

IPC-HERMES-9852

The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly



The Hermes Standard:

The new backbone for
board-flow data management
in Smart SMT Factories

www.the-hermes-standard.info



IPC-HERMES-9852
The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly

Welcome to The Hermes Standard for M 2 M communication



Our World becomes digital



Welcome to The Hermes Standard for M 2 M communication



Everything Gets Connected.



Innovation in Communication “Every Day Life”

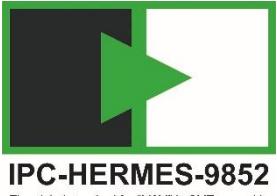


All the way from manual switch boards...



... to instant global connections.

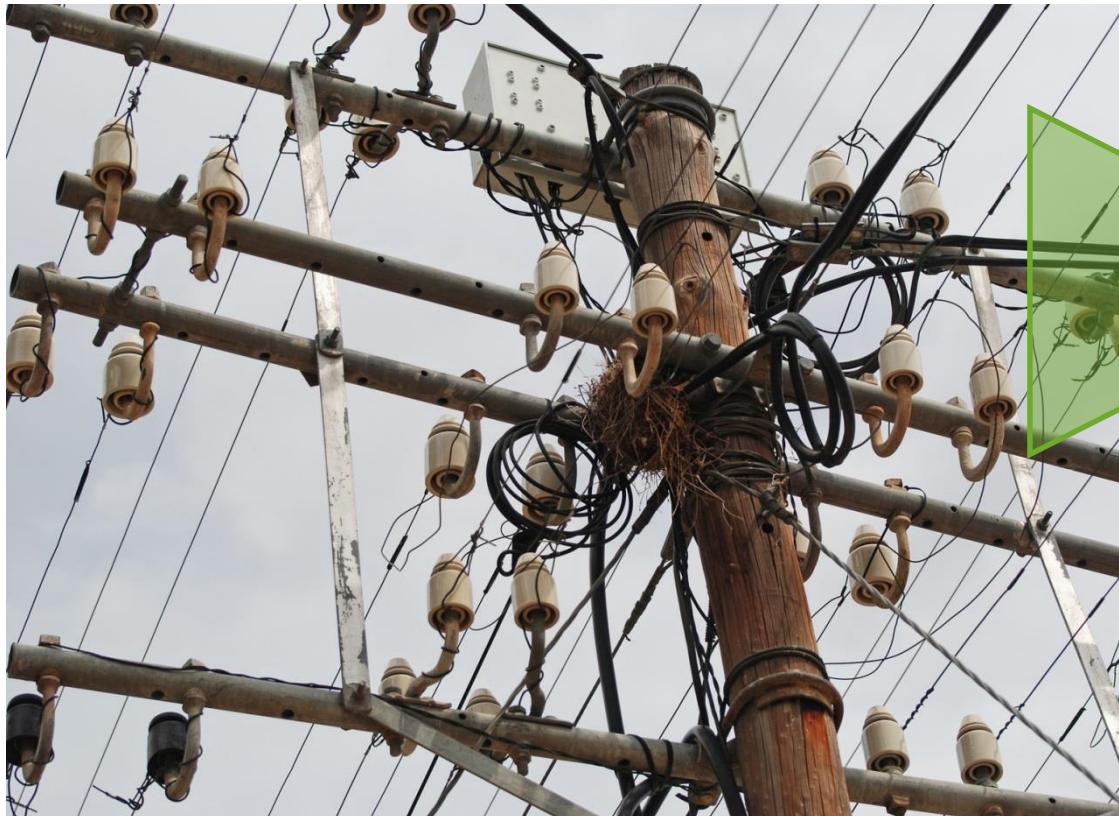




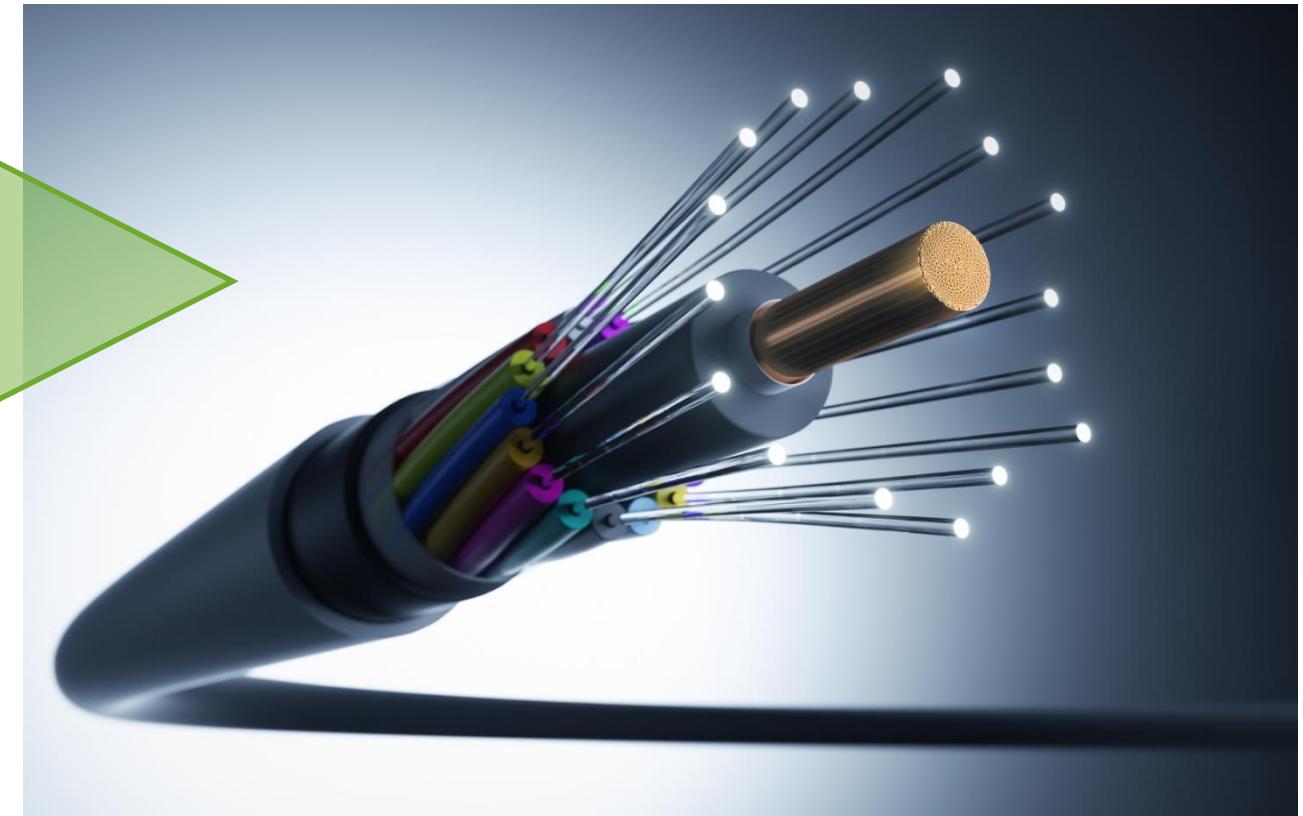
Innovation in Communication “Telecommunications Infrastructure”

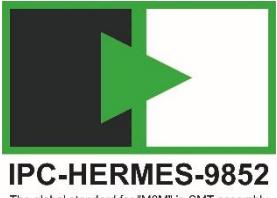


From „One line – Two wires each“...



... to multi channel glass fibre.





Innovation in Communication “Along the SMT Line”

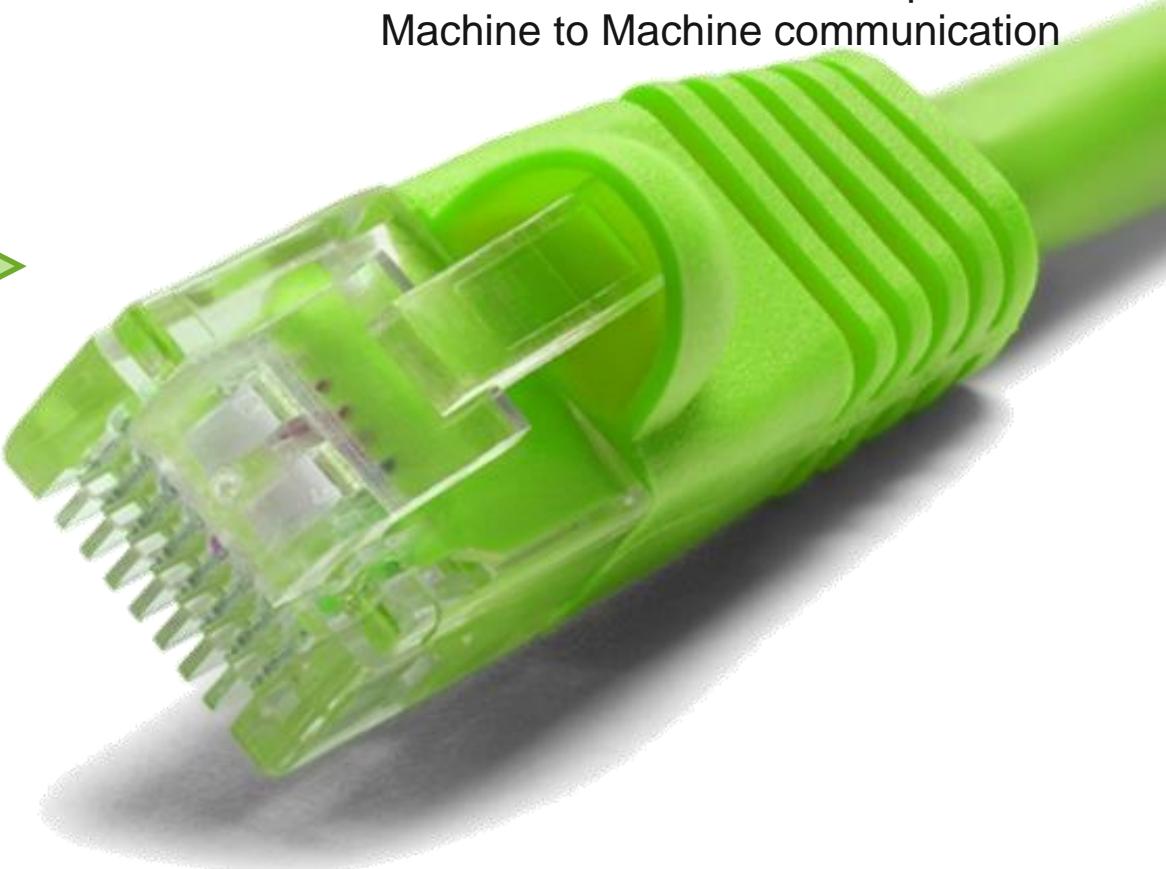


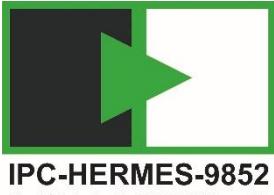
From IPC-SMEMA 9851...



... to The Hermes Standard

for vendor independent
Machine to Machine communication

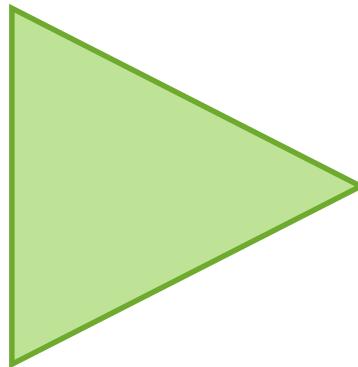




Innovation in Communication “Along the SMT Line”



From IPC-SMEMA 9851...



