MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1601 01 00

	Section 1	PRODUCT AND COM	MPANY ID	======= ENTIFICATION	
PRODUCT N	UMBER		<u></u>		HMIS CODES 1th 2:
1601					mmability 4 ctivity 0
PRODUCT N					ccivicy
MANUFACTU THE SH KRYLON	RER'S NAME ERWIN-WILLIAM Products Gro		rossy BI		ELEPHONE NO. 2917
DATE OF P 04-DEC				(800) 832-	TELEPHONE NO. 2541
	Section 2	 COMPOSITION/INI			======================================
% by WT	CAS No.	INGREDIENT		UNITS	VAPOR PRESSUI
14	74-98-6	Propane ACGIH TLV	2500		760 r
6	106-97-8	OSHA PEL Butane	1000	ppm	
_		ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	800	ppm	760 t
2	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene		ppm	
		ACGIH TLV ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL			7.1 t
0	1000 00 8	OSHA PEL	125	ppm ppm STEL	
. 9	1330–20–7	ACGIH TLV ACGIH TLV	150	ppm ppm STEL	5.9 r
		OSHA PEL OSHA PEL	100 150	ppm ppm STEL	
36	67-64-1	Acetone			100
		ACGIH TLV ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	750	ppm ppm STEL ppm	180 r
13	78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl Ke ACGIH TLV			70 r
		ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	300 200	ppm ppm STEL ppm	70 1
8	108-65-6	OSHA PEL 1-Methoxy-2-Pro	panol A	ppm STEL cetate	1 0 -
0.5	1333-86-4	ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL Carbon Black		ailable	1.8 r
_		ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL	3.5 3.5	mg/m3 mg/m3	

1601 page 2

Section 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES

If INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.

Keep warm and quiet.

If on SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. If in EYES:

Get medical attention.

If SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

______ LEL UEL 1.0 13.1 FLASH POINT Propellant < 0 F

EXTINGŪISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.

Remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

NFPA 30B Level 2 Aerosol
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE
Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate

readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause

brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator

approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

1601 page 4

- PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

______ _____

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

6.36 lb/gal 761 g/l PRODUCT WEIGHT 0.76 <0 - 302 F <-18 - 150 C Not Available SPECIFIC GRAVITY BOILING POINT MELTING POINT VOLATILE VOLUME 92 EVAPORATION RATE Faster than ether Heavier than air VAPOR DENSITY N.A. SOLUBILITY IN WATER 7.0 рΗ

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)

Volatile Weight 51.76 % Less Federally Exempt Solvents _________

Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY -- Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known. INCOMPATIBILITY None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Carbon Black is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone may increase the nervous system effects of other solvents.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming and reproductive systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents

with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOX	CAS No.	Ingredient N	ame	_			
	74-98-6	Propane	LC50	 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
) ,	106-97-8	Butane	LD50	RAT		Not Available	
			LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available	
	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available 3500 mg/kg	
	1330-20-7	Xylene	LC50	RAT	4HR	5000 ppm	
	67-64-1	Acetone	LD50	RAT		4300 mg/kg	
			LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available 5800 mg/kg	
	78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available 2740 mg/kg	
	108-65-6	1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate					
		-	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available 8500 mg/kg	
	1333-86-4	Carbon Black	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available	

Section 12 -- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA

hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 -- TRANSPORT INFORMATION

No data available.

Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No.	CHEMICAL	COMPOUND	%]	by	WT	%	Element
100-41-4 1330-20-7	Ethylbenzene Xylene			2			-
78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl	Ketone		13			

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.