



## USAGE

Attach the `SnapshotMode.cs` script as a component to your main camera. Then, drag the `SnapshotModeCanvas` prefab from the Prefabs folder to the corresponding variable on the `SnapshotMode` component you just attached to your camera.

The `SnapshotMode.cs` script uses the `Shader.Find()` function extensively, so the user may need to add the shaders manually to the "Always Included Shaders" section in `Project Settings -> Graphics`.

No further configuration is required. If the user wishes to decouple the individual shader files from the provided script and use them in materials or other scripts, then a full rundown of the Properties on those shaders is provided.

All assets inside the `Scenes` folder are intended for demonstration purposes and can be safely deleted, although the user may find the `CameraMove.cs` script useful (attach this to your main camera as a component to enable a "flight mode" during gameplay).

## SHADERS INCLUDED

The following shaders are included:

- **Base** – preserves the original image colours;
- **Bloom** – makes bright portions of the image glow;
- **CRTScreen** – adds a screen overlay to mimic a CRT screen;
- **EdgeBlur** – keeps the image sharp in the centre, and blurs strongly towards the edges;
- **EdgeDetect** – detects edges in the images, colouring them white on a black background;
- **GaussianBlur** – blurs the image uniformly;
- **Greyscale** – turns the image greyscale based on pixel luminance;
- **Neon** – detects edges, saturates their colours and adds a bloom effect;

- **Painting** – employs a Kuwahara filter for an oil painting effect;
- **PixelGB** – pixelates the image and gives it four shades of green (based on the original Game Boy display);
- **PixelNES** – pixelates the image and posterises it to a smaller range of colours (based on the original NES display);
- **PixelSNES** – pixelates the image and posterises it to a larger range of colours than the PixelNES effect (based on the original SNES display);
- **Sepia** – turns the image sepia-tones based on pixel luminance;
- **Silhouette** – colours the image such that the closer the object, the more saturated the colour.

## SHADER PROPERTIES

Shaders contained within this package use the same conventions between shader files.

- **\_MainTex** – typically, for an image effect shader, the screen contents are automatically passed to the shader;
- **\_KernelSize** – for some shaders, this controls the number of pixels the filter operates over;
- **\_Spread** – for blurring shaders, this controls the strength of the blur;
- **\_Threshold** – for the Bloom shader, this controls the luminance over which bloom is applied;
- **\_Brightness** – for the CRTScreen shader, this controls the colour luminance shift upwards to correct for scanline darkness;
- **\_Contrast** – also for the CRTScreen shader, this controls the difference in luminance between light and dark pixels;
- **\_GB[colour]** – for the PixelGB shader, there are four properties for each possible pixel colour;
- **\_NearColour** – for the Silhouette shader, this controls the colour of objects existing at the camera's near clip distance;
- **\_FarColour** – for the Silhouette shader, this controls the colour of objects at the camera's far clip distance and in the background.