# CS 511: Homework Assignment 1 Due: Saturday 14 September, 11:55pm

## 1 Assignment Policies

Collaboration Policy. This assignment must be done individually. It is acceptable for students to collaborate in understanding the material but not in solving the problems or programming, unless they are members of the same group. Use of the Internet is allowed, but should not include searching for existing solutions.

Under absolutely no circumstances code can be exchanged between students of different groups. Excerpts of code presented in class can be used.

Assignments from previous offerings of the course must not be reused. Violations will be penalized appropriately.

**Late Policy.** Late submissions are allowed. The policy is 2 points off for every hour past the deadline.

## 2 Concurrent File Writing

The idea behind this assignment is to get students familiar with the basics of threads in Java. The task itself is quite simple, but the implementation does involve some consideration about how multi-threaded programs work, and forces the student to think about the role each thread should play in the task.

In this assignment, students will implement a method that reads a text file into memory, concurrently rearranges this buffer, and then writes the rearranged buffer into an new output file. Figure 1 depicts this architecture in the case that the rearrangement is performed by 4 threads. The input and output buffer are different buffers.

Each piece of a file being arranged is defined as a "chunk." We will assume that chunks are always the same size, meaning there is never a "leftover" chunk. In particular, the file size must be a multiple of the chunk size. The size of each chunk is specified by the user in stdin as a command line argument. The name

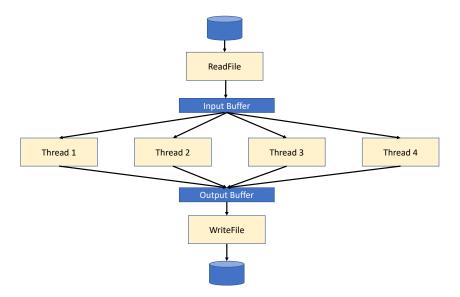


Figure 1: Assignment architecture

of the output file is "output.txt". The number of chunks that make up a file can be calculated by dividing the file size by the specified chunk size.

The order in which a file's chunks are rearranged is based on a rearrangement pattern, similar to pattern matching. Each chunk is named in order with respect to the alphabet. A file with 5 chunks would have chunks 'a' to 'e'. A possible reordering of this file would be the rearrangement pattern 'a c b e d'. For example, given the file "AAA BBB CCC DDD EEE", a specified chunk size of 4, and the pattern 'a c b e d' the output of the program should be "AAA CCC BBB EEE DDD". The rearrangement pattern is input via stdin.

```
-> FileWriteAssignment java TextSwap 4 numbers.txt
Input 5 character(s) ('a' - 'e') for the pattern.
b
a
c
e
d
```

## 2.1 File Structure

This assignment consists of the following files:

- Interval.java. Declares the Interval class.
- TextSwap.java. Declares the TextSwap class. This class holds the main method from which the assignment is executed.

- Swapper.java. Declares the Swapper class.
- letters.txt. A sample text file.

#### 2.1.1 TextSwap

The TextSwap class contains much of the logic for the assignment. It has the methods:

- private static String readFile (String filename) throws Exception

  This method should read from a specified file by placing it into a String-Builder object and then returning the toString() of that object.
- private static Interval[] getIntervals (int numChunks, int chunkSize)

  This method returns an array of "Intervals". An interval is just a pair of integers that specify the start and end index of a chunk. These intervals will be delegated to the appropriate threads to ensure the reordering is proper.
- private static char[] runSwapper (String content, int chunkSize, int numChunks)

  This method does much of the actual logic of the class. It creates the intervals, runs the Swapper threads, and returns the reordered buffer that will be written to the new file.
- private static void writeToFile (String contents, int chunkSize, int numChunks) throws Exception This method writes the buffer to a new file.
- public static void main (String [] args)

The main should parse two command line inputs, a chunk size and a filename. The size of the file and the number of chunks should then be calculated, and the new pattern of letters should be read from stdin. If the number of chunks is more than 26, then execution should halt with an error message "Chunk size too small". If the file size is not a multiple of the chunk size, then execution should halt with an error message "File size must be a multiple of the chunk size". Note that there may be other methods necessary to complete this class, but they can also be inlined into these methods.

#### 2.1.2 Swapper

This class, which should implement the Runnable interface, will write to the buffer given its Interval. It has the fields offset, interval, content, buffer:

```
public class Swapper implements Runnable {
    private int offset;
    private Interval interval;
    private String content;
    private char[] buffer;
```

Offset: specifies the starting index in the buffer where the content will be placed. Interval: specifies the starting and ending index of the content in the original file that is being swapped. Content: the entire original file in a String. Buffer: The shared char[] that the result is being written to.

#### • public void run ()

Write the specified content into the buffer. Helper methods may be used to retrieve the content and insert it into the proper spot in the buffer.

#### 2.1.3 Interval

This is exactly what you would expect from any "Pair" class. There is even a Pair class in the Java library that can be used instead.

## 3 Your Task

Implement Swapper.java and the methods runSwapper and getIntervals in file TextSwap.java.

## 4 Submission Instructions

Submit a zip file named hw1\_<Surname>.zip (where <Surname> should be replaced by your surname) through Canvas containing all the files included in the stub but where all required operations have been implemented.