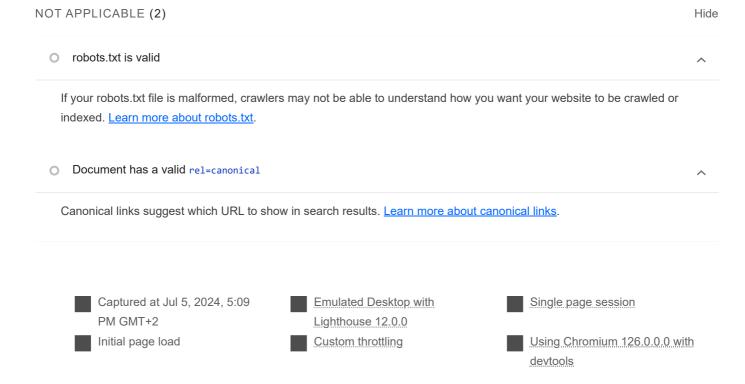
Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about</u> Structured Data.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (8) Hide Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more about crawler directives. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. Document has a meta description Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta description. Page has successful HTTP status code Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes. Links have descriptive text Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible. Links are crawlable Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute. Document has a valid hreflang hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region.

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Learn more about hreflang.



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