... to The Hermes Standard

for vendor independent
Machine to Machine communication



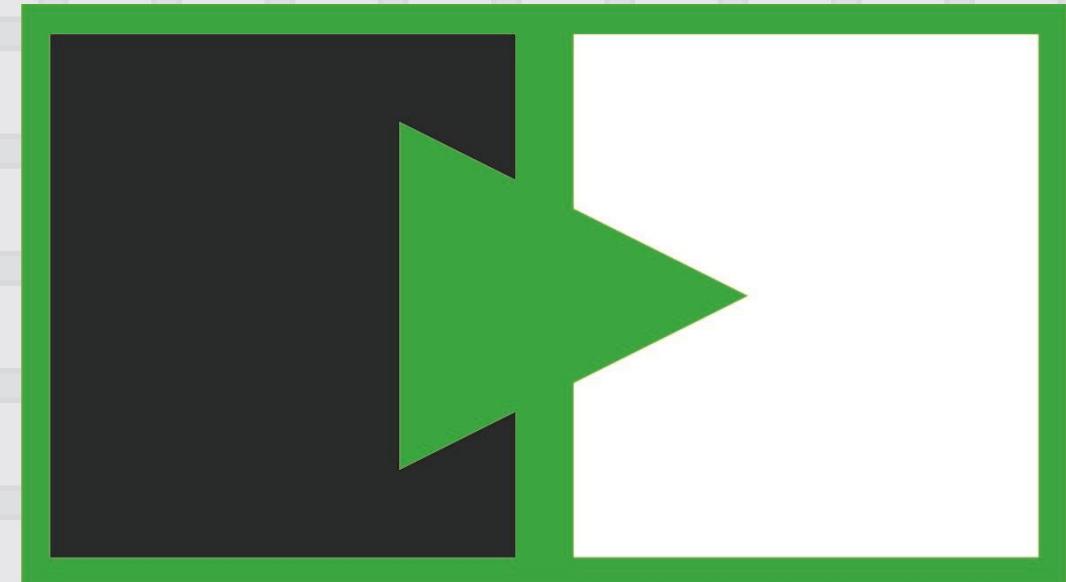
The Hermes Standard for vendor independent machine-to-machine communication in SMT Assembly.

Images: Licensed by Fotolia.de for use by ASM AS



Innovation in Communication

"Welcome to The Hermes Standard"



IPC-HERMES-9852

The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly



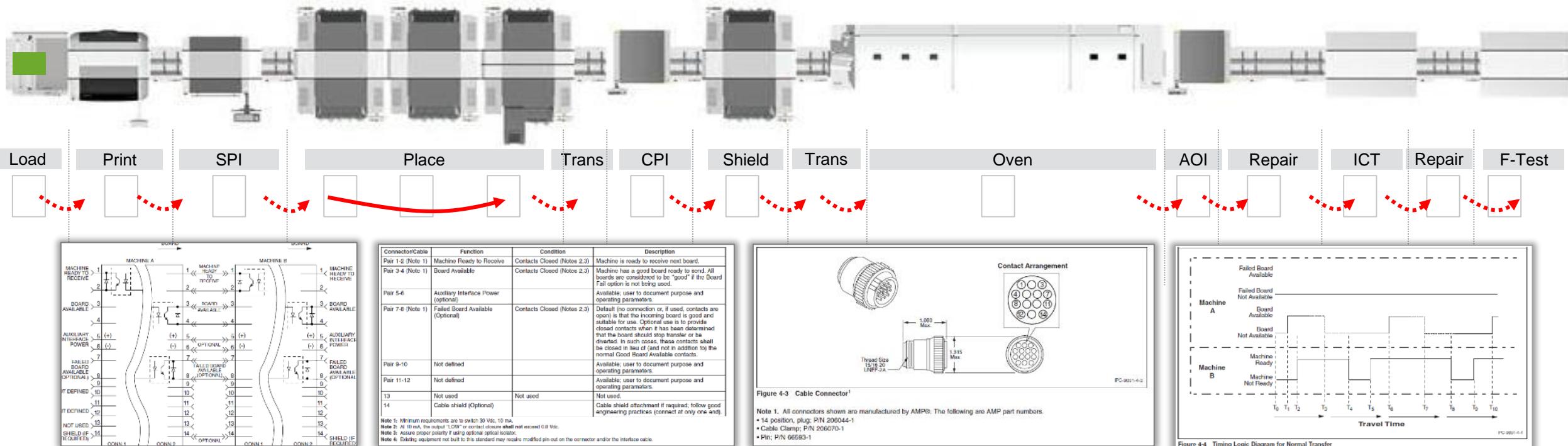
The Hermes Standard for vendor independent machine-to-machine communication in SMT Assembly.

Challenges: The Situation before The Hermes Standard

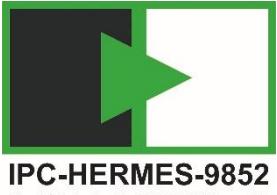
How does SMEMA* work?

Source: IPC SMEMA 9851
Mechanical Equipment Interface Standard, IPC, Rev. 2007

E.g.: Communication for board transfer

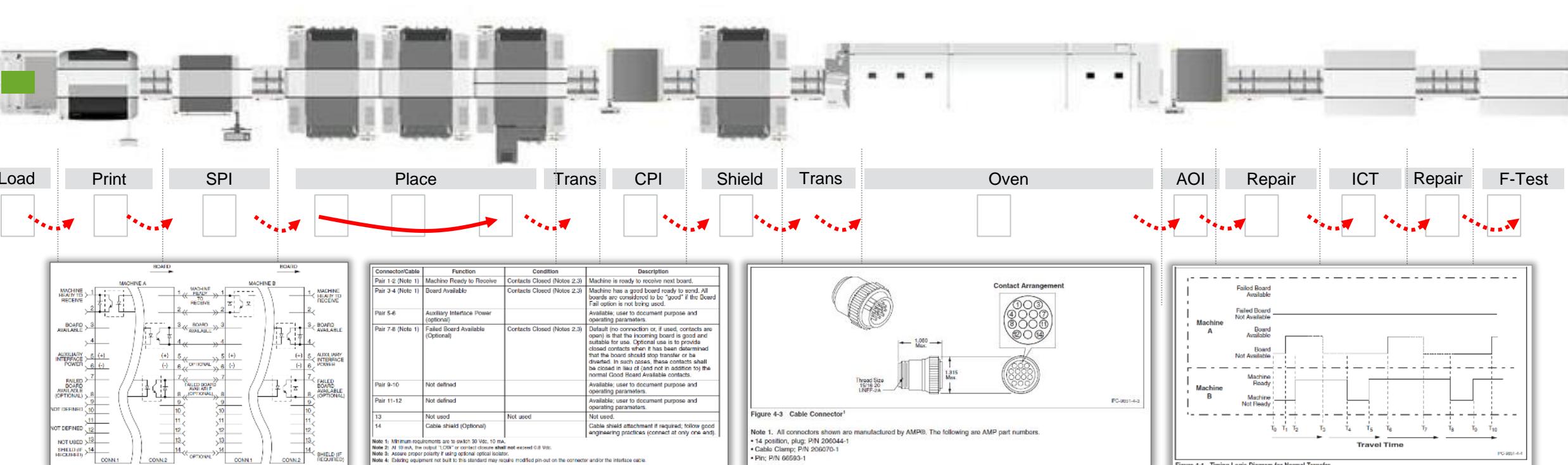


*IPC-SMEMA Standard 9851



Challenges: The Situation before The Hermes Standard

How does SMEMA* work?

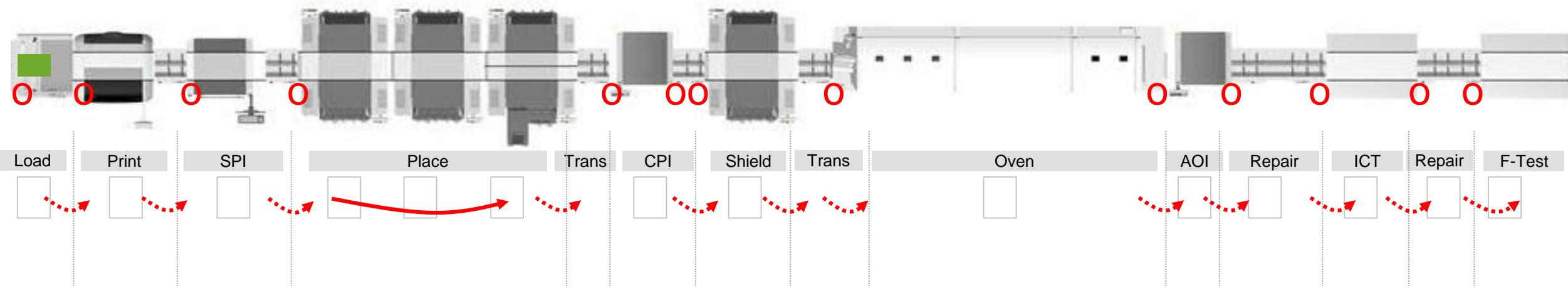


Source: IPC SMEMA 9851
Mechanical Equipment Interface Standard, IPC,
Rev. 2007

*IPC-SMEMA Standard 9851

Challenges: The Situation before The Hermes Standard **How does SMEMA* work?**

E.g.: PCB identification



In mixed vendor lines,
ID readers were required
before each machine

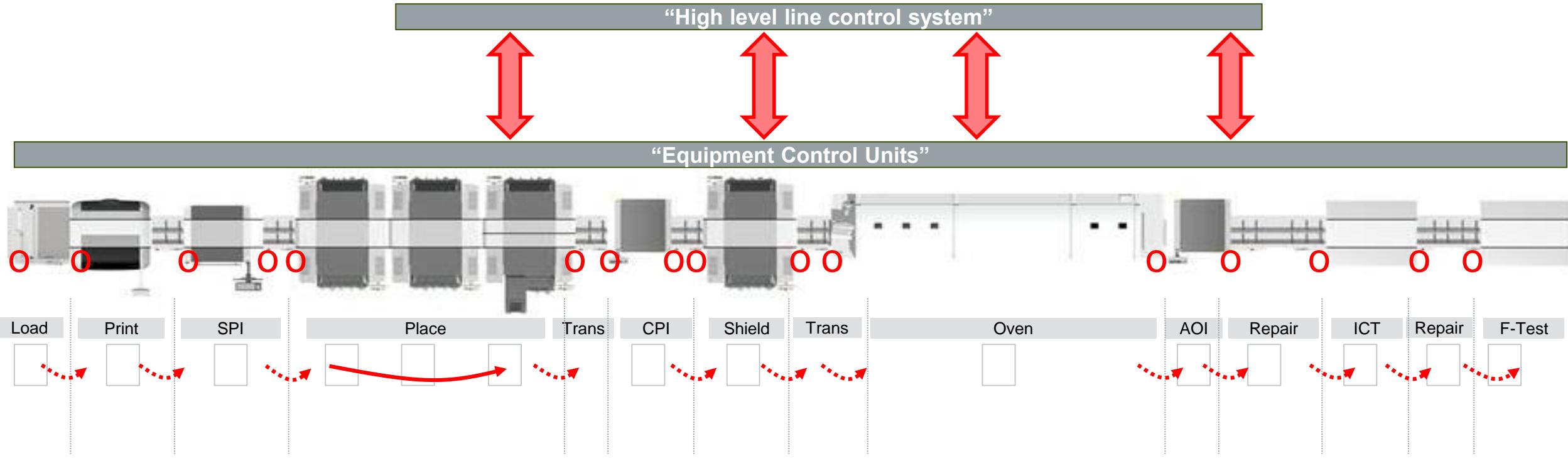
- Board ID Scanning required

*IPC-SMEMA Standard 9851



Challenges: The Situation before The Hermes Standard

High level line control was burdened with additional load and complexity

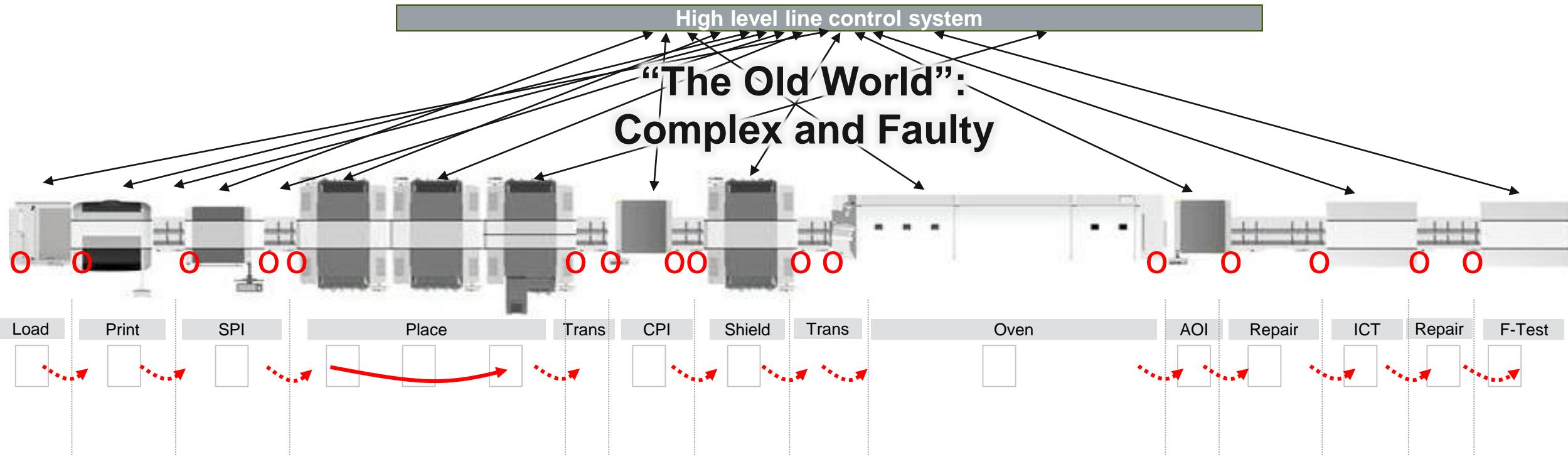


- Board ID Scanning required



Challenges: The Situation before The Hermes Standard

High level line control was burdened with additional load and complexity



No data available, no closed loop handover.

