

CS 1324 Spring 2021 Homework 13 Classes with Generics

Jordan McFadden

TOTAL POINTS

20 / 20

QUESTION 1

1 Question 1 8 / 8

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

- **1 pts** The main stack identifier is missing/incorrect
- **1 pts** The main stack Contents is missing/incorrect
- **2 pts** The heap identifiers are missing/incorrect
- **2 pts** The heap Contents are missing/ incorrect
- **1 pts** Size and/or Capacity are missing/incorrect in

heap

- **0 pts** ArrayList contents in heap are not in order
- **8 pts** Incorrect/ Empty submission

QUESTION 2

6 pts

2.1 Question 2a 2 / 2

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

- **2 pts** Incorrect/Empty submission
- **1 pts** Incorrect parameters
- **1 pts** Incorrect return type/ method name

2.2 Question 2b 2 / 2

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

- **2 pts** Incorrect/Empty Submission
- **1 pts** Incorrect parameters
- **1 pts** Incorrect return type/ method name
- **0 pts** Missing parameters

2.3 Question 2c 2 / 2

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

- **2 pts** Incorrect/Empty Submission
- **1 pts** Incorrect parameters
- **1 pts** Incorrect return type/ method name
- **0 pts** Missing parameters

QUESTION 3

4 pts

3.1 Question 3a 2 / 2

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

- **2 pts** Incorrect/Empty Submission
- **1 pts** new ArrayList with existing data is missing
- **1 pts** List is not shuffled

3.2 Question 3b 1 / 1

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

- **2 pts** Incorrect/Empty Submission
- **1 pts** Collection methods are not used correctly

3.3 Question 3c 1 / 1

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

- **2 pts** Incorrect/Empty Submission
- **1 pts** Missing arguments

QUESTION 4

4 Everyone gets 2 free points because Dr. Trytten can't add well 2 / 2

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

Homework 13: Classes with Generics

CS 1323/4 Spring 2021

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1. (8 points) Trace the code below in the given memory diagram. Since PDF files do not allow strikethroughs, separate words that are replaced with commas and put the new word on the right. For example, if “a” were replaced by “B” in the heap, the table would look as follows:

heap		
Identifier	Address	Contents
	500	“a”, “B”

```
public class ArrayListTest {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        ArrayList<String> ambroggio  
            = new ArrayList<String>(8);1  
        ambroggio.add("The");  
        ambroggio.add("sublimity");  
        ambroggio.add(2, "of");  
        ambroggio.add("eagle's");  
        ambroggio.remove("of");  
        ambroggio.add("flight");  
        ambroggio.remove(1);  
        ambroggio.set(1, "winged");  
        ambroggio.add("purpose");  
    }  
}
```

¹ From a lovely poem by Luis Alberto Ambroggio. <https://www.poetryfoundation.org/poems/150383/we-are-all-whitman-30-animal-song>

main stack frame		
Identifier	Address	Contents
ambroggio	100	1000
	101	
	102	
	103	

heap		
Identifier	Address	Contents
0	1000	null, The
1	1001	null, sublimity, eagle's, winged
2	1002	null, of, eagle's, flight
3	1003	null, eagle's, null, flight, null, purpose
4	1004	null
5	1005	null
6	1006	null
7	1007	null
capacity	1008	8
size	1009	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4
	1010	
	1011	
	1012	

2. (6 points) Write the **signature of the methods** described below. Do not write the methods.

a) The method determines whether or not an `ArrayList<Integer>` contains at most a given number of copies of a given `int` value. For example: this method would return `true` if the `ArrayList` that contains `{1, 3, 5, 3, 1}`, `1`, and `2` were given as arguments. If that same `ArrayList`, `5` and `2` were given as arguments, the method would return `false`.

```
public static boolean isRepeated(ArrayList<Integer> list, int value, int timesRepeated)
```

b) The method returns a newly constructed `ArrayList<String>` that contains three given `String` values repeated as many times as necessary for a given size. For example: If the method was given the values `"A"`, `"B"`, and `"C"` and the given size was `5`, the returned `ArrayList<String>` would contain `{"A", "B", "C", "A", "C"}`.

```
public static ArrayList<String> repeatedString(String first, String second, String third, int size)
```

c) The method returns a newly constructed `ArrayList<Integer>` that contains the values in a given array of `int` values repeated as many times as necessary for a given size. For example: If the method was given an `int` array that contained `{3, 5, 7}` and the given size was `5`, the returned `ArrayList<Integer>` would contain `{3, 5, 7, 3, 5}`.

```
public static ArrayList<Integer> repeatedInt(int[] array, int size)
```

3. (6 points) Use method(s) in the Collections class to write a **code fragment** to solve the problems below.

a) Take a given `ArrayList<String>` with reference data and create a new `ArrayList<String>` with the same values in random order. For example: if data contained {"b", "a", "c"}, the new `ArrayList<String>` might contain {"c", "b", "a"} after being randomized. The `ArrayList<String>` data should not be modified.

```
public static ArrayList<String> randomizeElements(ArrayList<String> data)
{
    ArrayList<String> result = new ArrayList<String>(data.size());
    for (int i = 0; i < data.size(); ++i)
    {
        result.add(data.get(i));
    }
    Collections.shuffle(result);
    return result;
}
```

b) Print out the range of values in an `ArrayList<Integer>` with reference list to the console. For example: If list contained {5, 3, 2, 1, 4, 9, 7, 3}, the printout should say "1 to 9".

```
System.out.println(Collections.min(list) + " to " + Collections.max(list));
```

c) Swap the first and last values in an `ArrayList<String>` with reference list. For example: if list contained {"A", "F", "C"} initially, it should contain {"C", "F", "A"} after the operation.

```
Collections.swap(list, 0, list.size() - 1);
```