

Bregman Neural Networks

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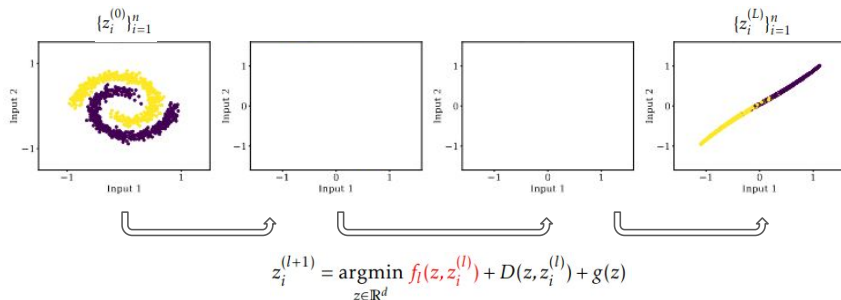
The Thirty-ninth International Conference on Machine Learning, Baltimore, USA

Context: Representation Learning



Learn a representation linearly separable

Bilevel Framework



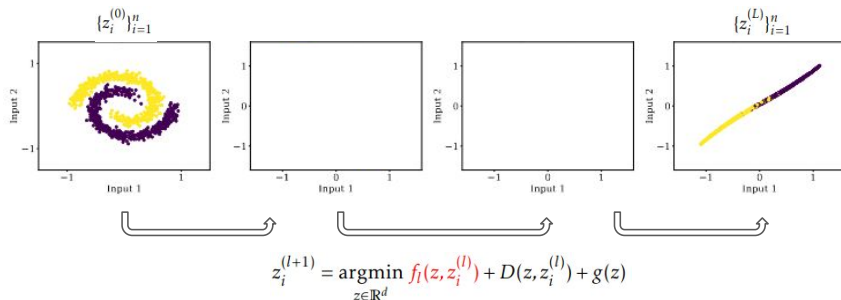
Hyperparameter

- f_l : promotes the next representation depending on the previous one

Fixed

- D : divergence between two successive representations
- g : regularization

Bilevel Framework



Multi-layered Bilevel Problem

$$\min_{\psi, \{f_l\}_{l=0}^{L-1}} \sum_{i=1}^n \ell(\psi(z_i^{(L)}), y_i) \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \begin{cases} z_i^{(0)} = x_i \\ \text{for } l = 0, 1, \dots, L-1 \\ \left[z_i^{(l+1)} = \operatorname{argmin}_{z \in \mathbb{R}^d} f_l(z, z_i^{(l)}) + D(z, z_i^{(l)}) + g(z) \right] \end{cases}$$

Connections with Neural Networks

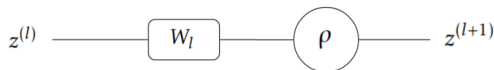
Informal Theorem

For f_l bi-linear, D a quadratic distance and g a convex function:

\Rightarrow **Multilayer perceptron**

$\nabla f_l \Leftrightarrow$ bias and weight W_l

proximal operator of $g \Leftrightarrow$ activation function ρ



Connections with Neural Networks

Informal Theorem

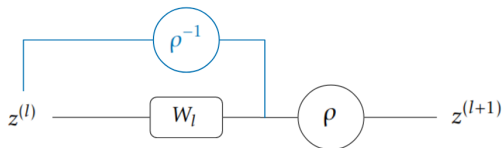
For f_l bi-linear, D a Bregman distance and g a convex function:

\Rightarrow **Bregman multilayer perceptron**

$\nabla f_l \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad$ bias and weight W_l

proximal operator of g
with Bregman distance \Leftrightarrow activation function ρ

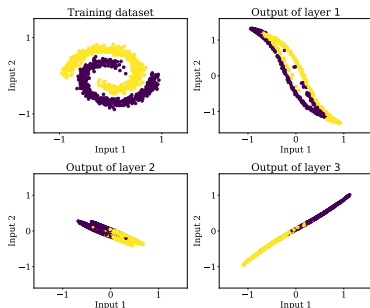
Bregman distance \Leftrightarrow residual term



Numerical Experiments on Two-Spiral Dataset

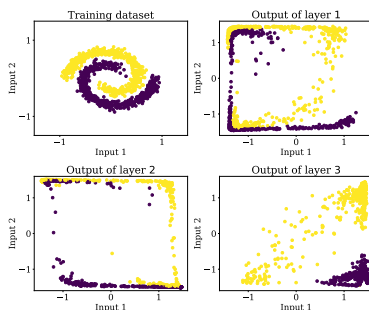
MLP with 3 layers and 2 neurons per layer

Standard MLP



👎 small separation

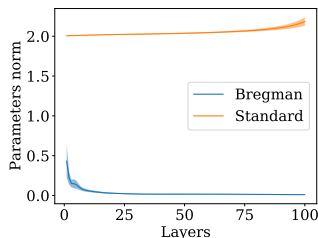
Bregman MLP



👍 higher separation

Numerical Experiments on Two-Spiral Dataset

MLP with 100 layers and 2 neurons per layer



Standard MLP

- 👎 increasing impact with #layers
- 👎 highly sensible to initialization

Bregman MLP

- 👍 decreasing impact with #layers
- 👍 slightly sensible to initialization

Extension to other architectures

ResNet

$$z \leftarrow \text{ReLU} \left(z + \text{Conv2} \left[\text{ReLU}(\text{Conv1}[z]) \right] \right)$$

BregmanResNet

$$z \leftarrow \rho \left(\rho^{-1}(z) + \text{Conv2} \left[\rho(\text{Conv1}[z]) \right] \right)$$

Extension to other architectures

ResNet

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BregmanResNet

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	Test accuracy	ℓ_∞ -Robust accuracy	ℓ_2 -Robust accuracy
BregmanResNet20 (atan)	89.11 (\pm 0.20)	33.86 (\pm 0.68)	50.56 (\pm 0.52)
BregmanResNet20 (tanh)	89.28 (\pm 0.28)	35.29 (\pm 1.51)	51.68 (\pm 1.42)
BregmanResNet20 (sigmoid)	89.75 (\pm 0.23)	33.26 (\pm 1.47)	50.40 (\pm 1.46)
BregmanResNet20 (softplus)	90.82 (\pm 0.12)	42.46 (\pm 1.25)	53.13 (\pm 1.68)
ResNet20	90.80 (\pm 0.18)	40.84 (\pm 0.71)	51.65 (\pm 1.32)

Residual networks on CIFAR-10



Similar test accuracy



Higher robust accuracies with Bregman variant

Thank You

BregmaNet : Bregman Neural Networks

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BregmaNet is a PyTorch library providing multiple **Bregman Neural Networks**. To date, implemented models cover Bregman variants of multi-layer perceptrons and various residual networks.

PyTorch library available at <https://github.com/JordanFrecon/bregmanet>