- Board ID Scanning required

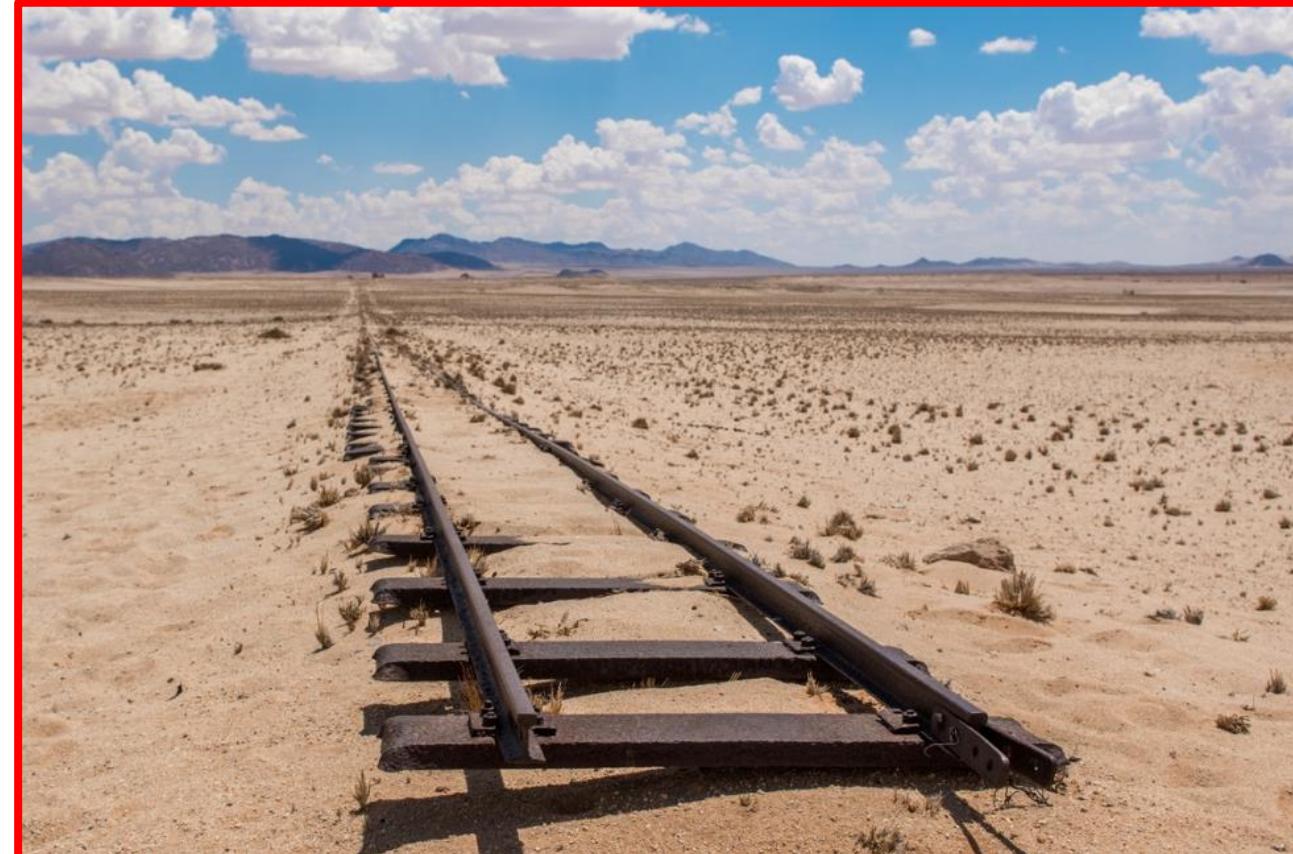
“Old” versus “New”

SMEMA cannot be upgraded to unleash the options of latest technology

IPC-SMEMA-9851

- Multiple cable types. At least 4 different types of cables:
Plug – Pin, Plug – socket, Plug – plug and Pin – pin
- Rather expensive due to dedicated HW requirements.
- Need to check each machine to connect for getting the right cable
- Additional information needs to be modulated on the hardware signals
- There is no general system to keep additional information through several machines

SMEMA was leading edge process technology when defined, but it offers no option for “the future”



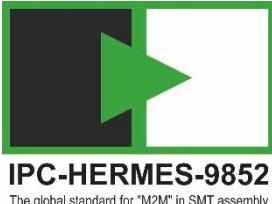
“Old” versus “New”

The Hermes Standard: New Generation Technology

Why is The Hermes Standard the better solution?

- **Protocol based** instead of “signal based”:
Easy to adjust and easy to expand for integrating further information.
- **Standard components** instead of “special needs”:
Cables, plugs and interfaces inexpensive and easily available .
- **Integrated data management** versus separation:
Consistent board and data assignment.



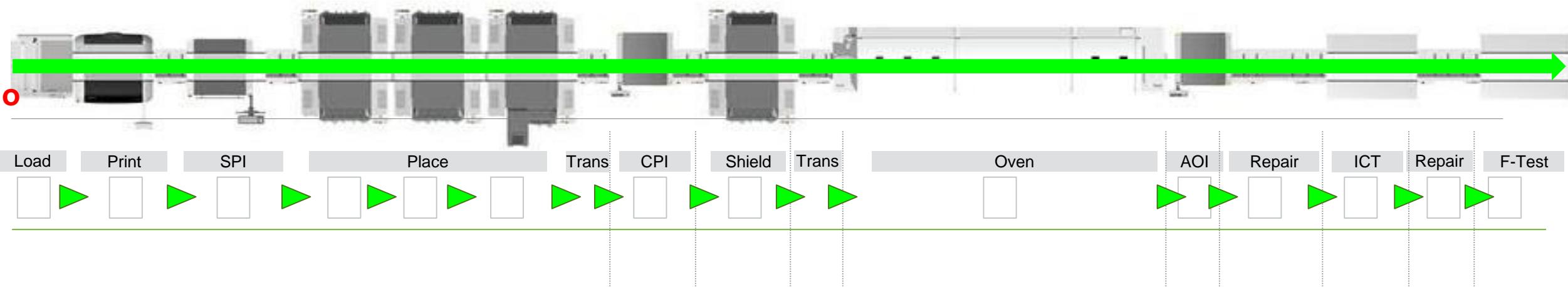


The Hermes Standard

More Value through smooth communication

The Hermes Standard (IPC-HERMES-9852)

Full Process data availability, maximum line throughput & traceability.



- Standardized M to M Interface via The Hermes Standard
- Need for board identification (Barcode scanning / RFID reading, etc) only once per line and typically at the beginning:

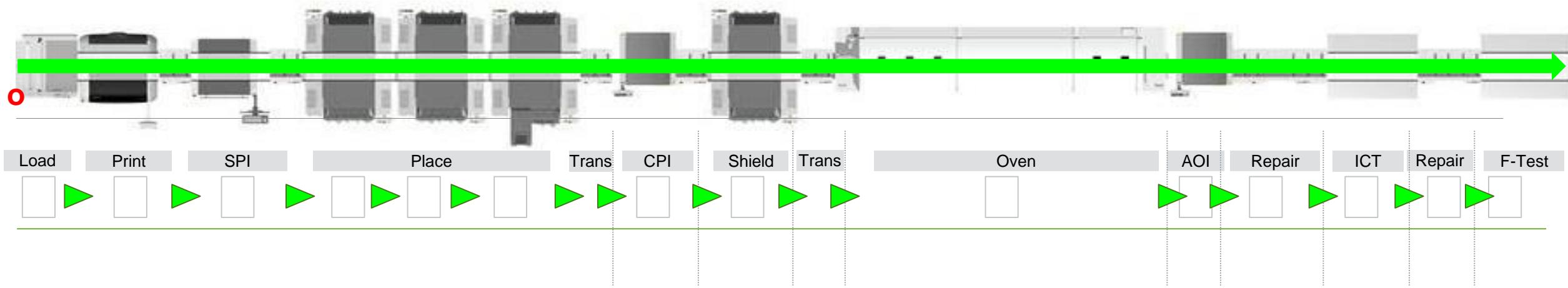




The Hermes Standard More Value through smooth communication

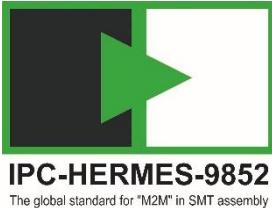


The Hermes Standard (IPC-HERMES-9852)
Full Process data availability, maximum line throughput & traceability.



The product drives the change!



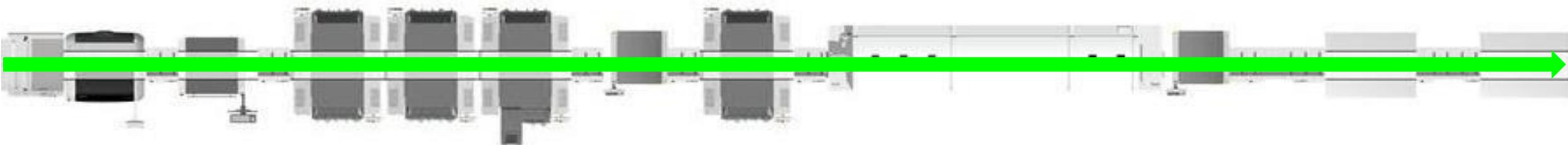


The Hermes Standard Designed to meet the requirements – today and in future



The Hermes Standard (IPC-HERMES-9852)

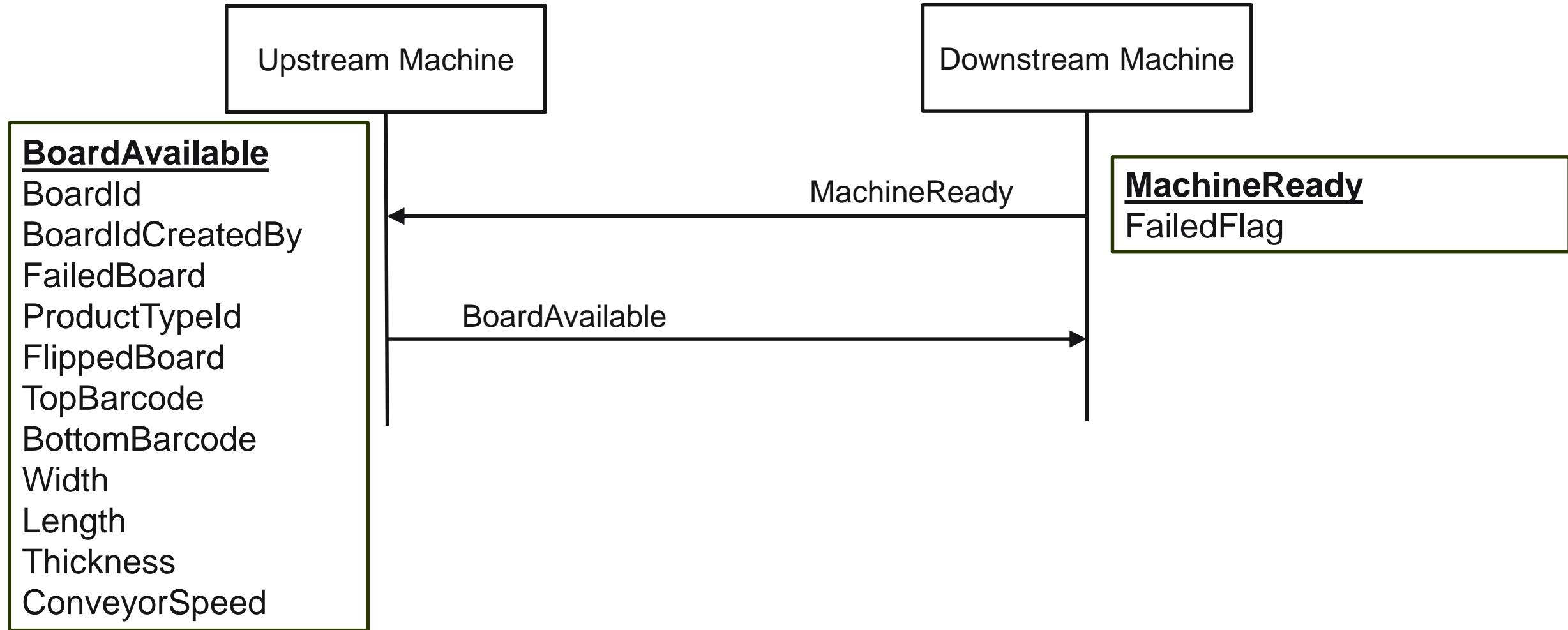
Full Process data availability, maximum line throughput & traceability.



- 1) Generic communication back bone to work even in mixed-brand equipment lines.
- 2) Product centric approach, keeping complexity under control.
- 3) Board tracking along the entire line with single board ID reading possible.
- 4) Open protocol, adaptable to further and future requirements.
- 5) Standard Interfaces (Ethernet) reduce cost and effort for installation.



The Hermes Standard protocol: “step by step” **Signalling MachineReady (downstream) and BoardAvailable (upstream)**



The Hermes Standard protocol: “step by step”

What kind of data can be transmitted?

BoardAvailable	Type	Range	Optional	Description
◆ BoardId	string	GUID	no	Indicating the ID of the available board
◆ BoardIdCreatedBy	string	non-empty string	no	Machineld of the machine which created the BoardId (the first machine in a consecutive row of machines implementing this protocol). The Machineld is part of the Hermes configuration.
◆ FailedBoard	int	0 .. 2	no	A value of the list below
◆ ProductTypeld	string	any string	yes	Identifies a collection of PCBs sharing common properties
◆ FlippedBoard	int	0 .. 2	no	A value of the list below
◆ TopBarcode	string	any string	yes	The barcode of the top side of the PCB
◆ BottomBarcode	string	any string	yes	The barcode of the bottom side of the PCB
◆ Length	float	positive numbers	yes	The length of the PCB in millimeter.
◆ Width	float	positive numbers	yes	The width of the PCB in millimeter.
◆ Thickness	float	positive numbers	yes	The thickness of the PCB in millimeter.
◆ ConveyorSpeed	float	positive numbers	yes	The conveyor speed preferred by the upstream machine in millimeter per second

FailedBoard may be one of the following values:

- 0 Board of unknown quality available
- 1 Good board available
- 2 Failed board available

FlippedBoard may be one of the following values:

- 0 Side up is unknown
- 1 Board top side is up
- 2 Board bottom side is up



The Hermes Standard protocol: “step by step” **What is a GUID?**

Globally Unique Identifier

eg. 123e4567-e89b-12d3-a456-426655440000

Chances of collision are negligible

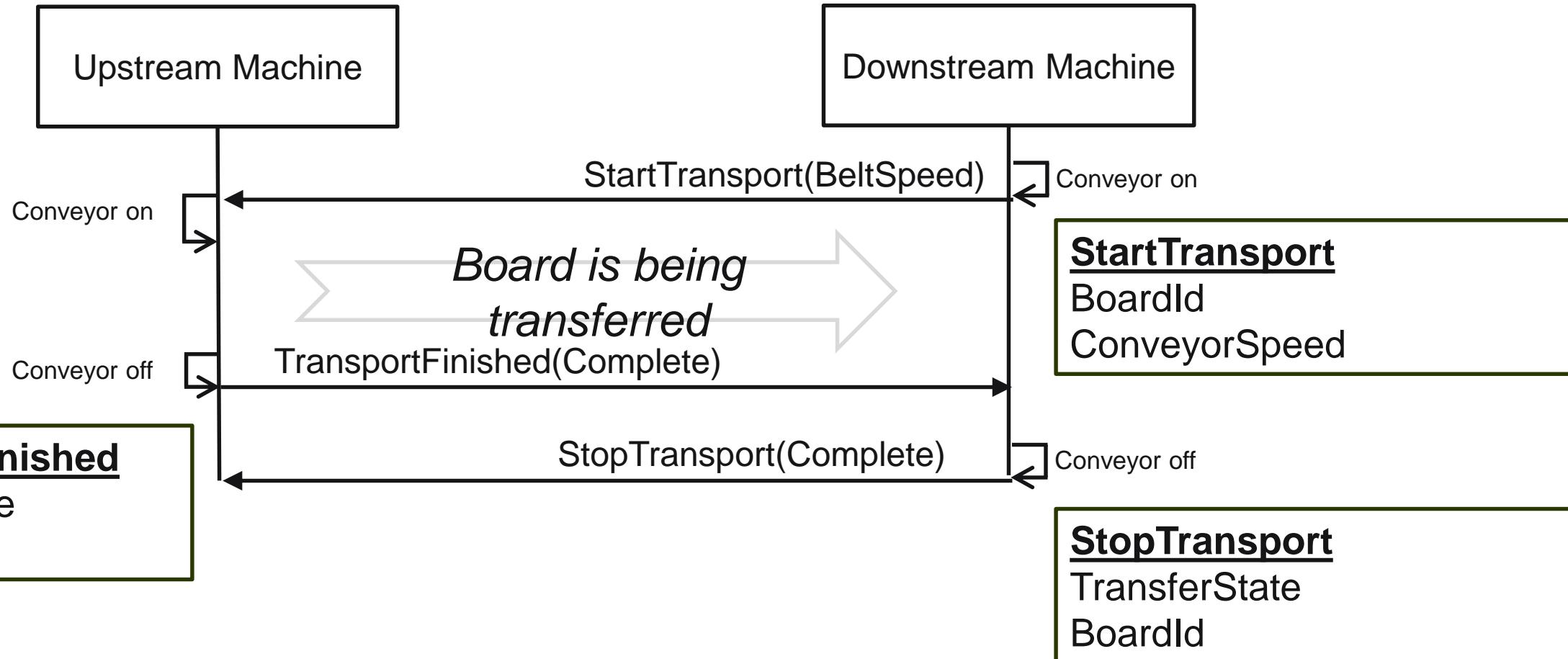
5.3×10^{36} randomly generatable GUIDs exist

Need to generate 2.7×10^{18} for a 50% collision chance

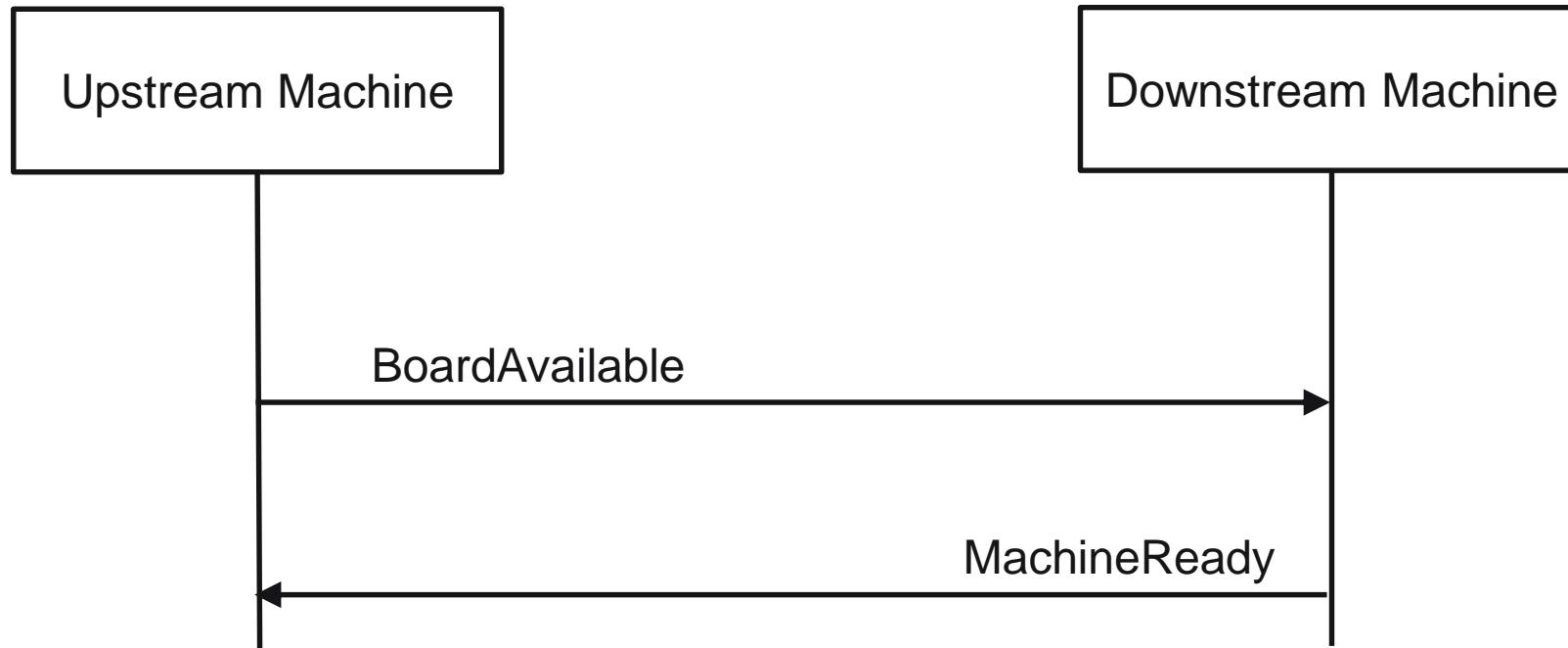
Hermes uses GUIDs as a handle to uniquely identify and track boards

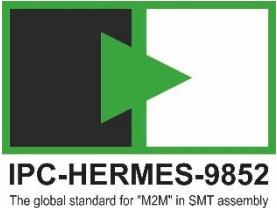


The Hermes Standard protocol: “step by step” Board Handover



The Hermes Standard protocol: “step by step” **... and so on ...**





Standing on the shoulders of giants: TCP/IP and XML



TCP/IP

Reliable connection-oriented communication protocol
Provides time-out handling

XML

Tagged data to ensure compatibility with future versions of Hermes
Predefined W3C standards for date, time, representation of floating point numbers etc.
For simplicity, restricted to UTF-8 (for Hermes 1.0, this effectively amounts to ASCII).
Overhead in size irrelevant for Hermes messages





Welcome to The Hermes Standard
IPC-HERMES-9852 for M 2 M communication



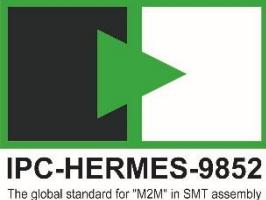
The Hermes Standard
gets everything connected.



The Hermes Standard Introduction to The Hermes Standard Initiative



Connectivity Needs Cooperation



The Hermes Standard Initiative Core guidelines



- The Hermes Standard Initiative is a joint project of leading vendors of electronics assembly equipment.
- Active participation is open to all vendors of electronics assembly equipment.
- All members are equally important in a fair and open decision making process.

The Hermes Standard time line Impressively fast growth of members base

Event Date	Event Description	Member Count	Phase
Early 2016	First Discussions		
March 2017	Foundation Meeting (First “Members’ Meeting”) Agreement on Release Vso.1.0	16 members	Specification
April 2017	Public Website Online		Released Products
June 2017	“Members’ Forum” website online		Field Tests
November 2017	Second “Members Meeting”, official Go Live! and exhibiting at Productronica in Munich; Release of Vso 1.0 Rev1	27 members	Productive Solutions
February 2018	Joint activity with ipc cfx and exhibiting at APEX in San Diego		
April 2018	Third “Members’ Meeting” and exhibiting at Nepcon China Planned to release Vso 1.1	~ 45 members	
August 2018	Announcement of IPC-HERMES-9852	> 50 members	
January 2019	Fourth “Members Meeting” at APEX Expo in San Diego, CA, USA		
March 2019	Release version 1.2		
June 2019	IPC specification document released at https://shop.ipc.org/IPC-HERMES-9852-English-D >60 members		
Next Event: November 2019	Fifth “Members Meeting” at Productronica in Munich, joint Demo Line “Hermes/CFX”		



The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly

The Hermes Standard Initiative

A global footprint defines a global standard



All vendors of equipment or integration solutions are invited to join!

[About us | The Hermes Standard](http://the-hermes-standard.info/about-us/)

[About us](http://the-hermes-standard.info/about-us/) [Q & A](#) [News](#) [Contact](#) [Download](#) [Members](#)

For more information about our corporate websites, please click on the respective company name.

Achat Engineering GmbH	ILJIN	Rejoin
allSMT	IPTE	RG Elektrotechnologie
ASM Assembly Systems GmbH	ITW EAE	SAKI Corp
ASYS Automatisierungssysteme GmbH	JAPAN UNIX CO., LTD.	SEHO Systems
BESI	Keysight Technologies	S.E.I.C.A. S.p.A.
BTU	KIC	SEICA AUTOMATION s.r.l.
CTI Systems	KOH YOUNG Technology Inc.	SICK AG
CTS	kolb Cleaning Technology GmbH	SMT Thermal Discoveries
CYBEROPTICS	Kulicke &offa	SolderStar
ECD	Kurtzersa	Sonic Technology
Eunil Co., Ltd.	Magic Ray Technology	SPEA S.p.A.
Exelsius	MIRTEC	SYNEO
Fenix Automation Srl	MYCRONIC AB	SYSTECH Europe GmbH
FlexLink	Nordson ASYMTEK	Test Research, Inc. (TRI)
GKG	Nutek Europe B.V.	Universal Instruments
GÖPEL electronic GmbH	OMRON Corporation	Vi TECHNOLOGY (Mychronic)
Hanwha	OSAI	VISCOM AG
Heller Industries	PARMI	ViTrox
Hayawin	Pemtron	YJ Link Co., Ltd.
HB Automation	Rehm Thermal Systems GmbH	YXLON
Holly		6TL Engineering

In addition to the companies listed above, there are more companies in the internal decision making process.
When will YOU join?

- All vendors of SMT equipment are invited to join.
- Participation is free of charge.
- All results are published via www.the-Hermes-standard.info
- Committed to open standard principles as published at www.open-stand.org

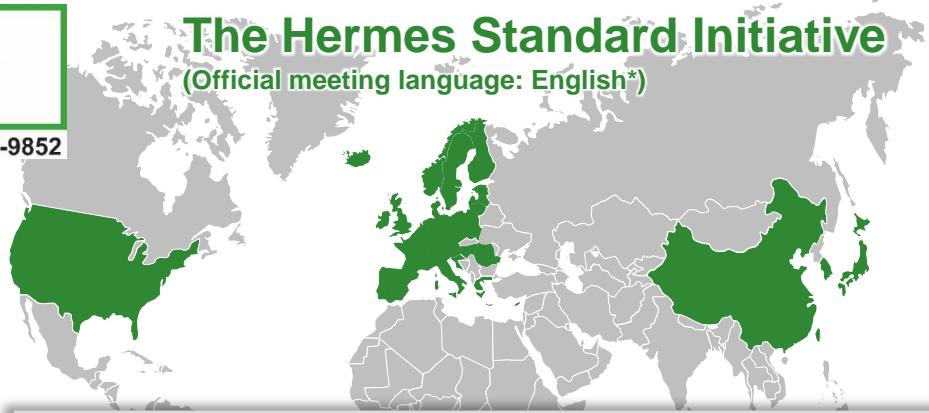
2 Global Headquarters of main units, some variations may occur due to business focus



IPC-HERMES-9852

The Hermes Standard Initiative

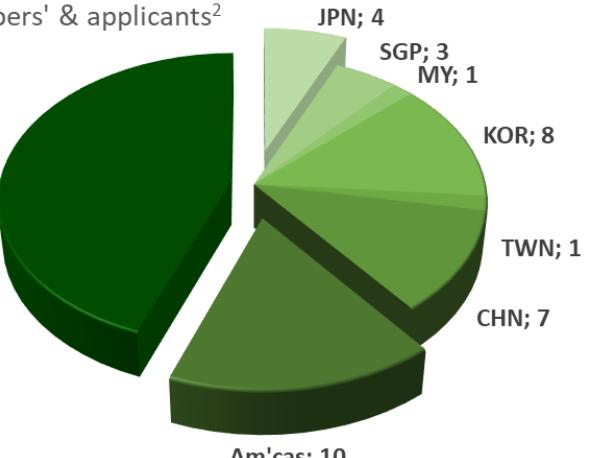
(Official meeting language: English*)



The Hermes Standard Initiative
by HQ of members' & applicants²

Europe; 27

Total: 61

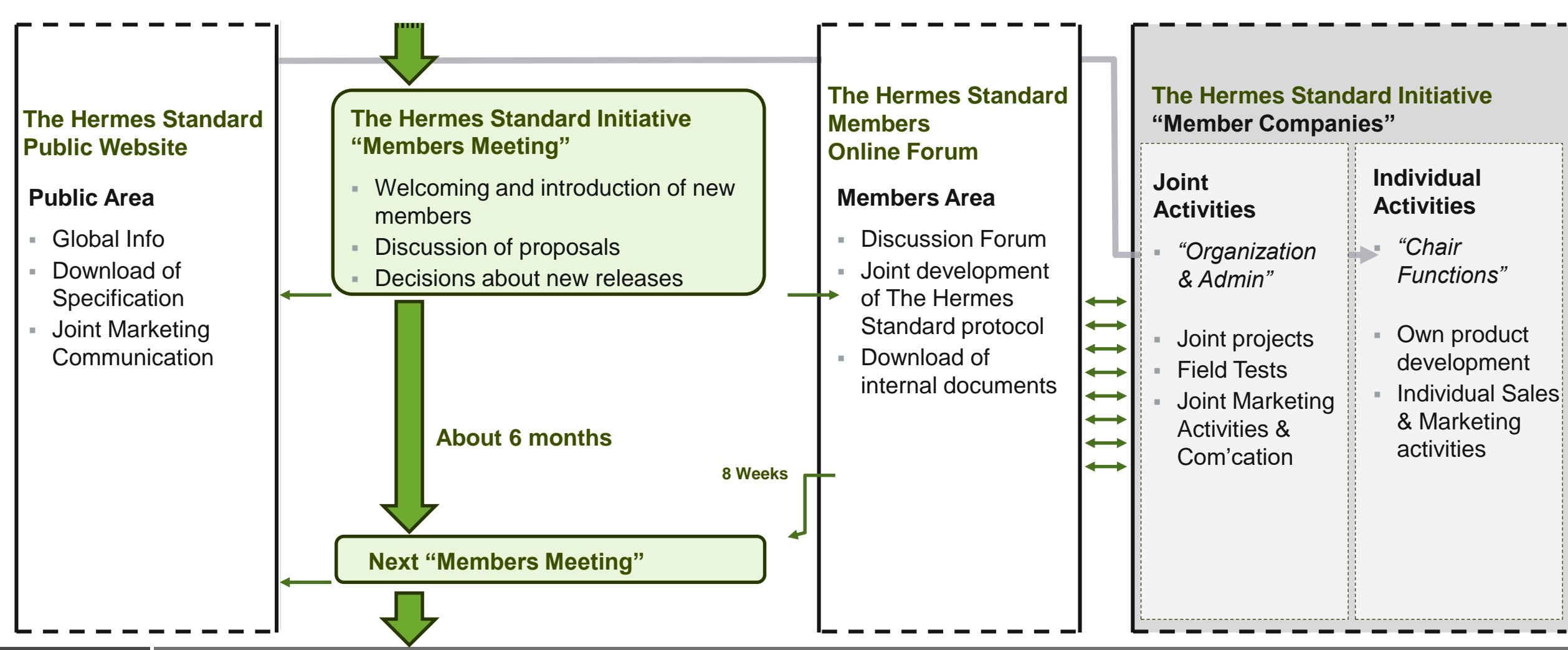


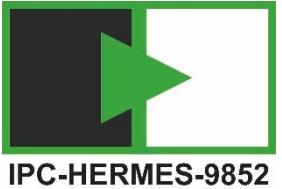
*Members and applicants; status per Jan 2019

*A notable comment because at "JARA" meetings, you need to understand Japanese. If you are invited at all...

The Hermes Standard Initiative

Digitalization needs cooperation





IPC-HERMES-9852
The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly



The Hermes Standard Initiative Digitalization needs cooperation

The diagram illustrates the process of proposing a change to the Hermes Standard. It starts with a forum post, moves to a proposal page, and ends with a detailed standard change document.

Forum Post: [Clearance for vote] Adding Interfaceld to the configuration

Proposal Page: Filter: All | Info | Discussion | Clearance for vote | Accepted | Rejected

Standard Change Document:

- Version change:** Minor
- Service description tag:**
- Description ***: If machines support multi-directional transport they have to provide additional upstream and downstream ports. If the return transport further HERMES channels need to be set up between several machines. In order to distinguish between several machines, the transport direction should be additionally indicated in each ServiceDescription, UpstreamConfiguration, DownstreamConfiguration.
- Use cases *:** Conveyor modules, Flipping stations, AOIs and other machine which support multi-directional transportation
- Functionality / communication sequences:** no sequence change
- New / changed XML messages:** New Attribute TransportDirection to ServiceDescription, UpstreamConfiguration, DownstreamConfiguration
- Proposed changes to standard:** see attached

Attachments: 2017-12-18-Hermes-1.0_R1-Add-TransportDir.docx

The Hermes Standard: Core advantages in a nutshell

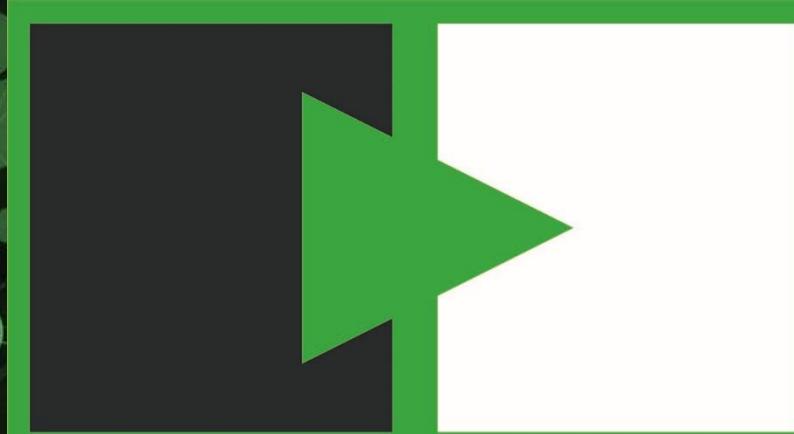
The new backbone for board-flow data management in Smart SMT Factories

The Hermes Standard: „Better By Design“

- The Hermes Standard will replace the current “SMEMA” Standard.
- There is only need for one board ID reader for a whole line.
- Based on well established technologies such as TCP/IP and XML, the protocol is easy to adapt to future requirements.
- Utilizing Standard components makes it inexpensive and ultimately flexible.
- Data Management and Traceability features are fully integrated.

The Hermes Standard Initiative: Open, transparent, agile.

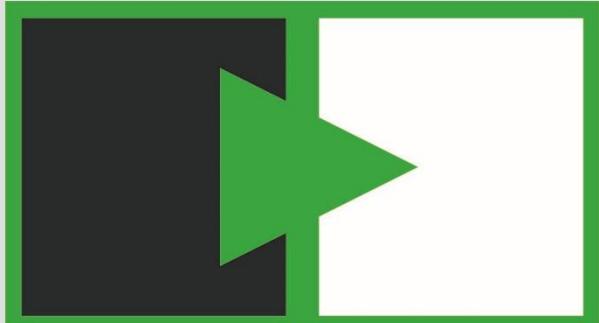
- The Hermes Standard Initiative is open for all vendors of assembly equipment.
- Cooperation is based on clear processes and procedures.
- After only one year, about fifty companies are supporting the standard.
And the initiative keeps growing



IPC-HERMES-9852

The global standard for "M2M" in SMT Assembly

The new backbone for
board-flow data management
in Smart SMT Factories.



IPC-HERMES-9852

The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly



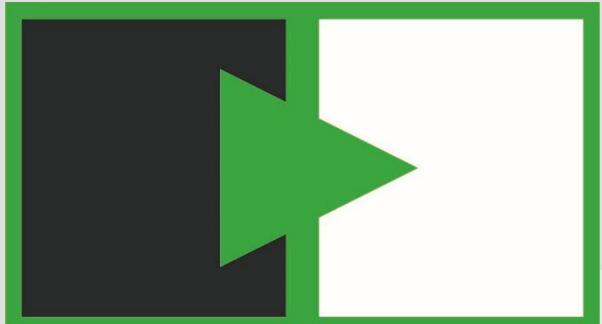
The new backbone for board-flow data management in Smart SMT Factories.

Thank You!

www.the-hermes-standard.info

The Hermes Standard for vendor independent machine-to-machine communication in SMT Assembly.





IPC-HERMES-9852

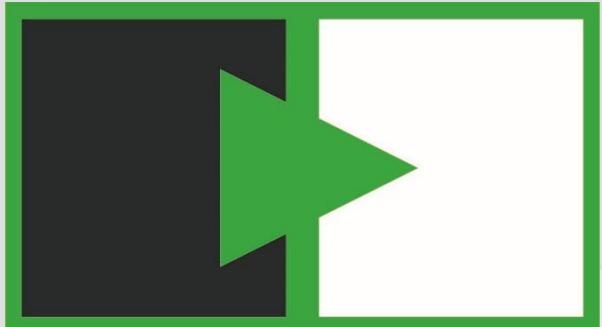
The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly

IMAGE SOURCES

Tag	Filename	Fotolia User (now at Adobe.com)
Night Highway	Fotolia_101923684_XL	Martin Lang
Switch Board	Fotolia_104437081_M	everettovrk
Smartphone in cafe	Fotolia_105552827_M	Pab_map
Digital World	Fotolia_111464713_L	bluebay2014
Traffic Chaos	Fotolia_123366219_L	wildman
Hand	Fotolia_127385336_L	chombosan
Glass Fibre	Fotolia_137703376_M	psdesign1
Light Bulb	Fotolia_138558102_XL	masterzphotofo
Handshake	Fotolia_138970001_L	Sergey Nivens
Dead End	Fotolia_145004279_M	javarman
Telephone lines	Fotolia_26000906_M	Fisch
Connected World	Fotolia_67621479_XL	Amgun
Ethernet Cable	Fotolia_91369464_M	pixelrobot

(All Fotolia images are licensed for ASM Assembly Systems)

Tag	Source	
SMEMA Schematics	ipc.org	Courtesy of ipc
The Hermes Standard	the-hermes-standard.info	Courtesy of The Hermes Standard
SMEMA Plugs	www.englishtaobao.net	Courtesy of LinHao Inc



IPC-HERMES-9852

The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly



APPENDIX

The Hermes Standard for vendor independent machine-to-machine communication in SMT Assembly.

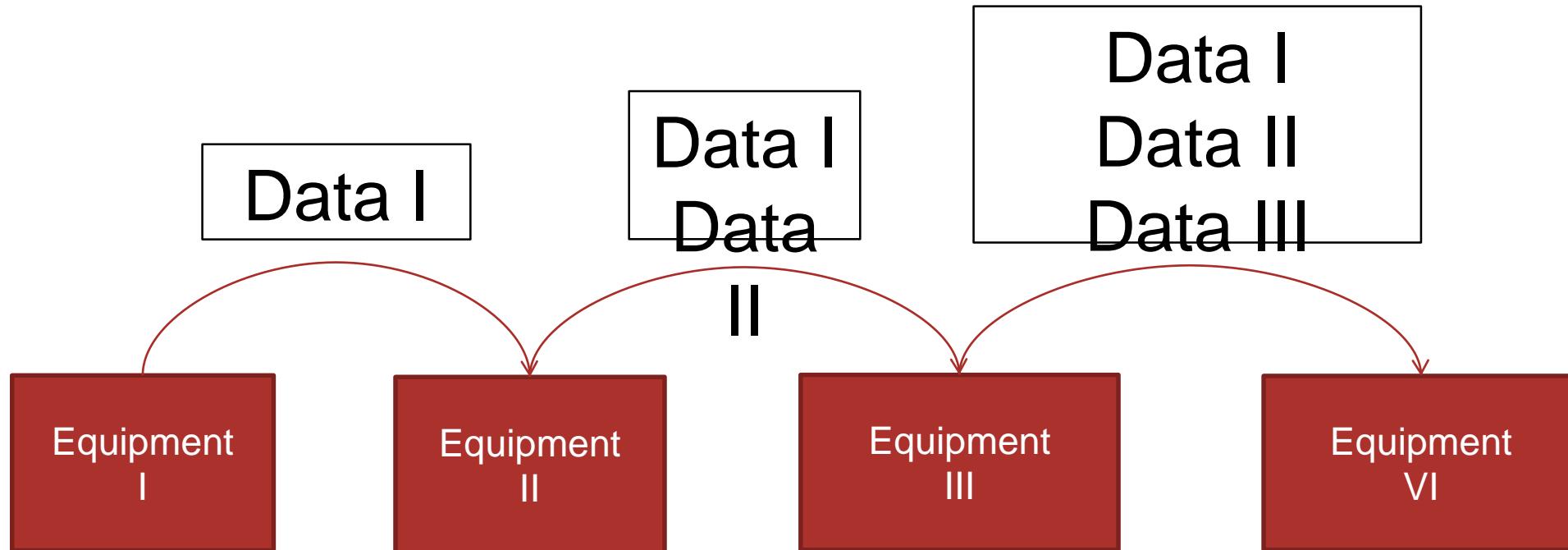
Giving Evidence of current advantages

Old “SMEMA problems” versus The Hermes Standard solutions

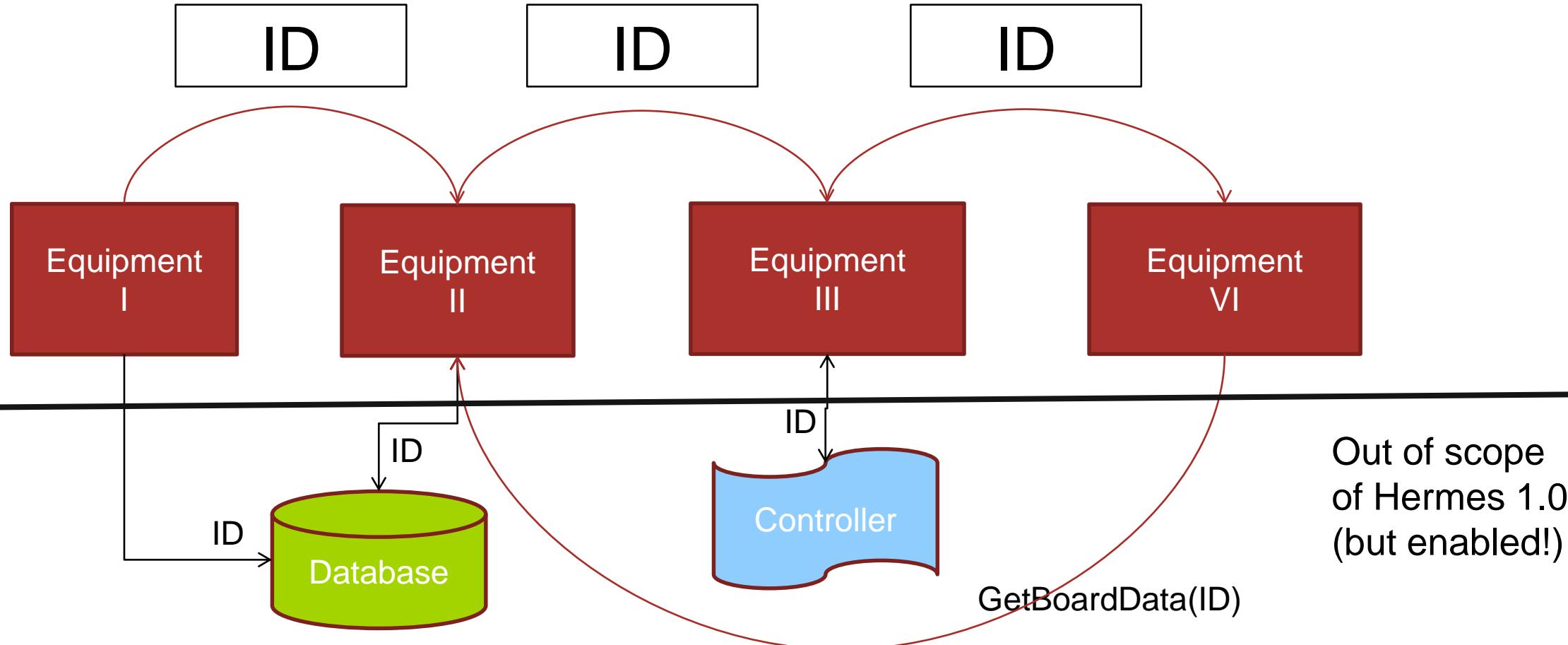
The Issue	 At SMEMA	 At The Hermes Standard (1.0)
1) Scenario definitions in the protocol	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Several error scenarios undefined: e.g. PCB is signalled to be handed over but has not arrived because the signal “PCB arrived” is missing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Most error scenarios already defined Easily expandable in future versions
2) Dealing with defective Cables	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Variety of specified cable set makes it hard to bring the exact replacement to the site or requires broad stock. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only one standard cable type, which is easily and inexpensively available: Ethernet cables.
3) Hardware installation effort	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cables are “hand made” w/o standard lengths. Installation of SMEMA box & adapter Separate cables for LAN and SMEMA “Dual Lane” requires second set of entire hardware 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only Ethernet port necessary No separate SMEMA cable necessary “Dual lane” required no (!) additional hardware, it is fully covered by the protocol
4) Synchronizing PCB data and hand-over message	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data transfer requires separate Ethernet interface Data must be synchronized with SMEMA signals assigned to PCB Timing must match all vendors to ensure correct assignment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No synchronization is necessary and no timing issues exist as data is transferred together with handover message. Implementation of transferring data between different vendors very easy.
5) Flexibility at changing line configurations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Specific cable length is necessary, therefore any change in the line configuration leads to new cabling 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Standard Ethernet cables: Easily available and specific length is not required.



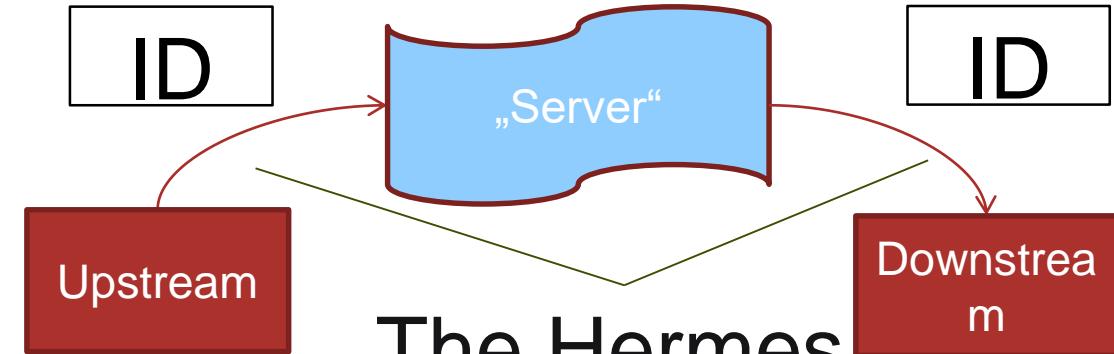
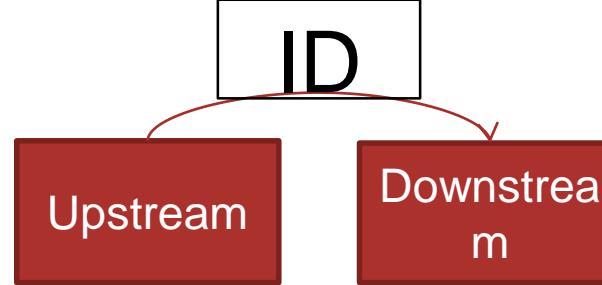
The naïve approach to data transfer



Hermes transfers keys (unique ID, barcode), not data



Hermes: Peer to Peer or Client-Server?



The Hermes Standard

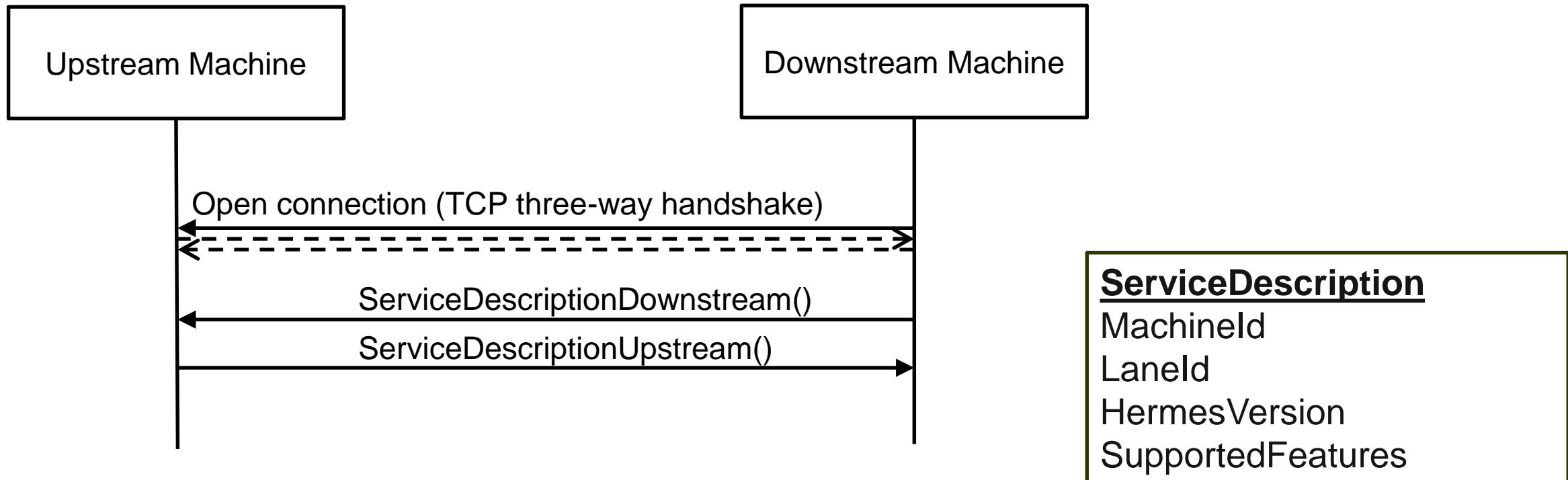
The Hermes Standard facilitates a Server („Man in the Middle“) in order to

- route through different network segments
- track the board flow
- intercept the board flow

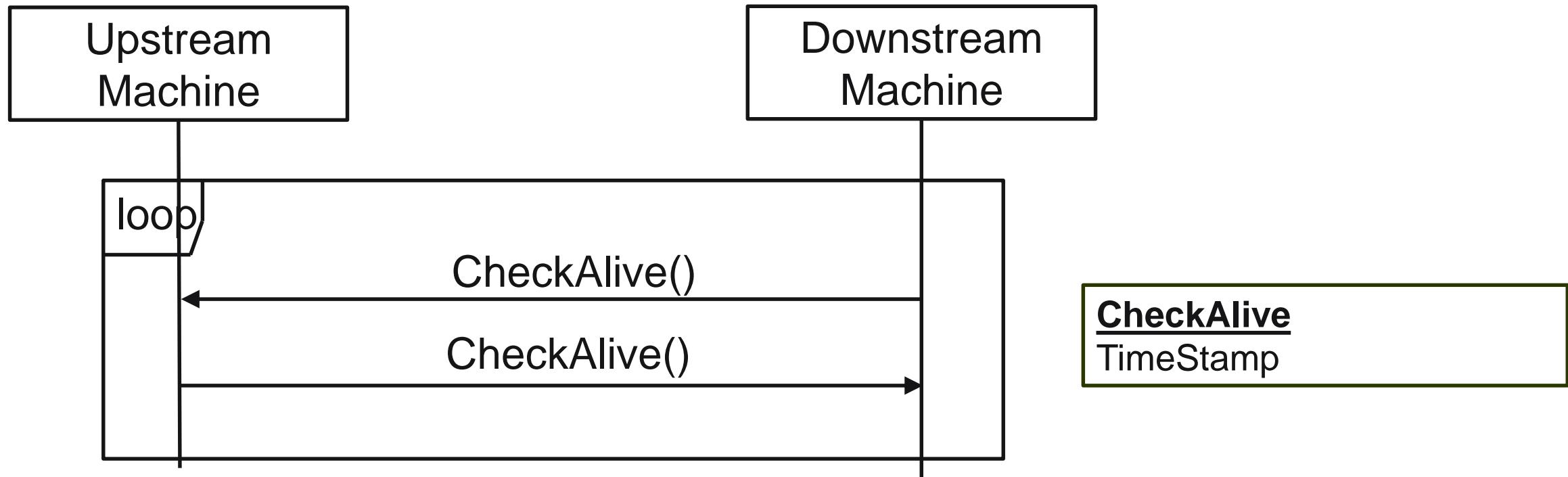


Hermes step by step

I: Establishing the connection from down- to upstream



Hermes step by step II: Exchanging CheckAlive messages



Hermes step by step

III: Signalling MachineReady (downstream) and BoardAvailable (upstream)

BoardAvailable

BoardId
ProductTypeId
FailedFlag
TopBarcode
BottomBarcode
FlippedBoard
BoardIdCreatedBy
BoardWidth
BoardLength
BoardThickness
ConveyorSpeed
BottomClearance
TopClearance

Upstream
Machine

Downstream
Machine

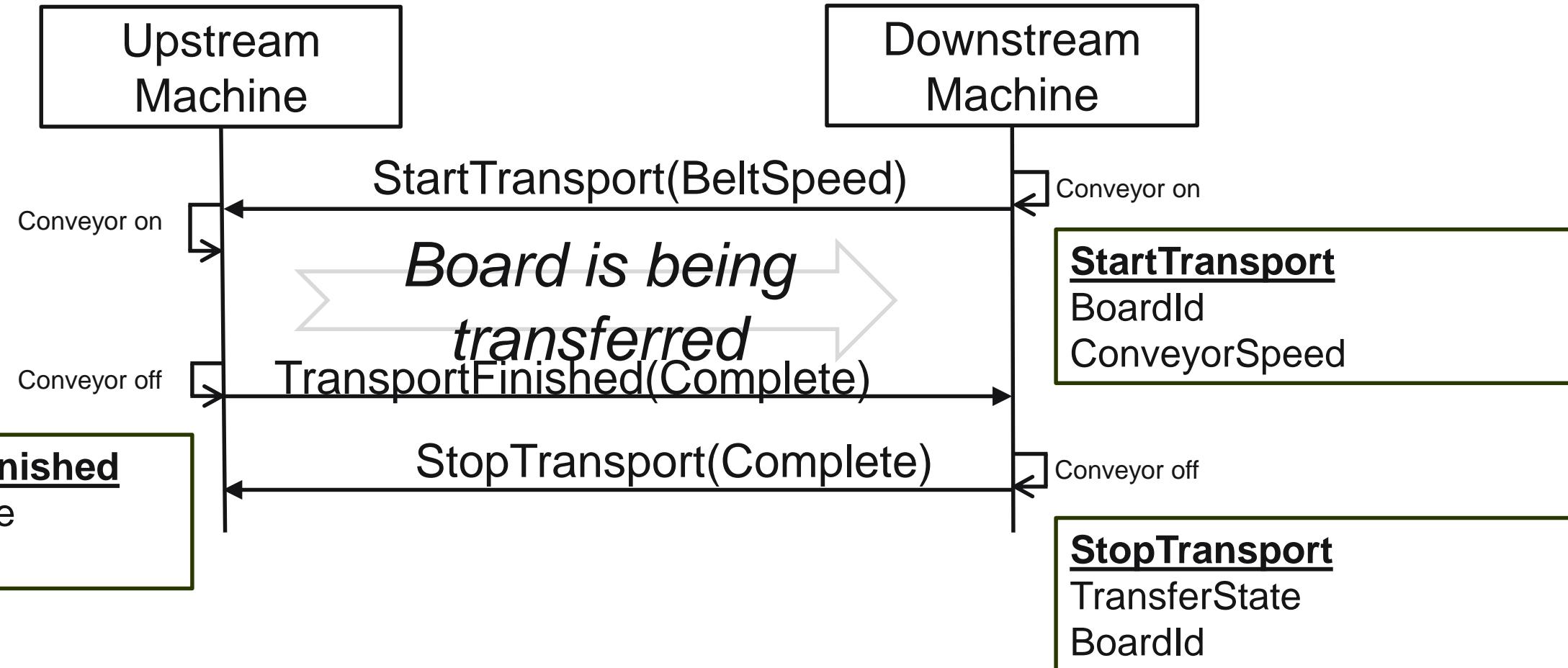
MachineReady

BoardAvailable

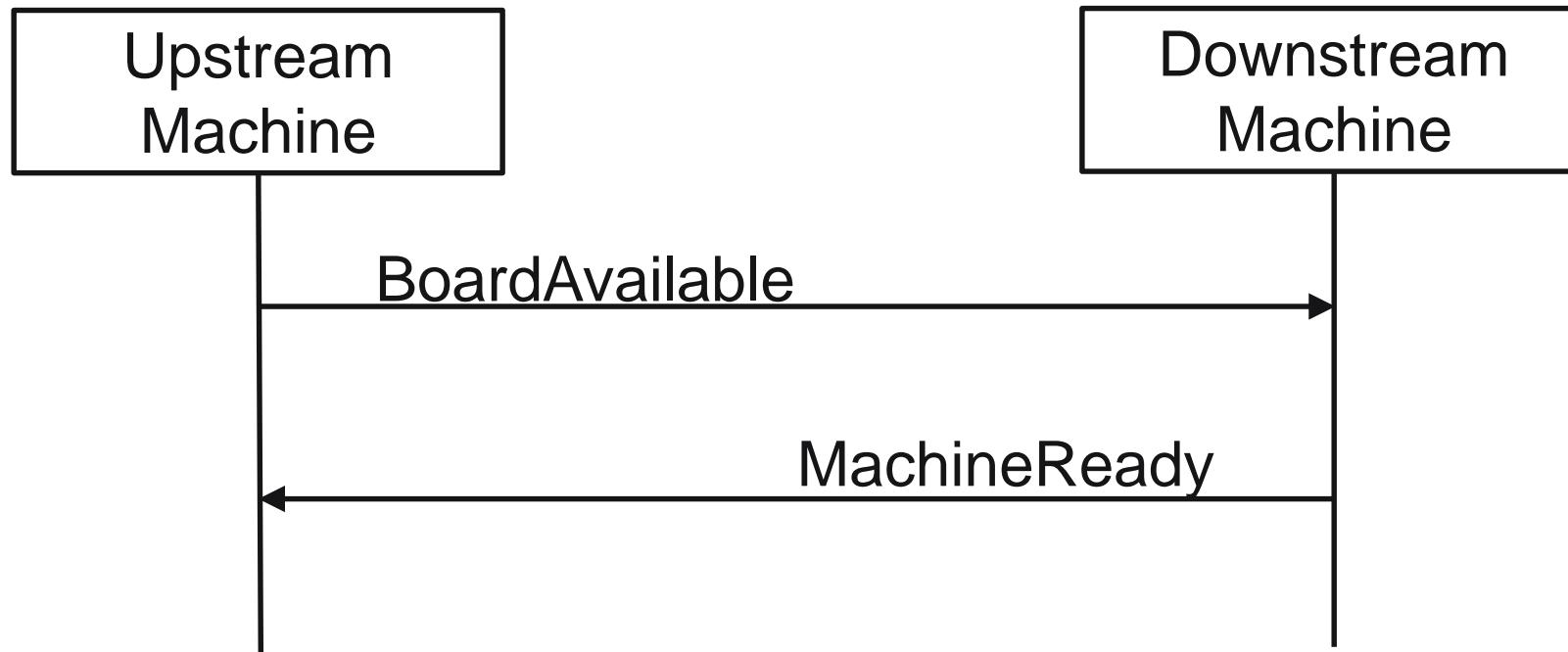
MachineReady
FailedFlag



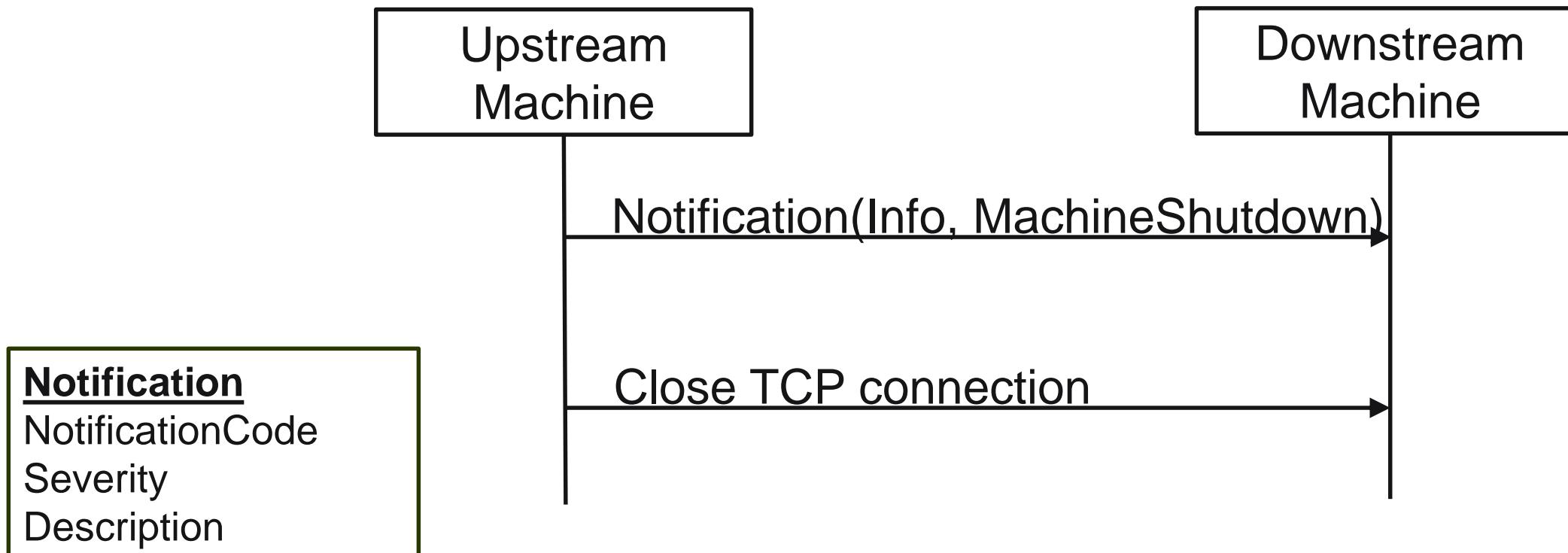
Hermes step by step IV: Board handover



Hermes step by step V: and so on ...



Hermes step by step VI: Graceful shutdown

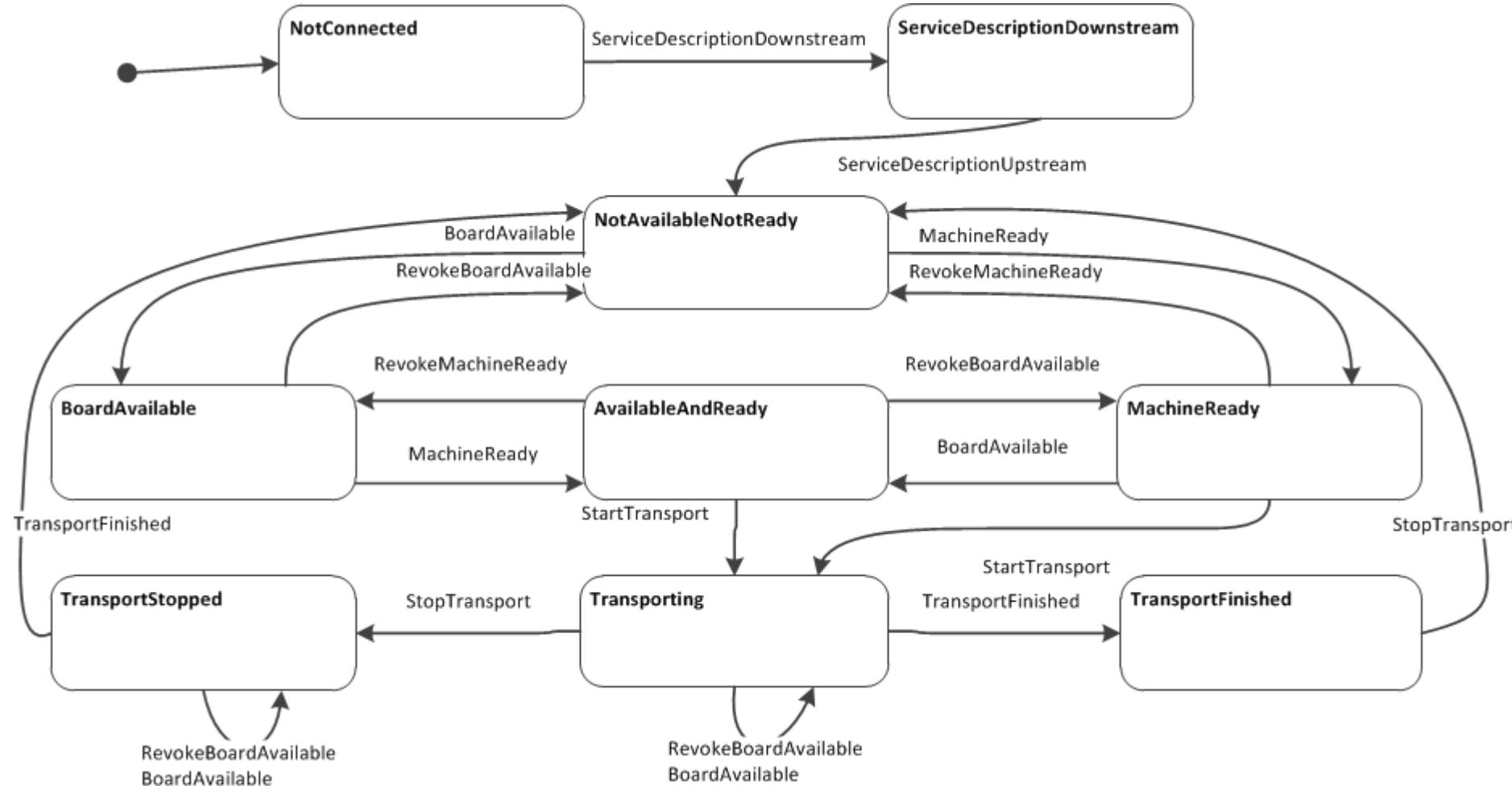


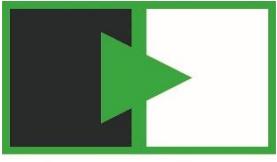


IPC-HERMES-9852
The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly



The Hermes Standard state chart

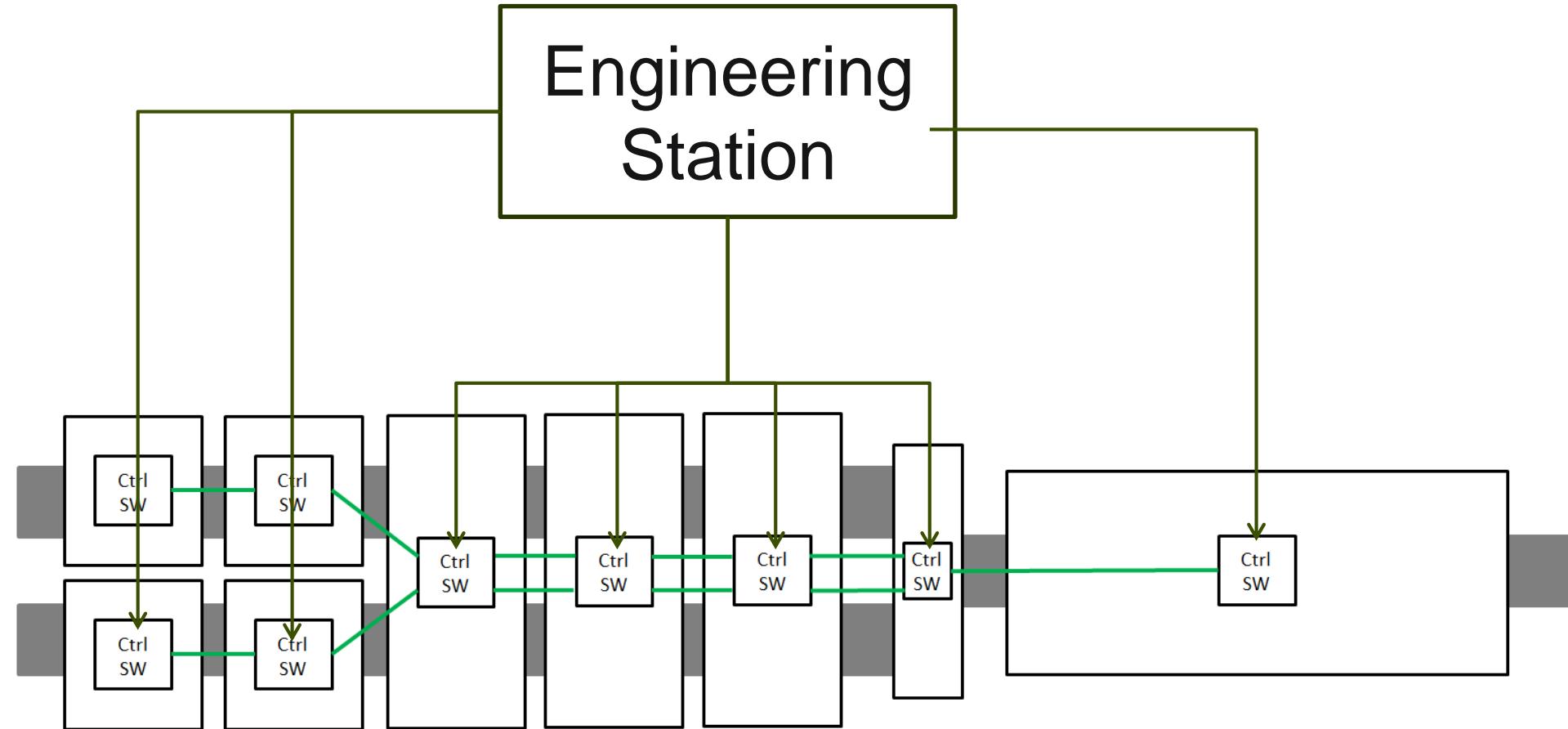




IPC-HERMES-9852
The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly



Hermes Configuration (I)





Hermes Configuration (II)



To ensure easy and fast configuration, The Hermes Standard protocol defines configuration messages

SetConfiguration

Used to configure the Hermes interfaces of a machine

GetConfiguration

Used to read out the configuration of the Hermes interfaces

CurrentConfiguration

Response to a GetConfiguration-Message



Hermes Configuration (III)

SetConfiguration

```
<Hermes Timestamp="2017-03-22T13:20:30.452">
  <SetConfiguration MachineId="TRM01">
    <UpstreamConfigurations>
      <UpstreamConfiguration UpstreamLaneId="1" HostAddress="192.168.1.2" Port="50101" />
      <UpstreamConfiguration UpstreamLaneId="2" HostAddress="192.168.1.2" Port="50102" />
    </UpstreamConfigurations>
    <DownstreamConfigurations>
      <DownstreamConfiguration DownstreamLaneId="1" Port="50101" />
      <DownstreamConfiguration DownstreamLaneId="2" ClientAddress="192.168.1.4" Port="50102" />
    </DownstreamConfigurations>
  </SetConfiguration>
</Hermes>
```

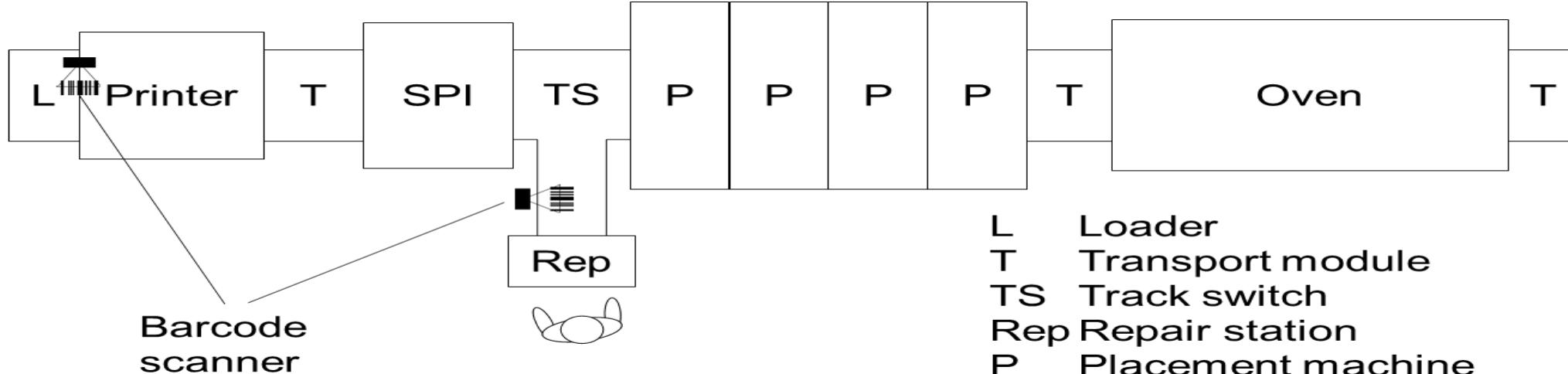




IPC-HERMES-9852
The global standard for "M2M" in SMT assembly



Removing and re-inserting a board in an SMT assembly line



- The repair station creates a new BoardId and attaches the scanned barcode to it. An MES correlates the old and new BoardId and merges the various pieces of information.
- The repair station queries the MES via barcode for the associated BoardId . Board handover continues using the old BoardId .
- The repair station prompts the user to confirm that the inserted board is the one that was removed.

